

Tour of the Printer Provider Proxy Prototype

PWG WIMS-CIM Working Group

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Goal of the Proxy Provider Proto



- Demonstrate the feasibility of the CIM printer-related classes and their properties
 - The printer classes are new, therefore considered "Experimental"
 - DMTF requires two independent implementations before a class can be promoted to "Final"
 - The Printer Provider Proxy Prototype is one of the two



Doing a CIM Proxy Provider



- What is this CIM provider?
 - This provider implements a number of the new printer classes
- What's a proxy provider? An SNMP-to-CIM proxy agent
 - Reads SNMP data from a network printer
 - Republishes that data in CIM format
 - The cheese in the sandwich translates the data



Corners Cut



- Just the cheese, no sandwich
- SNMP input
 - Reads MIB dump file taken from network printer
 - Dramatically easier and faster to develop under simulation
 - Dealing with network printers in real time makes testing much more difficult
- CIM output
 - Formatted text to stdout
 - No direct connection to CIMOM
 - Enumerates all instances of a requested class
 - Implements all plausible properties
- Static geometry of tables
 - Does not re-assess Alert table every time



Printer Classes Implemented



- (All begin with CIM_Print)
- InputTray
- OutputTray
- MediaPath
- Marker
- Channel
- Interpreter
- Interlock
- AlertRecord
- (Finisher class not implemented)

- (Printer-specific Associations)
- PrinterComponent
- AssociatedPrintSupply
- AssociatedPrintInterpreter
- (Other CIM Associations)
- ConcreteComponent
- Dependency
- UseOfLog
- LogManagesRecord



Where's the Code?



- On the PWG FTP server
 - o ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/wims/cim/DellPrinterProvide rProxyPrototype_v10.zip
 - o ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/wims/cim/DellPrinterProvide rProxyPrototype_README.txt
- Includes all the test files you will see here



Classes, Parents, Collections



- Corresponding directly to SNMP tables
 - Channel, InputTray, Interlock, Interpreter, Marker, MediaPath, OutputTray
- Corresponding to SNMP table or tables, sort of
 - Supply, AlertRecord
- Singletons
 - o Printer, RecordLog
- Association classes
- The "El Fako" classes that carry data used by others
 - o Console, ConsoleDisplay, Localization, Colorant



Relationships in Dictionaries



- Python dict (= Perl hash) maps key --> value
- SNMP name <--> OID
- CIM class --> CIM properties
- CIM class --> SNMP table source
- Class, table, variable --> subscripts for SNMP access
- CIM property --> list of SNMP vars required to calc
- CIM property --> algorithm to calculate its value
- CIM property --> argument to calculation algorithm
- And seven more dicts and lists just to describe the structure of the Association classes



Other Info in Dictionaries



- CIM property enum value --> text version
- Paper size name --> size tolerance interval



How to Get CygWin



- www.cygwin.com
- Click "Install CygWin now"
- Download the setup.exe file and run it
- Select "Install from Internet"
- Select "DOS/Text line endings"
- Choose a mirror site near you (bandwidth counts)
- Select Perl and Python from the Languages section of options; the rest should be standard
- Make sure you get awk and less, too



How to Dump a MIB



- Get a Net-SNMP kit from the web
- Dump a printer

```
snmpwalk -v1 -cpublic -Oen <ip-address> 1.1
```

- OIDs and enums must be in numeric form, not interpreted!
- Need to see the data exactly as it would come back from an SNMP operation, not nicely interpreted for humans
- Process some irrelevant text out of the lines in the dump
 - Dot at beginning of line
 - Equal sign and datatype
 - Double quote for empty string values
 - o Etc.
- Result should be

```
oid "\t" value newline
```



Look at the Flow of Operations



- Where does the test information come from, where does it come out?
- How does control flow through all the internal object classes?
- General idea, then look at code



Information Flow



- Ini files read into tables to be used at runtime
- CRequest.Enumerate creates all internal structures for a class
- Request populates all needed SNMP values, calculates all CIM property values
- Request collects output for all instances, all properties of each instance



Control Flow of a Run



- User invokes shell script ./prov-test-<something>.sh
 - Script supplies many (fixed) filenames
 - Optional args: SNMP dump filename, maybe classname
- Script invokes ./prov-test-<something>.py
 - Puts positional filenames into a dictionary,
 - Creates a CProvider instance, calls InitAll() to absorb ini files
 - For each classname, enumerates instances
 - For each instance, collects output and prints



Request Flow



- For each class, creates all instances (usually corresponding to SNMP table)
- For each instance, create all properties, populate values
 - First get SNMP vars needed, then calculate property value
- For each instance, collect printable form of property
 - Name = value
- Concatenate output for all instances of class



Output Analyzed



- First get output for all dump files, takes a few minutes
 ./prov-test-allfiles.sh | tee prov-test-allfiles-<date>.log
- Then, "analyze"
 - greps the file hundreds of times to isolate particular property values

```
./prov-test-analyze-log.sh prov-test-allfiles-<date>.log
tee prov-test-allfiles-analyzed-<date>.log
```

Examine output for differences in responses among printers



Look at Some Files



- How to get CygWin
- All ini files
- Input for one printer
- Output for one printer
- Output for all printers
- "Analyzed" output all printers
- The code: scripts, tests, classes, calculations
- Trace mechanism: vars, code points, output





- PLEASE send feedback of any sort:
 - It works
 - o It doesn't work
 - Suggested improvement
 - Here's another printer to try it on
 - o Etc.
- Send to WIMS email reflector, wims@pwg.org
- And/or to me, Richard_Landau@dell.com



Questions?



