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Carl Kugler  
IBM Corporation  
T. Hastings  
Xerox Corporation  
H. Lewis  
IBM Corporation  
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8 Internet Printing Protocol (IPP):  
9 Job and Printer Administrative Operations

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20 Abstract

21 This document specifies the following 16 additional OPTIONAL operations for use with the Internet  
22 Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP) [RFC2565, RFC2566] and IPP/1.1 [ipp-mod, ipp-pro]. :

Printer operations:	Job operations:
Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer	Reprocess-Job
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	Cancel-Current-Job
Hold-New-Jobs and Release-Held-New-Jobs	Suspend-Current-Job and Resume-Job
Deactivate-Printer and Activate-Printer	Promote-Job
Restart-Printer	Redirect-Job
Shutdown-Printer and Startup-Printer	Schedule-Job-After

23  
24 New Printer Description attributes: "subordinate-printers-supported", "parent-printers-supported", and  
25 "redirection-printers-supported".

26 New "printer-state-reasons" values: 'hold-new-jobs' and 'deactivated'.

27 New "job-state-reasons" attribute values: 'job-suspended'.

28 New 'forwarded-operation-failed' event code.

29 New status code: 'server-error-printer-is-deactivated'.

30 The scope of IPP, is characterized in RFC2526 "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol". It is not  
31 the intent of this document to revise or clarify this scope or conjecture as to the degree of industry adoption  
32 or trends related to IPP within printing systems. It is the intent of this document to extend the original set  
33 of operations - in a similar fashion to the Set1 extensions which referred to IPP/1.0 and were later  
34 incorporated into IPP/1.1.

35 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 36 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 37 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 38 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics [IPP-MOD]
- 39 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 40 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 41 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

42

43 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing  
44 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included  
45 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,  
46 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A  
47 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

48 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document  
49 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of  
50 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major  
51 decisions.

52 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract  
53 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the  
54 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines  
55 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This  
56 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

57 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to  
58 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the  
59 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For  
60 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of  
61 the specification decisions is also included.

62 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways  
63 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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## 158 **1 Introduction**

159 The Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing  
160 using Internet tools and technologies. IPP version 1.1 ([ipp-mod, ipp-pro]) focuses on end user  
161 functionality with a few administrative operations included. This document defines additional OPTIONAL  
162 end user, operator, and administrator operations used to control Jobs and Printers. This document is a  
163 registration proposal for an extension to IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 following the registration procedures in those  
164 documents.

## 165 **2 Terminology**

166 This section defines terminology used throughout this document.

### 167 **2.1 Conformance Terminology**

168 Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY, NEED  
169 NOT, and OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance. These terms are defined in [ipp-  
170 mod] section 12.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

171 The following specialization of these terms apply to this document:

172       **REQUIRED:** if an implementation supports the extensions described in this document, it **MUST**  
173       support a **REQUIRED** feature.

174       **OPTIONAL:** if an implementation supports the extensions described in this document, it **MAY** support  
175       an **OPTIONAL** feature.

### 176 **2.2 Other terminology**

177 This document uses terms such as "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These terms have special  
178 meaning and are defined in the model terminology [ipp-mod] section 12.2. In addition, the following  
179 capitalized terms are defined.

180       **IPP Printer object (or Printer for short)** - a software abstraction defined by [ipp-mod].

181       **Printer Operation** - an operation whose target is an **IPP Printer object** and whose effect is on the  
182       **Printer object**.

183       **Output Device** - the physical imaging mechanism that an **IPP Printer** controls. Note: while this term is  
184       capitalized in this specification (but not in [ipp-mod]), there is no formal object called an **Output**  
185       **Device**.

186       **Device Operation** - an operation whose target is an **IPP Printer object** and whose defined effect is  
187       **on an Output Device**.

188       **Output Device Fan-Out** - a configuration in which an **IPP Printer** controls more than one output-  
189       **device**.

- 190       **Printer fan-out** - a configuration in which an IPP Printer object controls more than one Subordinate  
191            IPP Printer object.
- 192       **Printer fan-in** - a configuration in which an IPP Printer object is controlled by more than one IPP  
193            Printer object.
- 194       **Subordinate Printer** - an IPP Printer object that is controlled by another IPP Printer object. Such a  
195            Subordinate Printer MAY have one or more Subordinate Printers.
- 196       **Leaf Printer** - a Subordinate Printer that has no Subordinate Printers.
- 197       **Non-Leaf Printer** - an IPP Printer object that has one or more Subordinate Printers.
- 198       **Chained Printer** - a Non-Leaf Printer that has exactly one Subordinate Printer.
- 199       **Job Creation operations** - IPP operations that create a Job object: Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-  
200            Job.

### 201    **3 Requirements and Use Cases**

202    The following requirements and usage cover both the "Job and Printer Administrative Operations" (this  
203    document)and the "Device Administrative Operations" (see [ipp-device-ops]). The requirements are  
204    presented here together to show the parallelism.

- 205    1. Have separate operations for affecting the IPP Printer versus affecting the Output Device, so its clear  
206        what the intent of each is and implementers can implement one or the other or both.
- 207    2. Support fan-out of Printer objects.
- 208    3. Support fan-out of Output Devices.
- 209    4. Support fan-in of Printer objects, as long as it doesn't make the semantics more complicated when not  
210        supporting fan-in.
- 211    5. Support fan-in of output objects, as long as it doesn't make the semantics more complicated when not  
212        supporting fan-in.
- 213    6. Instead of having operation attributes that alter the behavior of the operation significantly, have separate  
214        operations, so that it is simple and clear to a client which semantics the Printer is supporting (by  
215        querying the "operations-supported" attribute) and it is simple to describe the capabilities of a Printer  
216        implementation in written documentation (just list the OPTIONAL operations supported).
- 217    7. Need a Printer Operation to prevent a Printer object from accepting new IPP jobs, but currently  
218        accepted jobs continue unaffected to be scheduled and processed. Need a companion one to restore the  
219        Printer object to accept new IPP jobs.

220    Usage: Operator is preparing to take the IPP Printer out of service or to change the configuration of the  
221    IPP Printer.

222    Suggested name and operations: **Disable-Printer** and **Enable-Printer**

- 223 8. Need a Device Operation to prevent an Output Device from accepting any new jobs from any job  
224 submission protocol and a companion one to restore the Output Device to accepting any jobs.
- 225 Usage: Operator is preparing to take the Output Device out of service.
- 226 Suggested name and operations: **Disable-Device** and **Enable Device**
- 227 9. Need a Printer Operation to stop the processing after the current IPP job completes and not start  
228 processing any additional IPP jobs (either by scheduling the jobs or sending them to the Output Device),  
229 but continue to accept new IPP jobs. Need a companion operation to start processing/sending IPP jobs  
230 again.
- 231 Usage: Operator wants to gracefully stop the IPP Printer at the next job boundary. The Pause-Printer-  
232 After-Current-Job operation is also invoked implicitly by the Deactivate-Printer and the Shutdown-  
233 Printer Operations.
- 234 Suggested name and operations: **Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job**, **(IPP/1.1) Resume-Printer**
- 235 10. Need a Device Operation to stop the processing the current job "immediately", no matter what protocol.  
236 Its like the Pause button on the Output Device. This operation is for emergencies. The stop point  
237 depends on implementation, but can be mid page, end of page, end of sheet, or after a few sheets for  
238 Output Devices that can't stop that quickly. The paper path isn't run out. Need a companion operation  
239 to start processing the current any-protocol job without losing any thing.
- 240 Usage: Operator sees something bad about to happen, such as the paper is about to jam, or the toner is  
241 running out, or the device is overheating or wants to add more paper.
- 242 Suggested name and operations: **Pause-Device-Now**, **Resume-Device**
- 243 11. Need a Printer Operation to stop the processing of IPP jobs after all of the currently accepted jobs have  
244 been processed, but any newly accepted jobs go into the 'processing-held' state.
- 245 Usage: This allows an operator to reconfigure the Output Device in order to let jobs that are held  
246 waiting for resources, such as special media, to get a chance. Then the operator uses another operation  
247 after reconfiguring. He repeats the two operations to restore the Output Device to its normal media.
- 248 Suggested name and operations: **Hold-New-Jobs**, **Release-Held-New-Jobs**
- 249 12. Need a Device Operation to stop the processing the current any-protocol job at a convenient point, such  
250 as after the current copy (or end of job if last or only copy). Need a companion operation to start  
251 processing the current any-protocol job or next job without losing any thing.
- 252 Usage: The operator wants to empty the output bin that is near full. The paper path is run out.
- 253 Suggested name and operations: **Pause-Device-After-Current-Copy**, **Resume-Device**

254 13. Need a Device Operation that always pauses on a device-defined boundary, no matter how many copies,  
255 in order to not break up a job. Need a companion operation to start processing the current any-protocol  
256 job or next job without losing any thing.

257 Usage: The operator wants to empty the output bin that is near full, but he doesn't want to break up a  
258 job in case it has multiple copies. The paper path is run out.

259 Suggested name and operations: **Pause-Device-After-Current-Job, Resume-Device**

260 14. Need a Printer Operation that combines Disable-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job, and rejects all  
261 other Job, Printer, and Device Operations, except Job and Printer queries, System Administrator Set-  
262 Printer-Attributes, and the companion operation to resume activity. In other words, this operation  
263 makes the Printer a read-only object in a graceful manner for end-users and the operator.

264 Usage: The administrator wants to reconfigure the Printer object using the Set-Printer-Attributes  
265 operation without disturbing the current in process work, but wants to make sure that the operator isn't  
266 also trying to change the Printer object as part of running the Printer.

267 Suggested name and operation: **Deactivate-Printer, Activate-Printer**

268 15. Need a Device Operation that combines Disable-Device, Pause-Device-After-Current-Job, and rejects  
269 all other Device Operations, except Job and Printer queries and the companion operation to resume  
270 activity. In other words, this operation makes the Output Device a read-only object in a graceful  
271 manner.

272 Usage: The field service person wants to open up the device without disturbing the current in process  
273 work, perhaps to replace staples, or replace the toner cartridge.

274 Suggested name and operation: **Deactivate-Device, Activate-Device**

275 16. Need a Printer Operation to recover from the IPP Printer software that has gotten confused (run out of  
276 heap memory or gotten into a state that it doesn't seem to be able to get out of). This is a condition that  
277 shouldn't happen, but does in real life. Any volatile information is saved if possible before the software  
278 is re-initialized. No companion operation is needed to undo this. We don't want to go back to the  
279 "confused" state :-).

280 Usage: The IPP Printer software has gotten confused or isn't responding properly.

281 Suggested name and operation: **Restart-Printer**

282 17. Need a Device Operation to recover from the Output Device hardware and software that has gotten  
283 confused (gotten into a state that it doesn't seem to be able to get out of, run out of heap memory, etc.).  
284 This is a condition that shouldn't happen, but does in real life. This is the same and has the same  
285 options as the Printer MIB reset. No companion operation is needed to undo this. We don't want to go  
286 back to the "confused" state :-).

287 Usage: The Output Device has gotten confused or need resetting to some initial conditions.

288 Suggested name and operation: **Reset-Device**

289 18. Need a Printer Operation to put the IPP Printer object out of business with no way in the protocol to  
290 bring that instantiation back to life (but see Startup-Printer which brings up exactly one new  
291 instantiation to life with the same URL). Any volatile information is saved if possible.

292 Usage: The Printer is being moved or the building's power is being shut off.

293 Suggested name and operation: **Shutdown-Printer**

294 19. Need a Printer Operation to bring an IPP Printer to life when there is an already running host.

295 Usage: After the host is started (by means outside the IPP protocol), the operator is able to ask the host  
296 to bring up any number of Printer objects (that the host has been configured in some way) each with  
297 distinct URLs.

298 Suggested name and operation: **Startup-Printer**

299 20. Need a Device Operation to power off the Output Device after writing out any software state. It is  
300 assumed that other operations have more gracefully prepared the Output Device for this drastic and  
301 immediate. There is no companion Device Operation to bring the power back on.

302 Usage: The Output Device is going to be moved, the power in the building is going to be shutoff, the  
303 repair man has arrived and needs to take the Output Device apart.

304 Suggested name and operation: **Power-Off-Device**

305 21. Need a Device Operation to startup a powered-off device.

306 Usage: After a Power-Off-Device, if the device can be powered back up (possibly by an intervening  
307 host that supports the Device Operation).

308 Suggest name and operation: Power-On-Device

### 309 **3.1 List of the Printer and Device Operations**

310 The list of Printer and the corresponding Device Operations is shown in Table 1:

311

**Table 1 - List of Printer Operations and corresponding Device Operations**

Printer Operation	Corresponding Device Operation equivalent (see [ipp-device-ops])
Disable-Printer	Disable-Device
Enable-Printer	Enable-Device
Pause-Printer (IPP/1.1 - [ipp-mod] - one interpretation)	Pause-Device-Now
no	Pause-Device-After-Current-Copy
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	Pause-Device-After-Current-Job
Resume-Printer (IPP/1.1 - [ipp-mod])	Resume-Device
Hold-New-Jobs	no
Release-Held-New-Jobs	no
Deactivate-Printer	Deactivate-Device
Activate-Printer	Activate-Device
Purge-Jobs (IPP/1.1 - [ipp-mod])	Purge-Device
Restart-Printer	Reset-Device
Shutdown-Printer	Power-Off-Device
Startup-Printer	Power-On-Device

312 There are no conformance dependencies between Printer Operations and Device Operations. Either MAY  
 313 be supported without supporting the corresponding operations.

314

## 315 **4 Use of the Printer object to represent IPP Printer fan-out and IPP Printer fan-in**

316 This section defines how the Printer object MAY be used to represent IPP Printer fan-out and IPP Printer  
 317 fan-in. Fan-out is where an IPP Printer is used to represent other IPP Printer objects. Fan-in is where  
 318 several IPP Printer objects are used to represent another IPP Printer object.

### 319 **4.1 IPP Printer Fan-Out**

320 The IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics introduces the semantic concept of an IPP Printer object that represents  
 321 more than one Output Device (see [ipp-mod] section 2.1). This concept is called "Output Device Fan-Out".  
 322 However, there was no way to represent the individual states of the Output Devices or to perform  
 323 operations on a specific Output Device when there was fan-out. This document generalizes the semantics  
 324 of the Printer object to represent such Subordinate fan-out Output Devices as IPP Printer objects. This  
 325 concept is called "Printer object fan-out". A Printer object that has a Subordinate Printer object is called a  
 326 Non-Leaf Printer object. Thus a Non-Leaf Printer object supports one or more Subordinate Printer objects

327 in order to represent Printer object fan-out. A Printer object that does not have any Subordinate Printer  
328 objects is called a Leaf Printer object.

329 Each Non-Leaf Printer object submits jobs to its immediate Subordinate Printers and otherwise controls the  
330 Subordinate Printers using IPP or other protocols. Whether pending jobs are kept in the Non-Leaf Printer  
331 until a Subordinate Printer can accept them or are kept in the Subordinate Printers depends on  
332 implementation and/or configuration policy. Furthermore, a Subordinate Printer object MAY, in turn, have  
333 Subordinate Printer objects. Thus a Printer object can be both a Non-Leaf Printer and a Subordinate  
334 Printer.

335 A Subordinate Printer object MUST be a conforming Printer object, so it MUST support all of the  
336 REQUIRED operations and attributes. However, with access control, the Subordinate Printer MAY be  
337 configured so that end-user clients are not permitted to perform any operations (or just Get-Printer-  
338 Attributes) while one or more Non-Leaf Printer object(s) are permitted to perform any operation.

## 339 **4.2 IPP Printer Fan-In**

340 The IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics did not preclude the semantic concept of multiple IPP Printer objects that  
341 represent a single Output Device (see [ipp-mod] section 2.1). However, there was no way for the client to  
342 determine that there was a fan-in configuration, nor was there a way to perform operations on the  
343 Subordinate device. This specification generalizes the semantics of the Printer object to allow several Non-  
344 Leaf IPP Printer objects to represent a single Subordinate Printer object. Thus a Non-Leaf Printer object  
345 MAY share a Subordinate Printer object with one or more other Non-Leaf Printer objects in order to  
346 represent IPP Printer fan-in.

347 As with fan-out (see section 4.1), when a Printer object is a Non-Leaf Printer, it MUST NOT have an  
348 associated Output Device. As with fan-out, a Leaf Printer object has one or more associated Output  
349 Devices. As with fan-out, the Non-Leaf Printer objects submit jobs to their Subordinate Printer objects and  
350 otherwise control the Subordinate Printer. As with fan-out, whether pending jobs are kept in the Non-Leaf  
351 Printers until the Subordinate Printer can accept them or are kept in the Subordinate Printer depends on  
352 implementation and/or configuration policy.

## 353 **4.3 Printer object attributes used to represent Printer fan-out and Printer fan-in**

354 The following Printer Description attributes are defined to represent the relationship between Printer  
355 object(s) and their Subordinate Printer object(s):

- 356 1. "subordinate-printers-supported" (1setOf uri) - contains the URI of the immediate Subordinate Printer  
357 object(s).
- 358 2. "parent-printers-supported" (1setOf uri) - contains the URI of the Non-Leaf printer object(s) for which  
359 this Printer object is the immediate Subordinate, i.e., this Printer's immediate "parent" or "parents".

#### 360 **4.4 Subordinate Printer URI**

361 Each Subordinate Printer object has a URI which is used as the target of each operation on the Subordinate  
362 Printer. The means for configuring URIs for Subordinate Printer objects is implementation-dependent as  
363 are all URIs. However, there are two distinct approaches:

364 a. When the implementation wants to make sure that no operation on a Subordinate Printer object as  
365 a target "sneaks by" the parent Printer object (or the Subordinate Printer is fronting for a device that  
366 is not networked), the host part of the URI specifies the host of the parent Printer. Then the parent  
367 Printer object can easily reflect the state of the Subordinate Printer objects in the parent's Printer  
368 object state and state reasons as the operation passes "through" the parent Printer object.

369 b. When the Subordinate Printer is networked and the implementation allows operations to go  
370 directly to the Subordinate Printer (with proper access control) without knowledge of the parent  
371 Printer object, the host part of the URI is different than the host part of the parent Printer object. In  
372 such a case, the parent Printer object **MUST** keep its "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" up to  
373 date, either by polling the Subordinate Printer object or by subscribing to events with the  
374 Subordinate Printer object (see [ipp-not-spec] for means to subscribe to event notification when the  
375 Subordinate Printer object supports IPP notification).

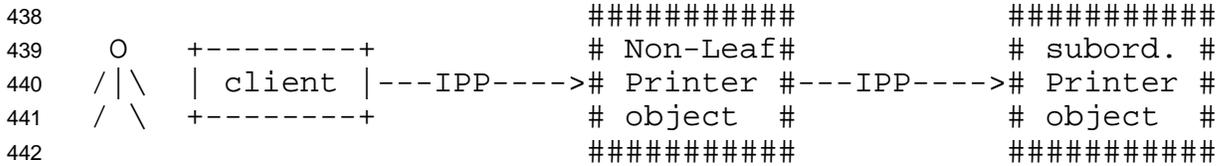
#### 376 **4.5 Printer object attributes used to represent Output Device Fan-Out**

377 Only Leaf IPP Printer objects are allowed to have one or more associated Output Devices. Each Leaf  
378 Printer object **MAY** support the "output-devices-supported" (1setOf name(127)) to indicate the user-  
379 friendly name(s) of the Output Device(s) that the Leaf Printer object represents. It is **RECOMMENDED**  
380 that each Leaf Printer object have only one associated Output Device, so that the individual Output Devices  
381 can be represented completely and controlled completely by clients. In other words, the Leaf Printer's  
382 "output-devices-supported" attribute **SHOULD** have only one value.

383 Non-Leaf Printer **MUST NOT** have associated Output Devices. However, a Non-Leaf Printer **SHOULD**  
384 support an "output-devices-supported" (1setOf name(127)) Printer Description attribute that contains all the  
385 values of its immediate Subordinate Printers. Since such Subordinate Printers **MAY** be Leaf or Non-Leaf,  
386 the same rules apply to them, etc. Thus any Non-Leaf Printer **SHOULD** have an "output-devices-  
387 supported" (1setOf name(127)) attribute that contains all the values of the Output Devices associated with  
388 Leaf Printers of its complete sub-tree.

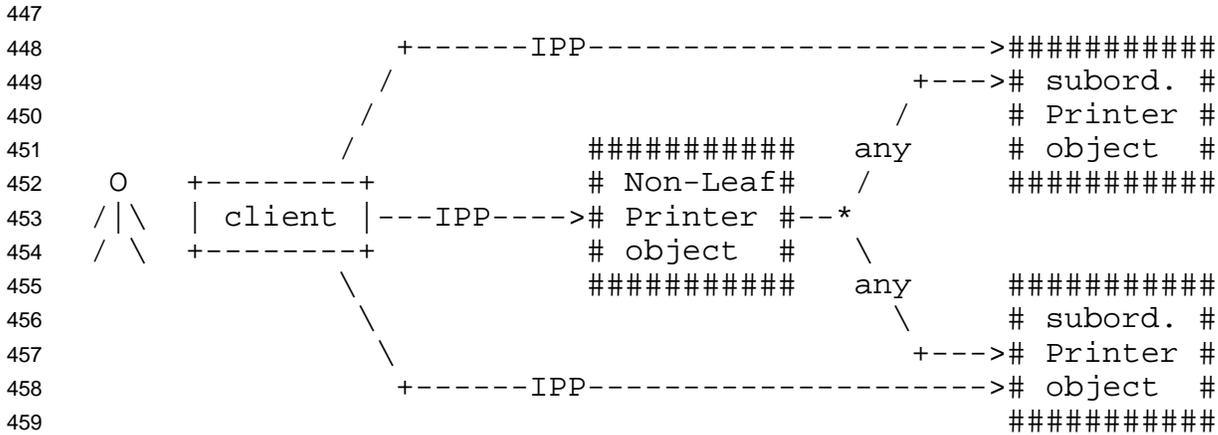
389 When adding, removing, or changing a configuration of Printers and Output Devices, there can be moments  
390 in time when the tree structure is not consistent. In other words, times when a Non-Leaf Printer's  
391 "subordinate-printers-supported" does not agree with the Subordinate Printer's "parent-printers-supported".  
392 Therefore, the operator **SHOULD** first Deactivate all Printers that are being configured in this way, update  
393 all pointer attributes, and then reactivate. A useful client tool would validate a tree structure before  
394 Activating the Printers involved.





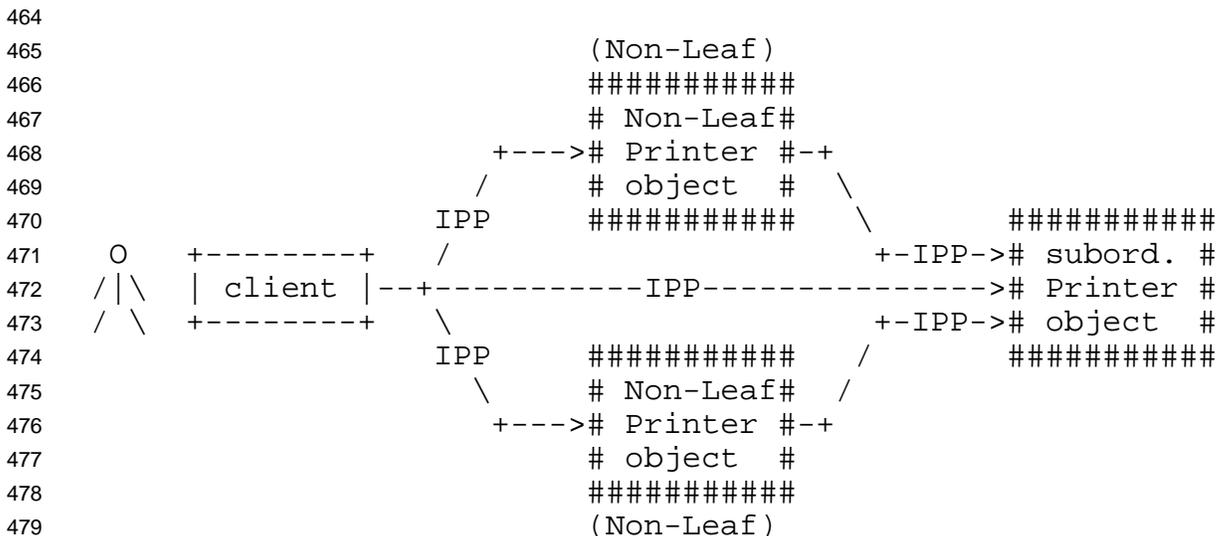
443  
444 The Subordinate Printer can be a Non-Leaf Printer as in Figure 4 to  
445 Figure 6, or can be a Leaf Printer as in Figure 1 to Figure 3.

446 **Figure 4 - Chained IPP Printer**



460  
461 The Subordinate Printer can be a Non-Leaf Printer as in Figure 4 to  
462 Figure 6, or can be a Leaf Printer as in Figure 1 to Figure 3.

463 **Figure 5 - IPP Printer fan out**



480 The Subordinate Printer can be a Non-Leaf Printer as in Figure 4, Figure  
481 5, or Figure 6, or can be a Leaf Printer as in Figure 1, Figure 2, or  
482 Figure 3.

483 **Figure 6 - IPP Printer fan in**

484 **4.7 Forwarding requests**

485 This section describes the forwarding of Job and Printer requests to Subordinate Printer objects.

486 **4.7.1 Forwarding requests that affect Printer objects**

487 In Printer fan-out, Printer fan-in, and Chained Printers, the Non-Leaf IPP Printer object **MUST NOT**  
 488 forward the operations that affect Printer objects to its Subordinate Printer objects. If a client wants to  
 489 explicitly target a Subordinate Printer, the client **MUST** specify the URI of the Subordinate Printer. The  
 490 client can determine the URI of any Subordinate Printers by querying the Printer's "subordinate-printers-  
 491 supported (1setOf uri) attribute (see section 6.1).

492 Table 2 lists the operations that affect Printer objects and the forwarding behavior that a Non-Leaf Printer  
 493 **MUST** exhibit to its immediate Subordinate Printers. Operations that affect jobs have a different  
 494 forwarding rule (see section 4.7.2 and Table 3):

495 **Table 2 - Forwarding operations that affect Printer objects**

Printer Operation	Non-Leaf Printer action
Printer Operations:	
Enable-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Disable-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Hold-New-Jobs	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Release-Held-New-Jobs	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Deactivate-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Activate-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Restart-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Shutdown-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Startup-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
IPP/1.1 Printer Operations:	See [ipp-mod]
Get-Printer-Attributes	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Pause-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Resume-Printer	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers
Set operations:	See [ipp-set-ops]
Set-Printer-Attributes	<b>MUST NOT</b> forward to any of its Subordinate Printers

496

497 **4.7.2 Forwarding requests that affect Jobs**

498 Unlike Printer Operations that only affect Printer objects (see section 4.7.1), a Non-Leaf Printer object  
 499 **MUST** forward operations that directly affect jobs to the appropriate Job object(s) in one or more of its  
 500 immediate Subordinate Printer objects. Forwarding is **REQUIRED** since the purpose of such a Job  
 501 operation is to affect the indicated job which itself may have been forwarded. Such forwarding **MAY** be  
 502 immediate or queued, depending on the operation and the implementation. For example, a Non-Leaf

503 Printer object MAY queue/spool jobs, feeding a job at a time to its Subordinate Printer(s), or MAY forward  
 504 jobs immediately to one of its Subordinate Printers. In either case, the Non-Leaf Printer object is  
 505 forwarding Job Creation operations to one of its Subordinate Printers. Only the time of forwarding of the  
 506 Job Creation operations depends on whether the policy is to queue/spool jobs in the Non-Leaf Printer or the  
 507 Subordinate Printer.

508 When a Non-Leaf Printer object creates a Job object in its Subordinate Printer, whether that Non-Leaf  
 509 Printer object keeps a fully formed Job object or just keeps a mapping from the "job-ids" that it assigned to  
 510 those assigned by its Subordinate Printer object is IMPLEMENTATION-DEPENDENT. In either case, the  
 511 Non-Leaf Printer MUST be able to accept and carry out future Job operations that specify the "job-id" that  
 512 the Non-Leaf Printer assigned and returned to the job submitting client.

513 Table 3 lists the operations that directly affect jobs and the forwarding behavior that a Non-Leaf Printer  
 514 MUST exhibit to its Subordinate Printers:

515 **Table 3 - Forwarding operations that affect Jobs objects**

Job operation	Non-Leaf Printer action
Job operations:	
Reprocess-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Cancel-Current-Job	MUST NOT forward
Resume-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Promote-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
IPP/1.1 Printer Operations:	
Print-Job	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Subordinate Printer
Print-URI	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Subordinate Printer
Validate-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Subordinate Printer
Create-Job	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Subordinate Printer
Get-Jobs	MUST forward to <i>all</i> its Subordinate Printers
Purge-Jobs	MUST forward to <i>all</i> its Subordinate Printers
IPP/1.1 Job operations:	
Send-Document	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Send-URI	MUST forward immediately or queue to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Cancel-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Get-Job-Attributes	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers, if the Non-Leaf Printer doesn't know the complete status of the Job object
Hold-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Release-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers
Restart-Job	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers

IPP Set operations:	See [ipp-set-ops]
Set-Job-Attributes	MUST forward to the appropriate Job in one of its Subordinate Printers

516 When a Printer receives a request that REQUIRES forwarding, it does so on a "best efforts basis", and  
 517 returns a response to its client without waiting for responses from any of its Subordinate Printers. Such  
 518 forwarded requests could fail. In order for a client to become aware of such a condition, a new 'forwarded-  
 519 operation-failed' event is defined, which a client can subscribe to (see section [ipp-ntfy]).

520 The following Job Description attributes are defined to help represent Job relationships for fan-out and  
 521 forwarding of jobs:

- 522 1. "output-device-assigned" (name(127)) - from [ipp-mod]: This attribute identifies the Output Device to  
 523 which the Printer object has assigned this job. If an Output Device implements an embedded Printer  
 524 object, the Printer object NEED NOT set this attribute. If a print server implements a Printer object, the  
 525 value MAY be empty (zero-length string) or not returned until the Printer object assigns an Output  
 526 Device to the job. This attribute is particularly useful when a single Printer object supports multiple  
 527 devices (so called "fan-out").
- 528 2. "original-requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) - operation attribute containing the user name of the  
 529 original user, i.e., corresponds to the "requesting-user-name" operation attribute that the original client  
 530 supplied to the first Printer object. The IPP/1.1 "requesting-user-name" operation attribute (see [ipp-  
 531 mod]) is updated by each client to be itself on each hop, i.e., the "requesting-user-name" is the client  
 532 forwarding the request, not the original client. The "job-originating-user-name" Job Description  
 533 attribute remains as the authenticated original user, not the parent Printer's authenticated host, and is  
 534 forwarded by each client without changing the value.

## 535 5 New Operation attributes

536 This section summarizes the usage of the new "printer-message-from-operation" and "job-message-from-  
 537 operator" operation attributes that set the corresponding Printer and Job Description attributes. These  
 538 operation attributes are defined for most of the Device and Job operations that operators are likely to  
 539 perform, respectively, so that operators can indicate the reasons for their actions. See [ipp-set-ops] for the  
 540 definition of these operation attributes.

541 Table 4 shows the operation attributes that are defined for use with the Printer Operations.

542 Legend:

543 R - REQUIRED for a Printer to support

544 O - OPTIONAL for a Printer to support; the Printer ignores the attribute if not supported

545 <blank> - not defined for use with the operation; the Printer ignores the attribute

546 **Table 4 - Operation attribute support for Printer Operations**

Operation Attribute	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After- Current-Job, Resume-Printer	Hold-New-Jobs, Release-Held- New-Jobs	Purge- Jobs	Get-Printer- Attributes, Set-Printer- Attributes	Enable- Print, Disable- Printer	Restart- Printer	Shut down- Printer, Startup- Printer

Operation Attribute	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After- Current-Job, Resume-Printer	Hold-New-Jobs, Release-Held- New-Jobs	Purge- Jobs	Get-Printer- Attributes, Set-Printer- Attributes	Enable- Print, Disable- Printer	Restart- Printer	Shut down- Printer, Startup- Printer
attributes-charset	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
attributes-natural- language	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
printer-uri	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
requesting-user-name	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
printer-message-from- operator	O	O	O		O	O	O

547 Table 5 shows the operation attributes that are defined for use with the Job operations.

548 Legend:

549 R - REQUIRED for a Printer to support

550 O - OPTIONAL for a Printer to support; the Printer ignores the attribute if supplied, but not  
551 supported

552 <blank> - not defined for use with the operation; the Printer ignores the attribute

553 **Table 5 - Operation attribute support for Job operations**

Operation Attribute	Cancel -Job	Cancel- Current -Job	Hold- Job, Releas e-Job	Suspe nd- Curren t-Job	Res ume -Job	Get-Job- Attributes, Set-Job- Attributes	Restart- Job	Reproces s-Job	Promo te-Job	Redire ct-Job	Sched ule- Job- After
attributes-charset	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
attributes-natural- language	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
printer-uri	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
job-uri	R		R		R	R	R	R	R	R	R
job-id	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
requesting-user-name	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
job-message-from- operator	O	O	O	O	O		O	O	O	O	O
message [to-operator]	O		O	O	O		O	O	O	O	O
job-hold-until			O*					O**			

554 \* The Printer MUST support the "job-hold-until" operation attribute if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job  
555 Template attribute.

556 \*\* The Printer MUST support the "job-hold-until" operation attribute if it supports the Set-Job-Attributes  
557 operation, so that the client can hold the job with the Reprocess-Job operation and the modify the job before  
558 releasing it to be processed.

## 559 **6 New Printer Description Attributes**

560 The following new Printer Description attributes are needed to support the new operations defined in this  
561 document.

### 562 **6.1 subordinate-printers-supported (1setOf uri)**

563 This Printer attribute is REQUIRED if an implementation supports Subordinate Printers (see section 4) and  
564 contains the URIs of the immediate Subordinate Printer object(s) associated with this Printer object. Each  
565 Non-Leaf Printer object MUST support this Printer Description attribute. A Leaf Printer object either does  
566 not support the "subordinate-printers-supported" attribute or does so with the 'no-value' out-of-band value  
567 (see [ipp-mod] section 4.1), depending on implementation.

568 The precise format of the Subordinate Printer URIs is implementation dependent (see section 4.4).

569 If the Printer object does not have an associated Output Device, the Printer MAY automatically copy the  
570 value of the Subordinate Printer object's "printer-name" MAY be used to populate the Job object's "output-  
571 device-assigned" attribute (see [ipp-mod] section 4.3.13). The "output-device-assigned" Job attribute  
572 identifies the Output Device to which the Printer object has assigned a job, for example, when a single  
573 Printer object is supporting Device fan-out or Printer fan-out.

### 574 **6.2 parent-printers-supported (1setOf uri)**

575 This Printer attribute is REQUIRED if an implementation supports Subordinate Printers (see section 4) and  
576 contains the URI of the Non-Leaf printer object(s) for which this Printer object is the immediate  
577 Subordinate, i.e., this Printer's immediate "parent" or "parents". Each Subordinate Printer object MUST  
578 support this Printer Description attribute. A Printer that has no parents, either does not support the "parent-  
579 printers-supported" attribute or does so with the 'no-value' out-of-band value (see [ipp-mod] section 4.1),  
580 depending on implementation.

### 581 **6.3 redirection-printers-supported (1setOf uri)**

582 This Printer attribute is REQUIRED if an implementation supports the Redirect-Job operation (see section  
583 12.5). It specifies the URIs that the Printer supports for redirection jobs to other Printers (on the same  
584 server).

## 585 **7 Additional Values for "printer-state-reasons"**

586 This section defines additional values for the "printer-state-reasons" Printer Description attribute.

587 **7.1 'hold-new-jobs'**

588 'hold-new-jobs': The operator has issued the Hold-New-Jobs operation (see section 11.3.1) or other  
589 means, but the output-device(s) are taking an appreciable time to stop. Later, when all output has  
590 stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused'  
591 value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. This value **MUST** be supported, if the Hold-New-Jobs  
592 operation is supported and the implementation takes significant time to pause a device in certain  
593 circumstances.

594 **7.2 'deactivated'**

595 'deactivated': A client has issued a Deactivate-Printer operation for the Printer object (see section  
596 11.4.1) and the Printer is in the process of becoming deactivated or has become deactivated. The  
597 Printer **MUST** reject all requests except Activate-Printer, queries (Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Job-  
598 Attributes, Get-Jobs, etc.), Send-Document, and Send-URI (so that partial job submission can be  
599 completed - see section 11.1.1) and return the 'server-error-service-unavailable' status code.  
600

601 **8 Additional Values for "job-state-reasons"**

602 This section defines additional values for the "job-state-reasons" Job Description attribute.

603 **8.1 'job-suspended'**

604 'job-suspended': The job has been suspended while processing using the Suspend-Current-Job  
605 operation and other jobs can be processed on the Printer. The Job can be resumed using the  
606 Resume-Job operation which removes this value.  
607

608 **9 Additional events**

609 The following Printer events are defined for use with [ipp-ntfy]:

610 'forwarded-operation-failed' - an operation that a Printer forwarded to a Subordinate Printer (see section  
611 4.7) failed.

612 **10 Additional status codes**

613 This section defines new status codes used by the operations defined in this document.

614 **10.1 'server-error-printer-is-deactivated' (0x????)**

615 The Printer has been deactivated using the Deactivate-Printer operation and is only accepting the Activate-  
 616 Printer (see section 11.5.1), Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, Get-Printer-Attributes, and any other Get-XXXX  
 617 operations. An operator can perform the Activate-Printer operation to allow the Printer to accept other  
 618 operations.

619 **11 Definition of the Printer Operations**

620 All Printer Operations are directed at Printer objects. A client **MUST** always supply the "printer-uri"  
 621 operation attribute in order to identify the correct target of the operation. These descriptions assume all of  
 622 the common semantics of IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document [ipp-mod] section 3.1.

623 The Set 2 Printer Operations are summarized in Table 6:

624 **Table 6 - Printer Operation Operation-Id assignments**

Operation Name	Operation-Id	Brief description
Enable-Printer	0x??	Allows the target Printer to accept Job Creation operations
Disable-Printer	0x??	Prevents the target Printer from accepting Job Creation operations
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	0x??	Pause the Printer after the current job has been sent to the Output Device.
Hold-New-Jobs	0x??	Finishes processing all currently pending jobs. Any new jobs are placed in the 'pending-held' state.
Release-Held-New-Jobs	0x??	Release all jobs to the 'pending' state that had been held by the effect of a previous Hold-New-Jobs operation and condition the Printer to no longer hold new jobs.
Deactivate-Printer	0x??	Puts the Printer into a read-only deactivated state.
Activate-Printer	0x??	Restores the Printer to normal activity
Restart-Printer	0x??	Restarts the target Printer and re-initializes the software
Shutdown-Printer	0x??	Shuts down the target Printer so that it cannot be restarted or queried
Startup-Printer	0x??	Starts up the instance of the Printer object

625 All of the operations in this document are **OPTIONAL** for an IPP object to support. Unless the  
 626 specification of an **OPTIONAL** operation requires support of another **OPTIONAL** operation, conforming  
 627 implementations may support any combination of these operations. Many of the operations come in pairs  
 628 and so both are **REQUIRED** if either one is implemented.

629

## 630 **11.1 The Disable and Enable Printer Operations**

631 This section defines the OPTIONAL Disable-Printer and Enable-Printer operations that stop and start the  
632 IPP Printer object from accepting new IPP jobs. If either of these operations are supported, both MUST be  
633 supported.

634 These operations allow the operator to control whether or not the Printer will accept new Job Creation  
635 (Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job) operations. These operations have no other effect on the Printer, so  
636 that the Printer continues to accept all other operations and continues to schedule and process jobs  
637 normally. In other words, these operation control the "input of new jobs" to the IPP Printer while the Pause  
638 and Resume operations (see section 11.2) independently control the "output of new jobs" from the IPP  
639 Printer to the Output Device.

640 The Disable-Printer and Enable-Printer operations MUST NOT affect the submission of jobs using other  
641 job submission protocols to the associated Output Device; the Disable and Enable Device Operations (see  
642 [ipp-device-ops]) are intended to stop the acceptance of all jobs by the associated Output Device(s).

### 643 **11.1.1 Disable-Printer Operation**

644 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from accepting new jobs, i.e., cause the  
645 Printer to reject subsequent Job Creation operations and return the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status  
646 code. The Printer still accepts all other operations, including Validate-Job, Send-Document and Send-URI  
647 operations. Thus a Disable-Printer operation allows a client to continue submitting multiple documents of a  
648 multiple document job if the Create-Job operation had already been accepted. All previously created or  
649 submitted Jobs and currently processing Jobs continue unaffected.

650 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state. The Printer sets the value of its "printer-is-  
651 accepting-jobs" READ-ONLY Printer Description attribute to 'false' (see [ipp-mod] section 4.4.20), no  
652 matter what the previous value was. This operation has no immediate or direct effect on the Printer's  
653 "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes.

654 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
655 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

656 The Disable-Printer Request and Disable-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as  
657 the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new "printer-  
658 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

659

### 660 **11.1.2 Enable-Printer Operation**

661 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to start the Printer object accepting jobs, i.e., cause the Printer to  
662 accept subsequent Job Creation operations. The Printer still accepts all other operations. All previously  
663 submitted Jobs and currently processing Jobs continue unaffected.

664 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state. The Printer sets the value of its "printer-is-  
665 accepting-jobs" READ-ONLY Printer Description attribute to 'true' (see [ipp-mod] section 4.4.20), no  
666 matter what the previous value was. This operation has no immediate or direction effect on the Printer's  
667 "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes.

668 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
669 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

670 The Enable-Printer Request and Enable-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as  
671 the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.8.1 and 3.2.8.2), including the new "printer-  
672 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

### 673 **11.2 The Pause and Resume Printer Operations**

674 This section leaves the OPTIONAL IPP/1.1 Pause-Printer (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7) to be ambiguous  
675 as to whether or not it stops the Printer immediately or after the current job and defines the OPTIONAL  
676 Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs operation to be after the current job. These operations affect the  
677 scheduling of IPP jobs. If either of these Pause Printer operations are supported, then the Resume-Printer  
678 operation MUST be supported.

679 These operations allow the operator to control whether or not the Printer will send new IPP jobs to the  
680 associated Output Device(s) that the IPP Printer object represents. These operations have no other effect on  
681 the Printer, so that the Printer continues to accept all operations. In other words, these operation control the  
682 "output of new jobs" to the Output Device(s) while the Disable and Enable Printer Operations (see section  
683 11.1) independently control the "input of new jobs" to the IPP Printer.

684 The Pause and Resume Printer Operations MUST NOT affect jobs that were submitted using other job  
685 submission protocols to the associated Output Device; the Pause and Resume Device Operations (see [ipp-  
686 device-ops]) are intended to stop the acceptance of all jobs by the associated Output Device(s).

687 This document and [ipp-device-ops] define distinct operations in order to disambiguate the Pause-Printer  
688 operation as shown in Table 7. The Printer Operations affect only Jobs submitted using IPP, while the  
689 Device Operations affect all jobs no matter what job submission protocol was used to submit them to the  
690 Output Device.

691

**Table 7 - Pause and Resume Printer and Device Operations**

Pause and Resume Printer and Device Operations	Description
IPP/1.1 Pause Printer	Stops the IPP Printer from sending new IPP Jobs to the Output Device(s) either immediately or after the current job completes, depending on implementation, as defined in [ipp-mod].
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	Stops the IPP Printer from sending new IPP Jobs to the Output Device(s) after the current jobs finish
Resume-Printer	Starts the IPP Printer sending IPP Jobs to the Output Device again.
Pause-Device-Now	Stops the Output Device immediately from producing marked media (current page, sheet, depending on implementation) for any job. Like the Pause button on the Output Device.
Pause-Device-After-Current-Copy	Stops the Output Device from producing marked media after the current copy of the current job.
Pause-Device-After-Current-Job	Stops the Output Device from producing marked media after the current job.
Resume-Device	Starts the Output Device processing any jobs again.

692

**11.2.1 Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job operation**

693 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from starting to send IPP jobs to any of  
 694 its Output Devices or Subordinate Printers. If the IPP Printer is in the middle of sending an IPP job to an  
 695 Output Device or Subordinate Printer, the IPP Printer MUST complete sending that Job. However, after  
 696 receiving this operation, the IPP Printer MUST NOT start to send any additional IPP jobs to any of its  
 697 Output Devices or Subordinate Printers. In addition, after having received this operation, the IPP Printer  
 698 MUST NOT start processing any more jobs, so additional jobs MUST NOT enter the 'processing' state.

699 If the IPP Printer is not sending an IPP Job to the Output Device or Subordinate Printer (whether or not the  
 700 Output Device or Subordinate Printer is busy processing any jobs), the IPP Printer object transitions  
 701 immediately to the 'stopped' state by setting its "printer-state" attribute to 'stopped', removing the 'moving-  
 702 to-paused' value, if present, from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute, and adding the 'paused' value to its  
 703 "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

704 If the implementation will take appreciable time to complete sending an IPP job that it has started sending  
 705 to an Output Device or Subordinate Printer, the IPP Printer adds the 'moving-to-paused' value to the Printer  
 706 object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute (see section [ipp-mod] 4.4.12). When the IPP Printer has  
 707 completed sending IPP jobs that it was in the process of sending, the Printer object transitions to the  
 708 'stopped' state by setting its "printer-state" attribute to 'stopped', removing the 'moving-to-paused' value, if  
 709 present, from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute, and adding the 'paused' value to its "printer-state-reasons"  
 710 attribute.

711 This operation MUST NOT affect the acceptance of Job Creation requests (see Disable-Printer section  
712 11.1.1).

713 For any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-reasons"  
714 attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-reasons"  
715 attributes and only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried using the Get-Job-  
716 Attributes or Get-Jobs operations (so-called "lazy evaluation").

717 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state and transition the Printer to the indicated new  
718 "printer-state" and MUST add the indicated value to "printer-state-reasons" attribute before returning as  
719 follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	"printer- state- reasons"	IPP Printer's response status code and action: REQUIRED/OPTIONAL state transition for a Printer to support
'idle'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'moving-to- paused'	OPTIONAL: 'successful-ok'; Later, when the IPP Printer has finished sending IPP jobs to an Output Device, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
'processing'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'; the IPP Printer wasn't in the middle of sending an IPP job to an Output Device
'stopped'	'stopped'	'paused'	REQUIRED: 'successful-ok'

720 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
721 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

722 The Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job Request and Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job Response have the same  
723 attribute groups and attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2),  
724 including the new "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

### 725 11.3 Hold and Release New Jobs operations

726 This section defines operations to condition the Printer to hold any new jobs and to release them.

#### 727 11.3.1 Hold-New-Jobs operation

728 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to condition the Printer to complete the current 'pending' and  
729 'processing' IPP Jobs but not start processing any subsequently created IPP Jobs. If the IPP Printer is in the  
730 middle of sending an IPP job to an Output Device or Subordinate Printer, the IPP Printer MUST complete  
731 sending that Job. Furthermore, the IPP Printer MUST send all of the current 'pending' IPP Jobs to the  
732 Output Device(s) or Subordinate IPP Printer object(s). Any subsequently received Job Creation operations  
733 will cause the IPP Printer to put the Job into the 'pending-held' state with the 'job-held-on-create' value

734 being added to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute. Thus all newly accepted jobs will be automatically  
735 held by the Printer.

736 When the Printer completes all of the 'pending' and 'processing' jobs, it enters the 'idle' state as usual. An  
737 operator that is monitoring Printer state changes will know when the Printer has completed all current jobs  
738 because the Printer enters the 'idle' state.

739 This operation **MUST NOT** affect the acceptance of Job Creation requests (see Disable-Printer section  
740 11.1.1), except to put the Jobs into the 'pending-held' state, instead of the 'pending' or 'processing' state.

741 The IPP Printer **MUST** accept the request in any state, **MUST NOT** transition the Printer to any other  
742 "printer-state", and **MUST** add the 'hold-new-jobs' value to the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute  
743 (whether the value was present or not).

744 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
745 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

746 The Hold-New-Jobs Request and Hold-New-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as  
747 the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new "printer-  
748 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

### 749 **11.3.2 Release-Held-New-Jobs operation**

750 This **OPTIONAL** operation allows a client to undo the effect of a previous Hold-New-Jobs operation. In  
751 particular, the Printer releases all of the jobs that it had held as a consequence of a Hold-New-Jobs  
752 operations, i.e., while the 'hold-new-jobs' value was present in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute.  
753 In addition, the Printer **MUST** accept this request in any state, **MUST NOT** transition the Printer to any  
754 other "printer-state", and **MUST** remove the 'hold-new-jobs' value from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute  
755 (whether the value was present or not) so that the Printer no longer holds newly created jobs.

756 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
757 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

758 The Release-Held-New-Jobs Request and Release-Held-New-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups  
759 and attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new  
760 "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

### 761 **11.4 Deactivate and Activate Printer Operations**

762 This section defines the **OPTIONAL** Deactivate-Printer and Activate-Printer operations that stop and start  
763 the IPP Printer object from accepting all requests except queries and performing work. If either of these  
764 operations are supported, both **MUST** be supported.

765 These operations allow the operator to put the Printer into a dormant read-only condition and to take it out  
766 of such a condition. These operations are a combination of the Deactivate and Pause operations, plus  
767 preventing the acceptance of any other requests, except queries.

768 The Deactivate and Activate Printer Operations **MUST NOT** affect the submission of jobs using other job  
769 submission protocols to the associated Output Device; the Deactivate and Activate Device Operations (see  
770 [ipp-device-ops]) are intended to stop the associated Output Device(s) from performing work and accepting  
771 operations, except query operations.

#### 772 **11.4.1 Deactivate-Printer operation**

773 This **OPTIONAL** operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from starting to send IPP jobs to any of  
774 its Output Devices or Subordinate Printers (Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job) and stop the Printer object  
775 from accepting any, but query requests. The Printer performs a Disable-Printer and a Pause-Printer-After-  
776 Current-Job operation immediately, including use of all of the "printer-state-reasons" if these two  
777 operations cannot be completed immediately. In addition, the Printer **MUST** immediately reject all  
778 requests, except Activate-Printer, queries (Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, etc.), Send-  
779 Document, and Send-URI (so that partial job submission can be completed - see section 11.1.1) and return  
780 the 'server-error-service-unavailable' status code.

781 The IPP Printer **MUST** accept the request in any state. Immediately, the Printer **MUST** set the 'deactivated'  
782 value in its "printer-state-reasons" attribute. Note: neither the Disable-Printer nor the Pause-Printer-After-  
783 Current-Job set the 'deactivated' value.

784 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
785 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

786 The Deactivate-Printer Request and Deactivate-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and  
787 attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new  
788 "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

#### 789 **11.4.2 Activate-Printer operation**

790 This **OPTIONAL** operation allows a client to undo the effects of the Deactivate-Printer, i.e., allow the  
791 Printer object to start sending IPP jobs to any of its Output Devices or Subordinate Printers (Pause-Printer-  
792 After-Current-Job) and start the Printer object from accepting any requests. The Printer performs an  
793 Enable-Printer and a Resume-Printer operation immediately. In addition, the Printer **MUST** immediately  
794 start accepting all requests.

795 The IPP Printer **MUST** accept the request in any state. Immediately, the Printer **MUST** immediately  
796 remove the 'deactivated' value from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute (whether present or not).

797 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
798 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

799 The Activate-Printer Request and Activate-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes  
800 as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new "printer-  
801 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

## 802 **11.5 Restart-Printer, Shutdown-Printer, and Startup-Printer operations**

803 This section defines the OPTIONAL Restart-Printer, Shutdown-Printer, and Startup-Printer operations that  
804 initialize, shutdown, and startup the Printer object, respectively. Each of these operations is OPTIONAL  
805 and any combination MAY be supported.

806 The Restart-Printer, Shutdown-Printer, and Startup-Printer operations MUST NOT affect the submission of  
807 jobs using other job submission protocols to the associated Output Device; the Reset-Device and Power-  
808 Off-Device Operations (see [ipp-device-ops]) are intended to initialize or power off the associated Output  
809 Device(s).

### 810 **11.5.1 Restart-Printer operation**

811 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to restart a Printer object whose operation is in need of  
812 initialization because of incorrect or erratic behavior, i.e., perform the effect of a software re-boot. The  
813 implementation MUST attempt to save any information about Jobs and the Printer object before re-  
814 initializing. However, this operation MAY have drastic consequences on the running system, so the  
815 operator should first try the Deactivate-Printer to minimize the effect on the current state of the system.  
816 The effects of previous Disable-Printer, Pause Printer, and Deactivate-Printer operations are lost.

817 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state. The Printer object MUST initialize its Printer's  
818 "printer-state" to 'idle', remove the state reasons from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute, and its "printer-is-  
819 accepting-jobs" attribute to 'true'.

820 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
821 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

822 The Restart-Printer Request and Restart-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as  
823 the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.8.1 and 3.2.8.2), including the new "printer-  
824 message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

825

### 826 **11.5.2 Shutdown-Printer Operation**

827 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to shutdown a Printer, i.e., stop processing jobs and make the  
828 Printer object no longer available for any operations using the IPP protocol without losing any jobs. There  
829 is no way to bring the instance of the Printer object back to being used, except for the Startup-Printer (see  
830 section 11.5.3) which starts up a new instance of the Printer object for hosted implementations. The  
831 purpose of Shutdown-Printer is to shutdown the Printer for an extended period, not to reset the device(s) or  
832 modify a Printer attribute. See Restart-Printer (section 11.5.1), Startup-Printer (section ), and Reset-Device  
833 [ipp-device-ops] for the way to initialize the software or reset the Output Device(s). See the Disable-Printer  
834 operation (section 11.1) for a way for the client to stop the Printer from accepting Job Creation requests  
835 without stopping processing or shutting down.

836 The Printer MUST add the 'shutdown' value (see [ipp-mod] section 4.4.11) immediately to its "printer-state-  
837 reasons" Printer Description attribute and performs a Deactivate-Printer operation (see section 11.4.1)  
838 which performs a Disable-Printer and Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job operation).

839 Note: In order to shutdown the Printer after all the currently submitted jobs have completed, the operator  
840 issues a Disable-Printer operation (see section 11.1.1) and then waits until all the jobs have completed and  
841 the Printer goes into the 'idle' state before issuing the Shutdown-Printer operation.

842 The Printer object MUST accept this operation in any state and transition the Printer object through the  
843 "printer-states" and "printer-state-reasons" defined for the Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job operation until  
844 the activity is completed and the Printer object disappears.

845 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
846 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

847 The Shutdown-Printer Request and Shutdown-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and  
848 attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new  
849 "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

### 850 **11.5.3 Startup-Printer operation**

851 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to startup an instance of a Printer object, provided that there isn't  
852 one already instantiated. The purpose of Startup-Printer is to allow a hosted implementation of the IPP  
853 Printer object (i.e., a Server that implements an IPP Printer on behalf of a networked or local Output  
854 Device) to be started after the host is available (by means outside this document). See Restart-Printer  
855 (section 11.5.1) and Reset-Device [ipp-device-ops] for the way to initialize the software or reset the Output  
856 Device(s) when the IPP Printer object has already been instantiated.

857 The host MUST accept this operation only when the Printer object has not been instantiated. If the Printer  
858 object already exists, the host must return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code.

859 The result of this operation MUST be with the Printer object's "printer-state" set to 'idle', the state reasons  
860 removed from its "printer-state-reasons" attribute, and its "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute set to 'false'.  
861 Then the operator can reconfigure the Printer before performing an Enable-Printer operation. However,

862 when a Printer is first powered up, it is RECOMMENDED that its "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute be  
863 set to 'true' in order to achieve easy "out of the box" operation.

864 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
865 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

866 The Shutdown-Printer Request and Shutdown-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and  
867 attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2), including the new  
868 "printer-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).

869

870 **12 Definition of the Job Operations**

871 All Job operations are directed at Job objects. A client **MUST** always supply some means of identifying the  
 872 Job object in order to identify the correct target of the operation. That job identification **MAY** either be a  
 873 single Job URI or a combination of a Printer URI with a Job ID. The IPP object implementation **MUST**  
 874 support both forms of identification for every job.

875 The Job Operations are summarized in Table 8:

876

**Table 8 - Job operation Operation-Id assignments**

Operation Name	Operation-Id	Brief description
Reprocess-Job	0x??	Creates a copy of a completed target job with a new Job ID and processes it
Cancel-Current-Job	0x??	Cancels the current job on the target Printer or the specified job if it is the current job
Suspend-Current-Job	0x??	Suspends the current processing job on the target Printer or the specified job if it is the current job, allowing other jobs to be processed instead
Resume-Job	0x??	Resume the suspended target job
Promote-Job	0x??	Promote the pending target job to be next after the current job(s) complete
Redirect-Job	0x??	Redirect the target job to the specified Printer on the same server.
Schedule-Job-After	0x??	Schedule the target job immediately after the specified job, all other scheduling factors being equal.

877

878

879 **12.1 Reprocess-Job Operation**

880 This OPTIONAL operation is a create job operation that allows a client to re-process a copy of a job that  
881 had been retained in the queue after processing completed, was canceled, or was aborted (see [ipp-mod]  
882 section 4.3.7.2). This operation is the same as the Restart-Job operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.7),  
883 except that the Printer creates a new job that is a copy of the target job and the target job is unchanged. The  
884 new job is assigned new values to the "job-uri" and "job-id" attributes and the new job's Job Description  
885 attributes that accumulate job progress, such as "job-impressions-completed", "job-media-sheets-  
886 completed", and "job-k-octets-processed", are initialized to 0 as with any create job operation. The target  
887 job moves to the Job History after a suitable period, independent of whether one or more Reprocess-Job  
888 operations have been performed on it.

889 If the Set-Job-Attributes operation is supported, then the "job-hold-until" operation attribute MUST be  
890 supported with at least the 'indefinite' value, so that a client can modify the new job before it is scheduled  
891 for processing using the Set-Job-Attributes operation. After modifying the job, the client can release the  
892 job for processing, by using the Release-Job operation specifying the newly assigned "job-uri" or "job-id"  
893 for the new job.

894

895 **12.2 Cancel-Current-Job Operation**

896 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to cancel the current job on the target Printer or the specified job  
897 if it is the current job on the Printer. See [ipp-mod] section 3.3.3 for the semantics of canceling a job.  
898 Since a Job might already be marking by the time a Cancel-Current-Job is received, some media sheet  
899 pages might be printed before the job is actually terminated.

900 If the client does not supply a "job-id" operation attribute, the Printer MUST accept the request and cancel  
901 the current job if there is a current job in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state; otherwise, it MUST  
902 reject the request and return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code. If more than one job is in the  
903 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states, the one that is marking is canceled and the others are unaffected.

904 **Warning:** On a shared printer, there is a race condition. Between the time that a user issues this operation  
905 and its acceptance, the current job might change to a different job. If the user or operator is authenticated to  
906 cancel the new job, the wrong job is canceled. To prevent this race from canceling the wrong job, the client  
907 MAY supply the "job-id" operation attribute which is checked against the current job's job-id. If the job  
908 identified by the "job-id" attribute is not the current job on the Printer, i.e., is not in the 'processing' or  
909 'processing-stopped' states, the Printer MUST reject this operation and return the 'client-error-not-possible'  
910 status code. Otherwise, the Printer cancels the specified job.

911 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be  
912 the job owner (as determined in the Job Creation operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer  
913 object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

914 The Cancel-Current-Job Request and Cancel-Current-Job Response have the same attribute groups and  
915 attributes as the Resume-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.8), including the new "job-message-  
916 from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5), with the addition of the following Group 1 Operation  
917 attributes in the request:

918 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

919 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute in order to verify that the identified job  
920 is still the current job on the target Printer object. The IPP object MUST support this operation  
921 attribute, if it supports this operation.

922

923 **12.3 Suspend and Resume Job operations**

924 This section defines the Suspend-Current-Job and Resume-Job operations. These operations allow an  
925 operator or user to suspend a job while it is processing and allow other jobs to be processed and the resume  
926 the suspended job at a later point in time without losing any of the output.

927 If either of these operations is supported, they both **MUST** be supported.

928 The Hold-Job and Release-Job operations ([ipp-mod] section 3.3.5) are for holding and releasing held jobs,  
929 not suspending and resuming suspended jobs.

930 **12.3.1 Suspend-Current-Job operation**

931 This **OPTIONAL** operation allows a client to stop the current job on the target Printer or the specified job if  
932 it is the current job on the Printer, and allow other jobs to be processed instead. The Printer moves the  
933 current job or the target job to the 'processing-stopped' state and sets the 'job-suspended' value (see section  
934 8.1) in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute and processes other jobs.

935 If the client does not supply a "job-id" operation attribute, the Printer **MUST** accept the request and suspend  
936 the current job if there is a current job in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state; otherwise, it **MUST**  
937 reject the request and return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code. If more than one job is in the  
938 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states, all of them are suspended.

939 **Warning:** On a shared printer, there is a race condition. Between the time that a user issues this operation  
940 and its acceptance, the current job might change to a different job. If the user or operator is authenticated to  
941 suspend the new job, the wrong job is suspended. To prevent this race from pausing the wrong job, the  
942 client **MAY** supply the "job-id" operation attribute which is checked against the current job's job-id. If the  
943 job identified by the "job-id" attribute is not the current job on the Printer, i.e., is not in the 'processing' or  
944 'processing-stopped' states, the Printer **MUST** reject this operation and return the 'client-error-not-possible'  
945 status code. Otherwise, the Printer suspends the specified job and processed other jobs.

946 The Printer **MUST** reject a Resume-Job request (and return the 'client-error-not-possible') for a job that has  
947 been suspended , i.e., for a job in the 'processing-stopped' state, with the 'job-suspended' value in its "job-  
948 state-reasons" attribute.

949 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be  
950 the job owner (as determined in the Job Creation operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer  
951 object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

952 The Suspend-Current-Job Request and Suspend-Current-Job Response have the same attribute groups and  
953 attributes as the Pause-Printer operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.8 ), including the new "job-message-  
954 from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5), with the addition of the following Group 1 Operation  
955 attributes in the request:

956 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

957 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute in order to verify that the identified job  
958 is still the current job on the target Printer object. The IPP object MUST supports this operation  
959 attribute, if it supports this operation.

960

### 961 **12.3.2 Resume-Job operation**

962 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to resume the target job at the point where it was suspended.  
963 The Printer moves the target job to the 'pending' state and removes the 'job-suspended' value from the job's  
964 "job-state-reasons" attribute.

965 If the target job is not in the 'processing-stopped' state with the 'job-suspended' value in the job's "job-state-  
966 reasons" attribute, the Printer MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code,  
967 since the job was not suspended.

968 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be  
969 the job owner (as determined in the Job Creation operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer  
970 object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

971 The Resume-Job Request and Resume-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the  
972 Release-Job operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.6), including the new "job-message-from-operator"  
973 operation attribute (see section 5).

974

975 **12.4 Promote-Job operation**

976 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to make the pending target job be processed next after the  
977 current job completes. This operation is specially useful in a production printing environment where the  
978 operator is involved in job scheduling.

979 If the target job is in the 'pending' state, this operation does not change the job's state, but causes the job to  
980 be processed after the current job(s) complete. If the target job is not in the 'pending' state, the Printer  
981 rejects the request and returns the 'client-error-not-possible' status code. The Printer returns the target job  
982 immediately after the current job(s) in a Get-Jobs response (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.6) for the 'not-  
983 completed' jobs.

984 When the current job completes, is canceled, suspended, or aborted, the target of this operation is processed  
985 next.

986 If a client issues this request (again) before the target of the operation of the original request started  
987 processing, the target of this new request is scheduled before the previous job that was to be processed next.

988 IPP is specified not to require queues for job scheduling, since there are other implementation techniques  
989 for scheduling multiple jobs, such as re-evaluating a criteria function for each job on a scheduling cycle.  
990 However, if an implementation does implement queues for jobs, then the Promote-Job puts the specified  
991 job at the front of the queue. A subsequent Promote-Job before the first job starts processing puts that  
992 specified job at the front of the queue, so that it is "in front" of the previously promoted job.

993 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be an  
994 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

995 The Promote-Job Request and Promote-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the  
996 Cancel-Job operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.3), including the new "job-message-from-operator"  
997 operation attribute (see section 5).

998 **12.5 Redirect-Job operation**

999 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to redirect a not-completed job to another Printer on the same  
1000 server. Redirect-Job is defined to be a Job Creation operation, along with the Print-Job, Print-URI, and  
1001 Create-Job operations. Thus all semantics that apply to Job Creation operations also apply to this operation.  
1002 For example, the new Printer validates the job using all of its "xxx-supported" attributes and either accepts  
1003 or rejects the job. If the job is rejected, it remains in its original state before the Redirect-Job operation was  
1004 attempted. As an other example, the Job inherits the defaults for the new Printer (since the defaults aren't  
1005 copied onto the Job object when it is created, but are applied when the job is processed - see [ipp-mod]).  
1006 Finally, this operation generates a 'job-created' event as does any Job Creation Operation.

1007 In order to preserve the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" semantics that the original client supplied when the job was  
1008 first created, each Job Creation Operation copies the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" (boolean) operation attribute of  
1009 the job as a Job Description attribute, if the Redirect-Job operation is supported. Then the "ipp-attribute-  
1010 fidelity" attribute is re-used by the new Printer during its job validation, unless the client performing the  
1011 Redirect-Job operation supplies the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute.

1012 This operation is limited to redirecting a job to another Printer on the same server. Thus the same copy of  
1013 the job MAY be used, depending on implementation. Also, depending on implementation, the new Printer  
1014 MAY generate a new job-id and job-uri, or use the same one. In either case the response contains the "job-  
1015 id" and "job-uri" for the redirected job as for any Job Creation operation. If the new Printer does assign a  
1016 new "job-id" and "job-uri", then it MUST automatically update an Per-Job Subscription objects that are  
1017 associated with the job.

1018 The Printer MUST accept this operation whenever the job is in the 'pending' or 'pending-held' states. The  
1019 Printer MUST reject this operation whenever the job is in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states and  
1020 return the 'client-error-not-possible' status code. Whether the Printer accepts this operation when the job is  
1021 in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states depends on implementation.

1022 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be  
1023 the job owner (as determined in the Job Creation operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer  
1024 object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

1025 The Redirect-Job Request have the same attribute groups and attributes as the Create-Job operation (see  
1026 [ipp-mod] section 3.2.4), plus the new "job-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5). In  
1027 addition, the following operation attributes are defined:

1028 Target:

1029 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation  
1030 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in [ipp-mod] section 3.1.5. The  
1031 client MUST supply this attribute and the Printer MUST support it.

1032

1033 new-printer-uri (uri):

1034 The URI of another Printer on the same server. The client MUST supply this attribute and the  
1035 Printer MUST support it.

1036

1037 ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean):

1038 The client MAY supply this attribute, but the Printer MUST support it. It indicates whether or not  
1039 the Job Template attributes on the Job object MUST be supported by the new Printer. If the client  
1040 omits this attribute, the new Printer uses the value copied to the job as a Job Description attribute  
1041 when the job was originally created. The Job Description attribute is not affected by the value  
1042 supplied in this request, so that the original user's intent is preserved across multiple Redirect-Job  
1043 operations.

1044 The Redirect-Job Response has the same attribute groups, attributes, and status codes as the Create-Job  
1045 operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.2.4). The following status codes have particular meaning for this  
1046 operation:

1047 'client-error-not-possible' - the job was in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states or the  
1048 implementation does not support the Redirect-Job operation on a job when it is in the 'processing' or  
1049 'processing-stopped' states.  
1050 'client-error-not-found' - the target job was not found.  
1051 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' - the specified Printer is not supported for redirection,  
1052 i.e., the URI was not amongst the Printer's "redirection-printers-supported" (1setOf uri).

## 1053 **12.6 Schedule-Job-After operation**

1054 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to request the Printer to schedule the target job so that it will be  
1055 processed immediately after the specified job, all other scheduling factors being equal.

1056 IPP is specified not to require queues for job scheduling, since there are other implementation techniques  
1057 for scheduling multiple jobs, such as re-evaluating a criteria function for each job on a scheduling cycle.  
1058 However, if an implementation does implement queues for jobs, then the Schedule-Job-After operation puts  
1059 the specified job immediately after the specified job in the queue. A subsequent Schedule-Job-After  
1060 operation specifying the same job will cause its target job to be placed after that job, even though it is  
1061 between the first target job and the specified job. For example, suppose the job queue consisted of jobs: A,  
1062 B, C, D, and E, in that order. A Schedule-Job-After with job E as the target and B as the specified job  
1063 would result in the following queue: A, B, E, C, D. A subsequent Schedule-Job-After with Job D as the  
1064 target and B as the specified job would result in the following queue: A, B, D, E, C. In other words, the  
1065 link between the two jobs in a Schedule-Job-After is ephemeral, rather than setting an attribute of either of  
1066 the jobs.

1067 If the target job is not in the 'pending' state, the Printer MUST reject the request and returns the 'client-error-  
1068 not-possible' status code, since the job cannot have its position changed. The predecessor job can be in the  
1069 'pending', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped' states.

1070 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must be  
1071 operator or administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5).

1072 The Schedule-Job-After Request have the same attribute groups and attributes as the Cancel-Job operation  
1073 (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.3), plus the new "job-message-from-operator" operation attribute (see section 5).  
1074 In addition, the following operation attributes are defined:

1075 "predecessor-job-id":  
1076 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer MUST support it, if it supports this  
1077 operation. This attribute specifies the job after which the target job is to be scheduled. If the client  
1078 omits this attribute, the Printer MUST schedule the target job next, i.e., after the current job, if any.

1079 The Schedule-Job-After Response has the same attribute groups, attributes, and status codes as the Cancel-  
1080 Job operation (see [ipp-mod] section 3.3.3). The following status codes have particular meaning for this  
1081 operation:

1082 'client-error-not-possible' - the target job was not in the 'pending' state or the predecessor job was no in  
1083 the 'pending', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped' states.  
1084 'client-error-not-found' - either the target job or the predecessor job was not found.  
1085

1086

1087 **13 Conformance Requirements**

1088 The Job and Printer Administrative operations defined in this document are OPTIONAL operations.  
 1089 However, some operations MUST be implemented if others are implemented as shown in Table 9.

1090

**Table 9 - Conformance Requirement Dependencies for Operations**

Operations REQUIRED	If any of these operations are supported:
Enable-Printer	Disable-Printer
Disable-Printer	Enable-Printer
Pause-Printer	Resume-Printer
Resume-Printer	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job
Hold-New-Jobs	Release-Held-New-Jobs
Release-Held-New-Jobs	Hold-New-Jobs
Activate-Printer, Disable-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	Deactivate-Printer
Deactivate-Printer, Enable-Printer, Resume-Printer	Activate-Printer
Restart-Printer	none
Shutdown-Printer	none
Startup-Printer	none
Reprocess-Job	none
Cancel-Current-Job	none
Resume-Job	Suspend-Current-Job
Suspend-Current-Job	Resume-Job
Promote-Job	none

1091 Table 10 and Table 11 list the "printer-state-reasons" and "job-state-reasons" values that are REQUIRED if  
 1092 the indicated operations are supported.

1093

**Table 10- Conformance Requirement Dependencies for "printer-state-reasons" Values**

"printer-state-reasons" values:	Conformance Requirement	If any of the following Printer Operations are supported:
'paused'	REQUIRED	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job, or Deactivate-Printer
'hold-new-jobs'	REQUIRED	Hold-New-Jobs
'moving-to-paused'	OPTIONAL	Pause-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job, Deactivate-Printer
'deactivated'	REQUIRED	Deactivate-Printer

1094

1095

**Table 11- Conformance Requirement Dependencies for "job-state-reasons" Values**

"job-state-reasons" values:	Conformance Requirement	If any of the following Job operations are supported:
'job-suspended'	REQUIRED	Suspend-Current-Job
'printer-stopped'	REQUIRED	always REQUIRED

1096

1097

**14 IANA Considerations**

1098

The operations and attributes in this registration proposal will be published by IANA according to the procedures in RFC 2566 [rfc2566] section 6.4 for operations with the following URL:

1099

1100

<ftp://isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/ipp-admin-ops.txt>

1101

**15 Internationalization Considerations**

1102

This document has the same localization considerations as the [ipp-mod].

1103

**16 Security Considerations**

1104

The IPP Model and Semantics document [ipp-mod] discusses high level security requirements (Client Authentication, Server Authentication and Operation Privacy). Client Authentication is the mechanism by which the client proves its identity to the server in a secure manner. Server Authentication is the mechanism by which the server proves its identity to the client in a secure manner. Operation Privacy is defined as a mechanism for protecting operations from eavesdropping.

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**17 Author's Addresses**

1110

Carl Kugler

1111

IBM

1112

Boulder CO

1113

1114

Phone: (303) 924-5060

1115

FAX:

1116

e-mail: [kugler@us.ibm.com](mailto:kugler@us.ibm.com)

1117

1118

Tom Hastings

1119

Xerox Corporation

1120

737 Hawaii St. ESAE 231

1121

El Segundo, CA 90245

1122  
1123 Phone: 310-333-6413  
1124 Fax: 310-333-5514  
1125 e-mail: [hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com](mailto:hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com)

1126  
1127 Harry Lewis  
1128 IBM  
1129 Boulder CO

1130  
1131 Phone: (303) 924-5337  
1132 FAX:  
1133 e-mail: [harryl@us.ibm.com](mailto:harryl@us.ibm.com)

1134

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1150 Semantics", RFC 2566, April 1999.

## 1151 **19 Change History**

1152 This section summarizes the changes. Each sub-section is in reverse chronological order. Adding or  
1153 removing ISSUES that don't change the document are not listed here.

**1154 19.1 Changes to the February 3, 2000 version to make the July 6, 2000 version**

1155 The following changes to the February 3, 2000 version to make the July 6, 2000 version as a result of the  
1156 February 2000 IPP WG meeting and subsequent email and telecons:

- 1157 1. Renamed the Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs operation to Hold-New-Jobs and added a  
1158 complementary Release-Held-New-Jobs operation. This sets the 'hold-new-jobs' value (instead of the  
1159 'moving-to-paused-all' which is gone) in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" so that new jobs are held.  
1160 The Printer eventually goes idle when all the current jobs have been processed.
- 1161 2. Added the Redirect-Job operation to redirect a job from one Printer to another on the same server. It  
1162 had been previously called Move-Job, but no movement is required.
- 1163 3. Added the Schedule-Job-After operation to schedule a job immediately a specified job.
- 1164 4. Added Printer Description attribute: "redirection-printers-supported" for validating the Printers that the  
1165 Redirect-Job operation supports.
- 1166 5. Added the 'forwarded-operation-failed' event code.
- 1167 6. Left IPP/1.1 Pause Printer ambiguous as to whether it pauses immediately or after the current job. So  
1168 the Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job is the unambiguously after the current job.
- 1169 7. Capitalized the terms throughout the document.
- 1170 8. Clarified that either the Printer or the Device operations or both can be supported independently of each  
1171 other.
- 1172 9. Clarified that it is the client's responsibility to keep the Printer's subordinate and parent pointers correct,  
1173 not the Printer's.
- 1174 10. Clarified that forwarding operations is done on a best efforts basis and not before returning a response.  
1175 The 'forwarded-operation-failed' event helps indicate such problems.
- 1176 11. Changed Startup-Printer so that "printer-is-accepting-jobs" is set to 'false'. But SHOULD be true when  
1177 the Printer is powered up, so that it works out of the box.

**1178 19.2 Changes to the December 8, 1999 version to make the February 3, 2000 version**

1179 The following changes to the December 8, 1999 version to make the February 3, 2000 version as a result of  
1180 the December 1999 IPP WG meeting:

- 1181 1. The Set-Printer-Attributes and Set-Job-Attributes operations were moved to a new "Job and Printer Set  
1182 operations" spec [ipp-set-ops], along with the "printer-message-from-operator" & "job-message-from-  
1183 operator" operation attributes, the "printer-settable-attributes", "job-settable-attributes", "printer-

- 1184 message-time" (integer), and "printer-message-date-time" (dateTime) Printer Description attributes, the  
1185 'client-error-attributes-not-settable' status code, and the 'not-settable' out-of-band value.
- 1186 2. Deleted the "printer-message-operation: (type2 keyword) altogether.
- 1187 3. Add a requirement to startup a powered-off device, say, Power-On-Device.
- 1188 4. Deleted the Interpreter object. Functionality moved to the [ipp-set-ops] spec through the addition of a  
1189 "document-format-varying-attributes" (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute instead.
- 1190 5. Clarified that, while a Non-Leaf Printer MUST NOT have associated devices, it SHOULD have an  
1191 "output-devices-supported" (1setOf name(127)) Printer Description attribute which is a roll up of its  
1192 subordinate "output-devices-supported" attributes.
- 1193 6. Changed Suspend-Current-Job operation so that the Printer MUST NOT forward it to subordinate  
1194 Printers.
- 1195 7. Clarified that as jobs are forwarded, the IPP/1.1 "requesting-user-name" operation attribute is the  
1196 immediate submitting client while the "job-originating-user-name" Job Description attribute is the  
1197 authenticated original user.
- 1198 8. Left IPP/1.1 Pause-Printer operation unchanged with multiple interpretations. The Pause-Printer-After-  
1199 Current-Job, Pause-Device-Now, Pause-Device-After-Current-Copy, and Pause-Device-After-Current-  
1200 Job all provide unambiguous interpretations.
- 1201 9. Clarified that the 'paused' values is REQUIRED if the Pause-Printer or Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job  
1202 operations are supported, but that 'moving-to-paused' depends on implementation.
- 1203 10. Clarified that the 'paused' and 'moving-to-paused-all' values is REQUIRED if the Pause-Printer-After-  
1204 All-Jobs operation is supported.
- 1205 11. Clarified that the Shutdown-Printer operation MUST NOT lose any jobs.
- 1206 12. Added a Conformance section which as a "Conformance Requirement Dependencies For Operations"  
1207 table and a "Conformance Requirement Dependencies for State Reasons Values" table.

### 1208 **19.3 Changes to the November 16, 1999 version to make the December 8, 1999 version**

1209 The following changes to the November 16, 1999 version to make the December 8, 1999 version as a result  
1210 of the IPP WG telecons and mailing list discussion:

- 1211 1. Introduced the separation of Printer operation from Device Operations. Removed the "printer-controls-  
1212 other-protocols" (boolean) Printer Description attribute. Printer operations affect only IPP jobs and  
1213 objects, while the Device Operations affect the Output Device. Set2 has the Printer operations and Set3  
1214 has the Device Operations. But do both sets of operations with only the Printer object and only the  
1215 "printer-uri" target.

- 1216 2. Remove the "when" operation attribute and added distinct Pause operations instead: Pause-Printer-  
1217 After-Current-Job (IPP/1.1 Pause-Printer clarified), Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs
- 1218 3. Added Deactivate-Printer and Activate-Printer which do Disable-Printer, Pause-Printer-After-Current-  
1219 Job, and only allow query, Send-Document, Send-URI, and Activate-Printer operations. This is a  
1220 clearer "shutdown" that can be brought back up using the protocol.
- 1221 4. Clarified that Shutdown-Printer cannot be brought back via the protocol, though added Startup-Printer  
1222 for hosted implementations to instantiate a fresh copy of the Printer object.
- 1223 5. Changed the name of Pause-Current-Job to Suspend-Current-Job, since other jobs can be processed on  
1224 the Printer (unlike Pause-Printer).
- 1225 6. Added the Terminology section
- 1226 7. Added the Requirements and Use Cases section
- 1227 8. Added pictures of chained Printers, Printer fan-out, and Printer fan-in.
- 1228 9. Added the concept of subordinate Printers and the "subordinate-printers-supported" (1setOf uri) Printer  
1229 Description attribute to describe the configuration.
- 1230 10. Added the forwarding rules: IPP Printer objects MUST NOT forward Printer operations to subordinate  
1231 IPP Printer objects, except for the chained Printer configuration. IPP Printer objects MUST forward  
1232 Job operations to the intended Job object.
- 1233 11. Removed the "synchronize" operation attribute from all operations.
- 1234 12. Renamed 'standby' to 'deactivated' Printer state reason.
- 1235 13. Added 'moving-to-paused-all' Printer state reason for use with Pause-Printer-After-All-Current-Jobs
- 1236 14. Added 'printer-deactivated' Printer state reason for use with Deactivate-Printer.
- 1237 15. Renamed 'job-paused' to 'job-suspended' to go with the rename Suspend-Current-Job operation.
- 1238 16. Renamed 'server-error-printer-is-in-standby-mode' status code to 'server-error-printer-is-deactivated'.
- 1239 17. Grouped attributes that come in pairs.
- 1240 18. Changed Shutdown-Printer so that there is no operation to come back to life, except Startup-Printer  
1241 which starts a new instance (but there can only be one instance per Printer object).
- 1242 **19.4 Changes to the November 1, 1999 version to make the November 16, 1999 version**
- 1243 1. Formally defined IPP Printer fan-out, IPP Printer fan-in, and Output Device fan-out. Added figures to  
1244 show IPP Printer fan-out and IPP Printer fan-in.

- 1245 2. Added "parent-printers-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute to point back up the Printer  
1246 hierarchy.
- 1247 3. Added the requirements for forwarding operations that affect Jobs and for not forwarding operations  
1248 that affect Printers.
- 1249 4. Added "original-requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) to represent the original end user, not the parent  
1250 Printer's host.
- 1251 5. Changed the default for "when" for the Pause-Printer operation from 'after-current-job' to 'now', since  
1252 that is the behavior in IPP/1.1 where the "when" operation attribute is not defined.
- 1253 6. Allowed a non-leaf Printer to have only one subordinate Printer.
- 1254 7. Changed most of the "parent" Printer terminology to "non-leaf" Printer to contrast more clearly with  
1255 "leaf" Printer objects. The term "parent" is only used when talking about a subordinate's immediate  
1256 parent Printer object.
- 1257 8. Added "original-requesting-user-name" (name (MAX)) to the list of READ-ONLY Job Description  
1258 attributes.

## 1259 **19.5 Changes to the October 22, 1999 version to make the November 1, 1999 version**

1260 The following changes to the October 22, 1999 version to make the November 1, 1999 version as a result of  
1261 the IPP WG meeting in Durham, 10/99:

- 1262 1. Removed the Reset-Printer, Non-Process-Run-Out, and Space-Current-Job operations from this Set2  
1263 spec and moved them to a new Set3 spec for use with the new Device object, renaming them  
1264 appropriately, to Reset-Device, Non-Process-Run-Out-Device, and Space-Device.
- 1265 2. Added the concept of parent and subordinate Printer objects to formally represent fan-out. Mentioned  
1266 the Device object that is in a new [ipp-device-ops] spec.
- 1267 3. Distributed the definition of the "when" operation attribute to the Pause-Printer (IPP/1.1), Shutdown-  
1268 Printer, and Pause-Current-Job operations and listed the values that are appropriate to that operation  
1269 only:  
1270 Pause-Printer: 'now', 'after-current-copy', 'after-current-job' (default), and 'after-all'.  
1271 Shutdown-Printer: 'now', 'after-current-job' (default), and 'after-all'  
1272 Pause-Current-Job: 'now', 'after-current-copy' (default)
- 1273 4. Deleted the "device-name" operation attribute and the "device-names-supported" (1setOf name(127))  
1274 Printer Description attribute. The latter will be part of the [ipp-device-ops] document.
- 1275 5. Kept the "job-settable-attributes" (1setOf type2 keyword) and "printer-settable-attributes" (1setOf type2  
1276 keyword), but deleted the "interpreter-settable-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword), since the Interpreter  
1277 object and its attributes are really a sub-class of the Printer object.

- 1278 6. Deleted the "when-values-supported" (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute.
- 1279 7. Added the "subordinate-printers-supported" (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute.

## 1280 **19.6 Changes to the September 19, 1999 version to make the October 22, 1999 version**

1281 Adding or removing ISSUES that don't change the document are not listed here. The following changes to  
1282 the September 19, 1999 version to make the October 22, 1999 version as a result of the IPP WG meeting in  
1283 Denver, 9/99:

- 1284 1. Added the Interpreter object.
- 1285 2. Added the "device-name" operation attribute to handle passing operations through the IPP Printer object  
1286 to the device.
- 1287 3. Added the out-of-band 'not-settable' to allow the Set-Job-Attributes and Set-Printer-Attributes response  
1288 to indicate the difference between an unsupported attribute and a supported, but not settable, attribute in  
1289 the Unsupported Attributes Group.
- 1290 4. Removed "when-values-supported" and "job-settable-attributes" and "printer-settable-attributes" and  
1291 "interpreter-settable-attributes" from the list of attributes that MUST be read-only. So an administrator  
1292 could sub-set the policy on what when values are supported or which attributes can be set.

## 1293 **19.7 Changes to the July 19, 1999 version to make the September 19, 1999 version**

1294 The following changes to the July 19, 1999 version to make the September 19, 1999 version as a result of  
1295 the IPP WG meeting in Alaska, 8/99:

- 1296 1. Refer to proposal as "Set2" rather than "Administrative" operations.
- 1297 2. Revise the emphasis on administrator throughout the document, although the word administrator  
1298 remains wherever appropriate.
- 1299 3. Convert non-process-run-out from an operations attribute to an operation.
- 1300 4. Added Issue 21: For all these "access" caveats, why not just say... 'authentication and access control  
1301 (see ipp-mod sections 1, 8.3 and 8.5) applies to this operation'.?
- 1302 5. Added Issue 22: Why? This is backward, if you ask me (HRL).
- 1303 6. Per resolution of Issue 2, the "settable-attributes" Printer Description attribute, was replaced with three  
1304 Printer Description attributes: "printer-settable-attributes", "job-settable-attributes", and "interpreter-  
1305 settable-attributes". The latter for those implementations that have different values for Printer attributes  
1306 in the Get-Printer-Attributes and Set-Printer-Attributes operations, depending on the value of the

1307 "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the client. If and when we get a Document object,  
1308 then we can add a "document-settable-attributes" Printer Description attribute.

### 1309 **19.8 Changes to the June 30, 1999 version to make the July 19, 1999 version**

1310 The following changes to the June 30, 1999 version to make the July 19, 1999 version as a result of the IPP  
1311 WG meeting in Copenhagen, 7/7/99-7/8/99, and the IPP telecon, 7/14/1999:

- 1312 1. Sections 2.1 and 2.2: Clarified that the way to remove a message from the operator was for the client to  
1313 supply a zero-length or all white space text string which is copied as usual to the "xxx-message-from-  
1314 operator" attribute.
- 1315 2. Section 2.3: Added "factory-settings" (boolean) operation attribute to the Get-Printer-Attributes  
1316 operation.
- 1317 3. Section 2.4: Added the "when" operation attribute to the Pause-Current-Job operation.
- 1318 4. Section 2.4: Made the "when" operation attribute OPTIONAL for use in operations (Pause-Printer,  
1319 Reset-Printer, Shutdown-Printer, and Pause-Current-Job operations).
- 1320 5. Sections 2.5: Added table of operation attributes for the Printer operations to make it easy to compare.
- 1321 6. Sections 2.6: Added table of operation attributes for the Job operations to make it easy to compare.
- 1322 7. Section 3.1: Added "settable-attributes" (1setOf type2 keyword) READ-ONLY Printer Description  
1323 attribute.
- 1324 8. Section 3.2: Added "printer-controls-other-protocols" (boolean) Printer Description attribute
- 1325 9. Section 3.3: Added the READ-ONLY "printer-message-time" (integer(MIN:MAX)) Printer  
1326 Description attribute to keep time message updated in time ticks.
- 1327 10. Section 4.2: Deleted the 'process-next' "job-state-reasons" value, so that repeated Promote-Job  
1328 operations promote each job "to the front of the queue".
- 1329 11. Sections 6.1.1.1 and 6.2.1.1: Replaced the table that listed all attributes with one that lists only the  
1330 attributes that MUST be READ-ONLY.
- 1331 12. Section 6.1.1.1: Indicated that attributes that are not specified as READ-ONLY in this document MAY  
1332 be settable. If they control behavior, that changing their values MUST change the behavior.
- 1333 13. Section 6.1.1.2 and 6.2.1.2: Deleted the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute from the Set-Printer-  
1334 Attributes and Set-Job-Attributes operations. All set operations are atomic.

- 1335 14. Section 6.1.1.2: Add the concept of the Interpreter object to handle attributes whose values vary in the  
1336 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Attributes, depending on the value of the "document-format"  
1337 operation attribute.
- 1338 15. Sections 6.1.1.3 and 6.2.1.2: Changed the "out-of-band" 'not-settable' value back to the existing 'not-  
1339 supported' value.
- 1340 16. Section 6.1.2 and 6.1.3: Added "job-type" operation attribute to Disable-Printer and Enable-Printer  
1341 operations with values: 'network-jobs', 'walk-up-jobs', and 'all-jobs'.
- 1342 17. Section 6.1.5: Clarified that Restart-Printer brings up the Printer disabled and paused, since that is the  
1343 eventual state that Shutdown-Printer leaves the printer in.
- 1344 18. Section 6.1.5: Indicated that if Restart-Printer is supported, then Shutdown-Printer MUST be  
1345 supported.
- 1346 19. Section 6.1.6: Deleted Space-Printer operation. Keep Space-Current-Job operation only which has a  
1347 "job-id" operation attribute that a client MAY supply.
- 1348 20. Section 6.1.6: Clarified that Shutdown-Printer is for a long period of time, not just to reset the device or  
1349 change attribute values. Also that Shutdown performs an immediate Disable-Printer and an eventual  
1350 Pause-Printer.
- 1351 21. Sections 6.2.3, 6.2.4, and 6.2.7 : Added a "job-id" operation attribute to Cancel-Current-Job, Pause-  
1352 Current-Job, and Space-Current-Job that a client MAY supply to check for race condition where current  
1353 job changes
- 1354 22. Section 6.2.4: Combined Pause-Job into Pause-Current-Job operation.
- 1355 23. Sections 6.2.4 and 6.2.5: Pause-Current-Job puts job in 'processing-stopped' state, not 'pending-held'  
1356 state.
- 1357 24. Section 6.2.6: Simplified Promote-Job, so that it behaves as if the job were put at the front of the  
1358 queue.

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