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15 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics
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27 Abstract

28 This document is one of a set of documents, which together describe all aspects of a new Internet Printing
29 Protocol (IPP). IPP is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using Internet
30 tools and technologies. This document describes a simplified model consisting of abstract objects, their
31 attributes, and their operations that is independent of encoding and transport. The model consists of a
32 Printer and a Job object. A Job optionally supports multiple documents. IPP 1.1 semantics allow end-users
33 and operators to query printer capabilities, submit print jobs, inquire about the status of print jobs and
34 printers, cancel, hold, release, and restart print jobs. IPP 1.1 semantics allow operators to pause, resume,
35 and purge (jobs from) Printer objects. This document also addresses security, internationalization, and
36 directory issues.

37 The full set of IPP documents includes:

38 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]

39 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]

40 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
41 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
42 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
43 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]
44

45 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
46 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
47 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
48 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
49 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

50 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
51 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
52 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
53 decisions.

54 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
55 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
56 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
57 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
58 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

59 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
60 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
61 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
62 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
63 the specification decisions is also included.

64 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
65 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

66

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343			

344 1. Introduction

345 The Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing
346 using Internet tools and technologies. IPP version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses only on end user functionality.
347 This document is just one of a suite of documents that fully define IPP. The full set of IPP documents
348 includes:

349 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
350 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
351 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
352 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
353 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
354 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]
355

356 Anyone reading these documents for the first time is strongly encouraged to read the IPP documents in the
357 above order.

358 This document is laid out as follows:

- 359 - The rest of Section 1 is an introduction to the IPP simplified model for distributed printing.
- 360 - Section 2 introduces the object types covered in the model with their basic behaviors, attributes, and
361 interactions.
- 362 - Section 3 defines the operations included in IPP/1.1. IPP operations are synchronous, therefore, for
363 each operation, there is a both request and a response.
- 364 - Section 4 defines the attributes (and their syntaxes) that are used in the model.
- 365 - Sections 5 - 6 summarizes the implementation conformance requirements for objects that support the
366 protocol and IANA considerations, respectively.
- 367 - Sections 7 - 11 cover the Internationalization and Security considerations as well as References,
368 Author contact information, and Formats for Registration Proposals.
- 369 - Sections 12 - 14 are appendices that cover Terminology, Status Codes and Messages, and "media"
370 keyword values.

371 Note: This document uses terms such as "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These
372 terms have special meaning and are defined in the model terminology section 12.2.
373 Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT,
374 MAY, NEED NOT, and OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance. These
375 terms are defined in section 12.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from
376 RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

- 377 - Section 15 is an appendix that helps to clarify the effects of interactions between related attributes and
378 their values.
- 379 - Section 16 is an appendix that enumerates the subset of Printer attributes that form a generic directory
380 schema. These attributes are useful when registering a Printer so that a client can find the Printer
381 not just by name, but by filtered searches as well.
- 382 - Section 17 is an appendix summarizing the additions and changes from the IPP/1.0 "Model and
383 Semantics" document [RFC2566] to make this IPP/1.1 document.
- 384 - Section 18 is the full copyright notice.

385 1.1 Simplified Printing Model

386 In order to achieve its goal of realizing a workable printing protocol for the Internet, the Internet Printing
387 Protocol (IPP) is based on a simplified printing model that abstracts the many components of real world
388 printing solutions. The Internet is a distributed computing environment where requesters of print services
389 (clients, applications, printer drivers, etc.) cooperate and interact with print service providers. This model
390 and semantics document describes a simple, abstract model for IPP even though the underlying
391 configurations may be complex "n-tier" client/server systems. An important simplifying step in the IPP
392 model is to expose only the key objects and interfaces required for printing. The model described in this
393 model document does not include features, interfaces, and relationships that are beyond the scope of the
394 first version of IPP (IPP/1.1). IPP/1.1 incorporates many of the relevant ideas and lessons learned from
395 other specification and development efforts [HTPP] [ISO10175] [LDPA] [P1387.4] [PSIS] [RFC1179]
396 [SWP]. IPP is heavily influenced by the printing model introduced in the Document Printing Application
397 (DPA) [ISO10175] standard. Although DPA specifies both end user and administrative features, IPP
398 version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses primarily on end user functionality with a few additional OPTIONAL operator
399 operations.

400 The IPP/1.1 model encapsulates the important components of distributed printing into two object types:

- 401 - Printer (Section 2.1)
- 402 - Job (Section 2.2)

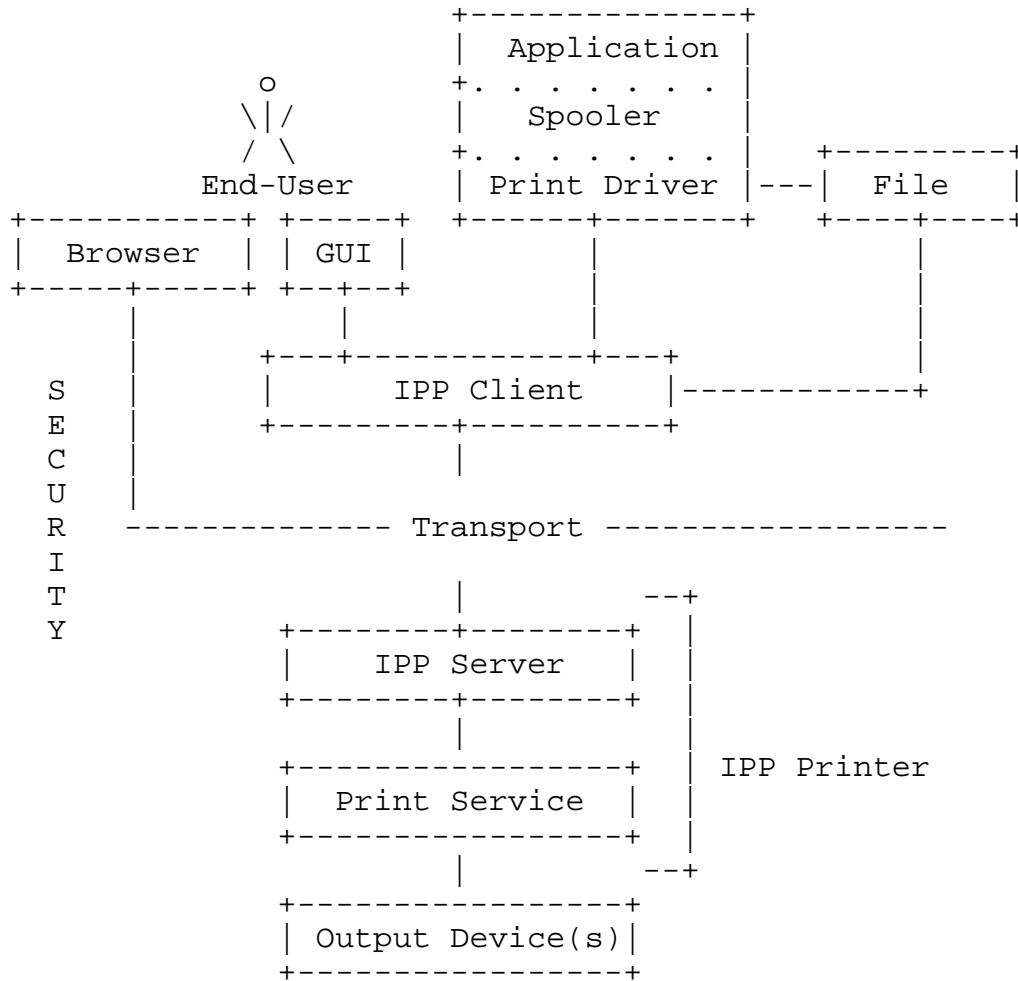
403

404 Each object type has an associated set of operations (see section 3) and attributes (see section 4).

405 It is important, however, to understand that in real system implementations (which lie underneath the
406 abstracted IPP/1.1 model), there are other components of a print service which are not explicitly defined in
407 the IPP/1.1 model. The following figure illustrates where IPP/1.1 fits with respect to these other
408 components.

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440 An IPP Printer object encapsulates the functions normally associated with physical output devices along
441 with the spooling, scheduling and multiple device management functions often associated with a print
442 server. Printer objects are optionally registered as entries in a directory where end users find and select them
443 based on some sort of filtered and context based searching mechanism (see section 16). The directory is
444 used to store relatively static information about the Printer, allowing end users to search for and find
445 Printers that match their search criteria, for example: name, context, printer capabilities, etc. The more
446 dynamic information, such as state, currently loaded and ready media, number of jobs at the Printer, errors,
447 warnings, and so forth, is directly associated with the Printer object itself rather than with the entry in the
448 directory which only represents the Printer object.

449 IPP clients implement the IPP protocol on the client side and give end users (or programs running on behalf
450 of end users) the ability to query Printer objects and submit and manage print jobs. An IPP server is just
451 that part of the Printer object that implements the server-side protocol. The rest of the Printer object
452 implements (or gateways into) the application semantics of the print service itself. The Printer objects may
453 be embedded in an output device or may be implemented on a host on the network that communicates with
454 an output device.

455 When a job is submitted to the Printer object and the Printer object validates the attributes in the
456 submission request, the Printer object creates a new Job object. The end user then interacts with this new
457 Job object to query its status and monitor the progress of the job. An end user can also cancel their print
458 jobs by using the Job object's Cancel-Job operation. An end-user can also hold, release, and restart their
459 print jobs using the Job object's OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations, if
460 implemented.

461 A privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can cancel, hold, release, and restart any user's job
462 using the REQUIRED Cancel-Job and the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations.
463 In addition, a privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can pause, resume, or purge (jobs from)
464 a Printer object using the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs operations, if
465 implemented.

466 The notification service is out of scope for this IPP/1.1 document, but using such a notification service, the
467 end user is able to register for and receive Printer specific and Job specific events. An end user can query
468 the status of Printer objects and can follow the progress of Job objects by polling using the Get-Printer-
469 Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes operations.

470 2. IPP Objects

471 The IPP/1.1 model introduces objects of type Printer and Job. Each type of object models relevant aspects
472 of a real-world entity such as a real printer or real print job. Each object type is defined as a set of possible
473 attributes that may be supported by instances of that object type. For each object (instance), the actual set
474 of supported attributes and values describe a specific implementation. The object's attributes and values
475 describe its state, capabilities, realizable features, job processing functions, and default behaviors and
476 characteristics. For example, the Printer object type is defined as a set of attributes that each Printer object
477 potentially supports. In the same manner, the Job object type is defined as a set of attributes that are
478 potentially supported by each Job object.

479 Each attribute included in the set of attributes defining an object type is labeled as:

- 480 - "REQUIRED": each object MUST support the attribute.
 - 481 - "RECOMMENDED": each object SHOULD support the attribute.
 - 482 - "OPTIONAL": each object MAY support the attribute.
- 483

484 Some definitions of attribute values indicate that an object MUST or SHOULD support the value;
485 otherwise, support of the value is OPTIONAL. However, if an implementation supports an attribute, it
486 MUST support at least one of the possible values for that attribute.

487 2.1 Printer Object

488 The major component of the IPP/1.1 model is the Printer object. A Printer object implements the server-
489 side of the IPP/1.1 protocol. Using the protocol, end users may query the attributes of the Printer object and

490 submit print jobs to the Printer object. The actual implementation components behind the Printer
491 abstraction may take on different forms and different configurations. However, the model abstraction
492 allows the details of the configuration of real components to remain opaque to the end user. Section 3
493 describes each of the Printer operations in detail.

494 The capabilities and state of a Printer object are described by its attributes. Printer attributes are divided
495 into two groups:

- 496 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes describe supported job processing capabilities and defaults
497 for the Printer object. (See section 4.2)
- 498 - "printer-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Printer object's identification, state,
499 location, references to other sources of information about the Printer object, etc. (see section 4.4)

500
501 Since a Printer object is an abstraction of a generic document output device and print service provider, a
502 Printer object could be used to represent any real or virtual device with semantics consistent with the
503 Printer object, such as a fax device, an imager, or even a CD writer.

504 Some examples of configurations supporting a Printer object include:

- 505 1) An output device with no spooling capabilities
- 506 2) An output device with a built-in spooler
- 507 3) A print server supporting IPP with one or more associated output devices
 - 508 3a) The associated output devices may or may not be capable of spooling jobs
 - 509 3b) The associated output devices may or may not support IPP

510
511 The following figures show some examples of how Printer objects can be realized on top of various
512 distributed printing configurations. The embedded case below represents configurations 1 and 2. The
513 hosted and fan-out figures below represent configurations 3a and 3b.

514 In this document the term "client" refers to a software entity that sends IPP operation requests to an IPP
515 Printer object and accepts IPP operation responses. A client MAY be:

- 516 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an
517 application or
- 518 2. the print server component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another
519 "downstream" print server.

520 The term "IPP Printer" is a network entity that accepts IPP operation requests and returns IPP operation
521 responses. As such, an IPP object MAY be:

- 522 1. an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or
- 523 2. a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests (where the print server controls one or more
524 networked devices using IPP or other protocols).

526 Legend:

527

528 ##### indicates a Printer object which is
529 either embedded in an output device or is
530 hosted in a server. The Printer object
531 might or might not be capable of queuing/spooling.

532

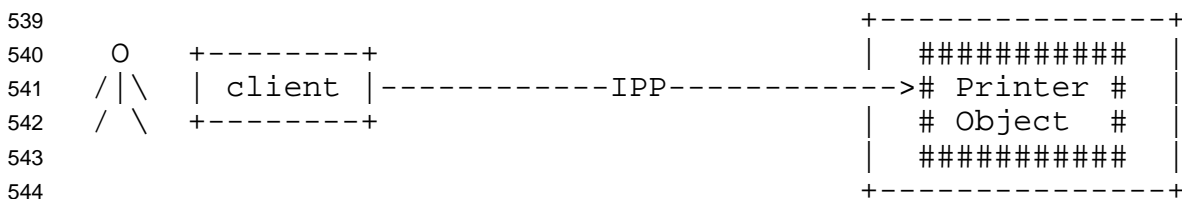
533 any indicates any network protocol or direct
534 connect, including IPP

535

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537 embedded printer:

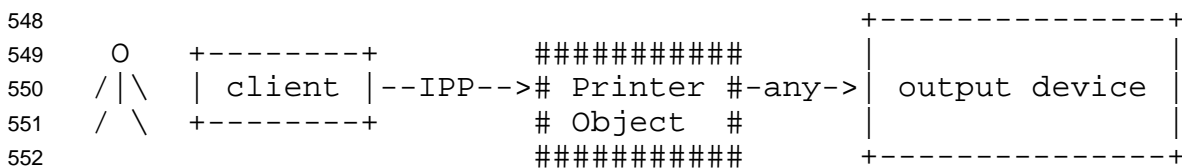
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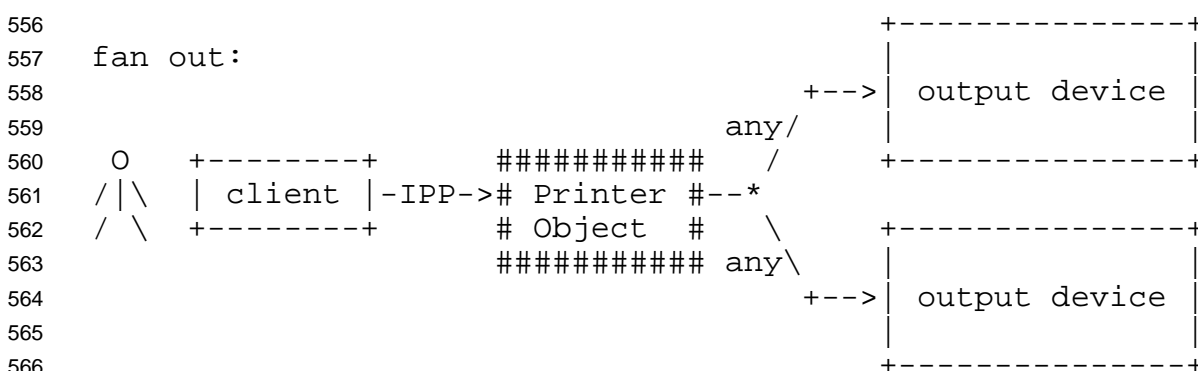
547 hosted printer:



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569 2.2 Job Object

570 A Job object is used to model a print job. A Job object contains documents. The information required to
571 create a Job object is sent in a create request from the end user via an IPP Client to the Printer object. The

572 Printer object validates the create request, and if the Printer object accepts the request, the Printer object
573 creates the new Job object. Section 3 describes each of the Job operations in detail.

574 The characteristics and state of a Job object are described by its attributes. Job attributes are grouped into
575 two groups as follows:

- 576 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes can be supplied by the client or end user and include job
577 processing instructions which are intended to override any Printer object defaults and/or instructions
578 embedded within the document data. (See section 4.2)
- 579 - "job-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Job object's identification, state, size, etc.
580 The client supplies some of these attributes, and the Printer object generates others. (See section 4.3)

581

582 An implementation **MUST** support at least one document per Job object. An implementation **MAY** support
583 multiple documents per Job object. A document is either:

- 584 - a stream of document data in a format supported by the Printer object (typically a Page Description
585 Language - PDL), or
- 586 - a reference to such a stream of document data

587

588 In IPP/1.1, a document is not modeled as an IPP object, therefore it has no object identifier or associated
589 attributes. All job processing instructions are modeled as Job object attributes. These attributes are called
590 Job Template attributes and they apply equally to all documents within a Job object.

591 2.3 Object Relationships

592 IPP objects have relationships that are maintained persistently along with the persistent storage of the object
593 attributes.

594 A Printer object can represent either one or more physical output devices or a logical device which
595 "processes" jobs but never actually uses a physical output device to put marks on paper. Examples of
596 logical devices include a Web page publisher or a gateway into an online document archive or repository.
597 A Printer object contains zero or more Job objects.

598 A Job object is contained by exactly one Printer object, however the identical document data associated
599 with a Job object could be sent to either the same or a different Printer object. In this case, a second Job
600 object would be created which would be almost identical to the first Job object, however it would have new
601 (different) Job object identifiers (see section 2.4).

602 A Job object is either empty (before any documents have been added) or contains one or more documents.
603 If the contained document is a stream of document data, that stream can be contained in only one document.
604 However, there can be identical copies of the stream in other documents in the same or different Job
605 objects. If the contained document is just a reference to a stream of document data, other documents (in the
606 same or different Job object(s)) may contain the same reference.

607 2.4 Object Identity

608 All Printer and Job objects are identified by a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) [RFC2396] so that they
609 can be persistently and unambiguously referenced. The notion of a URI is a useful concept, however, until
610 the notion of URI is more stable (i.e., defined more completely and deployed more widely), it is expected
611 that the URIs used for IPP objects will actually be URLs [RFC2396]. Since every URL is a specialized
612 form of a URI, even though the more generic term URI is used throughout the rest of this document, its
613 usage is intended to cover the more specific notion of URL as well.

614 An administrator configures Printer objects to either support or not support authentication and/or message
615 privacy using Transport Layer Security (TLS) [RFC2246] (the mechanism for security configuration is
616 outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In some situations, both types of connections (both
617 authenticated and unauthenticated) can be established using a single communication channel that has some
618 sort of negotiation mechanism. In other situations, multiple communication channels are used, one for each
619 type of security configuration. Section 8 provides a full description of all security considerations and
620 configurations.

621 If a Printer object supports more than one communication channel, some or all of those channels might
622 support and/or require different security mechanisms. In such cases, an administrator could expose the
623 simultaneous support for these multiple communication channels as multiple URIs for a single Printer
624 object where each URI represents one of the communication channels to the Printer object. To support this
625 flexibility, the IPP Printer object type defines a multi-valued identification attribute called the "printer-uri-
626 supported" attribute. It MUST contain at least one URI. It MAY contain more than one URI. That is,
627 every Printer object will have at least one URI that identifies at least one communication channel to the
628 Printer object, but it may have more than one URI where each URI identifies a different communication
629 channel to the Printer object. The "printer-uri-supported" attribute has two companion attributes, the "uri-
630 security-supported" attribute and the "uri-authentication-supported". Both have the same cardinality as
631 "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-security-supported" attribute is to indicate the security
632 mechanisms (if any) used for each URI listed in "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-
633 authentication-supported" attribute is to indicate the authentication mechanisms (if any) used for each URI
634 listed in "printer-uri-supported". These three attributes are fully described in sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and
635 4.4.3.

636 When a job is submitted to the Printer object via a create request, the client supplies only a single Printer
637 object URI. The client supplied Printer object URI MUST be one of the values in the "printer-uri-
638 supported" Printer attribute.

639 IPP/1.1 does not specify how the client obtains the client supplied URI, but it is RECOMMENDED that a
640 Printer object be registered as an entry in a directory service. End-users and programs can then interrogate
641 the directory searching for Printers. Section 16 defines a generic schema for Printer object entries in the
642 directory service and describes how the entry acts as a bridge to the actual IPP Printer object. The entry in
643 the directory that represents the IPP Printer object includes the possibly many URIs for that Printer object as
644 values in one its attributes.

645 When a client submits a create request to the Printer object, the Printer object validates the request and
646 creates a new Job object. The Printer object assigns the new Job object a URI which is stored in the "job-
647 uri" Job attribute. This URI is then used by clients as the target for subsequent Job operations. The Printer
648 object generates a Job URI based on its configured security policy and the URI used by the client in the
649 create request.

650 For example, consider a Printer object that supports both a communication channel secured by the use of
651 SSL3 (using HTTP over SSL3 with an "https" schemed URI) and another open communication channel that
652 is not secured with SSL3 (using a simple "http" schemed URI). If a client were to submit a job using the
653 secure URI, the Printer object would assign the new Job object a secure URI as well. If a client were to
654 submit a job using the open-channel URI, the Printer would assign the new Job object an open-channel
655 URI.

656 In addition, the Printer object also populates the Job object's "job-printer-uri" attribute. This is a reference
657 back to the Printer object that created the Job object. If a client only has access to a Job object's "job-uri"
658 identifier, the client can query the Job's "job-printer-uri" attribute in order to determine which Printer object
659 created the Job object. If the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object picks the one
660 URI supplied by the client when creating the job to build the value for and to populate the Job's "job-
661 printer-uri" attribute.

662 Allowing Job objects to have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability. For example, in some
663 implementations, the Printer object might create Jobs that are processed in the same local environment as
664 the Printer object itself. In this case, the Job URI might just be a composition of the Printer's URI and some
665 unique component for the Job object, such as the unique 32-bit positive integer mentioned later in this
666 paragraph. In other implementations, the Printer object might be a central clearing-house for validating all
667 Job object creation requests, but the Job object itself might be created in some environment that is remote
668 from the Printer object. In this case, the Job object's URI may have no physical-location relationship at all
669 to the Printer object's URI. Again, the fact that Job objects have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability,
670 however, many existing printing systems have local models or interface constraints that force print jobs to
671 be identified using only a 32-bit positive integer rather than an independent URI. This numeric Job ID is
672 only unique within the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted.
673 Therefore, in order to allow both types of client access to IPP Job objects (either by Job URI or by numeric
674 Job ID), when the Printer object successfully processes a create request and creates a new Job object, the
675 Printer object MUST generate both a Job URI and a Job ID. The Job ID (stored in the "job-id" attribute)
676 only has meaning in the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted.
677 This requirement to support both Job URIs and Job IDs allows all types of clients to access Printer objects
678 and Job objects no matter the local constraints imposed on the client implementation.

679 In addition to identifiers, Printer objects and Job objects have names ("printer-name" and "job-name"). An
680 object name NEED NOT be unique across all instances of all objects. A Printer object's name is chosen and
681 set by an administrator through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. A Job
682 object's name is optionally chosen and supplied by the IPP client submitting the job. If the client does not
683 supply a Job object name, the Printer object generates a name for the new Job object. In all cases, the name
684 only has local meaning.

685 To summarize:

- 686 - Each Printer object is identified with one or more URIs. The Printer's "printer-uri-supported" attribute
687 contains the URI(s).
- 688 - The Printer object's "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the communication channel security
689 protocols that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'tls' or
690 'none').
- 691 - The Printer object's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute identifies the authentication mechanisms
692 that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'digest' or
693 'none').
- 694 - Each Job object is identified with a Job URI. The Job's "job-uri" attribute contains the URI.
- 695 - Each Job object is also identified with Job ID which is a 32-bit, positive integer. The Job's "job-id"
696 attribute contains the Job ID. The Job ID is only unique within the context of the Printer object
697 which created the Job object.
- 698 - Each Job object has a "job-printer-uri" attribute which contains the URI of the Printer object that was
699 used to create the Job object. This attribute is used to determine the Printer object that created a Job
700 object when given only the URI for the Job object. This linkage is necessary to determine the
701 languages, charsets, and operations which are supported on that Job (the basis for such support
702 comes from the creating Printer object).
- 703 - Each Printer object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The administrator chooses and sets
704 this name through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The Printer object's
705 "printer-name" attribute contains the name.
- 706 - Each Job object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The client optionally supplies this name
707 in the create request. If the client does not supply this name, the Printer object generates a name for
708 the Job object. The Job object's "job-name" attribute contains the name.

709 3. IPP Operations

710 IPP objects support operations. An operation consists of a request and a response. When a client
711 communicates with an IPP object, the client issues an operation request to the URI for that object.
712 Operation requests and responses have parameters that identify the operation. Operations also have
713 attributes that affect the run-time characteristics of the operation (the intended target, localization
714 information, etc.). These operation-specific attributes are called operation attributes (as compared to object
715 attributes such as Printer object attributes or Job object attributes). Each request carries along with it any
716 operation attributes, object attributes, and/or document data required to perform the operation. Each
717 request requires a response from the object. Each response indicates success or failure of the operation with
718 a status code as a response parameter. The response contains any operation attributes, object attributes,
719 and/or status messages generated during the execution of the operation request.

720 This section describes the semantics of the IPP operations, both requests and responses, in terms of the
721 parameters, attributes, and other data associated with each operation.

722 The IPP/1.1 Printer operations are:

- 723 Print-Job (section 3.2.1)
- 724 Print-URI (section 3.2.2)
- 725 Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)

726 Create-Job (section 3.2.4)
727 Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)
728 Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)
729 Pause-Printer (section 3.3.5)
730 Resume-Printer (section 3.3.6)
731 Purge-Jobs (section 3.3.7)

732

733 The Job operations are:

734 Send-Document (section 3.3.1)
735 Send-URI (section 3.3.2)
736 Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)
737 Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)
738 Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)
739 Release-Job (section 3.3.6)
740 Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)

741

742 The Send-Document and Send-URI Job operations are used to add a new document to an existing multi-
743 document Job object created using the Create-Job operation.

744 3.1 Common Semantics

745 All IPP operations require some common parameters and operation attributes. These common elements
746 and their semantic characteristics are defined and described in more detail in the following sections.

747 3.1.1 Required Parameters

748 Every operation request contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 749 - a "version-number",
- 750 - an "operation-id",
- 751 - a "request-id", and
- 752 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of request.

753

754 Every operation response contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 755 - a "version-number",
- 756 - a "status-code",
- 757 - the "request-id" that was supplied in the corresponding request, and
- 758 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of response.

759

760 The "Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO] defines special rules for the encoding of these
761 parameters. All other operation elements are represented using the more generic encoding rules for
762 attributes and groups of attributes.

763 3.1.2 Operation IDs and Request IDs

764 Each IPP operation request includes an identifying "operation-id" value. Valid values are defined in the
765 "operations-supported" Printer attribute section (see section 4.4.15). The client specifies which operation is
766 being requested by supplying the correct "operation-id" value.

767 In addition, every invocation of an operation is identified by a "request-id" value. For each request, the
768 client chooses the "request-id" which MUST be an integer (possibly unique depending on client
769 requirements) in the range from 1 to $2^{31} - 1$ (inclusive). This "request-id" allows clients to manage
770 multiple outstanding requests. The receiving IPP object copies all 32-bits of the client-supplied "request-id"
771 attribute into the response so that the client can match the response with the correct outstanding request,
772 even if the "request-id" is out of range. If the request is terminated before the complete "request-id" is
773 received, the IPP object rejects the request and returns a response with a "request-id" of 0.

774 Note: In some cases, the transport protocol underneath IPP might be a connection oriented protocol that
775 would make it impossible for a client to receive responses in any order other than the order in which the
776 corresponding requests were sent. In such cases, the "request-id" attribute would not be essential for correct
777 protocol operation. However, in other mappings, the operation responses can come back in any order. In
778 these cases, the "request-id" would be essential.

779 3.1.3 Attributes

780 Operation requests and responses are both composed of groups of attributes and/or document data. The
781 attributes groups are:

- 782 - Operation Attributes: These attributes are passed in the operation and affect the IPP object's behavior
783 while processing the operation request and may affect other attributes or groups of attributes. Some
784 operation attributes describe the document data associated with the print job and are associated with
785 new Job objects, however most operation attributes do not persist beyond the life of the operation.
786 The description of each operation attribute includes conformance statements indicating which
787 operation attributes are REQUIRED and which are OPTIONAL for an IPP object to support and
788 which attributes a client MUST supply in a request and an IPP object MUST supply in a response.
- 789 - Job Template Attributes: These attributes affect the processing of a job. A client OPTIONALLY
790 supplies Job Template Attributes in a create request, and the receiving object MUST be prepared to
791 receive all supported attributes. The Job object can later be queried to find out what Job Template
792 attributes were originally requested in the create request, and such attributes are returned in the
793 response as Job Object Attributes. The Printer object can be queried about its Job Template
794 attributes to find out what type of job processing capabilities are supported and/or what the default
795 job processing behaviors are, though such attributes are returned in the response as Printer Object
796 Attributes. The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute affects processing of all client-supplied
797 Job Template attributes (see sections 3.2.1.2 and 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
798 and its relationship to other attributes).
- 799 - Job Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a Job
800 object.
- 801 - Printer Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a
802 Printer object.

803 - Unsupported Attributes: In a create request, the client supplies a set of Operation and Job Template
804 attributes. If any of these attributes or their values is unsupported by the Printer object, the Printer
805 object returns the set of unsupported attributes in the response. Sections 3.1.7, 3.2.1.2, and 15 give
806 a full description of how Job Template attributes supplied by the client in a create request are
807 processed by the Printer object and how unsupported attributes are returned to the client. Because
808 of extensibility, any IPP object might receive a request that contains new or unknown attributes or
809 values for which it has no support. In such cases, the IPP object processes what it can and returns
810 the unsupported attributes in the response. The Unsupported Attribute group is defined for all
811 operation responses for returning unsupported attributes that the client supplied in the request.
812

813 Later in this section, each operation is formally defined by identifying the allowed and expected groups of
814 attributes for each request and response. The model identifies a specific order for each group in each
815 request or response, but the attributes within each group may be in any order, unless specified otherwise.

816 Each attribute definition includes the attribute's name followed by the name of its attribute syntax(es) in
817 parentheses. In addition, each 'integer' attribute is followed by the allowed range in parentheses, (m:n),
818 for values of that attribute. Each 'text' or 'name' attribute is followed by the maximum size in octets in
819 parentheses, (size), for values of that attribute. For more details on attribute syntax notation, see the
820 descriptions of these attributes syntaxes in section 4.1.

821 Note: Document data included in the operation is not strictly an attribute, but it is treated as a special
822 attribute group for ordering purposes. The only operations that support supplying the document data within
823 an operation request are Print-Job and Send-Document. There are no operation responses that include
824 document data.

825 Some operations are REQUIRED for IPP objects to support; the others are OPTIONAL (see section 5.2.2).
826 Therefore, before using an OPTIONAL operation, a client SHOULD first use the REQUIRED Get-Printer-
827 Attributes operation to query the Printer's "operations-supported" attribute in order to determine which
828 OPTIONAL Printer and Job operations are actually supported. The client SHOULD NOT use an
829 OPTIONAL operation that is not supported. When an IPP object receives a request to perform an operation
830 it does not support, it returns the 'server-error-operation-not-supported' status code (see section 13.1.5.2).
831 An IPP object is non-conformant if it does not support a REQUIRED operation.

832 3.1.4 Character Set and Natural Language Operation Attributes

833 Some Job and Printer attributes have values that are text strings and names intended for human
834 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntax descriptions in
835 section 4.1). The following sections describe two special Operation Attributes called "attributes-charset"
836 and "attributes-natural-language". These attributes are always part of the Operation Attributes group. For
837 most attribute groups, the order of the attributes within the group is not important. However, for these two
838 attributes within the Operation Attributes group, the order is critical. The "attributes-charset" attribute
839 MUST be the first attribute in the group and the "attributes-natural-language" attribute MUST be the second
840 attribute in the group. In other words, these attributes MUST be supplied in every IPP request and
841 response, they MUST come first in the group, and MUST come in the specified order. For job creation
842 operations, the IPP Printer implementation saves these two attributes with the new Job object as Job

843 Description attributes. For the sake of brevity in this document, these operation attribute descriptions are
844 not repeated with every operation request and response, but have a reference back to this section instead.

845 3.1.4.1 Request Operation Attributes

846 The client **MUST** supply and the Printer object **MUST** support the following **REQUIRED** operation
847 attributes in every IPP/1.1 operation request:

848 "attributes-charset" (charset):

849 This operation attribute identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by
850 any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the client is supplying in this request. It also identifies the
851 charset that the Printer object **MUST** use (if supported) for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status
852 messages that the Printer object returns in the response to this request. See Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2
853 for the definition of the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes.

854
855 All clients and IPP objects **MUST** support the 'utf-8' charset [RFC2279] and **MAY** support
856 additional charsets provided that they are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. If the Printer object
857 does not support the client supplied charset value, the Printer object **MUST** reject the request, set
858 the "attributes-charset" to 'utf-8' in the response, and return the 'client-error-charset-not-supported'
859 status code and any 'text' or 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset. The Printer **NEED NOT** return
860 any attributes in the Unsupported Attributes Group (See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2). The Printer
861 object **MUST** indicate the charset(s) supported as the values of the "charset-supported" Printer
862 attribute (see Section 4.4.18), so that the client can query to determine which charset(s) are
863 supported.

864
865 Note to client implementers: Since IPP objects are only required to support the 'utf-8' charset, in
866 order to maximize interoperability with multiple IPP object implementations, a client may want to
867 supply 'utf-8' in the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, even though the client is only passing
868 and able to present a simpler charset, such as US-ASCII or ISO-8859-1. Then the client will have to
869 filter out (or charset convert) those characters that are returned in the response that it cannot present
870 to its user. On the other hand, if both the client and the IPP objects also support a charset in
871 common besides utf-8, the client may want to use that charset in order to avoid charset conversion
872 or data loss.

873
874 See the 'charset' attribute syntax description in Section 4.1.7 for the syntax and semantic
875 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

876
877 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

878 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that
879 the client is supplying in this request. This attribute also identifies the natural language that the
880 Printer object **SHOULD** use for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status messages that the Printer
881 object returns in the response to this request.

882
883 There are no **REQUIRED** natural languages required for the Printer object to support. However, the
884 Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the natural languages

885 supported by the Printer object and any contained Job objects for all text strings generated by the
886 IPP object. A client MAY query this attribute to determine which natural language(s) are supported
887 for generated messages.
888

889 For any of the attributes for which the Printer object generates text, i.e., for the "job-state-message",
890 "printer-state-message", and status messages (see Section 3.1.6), the Printer object MUST be able to
891 generate these text strings in any of its supported natural languages. If the client requests a natural
892 language that is not supported, the Printer object MUST return these generated messages in the
893 Printer's configured natural language as specified by the Printer's "natural-language-configured"
894 attribute" (see Section 4.4.19).
895

896 For other 'text' and 'name' attributes supplied by the client, authentication system, operator, system
897 administrator, or manufacturer (i.e., for "job-originating-user-name", "printer-name" (name),
898 "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text)), the Printer
899 object is only required to support the configured natural language of the Printer identified by the
900 Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, though support of additional natural
901 languages for these attributes is permitted.
902

903 For any 'text' or 'name' attribute in the request that is in a different natural language than the value
904 supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, the client MUST use the Natural
905 Language Override mechanism (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) for each such attribute value
906 supplied. The client MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it
907 even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-
908 language" operation attribute of the request.
909

910 The IPP object MUST accept any natural language and any Natural Language Override, whether the
911 IPP object supports that natural language or not (and independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-
912 fidelity" Operation attribute). That is the IPP object accepts all client supplied values no matter
913 what the values are in the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute. That
914 attribute, "generated-natural-language-supported", only applies to generated messages, not client
915 supplied messages. The IPP object MUST remember that natural language for all client-supplied
916 attributes, and when returning those attributes in response to a query, the IPP object MUST indicate
917 that natural language.
918

919 Each value whose attribute syntax type is 'text' or 'name' (see sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2) has an
920 Associated Natural-Language. This document does not specify how this association is stored in a
921 Printer or Job object. When such a value is encoded in a request or response, the natural language is
922 either implicit or explicit:
923

- 924 – In the implicit case, the value contains only the text/name value, and the language is
925 specified by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute in the request or response
926 (see sections 4.1.1.1 textWithoutLanguage and 4.1.2.1 nameWithoutLanguage).
927

- 928 – In the explicit case (also known as the Natural-Language Override case), the value contains
929 both the language and the text/name value (see sections 4.1.1.2 textWithLanguage and
930 4.1.2.2 nameWithLanguage).

931

932 For example, the "job-name" attribute MAY be supplied by the client in a create request. The text
933 value for this attribute will be in the natural language identified by the "attribute-natural-language"
934 attribute, or if different, as identified by the Natural Language Override mechanism. If supplied, the
935 IPP object will use the value of the "job-name" attribute to populate the Job object's "job-name"
936 attribute. Whenever any client queries the Job object's "job-name" attribute, the IPP object returns
937 the attribute as stored and uses the Natural Language Override mechanism to specify the natural
938 language, if it is different from that reported in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute
939 of the response. The IPP object MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly,
940 i.e., use it even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the
941 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the response.

942

943 An IPP object MUST NOT reject a request based on a supplied natural language in an "attributes-
944 natural-language" Operation attribute or in any attribute that uses the Natural Language Override.

945

946 See the 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax description in section 4.1.8 for the syntax and semantic
947 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

948

949 Clients SHOULD NOT supply 'text' or 'name' attributes that use an illegal combination of natural language
950 and charset. For example, suppose a Printer object supports charsets 'utf-8', 'iso-8859-1', and 'iso-8859-7'.
951 Suppose also, that it supports natural languages 'en' (English), 'fr' (French), and 'el' (Greek). Although the
952 Printer object supports the charset 'iso-8859-1' and natural language 'el', it probably does not support the
953 combination of Greek text strings using the 'iso-8859-1' charset. The Printer object handles this apparent
954 incompatibility differently depending on the context in which it occurs:

- 955 - In a create request: If the client supplies a text or name attribute (for example, the "job-name"
956 operation attribute) that uses an apparently incompatible combination, it is a client choice that does
957 not affect the Printer object or its correct operation. Therefore, the Printer object simply accepts the
958 client supplied value, stores it with the Job object, and responds back with the same combination
959 whenever the client (or any client) queries for that attribute.
- 960 - In a query-type operation, like Get-Printer-Attributes: If the client requests an apparently incompatible
961 combination, the Printer object responds (as described in section 3.1.4.2) using the Printer's
962 configured natural language rather than the natural language requested by the client.

963

964 In either case, the Printer object does not reject the request because of the apparent incompatibility. The
965 potential incompatible combination of charset and natural language can occur either at the global operation
966 level or at the Natural Language Override attribute-by-attribute level. In addition, since the response always
967 includes explicit charset and natural language information, there is never any question or ambiguity in how
968 the client interprets the response.

969 3.1.4.2 Response Operation Attributes

970 The Printer object **MUST** supply and the client **MUST** support the following **REQUIRED** operation
971 attributes in every IPP/1.1 operation response:

972 "attributes-charset" (charset):

973 This operation attribute identifies the charset used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the Printer
974 object is returning in this response. The value in this response **MUST** be the same value as the
975 "attributes-charset" operation attribute supplied by the client in the request. If this is not possible
976 (i.e., the charset requested is not supported), the request would have been rejected. See "attributes-
977 charset" described in Section 3.1.4.1 above.

978
979 If the Printer object supports more than just the 'utf-8' charset, the Printer object **MUST** be able to
980 code convert between each of the charsets supported on a highest fidelity possible basis in order to
981 return the 'text' and 'name' attributes in the charset requested by the client. However, some
982 information loss **MAY** occur during the charset conversion depending on the charsets involved. For
983 example, the Printer object may convert from a UTF-8 'a' to a US-ASCII 'a' (with no loss of
984 information), from an ISO Latin 1 CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE ACCENT to US-ASCII
985 'A' (losing the accent), or from a UTF-8 Japanese Kanji character to some ISO Latin 1 error
986 character indication such as '?', decimal code equivalent, or to the absence of a character, depending
987 on implementation.

988
989 Whether an implementation that supports more than one charset stores the data in the charset
990 supplied by the client or code converts to one of the other supported charsets, depends on
991 implementation. The strategy should try to minimize loss of information during code conversion.
992 On each response, such an implementation converts from its internal charset to that requested.

993
994 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

995 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that
996 the IPP object is returning in this response. Unlike the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, the
997 IPP object **NEED NOT** return the same value as that supplied by the client in the request. The IPP
998 object **MAY** return the natural language of the Job object or the Printer's configured natural
999 language as identified by the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, rather than the
1000 natural language supplied by the client. For any 'text' or 'name' attribute or status message in the
1001 response that is in a different natural language than the value returned in the "attributes-natural-
1002 language" operation attribute, the IPP object **MUST** use the Natural Language Override mechanism
1003 (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) on each attribute value returned. The IPP object **MAY** use the
1004 Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when the value is in the same
1005 natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the
1006 response.

1007 3.1.5 Operation Targets

1008 All IPP operations are directed at IPP objects. For Printer operations, the operation is always directed at a
1009 Printer object using one of its URIs (i.e., one of the values in the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported"
1010 attribute). Even if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the client supplies only one URI as the

1011 target of the operation. The client identifies the target object by supplying the correct URI in the "printer-
1012 uri (uri)" operation attribute.

1013 For Job operations, the operation is directed at either:

- 1014 - The Job object itself using the Job object's URI. In this case, the client identifies the target object by
1015 supplying the correct URI in the "job-uri (uri)" operation attribute.
- 1016 - The Printer object that created the Job object using both the Printer object's URI and the Job object's
1017 Job ID. Since the Printer object that created the Job object generated the Job ID, it MUST be able to
1018 correctly associate the client supplied Job ID with the correct Job object. The client supplies the
1019 Printer object's URI in the "printer-uri (uri)" operation attribute and the Job object's Job ID in the
1020 "job-id (integer(1:MAX))" operation attribute.

1022 If the operation is directed at the Job object directly using the Job object's URI, the client MUST NOT
1023 include the redundant "job-id" operation attribute.

1024 The operation target attributes are REQUIRED operation attributes that MUST be included in every
1025 operation request. Like the charset and natural language attributes (see section 3.1.4), the operation target
1026 attributes are specially ordered operation attributes. In all cases, the operation target attributes immediately
1027 follow the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes within the operation attribute
1028 group, however the specific ordering rules are:

- 1029 - In the case where there is only one operation target attribute (i.e., either only the "printer-uri" attribute
1030 or only the "job-uri" attribute), that attribute MUST be the third attribute in the operation attributes
1031 group.
- 1032 - In the case where Job operations use two operation target attributes (i.e., the "printer-uri" and "job-id"
1033 attributes), the "printer-uri" attribute MUST be the third attribute and the "job-id" attribute MUST
1034 be the fourth attribute.

1036 In all cases, the target URIs contained within the body of IPP operation requests and responses must be in
1037 absolute format rather than relative format (a relative URL identifies a resource with the scope of the HTTP
1038 server, but does not include scheme, host or port).

1039 The following rules apply to the use of port numbers in URIs that identify IPP objects:

- 1040 1. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port
1041 number is specified within the URI, then that port number MUST be used by the client to contact
1042 the IPP object.
- 1043 2. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port
1044 number is not specified within the URI, then default port number implied by that URI scheme
1045 MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.
- 1046 3. If the URI scheme does not allow an explicit port number to be specified within the URI, then the
1047 default port number implied by that URI MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.

1050

1051 Note: The IPP "Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO] shows a mapping of IPP onto HTTP/1.1
1052 [RFC2616] and defines a new default port number for using IPP over HTTP/1.1.

1053 3.1.6 Operation Response Status Codes and Status Messages

1054 Every operation response includes a REQUIRED "status-code" parameter and an OPTIONAL "status-
1055 message" operation attribute, and an OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute. The Print-
1056 URI and Send-URI response MAY include an OPTIONAL "document-access-error" operation attribute.

1057 3.1.6.1 "status-code" (type2 enum)

1058 The REQUIRED "status-code" parameter provides information on the processing of a request.

1059 The status code is intended for use by automata. A client implementation of IPP SHOULD convert status
1060 code values into any localized message that has semantic meaning to the end user.

1061 The "status-code" value is a numeric value that has semantic meaning. The "status-code" syntax is similar
1062 to a "type2 enum" (see section 4.1 on "Attribute Syntaxes") except that values can range only from 0x0000
1063 to 0x7FFF. Section 13 describes the status codes, assigns the numeric values, and suggests a corresponding
1064 status message for each status code for use by the client when the user's natural language is English.

1065 If the Printer performs an operation with no errors and it encounters no problems, it MUST return the status
1066 code 'successful-ok' in the response. See section 13.

1067 If the client supplies unsupported values for the following parameters or Operation attributes, the Printer
1068 object MUST reject the operation, NEED NOT return the unsupported attribute value in the Unsupported
1069 Attributes group, and MUST return the indicated status code:

Parameter/Attribute	Status code
version-number	server-error-version-not-supported
operation-id	server-error-operation-not-supported
attributes-charset	client-error-charset-not-supported
compression	client-error-compression-not-supported
document-format	client-error-document-format-not-supported
document-uri	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported, client-error-document-access-error

1070

1071 If the client supplies unsupported values for other attributes, or unsupported attributes, the Printer returns
1072 the status code defined in section 3.1.7 on Unsupported Attributes.

1073 3.1.6.2 "status-message" (text(255))

1074 The OPTIONAL "status-message" operation attribute provides a short textual description of the status of
1075 the operation. The "status-message" attribute's syntax is "text(255)", so the maximum length is 255 octets
1076 (see section 4.1.1). The status message is intended for the human end user. If a response does include a

1077 "status-message" attribute, an IPP client NEED NOT examine or display the messages, however it
1078 SHOULD do so in some implementation specific manner. The "status-message" is especially useful for a
1079 later version of a Printer object to return as supplemental information for the human user to accompany a
1080 status code that an earlier version of a client might not understand.

1081 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to
1082 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer object's "generated-natural-
1083 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in section
1084 3.1.4.1. Section 13 suggests the text for the status message returned by the Printer for use with the English
1085 natural language.

1086 As described in section 3.1.4.1 for any returned 'text' attribute, if there is a choice for generating this
1087 message, the Printer object uses the natural language indicated by the value of the "attributes-natural-
1088 language" in the client request if supported, otherwise the Printer object uses the value in the Printer
1089 object's own "natural-language-configured" attribute.

1090 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, it SHOULD use the REQUIRED 'utf-
1091 8' charset to return a status message for the following error status codes (see section 13): 'client-error-bad-
1092 request', 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-operation-not-
1093 supported', and 'server-error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it MUST set the value of the "attributes-
1094 charset" operation attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.

1095 3.1.6.3 "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX))

1096 The OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute provides additional more detailed technical
1097 and implementation-specific information about the operation. The "detailed-status-message" attribute's
1098 syntax is "text(MAX)", so the maximum length is 1023 octets (see section 4.1.1). If the Printer objects
1099 supports the "detailed-status-message" operation attribute, neither the Printer nor the client localizes the
1100 message, since it is intended for use by the system administrator or other experienced technical persons.
1101 Clients MUST NOT attempt to parse the value of this attribute. See the "document-access-error" operation
1102 attribute (section 3.1.6.4) for additional errors that a program can process.

1103 3.1.6.4 "document-access-error" (text(MAX))

1104 This OPTIONAL operation attribute provides additional information about any document access errors
1105 encountered by the Printer before it returned a response to the Print-URI (section 3.2.2) or Send-URI
1106 (section 3.3.1) operation. For errors in the protocol identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri"
1107 operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI.
1108 For example:

1109 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf
1110

1111 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in
1112 decimal.

1113 3.1.7 Unsupported Attributes

1114 The Unsupported Attributes group contains attributes that are not supported by the operation. This group is
1115 primarily for the job creation operations, but all operations can return this group.

1116 A Printer object **MUST** include an Unsupported Attributes group in a response if the status code is one of
1117 the following: 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes', 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes', 'client-
1118 error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' or 'client-error-conflicting-attributes'.

1119 If the status code is one of the four specified in the preceding paragraph, the Unsupported Attributes group
1120 **MUST** contain all of those attributes and only those attributes that are:

- 1121 a. an Operation or Job Template attribute supplied in the request, and
- 1122 b. unsupported by the printer. See below for details on the three categories “unsupported” attributes.

1123 If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the response, the Printer object
1124 **SHOULD** omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a client **MUST** be able to accept an
1125 empty group.

1126 Unsupported attributes fall into three categories:

- 1127 1. The Printer object does not support the supplied attribute (no matter what the attribute syntax or
1128 value).
- 1129 2. The Printer object does support the attribute, but does not support some or all of the particular
1130 attribute syntaxes or values supplied by the client (i.e., the Printer object does not have those
1131 attribute syntaxes or values in its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute).
- 1132 3. The Printer object does support the attributes and values supplied, but the particular values are in
1133 conflict with one another, because they violate a constraint, such as not being able to staple
1134 transparencies.

1135 In the case of an unsupported attribute name, the Printer object returns the client-supplied attribute with a
1136 substituted value of 'unsupported'. This value's syntax type is "out-of-band" and its encoding is defined by
1137 special rules for "out-of-band" values in the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO]. Its value
1138 indicates no support for the attribute itself (see the beginning of section 4.1).

1139 In the case of a supported attribute with one or more unsupported attribute syntaxes or values, the Printer
1140 object simply returns the client-supplied attribute with the unsupported attribute syntaxes or values as
1141 supplied by the client. This indicates support for the attribute, but no support for that particular attribute
1142 syntax or value. If the client supplies a multi-valued attribute with more than one value and the Printer
1143 object supports the attribute but only supports a subset of the client-supplied attribute syntaxes or values,
1144 the Printer object **MUST** return only those attribute syntaxes or values that are unsupported.

1145 In the case of two (or more) supported attribute values that are in conflict with one another (although each
1146 is supported independently, the values conflict when requested together within the same job), the Printer

1147 object MUST return all the values that it ignores or substitutes to resolve the conflict, but not any of the
1148 values that it is still using. The choice for exactly how to resolve the conflict is implementation dependent.
1149 See sections 3.2.1.2 and 15. See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for an example.

1150 3.1.8 Versions

1151 Each operation request and response carries with it a "version-number" parameter. Each value of the
1152 "version-number" is in the form "X.Y" where X is the major version number and Y is the minor version
1153 number. By including a version number in the client request, it allows the client to identify which version
1154 of IPP it is interested in using, i.e., the version whose conformance requirements the client may be
1155 depending upon the Printer to meet.

1156 If the IPP object does not support that major version number supplied by the client, i.e., the major version
1157 field of the "version-number" parameter does not match any of the values of the Printer's "ipp-versions-
1158 supported" (see section 4.4.14), the object MUST respond with a status code of 'server-error-version-not-
1159 supported' along with the closest version number that is supported (see section 13.1.5.4). If the major
1160 version number is supported, but the minor version number is not, the IPP object SHOULD accept and
1161 attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation is not supported), else it rejects the
1162 request and returns the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code. In all cases, the IPP object MUST
1163 return the "version-number" that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the client in
1164 the request.

1165 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported'
1166 status code from an IPP object, a client SHOULD try again with a different version number. A client MAY
1167 also determine the versions supported either from a directory that conforms to Appendix E (see section 16)
1168 or by querying the Printer object's "ipp-versions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.14) to determine
1169 which versions are supported.

1170 An IPP object implementation MUST support version '1.1', i.e., meet the conformance requirements for
1171 IPP/1.1 as specified in this document and [IPP-PRO]. It is recommended that IPP object implementations
1172 accept any request with the major version '1' (or reject the request if the operation is not supported).

1173 There is only one notion of "version number" that covers both IPP Model and IPP Protocol changes. Thus
1174 the version number MUST change when introducing a new version of the Model and Semantics document
1175 (this document) or a new version of the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO].

1176 Changes to the major version number of the Model and Semantics document indicate structural or syntactic
1177 changes that make it impossible for older version of IPP clients and Printer objects to correctly parse and
1178 correctly process the new or changed attributes, operations and responses. If the major version number
1179 changes, the minor version numbers is set to zero. As an example, adding the REQUIRED "ipp-attribute-
1180 fidelity" attribute to version '1.1' (if it had not been part of version '1.0'), would have required a change to
1181 the major version number, since an IPP/1.0 Printer would not have processed a request with the correct
1182 semantics that contained the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute that it did not know about. Items that might
1183 affect the changing of the major version number include any changes to the Model and Semantics document
1184 (this document) or the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] itself, such as:

- 1185 - reordering of ordered attributes or attribute sets
- 1186 - changes to the syntax of existing attributes
- 1187 - adding REQUIRED (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups
- 1188 - adding values to existing REQUIRED operation attributes
- 1189 - adding REQUIRED operations
- 1190

1191 Changes to the minor version number indicate the addition of new features, attributes and attribute values
1192 that may not be understood by all IPP objects, but which can be ignored if not understood. Items that might
1193 affect the changing of the minor version number include any changes to the model objects and attributes but
1194 not the encoding and transport rules [IPP-PRO] (except adding attribute syntaxes). Examples of such
1195 changes are:

- 1196 - grouping all extensions not included in a previous version into a new version
- 1197 - adding new attribute values
- 1198 - adding new object attributes
- 1199 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes (i.e., those attributes that an IPP
1200 object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1201 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups (i.e., those attributes that
1202 an IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1203 - adding new attribute syntaxes
- 1204 - adding OPTIONAL operations
- 1205 - changing Job Description attributes or Printer Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED
1206 or vice versa.
- 1207 - adding OPTIONAL attribute syntaxes to an existing attribute.

1208 The encoding of the "version-number" MUST NOT change over any version number (either major or
1209 minor). This rule guarantees that all future versions will be backwards compatible with all previous
1210 versions (at least for checking the "version-number"). In addition, any protocol elements (attributes, error
1211 codes, tags, etc.) that are not carried forward from one version to the next are deprecated so that they can
1212 never be reused with new semantics.

1213 Implementations that support a certain version NEED NOT support ALL previous versions. As each new
1214 version is defined (through the release of a new IPP specification document), that version will specify
1215 which previous versions MUST and which versions SHOULD be supported in compliant implementations.

1216 3.1.9 Job Creation Operations

1217 In order to "submit a print job" and create a new Job object, a client issues a create request. A create
1218 request is any one of following three operation requests:

- 1219 - The Print-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document uses the
1220 Print-Job operation. The operation allows for the client to "push" the document data to the Printer
1221 object by including the document data in the request itself.
- 1222
- 1223 - The Print-URI Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document (where
1224 the Printer object "pulls" the document data instead of the client "pushing" the data to the Printer

1225 object) uses the Print-URI operation. In this case, the client includes in the request only a URI
1226 reference to the document data (not the document data itself).

- 1227
- 1228 - The Create-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with multiple documents uses the
1229 Create-Job operation. This operation is followed by an arbitrary number of Send-Document and/or
1230 Send-URI operations (each creating another document for the newly create Job object). The Send-
1231 Document operation includes the document data in the request (the client "pushes" the document
1232 data to the printer), and the Send-URI operation includes only a URI reference to the document data
1233 in the request (the Printer "pulls" the document data from the referenced location). The last Send-
1234 Document or Send-URI request for a given Job object includes a "last-document" operation attribute
1235 set to 'true' indicating that this is the last request.

1236

1237 Throughout this model document, the term "create request" is used to refer to any of these three operation
1238 requests.

1239 A Create-Job operation followed by only one Send-Document operation is semantically equivalent to a
1240 Print-Job operation, however, for performance reasons, the client SHOULD use the Print-Job operation for
1241 all single document jobs. Also, Print-Job is a REQUIRED operation (all implementations MUST support
1242 it) whereas Create-Job is an OPTIONAL operation, hence some implementations might not support it.

1243 Job submission time is the point in time when a client issues a create request. The initial state of every Job
1244 object is the 'pending', 'pending-held', or 'processing' state (see section 4.3.7). When the Printer object
1245 begins processing the print job, the Job object's state moves to 'processing'. This is known as job
1246 processing time. There are validation checks that must be done at job submission time and others that must
1247 be performed at job processing time.

1248 At job submission time and at the time a Validate-Job operation is received, the Printer MUST do the
1249 following:

- 1250 1. Process the client supplied attributes and either accept or reject the request
1251 2. Validate the syntax of and support for the scheme of any client supplied URI

1252

1253 At job submission time the Printer object MUST validate whether or not the supplied attributes, attribute
1254 syntaxes, and values are supported by matching them with the Printer object's corresponding "xxx-
1255 supported" attributes. See section 3.1.7 for details. [IPP-IIG] presents suggested steps for an IPP object to
1256 either accept or reject any request and additional steps for processing create requests.

1257 At job submission time the Printer object NEED NOT perform the validation checks reserved for job
1258 processing time such as:

- 1259 1. Validating the document data
1260 2. Validating the actual contents of any client supplied URI (resolve the reference and follow the link to
1261 the document data)

1263 At job submission time, these additional job processing time validation checks are essentially useless, since
1264 they require actually parsing and interpreting the document data, are not guaranteed to be 100% accurate,
1265 and MUST be done, yet again, at job processing time. Also, in the case of a URI, checking for availability
1266 at job submission time does not guarantee availability at job processing time. In addition, at job processing
1267 time, the Printer object might discover any of the following conditions that were not detectable at job
1268 submission time:

- 1269 - runtime errors in the document data,
 - 1270 - nested document data that is in an unsupported format,
 - 1271 - the URI reference is no longer valid (i.e., the server hosting the document might be down), or
 - 1272 - any other job processing error
- 1273

1274 At job submission time, a Printer object, especially a non-spooling Printer, MAY accept jobs that it does
1275 not have enough space for. In such a situation, a Printer object MAY stop reading data from a client for an
1276 indefinite period of time. A client MUST be prepared for a write operation to block for an indefinite period
1277 of time (see section 5.1 on client conformance).

1278 When a Printer object has too little space for starting a new job, it MAY reject a new create request. In this
1279 case, a Printer object MUST return a response (in reply to the rejected request) with a status-code of 'server-
1280 error-busy' (see section 14.1.5.8) and it MAY close the connection before receiving all bytes of the
1281 operation. A Printer SHOULD indicate that it is temporarily unable to accept jobs by setting the 'spool-
1282 space-full' value in its "printer-state-reasons" attribute and removing the value when it can accept another
1283 job (see section 4.4.12).

1284 When receiving a 'server-error-busy' status-code in an operation response, a client MUST be prepared for
1285 the Printer object to close the connection before the client has sent all of the data (especially for the Print-
1286 Job operation). A client MUST be prepared to keep submitting a create request until the IPP Printer object
1287 accepts the create request.

1288 At job processing time, since the Printer object has already responded with a successful status code in the
1289 response to the create request, if the Printer object detects an error, the Printer object is unable to inform the
1290 end user of the error with an operation status code. In this case, the Printer, depending on the error, can set
1291 the job object's "job-state", "job-state-reasons", or "job-state-message" attributes to the appropriate value(s)
1292 so that later queries can report the correct job status.

1293 Note: Asynchronous notification of events is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

1294

1295 3.2 Printer Operations

1296 All Printer operations are directed at Printer objects. A client MUST always supply the "printer-uri"
1297 operation attribute in order to identify the correct target of the operation.

1298 3.2.1 Print-Job Operation

1299 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to submit a print job with only one document and supply the
1300 document data (rather than just a reference to the data). See Section 15 for the suggested steps for
1301 processing create operations and their Operation and Job Template attributes.

1302 3.2.1.1 Print-Job Request

1303 The following groups of attributes are supplied as part of the Print-Job Request:

1304 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1305 Natural Language and Character Set:

1306 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
1307 The Printer object MUST copy these values to the corresponding Job Description attributes
1308 described in sections 4.3.19 and 4.3.20.

1309

1310 Target:

1311 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
1312 section 3.1.5.

1313

1314 Requesting User Name:

1315 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1316 described in section 8.3.

1317

1318 "job-name" (name(MAX)):

1319 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1320 contains the client supplied Job name. If this attribute is supplied by the client, its value is used for
1321 the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object. The client MAY automatically include any
1322 information that will help the end-user distinguish amongst his/her jobs, such as the name of the
1323 application program along with information from the document, such as the document name,
1324 document subject, or source file name. If this attribute is not supplied by the client, the Printer
1325 generates a name to use in the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object (see Section
1326 4.3.5).

1327

1328 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" (boolean):

1329 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1330 The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and values is
1331 required, else the Printer object MUST reject the Print-Job request. The value 'false' indicates that a
1332 reasonable attempt to print the Job object is acceptable and the Printer object MUST accept the
1333 Print-job request. If not supplied, the Printer object assumes the value is 'false'. All Printer objects
1334 MUST support both types of job processing. See section 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-
1335 fidelity" and its relationship to other attributes, especially the Printer object's "pdl-override-
1336 supported" attribute.

1337

1338 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1339 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1340 It contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different than the Job
1341 name. Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end
1342 user by using a file name or an application generated name. If this attribute is supplied, its value can
1343 be used in a manner defined by each implementation. Examples include: printed along with the Job
1344 (job start sheet, page adornments, etc.), used by accounting or resource tracking management tools,
1345 or even stored along with the document as a document level attribute. IPP/1.1 does not support the
1346 concept of document level attributes.

1347
1348 "compression" (type3 keyword)

1349 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute
1350 and the "compression-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.32). The client supplied "compression"
1351 operation attribute identifies the compression algorithm used on the document data. The following
1352 cases exist:

- 1353 a) If the client omits this attribute, the Printer object MUST assume that the data is not
1354 compressed (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the
1355 "compression" attribute with a value of 'none').
- 1356 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,
1357 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "compression-supported"
1358 attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request, and return the 'client-error-
1359 compression-not-supported' status code. See section 3.1.7 for returning unsupported
1360 attributes and values.
- 1361 c) If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute value, the
1362 Printer object uses the corresponding decompression algorithm on the document data.
- 1363 d) If the decompression algorithm fails before the Printer returns an operation response, the
1364 Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-compression-error'
1365 status code.
- 1366 e) If the decompression algorithm fails after the Printer returns an operation response, the
1367 Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'compression-error' value to the job's
1368 "job-state-reasons" attribute.
- 1369 f) If the decompression algorithm succeeds, the document data MUST then have the format
1370 specified by the job's "document-format" attribute, if supplied (see "document-format"
1371 operation attribute definition below).

1372
1373 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1374 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1375 The value of this attribute identifies the format of the supplied document data. The following cases
1376 exist:

- 1377 a) If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object assumes that the document
1378 data is in the format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute.
1379 (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the "document-format"
1380 attribute with a value equal to the printer's default value).
- 1381 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,
1382 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "document-format-

1383 supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-
1384 error-document-format-not-supported' status code.

- 1385 c) If the client supplies this attribute and its value is 'application/octet-stream' (i.e. to be
1386 auto-sensed, see Section 4.1.9.1), and the format is not one of the document-formats that
1387 the Printer can auto-sense, and this check occurs before the Printer returns an operation
1388 response, then the Printer MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-
1389 document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 1390 d) If the client supplies this attribute, and the value is supported by the Printer object, the
1391 document data, the Printer is capable of interpreting the document data.
- 1392 e) If interpreting of the document data fails before the Printer returns an operation response,
1393 the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-
1394 error' status code.
- 1395 f) If interpreting of the document data fails after the Printer returns an operation response,
1396 the Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'document-format-error' value to the
1397 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1398
1399 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1400 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1401 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats
1402 that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously.
1403 There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

1404
1405
1406 "job-k-octets" (integer(0:MAX))

1407 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1408 attribute and the "job-k-octets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.33). The client supplied "job-k-
1409 octets" operation attribute identifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets being submitted
1410 (see section 4.3.17.1 for the complete semantics). If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer
1411 object supports the attribute, the value of the attribute is used to populate the Job object's "job-k-
1412 octets" Job Description attribute.

1413
1414 For this attribute and the following two attributes ("job-impressions", and "job-media-sheets"), if the
1415 client supplies the attribute, but the Printer object does not support the attribute, the Printer object
1416 ignores the client-supplied value. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the
1417 attribute, and the value is within the range of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported"
1418 attribute, the Printer object MUST use the value to populate the Job object's "xxx" attribute. If the
1419 client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the attribute, but the value is outside the range
1420 of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST copy the
1421 attribute and its value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return
1422 the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code. If the client does not supply the
1423 attribute, the Printer object MAY choose to populate the corresponding Job object attribute
1424 depending on whether the Printer object supports the attribute and is able to calculate or discern the
1425 correct value.

1427 "job-impressions" (integer(0:MAX))

1428 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1429 attribute and the "job-impressions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.34). The client supplied
1430 "job-impressions" operation attribute identifies the total size in number of impressions of the
1431 document(s) being submitted (see section 4.3.17.2 for the complete semantics).

1432
1433 See last paragraph under "job-k-octets".
1434

1435 "job-media-sheets" (integer(0:MAX))

1436 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1437 attribute and the "job-media-sheets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.35). The client supplied
1438 "job-media-sheets" operation attribute identifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for
1439 this job (see section 4.3.17.3 for the complete semantics).

1440
1441 See last paragraph under "job-k-octets".
1442

1443 Group 2: Job Template Attributes

1444 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of Job Template attributes as defined in section 4.2. If the
1445 client is not supplying any Job Template attributes in the request, the client SHOULD omit Group 2
1446 rather than sending an empty group. However, a Printer object MUST be able to accept an empty
1447 group.
1448

1449 Group 3: Document Content

1450 The client MUST supply the document data to be processed.
1451

1452 In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation request, the simplest Print-Job
1453 Request consists of just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes; the
1454 "printer-uri" target operation attribute; the Document Content and nothing else. In this simple case, the
1455 Printer object:

- 1456 - creates a new Job object (the Job object contains a single document),
- 1457 - stores a generated Job name in the "job-name" attribute in the natural language and charset requested
1458 (see Section 3.1.4.1) (if those are supported, otherwise using the Printer object's default natural
1459 language and charset), and
- 1460 - at job processing time, uses its corresponding default value attributes for the supported Job Template
1461 attributes that were not supplied by the client as IPP attribute or embedded instructions in the
1462 document data.
1463

1464 3.2.1.2 Print-Job Response

1465 The Printer object MUST return to the client the following sets of attributes as part of the Print-Job
1466 Response:

1467 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1468 Status Message:

1469 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1470 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
1471 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6. If the client supplies unsupported or conflicting Job
1472 Template attributes or values, the Printer object MUST reject or accept the Print-Job request
1473 depending on the whether the client supplied a 'true' or 'false' value for the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
1474 operation attribute. See the Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for a complete description of the
1475 suggested steps for processing a create request.

1476

1477 Natural Language and Character Set:

1478 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1479

1480 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1481 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1482

1483 The value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" supplied by the client does not affect what attributes the
1484 Printer object returns in this group. The value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" only affects whether the
1485 Print-Job operation is accepted or rejected. If the job is accepted, the client may query the job using
1486 the Get-Job-Attributes operation requesting the unsupported attributes that were returned in the
1487 create response to see which attributes were ignored (not stored on the Job object) and which
1488 attributes were stored with other (substituted) values.

1489

1490 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

1491 "job-uri" (uri):

1492 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's URI by returning the contents of the REQUIRED
1493 "job-uri" Job object attribute. The client uses the Job object's URI when directing operations at the
1494 Job object. The Printer object always uses its configured security policy when creating the new
1495 URI. However, if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object also uses
1496 information about which URI was used in the Print-Job Request to generated the new URI so that
1497 the new URI references the correct access channel. In other words, if the Print-Job Request comes
1498 in over a secure channel, the Printer object MUST generate a Job URI that uses the secure channel
1499 as well.

1500

1501 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

1502 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's Job ID by returning the REQUIRED "job-id" Job
1503 object attribute. The client uses this "job-id" attribute in conjunction with the "printer-uri" attribute
1504 used in the Print-Job Request when directing Job operations at the Printer object.

1505

1506 "job-state":

1507 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state" attribute. The value of this
1508 attribute (along with the value of the next attribute: "job-state-reasons") is taken from a "snapshot"

1509 of the new Job object at some meaningful point in time (implementation defined) between when the
1510 Printer object receives the Print-Job Request and when the Printer object returns the response.

1511 "job-state-reasons":

1512 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state-reasons" attribute.
1513

1514 "job-state-message":

1515 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "job-state-message"
1516 attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response. If
1517 this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "job-state-message"
1518 attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.
1519

1520 "number-of-intervening-jobs":

1521 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "number-of-intervening-
1522 jobs" attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response.
1523 If this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "number-of-
1524 intervening-jobs" attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object
1525 query.
1526

1527 Note: Since any printer state information which affects a job's state is reflected in the "job-state" and
1528 "job-state-reasons" attributes, it is sufficient to return only these attributes and no specific printer
1529 status attributes.
1530

1531 Note: In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation response, the simplest
1532 response consists of the just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes
1533 and the "job-uri", "job-id", and "job-state" Job Object Attributes. In this simplest case, the status code is
1534 'successful-ok' and there is no "status-message" or "detailed-status-message" operation attribute.
1535

1536 3.2.2 Print-URI Operation

1537 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client
1538 supplies a URI reference to the document data using the "document-uri" (uri) operation attribute (in Group
1539 1) rather than including the document data itself. Before returning the response, the Printer MUST validate
1540 that the Printer supports the retrieval method (e.g., http, ftp, etc.) implied by the URI, and MUST check for
1541 valid URI syntax. If the client-supplied URI scheme is not supported, i.e. the value is not in the Printer
1542 object's "referenced-uri-scheme-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return
1543 the 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code.

1544 The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the document as part of the operation or subsequently. If
1545 the Printer determines an accessibility problem before returning an operation response, it rejects the request
1546 and returns the 'client-error-document-access-error' status code. The Printer MAY also return a specific
1547 document access error code using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4).

1548 If the Printer determines this document accessibility problem after accepting the request and returning an
1549 operation response with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'document-access-error'

1550 value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute and MAY populate the job's "job-document-access-errors"
1551 Job Description attribute (see section 4.3.11). See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for suggested
1552 additional checks.

1553 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer
1554 attribute (see section 4.4.27).

1555 It is up to the IPP object to interpret the URI and subsequently "pull" the document from the source
1556 referenced by the URI string.

1557 3.2.3 Validate-Job Operation

1558 This REQUIRED operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client supplies
1559 no document data and the Printer allocates no resources (i.e., it does not create a new Job object). This
1560 operation is used only to verify capabilities of a printer object against whatever attributes are supplied by
1561 the client in the Validate-Job request. By using the Validate-Job operation a client can validate that an
1562 identical Print-Job operation (with the document data) would be accepted. The Validate-Job operation also
1563 performs the same security negotiation as the Print-Job operation (see section 8), so that a client can check
1564 that the client and Printer object security requirements can be met before performing a Print-Job operation.

1565 The Validate-Job operation does not accept a "document-uri" attribute in order to allow a client to check
1566 that the same Print-URI operation will be accepted, since the client doesn't send the data with the Print-URI
1567 operation. The client SHOULD just issue the Print-URI request.

1568 The Printer object returns the same status codes, Operation Attributes (Group 1) and Unsupported
1569 Attributes (Group 2) as the Print-Job operation. However, no Job Object Attributes (Group 3) are returned,
1570 since no Job object is created.

1571 3.2.4 Create-Job Operation

1572 This OPTIONAL operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that in the Create-Job
1573 request, a client does not supply document data or any reference to document data. Also, the client does not
1574 supply any of the "document-name", "document-format", "compression", or "document-natural-language"
1575 operation attributes. This operation is followed by one or more Send-Document or Send-URI operations.
1576 In each of those operation requests, the client OPTIONALLY supplies the "document-name", "document-
1577 format", and "document-natural-language" attributes for each document in the multi-document Job object.

1578 If a Printer object supports the Create-Job operation, it MUST also support the Send-Document operation
1579 and also MAY support the Send-URI operation.

1580 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "multiple-operation-time-out" Printer
1581 attribute (see section 4.4.31).

1582 If the Printer object supports this operation, then it MUST support the "multiple-document-jobs-supported"
1583 Printer Description attribute (see section 4.4.16) and indicate whether or not it supports multiple-document
1584 jobs.

1585 If the Printer object supports this operation and supports multiple documents in a job, then it MUST support
1586 the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template job attribute with at least one value (see section 4.2.4) and
1587 the associated "multiple-document-handling-default" and "multiple-document-handling-supported" Job
1588 Template Printer attributes (see section 4.2).

1589 After the Create-Job operation has completed, the value of the "job-state" attribute is similar to the "job-
1590 state" after a Print-Job, even though no document-data has arrived. A Printer MAY set the 'job-data-
1591 insufficient' value of the job's "job-state-reason" attribute to indicate that processing cannot begin until
1592 sufficient data has arrived and set the "job-state" to either 'pending' or 'pending-held'. A non-spooling
1593 printer that doesn't implement the 'pending' job state may even set the "job-state" to 'processing', even
1594 though there is not yet any data to process. See sections 4.3.7 and 4.3.8.

1595 3.2.5 Get-Printer-Attributes Operation

1596 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of the attributes of a Printer object. In the
1597 request, the client supplies the set of Printer attribute names and/or attribute group names in which the
1598 requester is interested. In the response, the Printer object returns a corresponding attribute set with the
1599 appropriate attribute values filled in.

1600 For Printer objects, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 1601 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Printer object (the last two
1602 columns of the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Printer objects.
- 1603 - 'printer-description': the subset of the attributes specified in Section 4.4 that the implementation
1604 supports for Printer objects.
- 1605 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Printer
1606 objects.

1607

1608 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some
1609 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'printer-name' and 'all', the client is actually requesting the
1610 "printer-name" attribute twice: once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'all' group. In such
1611 cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return each attribute only once in the response even if it is requested
1612 multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

1613 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Printer object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes
1614 are OPTIONAL). However, it is REQUIRED that each Printer object support all group names.

1615 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes Request

1616 The following sets of attributes are part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Request:

1617 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1618 Natural Language and Character Set:

1619 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1620

1621 Target:

1622 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
1623 section 3.1.5.

1624
1625 Requesting User Name:

1626 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1627 described in section 8.3.

1628
1629 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

1630 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose
1631 values the requester is interested. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. If the client
1632 omits this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied with a value of
1633 'all'.

1634
1635 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1636 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1637 This attribute is useful for a Printer object to determine the set of supported attribute values that
1638 relate to the requested document format. The Printer object MUST return the attributes and values
1639 that it uses to validate a job on a create or Validate-Job operation in which this document format is
1640 supplied. The Printer object SHOULD return only (1) those attributes that are supported for the
1641 specified format and (2) the attribute values that are supported for the specified document format.
1642 By specifying the document format, the client can get the Printer object to eliminate the attributes
1643 and values that are not supported for a specific document format. For example, a Printer object
1644 might have multiple interpreters to support both 'application/postscript' (for PostScript) and
1645 'text/plain' (for text) documents. However, for only one of those interpreters might the Printer
1646 object be able to support "number-up" with values of '1', '2', and '4'. For the other interpreter it
1647 might be able to only support "number-up" with a value of '1'. Thus a client can use the Get-Printer-
1648 Attributes operation to obtain the attributes and values that will be used to accept/reject a create job
1649 operation.

1650
1651 If the Printer object does not distinguish between different sets of supported values for each
1652 different document format when validating jobs in the create and Validate-Job operations, it MUST
1653 NOT distinguish between different document formats in the Get-Printer-Attributes operation. If the
1654 Printer object does distinguish between different sets of supported values for each different
1655 document format specified by the client, this specialization applies only to the following Printer
1656 object attributes:

- 1657
- 1658 - Printer attributes that are Job Template attributes ("xxx-default" "xxx-supported", and "xxx-
1659 ready" in the Table in Section 4.2),
- 1660 - "pdl-override-supported",
- 1661 - "compression-supported",
- 1662 - "job-k-octets-supported",
- 1663 - "job-impressions-supported",
- 1664 - "job-media-sheets-supported"
- 1665 - "printer-driver-installer",

- "color-supported", and
- "reference-uri-schemes-supported"

The values of all other Printer object attributes (including "document-format-supported") remain invariant with respect to the client supplied document format (except for new Printer description attribute as registered according to section 6.2).

If the client omits this "document-format" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if the attribute had been supplied with the value of the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute. It is recommended that the client always supply a value for "document-format", since the Printer object's "document-format-default" may be 'application/octet-stream', in which case the returned attributes and values are for the union of the document formats that the Printer can automatically sense. For more details, see the description of the 'mimeType' attribute syntax in section 4.1.9.

If the client supplies a value for the "document-format" Operation attribute that is not supported by the Printer, i.e., is not among the values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the operation and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code.

3.2.5.2 Get-Printer-Attributes Response

The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Response:

Group 1: Operation Attributes

Status Message:

In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

Natural Language and Character Set:

The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.

Group 3: Printer Object Attributes

1707 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The Printer object ignores (does not
1708 respond with) any requested attribute which is not supported. The Printer object MAY respond with
1709 a subset of the supported attributes and values, depending on the security policy in force. However,
1710 the Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all
1711 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value. Also the Printer
1712 object MUST respond with the 'no-value' for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED
1713 attributes) for which the system administrator has not configured a value. See the description of the
1714 "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.
1715

1716 3.2.6 Get-Jobs Operation

1717 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to retrieve the list of Job objects belonging to the target Printer
1718 object. The client may also supply a list of Job attribute names and/or attribute group names. A group of
1719 Job object attributes will be returned for each Job object that is returned.

1720 This operation is similar to the Get-Job-Attributes operation, except that this Get-Jobs operation returns
1721 attributes from possibly more than one object (see the description of Job attribute group names in section
1722 3.3.4).

1723 3.2.6.1 Get-Jobs Request

1724 The client submits the Get-Jobs request to a Printer object.

1725 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Jobs Request:

1726 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1727 Natural Language and Character Set:

1728 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
1729

1730 Target:

1731 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
1732 section 3.1.5.
1733

1734 Requesting User Name:

1735 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1736 described in section 8.3.
1737

1738 "limit" (integer(1:MAX)):

1739 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1740 is an integer value that determines the maximum number of jobs that a client will receive from the
1741 Printer even if "which-jobs" or "my-jobs" constrain which jobs are returned. The limit is a "stateless
1742 limit" in that if the value supplied by the client is 'N', then only the first 'N' jobs are returned in the
1743 Get-Jobs Response. There is no mechanism to allow for the next 'M' jobs after the first 'N' jobs. If
1744 the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object responds with all applicable jobs.

1745

1746 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword):

1747 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1748 is a set of Job attribute names and/or attribute groups names in whose values the requester is
1749 interested. This set of attributes is returned for each Job object that is returned. The allowed
1750 attribute group names are the same as those defined in the Get-Job-Attributes operation in section
1751 3.3.4. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if the client had
1752 supplied this attribute with two values: 'job-uri' and 'job-id'.

1753

1754 "which-jobs" (keyword):

1755 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1756 indicates which Job objects MUST be returned by the Printer object. The values for this attribute
1757 are:

1758

1759 'completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted'.

1760 'not-completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'pending', 'processing', 'processing-
1761 stopped', or 'pending-held'.

1762

1763 A Printer object MUST support both values. However, if the implementation does not keep jobs in
1764 the 'completed', 'canceled', and 'aborted' states, then it returns no jobs when the 'completed' value is
1765 supplied.

1766

1767 If a client supplies some other value, the Printer object MUST copy the attribute and the
1768 unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return the
1769 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code.

1770

1771 If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if the client had
1772 supplied the attribute with a value of 'not-completed'.

1773

1774 "my-jobs" (boolean):

1775 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1776 indicates whether jobs from all users or just the jobs submitted by the requesting user of this request
1777 MUST be returned by the Printer object. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer
1778 object MUST respond as if the client had supplied the attribute with a value of 'false', i.e., jobs from
1779 all users. The means for authenticating the requesting user and matching the jobs is described in
1780 section 8.

1781 3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response

1782 The Printer object returns all of the Job objects up to the number specified by the "limit" attribute that
1783 match the criteria as defined by the attribute values supplied by the client in the request. It is possible that
1784 no Job objects are returned since there may literally be no Job objects at the Printer, or there may be no Job
1785 objects that match the criteria supplied by the client. If the client requests any Job attributes at all, there is a
1786 set of Job Object Attributes returned for each Job object.

1787 It is not an error for the Printer to return 0 jobs. If the response returns 0 jobs because there are no jobs
1788 matching the criteria, and the request would have returned 1 or more jobs with a status code of 'successful-
1789 ok' if there had been jobs matching the criteria, then the status code for 0 jobs MUST be 'successful-ok'.

1790 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1791 Status Message:

1792 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1793 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
1794 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1796 Natural Language and Character Set:

1797 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
1798

1799 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1800 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1801
1802 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied
1803 values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object.
1804 If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and
1805 such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include
1806 attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.
1807

1808 Groups 3 to N: Job Object Attributes

1809 The Printer object responds with one set of Job Object Attributes for each returned Job object. The
1810 Printer object ignores (does not respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not
1811 supported or which is restricted by the security policy in force, including whether the requesting
1812 user is the user that submitted the job (job originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the
1813 Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all
1814 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value, unless it would violate
1815 the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.
1816

1817 Jobs are returned in the following order:

- 1818 - If the client requests all 'completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states),
1819 then the Jobs are returned newest to oldest (with respect to actual completion time)
- 1820 - If the client requests all 'not-completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'pending', 'processing', 'pending-held',
1821 and 'processing-stopped' states), then Jobs are returned in relative chronological order of
1822 expected time to complete (based on whatever scheduling algorithm is configured for the
1823 Printer object).

1824 3.2.7 Pause-Printer Operation

1825 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from scheduling jobs on all its devices.
1826 Depending on implementation, the Pause-Printer operation MAY also stop the Printer from processing the
1827 current job or jobs. Any job that is currently being printed is either stopped as soon as the implementation
1828 permits or is completed, depending on implementation. The Printer object MUST still accept create
1829 operations to create new jobs, but MUST prevent any jobs from entering the 'processing' state.

1830 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and
1831 vice-versa.

1832 The IPP Printer stops the current job(s) on its device(s) that were in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped'
1833 states as soon as the implementation permits. If the implementation will take appreciable time to stop, the
1834 IPP Printer adds the 'moving-to-paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute (see
1835 section 4.4.12). When the device(s) have all stopped, the IPP Printer transitions the Printer object to the
1836 'stopped' state, removes the 'moving-to-paused' value, if present, and adds the 'paused' value to the Printer
1837 object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

1838 When the current job(s) complete that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP Printer transitions them to the
1839 'completed' state. When the current job(s) stop in mid processing that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP
1840 Printer transitions them to the 'processing-stopped' state and adds the 'printer-stopped' value to the job's
1841 "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1842 For any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-reasons"
1843 attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-reasons"
1844 attributes and only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried (so-called "lazy
1845 evaluation").

1846 Whether the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other sources than
1847 the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to
1848 the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol is being used
1849 as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1850 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state and transition the Printer to the indicated new
1851 "printer-state" before returning as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	"printer- state- reasons"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'moving-to-paused'	OPTION 1: 'successful-ok'; Later, when all output has stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
'processing'	'stopped'	'paused'	OPTION 2: 'successful-ok'; all device output stopped immediately
'stopped'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'

1852 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
 1853 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the
 1854 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized'
 1855 as appropriate.

1856 3.2.7.1 Pause-Printer Request

1857 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Request:

1858 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1859 Natural Language and Character Set:

1860 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1862 Target:

1863 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
 1864 section 3.1.5.

1866 Requesting User Name:

1867 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
 1868 described in section 8.3.

1869 3.2.7.2 Pause-Printer Response

1870 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Response:

1871 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1872 Status Message:

1873 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
 1874 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
 1875 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1877 Natural Language and Character Set:

1878 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1879

1880 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1881 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1882

1883 3.2.8 Resume-Printer Operation

1884 This operation allows a client to resume the Printer object scheduling jobs on all its devices. The Printer
 1885 object MUST remove the 'paused' and 'moving-to-paused' values from the Printer object's "printer-state-
 1886 reasons" attribute, if present. If there are no other reasons to keep a device paused (such as media-jam), the
 1887 IPP Printer transitions itself to the 'processing' or 'idle' states, depending on whether there are jobs to be
 1888 processed or not, respectively, and the device(s) resume processing jobs.

1889 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and
 1890 vice-versa.

1891 The IPP Printer removes the 'printer-stopped' value from any job's "job-state-reasons" attributes contained
 1892 in that Printer.

1893 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state, transition the Printer object to the indicated new state
 1894 as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'idle'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok'
'stopped'	'processing'	'successful-ok'; when there are jobs to be processed
'stopped'	'idle'	'successful-ok'; when there are no jobs to be processed.

1895 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
 1896 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the
 1897 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized'
 1898 as appropriate.

1899 The Resume-Printer Request and Resume-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as
 1900 the Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1901 3.2.9 Purge-Jobs Operation

1902 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to remove all jobs from an IPP Printer object, regardless of their
 1903 job states, including jobs in the Printer object's Job History (see Section 4.3.7.2). After a Purge-Jobs
 1904 operation has been performed, a Printer object MUST return no jobs in subsequent Get-Job-Attributes and
 1905 Get-Jobs responses (until new jobs are submitted).

1906 Whether the Purge-Jobs (and Get-Jobs) operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other
 1907 sources than the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Purge-Jobs operation affects jobs that were

1908 submitted to the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol
1909 is being used as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1910 Note: if an operator wants to cancel all jobs without clearing out the Job History, the operator uses the
1911 Cancel-Job operation on each job instead of using the Purge-Job operation.

1912 The Printer object MUST accept this operation in any state and transition the Printer object to the 'idle'
1913 state.

1914 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
1915 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the
1916 operation and return: client-error-forbidden, client-error-not-authenticated, and client-error-not-authorized
1917 as appropriate.

1918 The Purge-Jobs Request and Purge-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
1919 Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1920

1921 3.3 Job Operations

1922 All Job operations are directed at Job objects. A client MUST always supply some means of identifying the
1923 Job object in order to identify the correct target of the operation. That job identification MAY either be a
1924 single Job URI or a combination of a Printer URI with a Job ID. The IPP object implementation MUST
1925 support both forms of identification for every job.

1926 3.3.1 Send-Document Operation

1927 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to create a multi-document Job object that is initially "empty"
1928 (contains no documents). In the Create-Job response, the Printer object returns the Job object's URI (the
1929 "job-uri" attribute) and the Job object's 32-bit identifier (the "job-id" attribute). For each new document
1930 that the client desires to add, the client uses a Send-Document operation. Each Send-Document Request
1931 contains the entire stream of document data for one document.

1932 If the Printer supports this operation but does not support multiple documents per job, the Printer MUST
1933 reject subsequent Send-Document operations supplied with data and return the 'server-error-multiple-
1934 document-jobs-not-supported'. However, the Printer MUST accept the first document with a 'true' or 'false'
1935 value for the "last-document" operation attribute (see below), so that clients MAY always submit one
1936 document jobs with a 'false' value for "last-document" in the first Send-Document and a 'true' for "last-
1937 document" in the second Send-Document (with no data).

1938 Since the Create-Job and the send operations (Send-Document or Send-URI operations) that follow could
1939 occur over an arbitrarily long period of time for a particular job, a client MUST send another send operation
1940 within an IPP Printer defined minimum time interval after the receipt of the previous request for the job. If
1941 a Printer object supports multiple document jobs, the Printer object MUST support the "multiple-operation-
1942 time-out" attribute (see section 4.4.31). This attribute indicates the minimum number of seconds the Printer
1943 object will wait for the next send operation before taking some recovery action.

1944 An IPP object MUST recover from an errant client that does not supply a send operation, sometime after
1945 the minimum time interval specified by the Printer object's "multiple-operation-time-out" attribute. Such
1946 recovery MAY include any of the following or other recovery actions:

- 1947 1. Assume that the Job is an invalid job, start the process of changing the job state to 'aborted', add the
1948 'aborted-by-system' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8), and clean up
1949 all resources associated with the Job. In this case, if another send operation is finally received, the
1950 Printer responds with an "client-error-not-possible" or "client-error-not-found" depending on
1951 whether or not the Job object is still around when the send operation finally arrives.
- 1952 2. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document (as if the "last-document"
1953 flag had been set to 'true'), close the Job object, and proceed to process it (i.e., move the Job's state
1954 to 'pending').
- 1955 3. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document, close the Job, but move it
1956 to the 'pending-held' and add the 'submission-interrupted' value to the job's "job-state-reasons"
1957 attribute (see section 4.3.8). This action allows the user or an operator to determine whether to
1958 continue processing the Job by moving it back to the 'pending' state using the Release-Job operation
1959 (see section 3.3.6) or to cancel the job using the Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3).
1960

1961 Each implementation is free to decide the "best" action to take depending on local policy, whether any
1962 documents have been added, whether the implementation spools jobs or not, and/or any other piece of
1963 information available to it. If the choice is to abort the Job object, it is possible that the Job object may
1964 already have been processed to the point that some media sheet pages have been printed.

1965 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
1966 owner (as determined in the Create-Job operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see
1967 Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-
1968 forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

1969 3.3.1.1 Send-Document Request

1970 The following attribute sets are part of the Send-Document Request:

1971 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1972 Natural Language and Character Set:

1973 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
1974

1975 Target:

1976 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
1977 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
1978

1979 Requesting User Name:

1980 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1981 described in section 8.3.
1982

1983 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1984 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It
1985 contains the client supplied document name. The document name **MAY** be different than the Job
1986 name. It might be helpful, but **NEED NOT** be unique across multiple documents in the same Job.
1987 Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end user
1988 by using a file name or an application generated name. See the description of the "document-name"
1989 operation attribute in the Print-Job Request (section 3.2.1.1) for more information about this
1990 attribute.

1991 "compression" (type3 keyword)

1992 See the description of "compression" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.

1993 "document-format" (mimeType) :

1994 See the description of "document-format" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.

1995 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1996 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports this
1997 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats
1998 that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously.
1999 There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

2000 "last-document" (boolean):

2001 The client **MUST** supply this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It is a
2002 boolean flag that is set to 'true' if this is the last document for the Job, 'false' otherwise.
2003
2004

2005 Group 2: Document Content

2006 The client **MUST** supply the document data if the "last-document" flag is set to 'false'. However,
2007 since a client might not know that the previous document sent with a Send-Document (or Send-
2008 URI) operation was the last document (i.e., the "last-document" attribute was set to 'false'), it is legal
2009 to send a Send-Document request with no document data where the "last-document" flag is set to
2010 'true'. Such a request **MUST NOT** increment the value of the Job object's "number-of-documents"
2011 attribute, since no real document was added to the job.

2012 3.3.1.2 Send-Document Response

2013 The following sets of attributes are part of the Send-Document Response:

2014 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2015 Status Message:

2016 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response **OPTIONALLY**
2017 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
2018 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.
2019
2020
2021
2022
2023

2024 Natural Language and Character Set:

2025 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

2026

2027 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2028 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

2029 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2030 This is the same set of attributes as described in the Print-Job response (see section 3.2.1.2).

2031

2032 3.3.2 Send-URI Operation

2033 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Send-Document operation (see section 3.3.1) except that a
2034 client MUST supply a URI reference ("document-uri" operation attribute) rather than the document data
2035 itself. If a Printer object supports this operation, clients can use both Send-URI or Send-Document
2036 operations to add new documents to an existing multi-document Job object. However, if a client needs to
2037 indicate that the previous Send-URI or Send-Document was the last document, the client MUST use the
2038 Send-Document operation with no document data and the "last-document" flag set to 'true' (rather than
2039 using a Send-URI operation with no "document-uri" operation attribute).

2040 If a Printer object supports this operation, it MUST also support the Print-URI operation (see section 3.2.2).

2041 The Printer object MUST validate the syntax and URI scheme of the supplied URI before returning a
2042 response, just as in the Print-URI operation. The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the
2043 document as part of the operation or subsequently (see section 3.2.2).

2044 3.3.3 Cancel-Job Operation

2045 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to cancel a Print Job from the time the job is created up to the
2046 time it is completed, canceled, or aborted. Since a Job might already be printing by the time a Cancel-Job is
2047 received, some media sheet pages might be printed before the job is actually terminated.

2048 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to
2049 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'pending-held'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible' See Rule 2
'processing-stopped'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible' See Rule 2
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2050 Rule 1: If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or
 2051 'processing-stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST add the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to the job's
 2052 "job-state-reasons" attribute and then transition the job to the 'canceled' state when the processing ceases
 2053 (see section 4.3.8).

2054 Rule 2: If the Job object already has the 'processing-to-stop-point' value in its "job-state-reasons" attribute,
 2055 then the Printer object MUST reject a Cancel-Job operation.

2056 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
 2057 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
 2058 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
 2059 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2060 3.3.3.1 Cancel-Job Request

2061 The following groups of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Request:

2062 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2063 Natural Language and Character Set:

2064 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
 2065

2066 Target:

2067 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
 2068 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
 2069

2070 Requesting User Name:

2071 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
 2072 described in section 8.3.
 2073

2074 "message" (text(127)):

2075 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
2076 attribute. It is a message to the operator. This "message" attribute is not the same as the "job-
2077 message-from-operator" attribute. That attribute is used to report a message from the operator to the
2078 end user that queries that attribute. This "message" operation attribute is used to send a message
2079 from the client to the operator along with the operation request. It is an implementation decision of
2080 how or where to display this message to the operator (if at all).
2081

2082 3.3.3.2 Cancel-Job Response

2083 The following sets of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Response:

2084 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2085 Status Message:

2086 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
2087 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
2088 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.
2089

2090 Natural Language and Character Set:

2091 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
2092

2093 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2094 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.
2095

2096 Once a successful response has been sent, the implementation guarantees that the Job will eventually end up
2097 in the 'canceled' state. Between the time of the Cancel-Job operation is accepted and when the job enters the
2098 'canceled' job-state (see section 4.3.7), the "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-
2099 stop-point' value which indicates to later queries that although the Job might still be 'processing', it will
2100 eventually end up in the 'canceled' state, not the 'completed' state.

2101 3.3.4 Get-Job-Attributes Operation

2102 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of attributes of a Job object and it is almost
2103 identical to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation (see section 3.2.5). The only differences are that the
2104 operation is directed at a Job object rather than a Printer object, there is no "document-format" operation
2105 attribute used when querying a Job object, and the returned attribute group is a set of Job object attributes
2106 rather than a set of Printer object attributes.

2107 For Jobs, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 2108 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Job object (the first column of
2109 the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Job objects.

- 2110 - 'job-description': the subset of the Job Description attributes specified in Section 4.3 that the
2111 implementation supports for Job objects.
2112 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Job objects.
2113

2114 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some
2115 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'job-name' and 'job-description', the client is actually requesting
2116 the "job-name" attribute once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'job-description' group.
2117 In such cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return the attribute only once in the response even if it is
2118 requested multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

2119 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Job object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes
2120 are OPTIONAL). However it is REQUIRED that each Job object support all group names.

2121 3.3.4.1 Get-Job-Attributes Request

2122 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Job-Attributes Request when the request is directed at
2123 a Job object:

2124 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2125 Natural Language and Character Set:

2126 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
2127

2128 Target:

2129 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
2130 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
2131

2132 Requesting User Name:

2133 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
2134 described in section 8.3.
2135

2136 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

2137 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this attribute. It is
2138 a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose values the requester is interested. If
2139 the client omits this attribute, the IPP object MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied
2140 with a value of 'all'.
2141

2142 3.3.4.2 Get-Job-Attributes Response

2143 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Job-Attributes Response:

2144 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2145 Status Message:

2146 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
2147 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
2148 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

2149
2150 Natural Language and Character Set:

2151 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
2152 The "attributes-natural-language" MAY be the natural language of the Job object, rather than the
2153 one requested.

2154
2155 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2156 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

2157
2158 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied
2159 values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object.
2160 If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and
2161 such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include
2162 attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.
2163

2164 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2165 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The IPP object ignores (does not
2166 respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not supported or which is restricted by the
2167 security policy in force, including whether the requesting user is the user that submitted the job (job
2168 originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the IPP object MUST respond with the 'unknown'
2169 value for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the IPP object does
2170 not know the value, unless it would violate the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-
2171 band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

2172 3.3.5 Hold-Job Operation

2173 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to hold a pending job in the queue so that it is not eligible for
2174 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported,
2175 and vice-versa. The OPTIONAL "job-hold-until" operation attribute allows a client to specify whether to
2176 hold the job indefinitely or until a specified time period, if supported.

2177 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to
2178 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
---------------------	-----------------	---

'pending'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2179 Rule 1: If the implementation supports multiple reasons for a job to be in the 'pending-held' state, the IPP
2180 object MUST add the 'job-hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2181 Rule 2: If the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation attribute, but the specified time period has
2182 already started (or is the 'no-hold' value) and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object
2183 MUST make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2) by putting the job in the
2184 'pending' state.

2185 Note: In order to keep the Hold-Job operation simple, such a request is rejected when the job is in the
2186 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If an operation is needed to hold jobs while in these states, it will
2187 be added as an additional operation, rather than overloading the Hold-Job operation. Then it is clear to
2188 clients by querying the Printer object's "operations-supported" (see Section 4.4.15) and the Job object's
2189 "job-state" (see Section 4.3.7) attributes which operations are possible.

2190 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2191 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2192 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2193 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2194 3.3.5.1 Hold-Job Request

2195 The groups and operation attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the
2196 addition of the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2197 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2198 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute. The IPP object MUST support this
2199 operation attribute in a Hold-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job template attribute in
2200 create operations. See section 4.2.2. The IPP object SHOULD support the "job-hold-until" Job
2201 Template attribute for use in job create operations with at least the 'indefinite' value, if it supports
2202 the Hold-Job operation. Otherwise, a client cannot create a job and hold it immediately (without
2203 picking some supported time period in the future).

2204 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP
2205 object copies the supplied operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-

2206 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied
2207 named time period.

2208 If supplied, but either the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself or the value supplied is not
2209 supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the unsupported attribute or value in the
2210 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-
2211 substituted-attributes, and holds the job indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job
2212 operation.

2213 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold'
2214 value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation
2215 attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object MUST accept the operation
2216 and make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2217 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" Operation attribute in the request, the IPP object
2218 MUST populate the job object with a "job-hold-until" attribute with the 'indefinite' value (if IPP
2219 object supports the "job-hold-until" attribute) and hold the job indefinitely, until a client performs a
2220 Release-Job operation.

2221 3.3.5.2 Hold-Job Response

2222 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2223 3.3.6 Release-Job Operation

2224 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to release a previously held job so that it is again eligible for
2225 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported,
2226 and vice-versa.

2227 This operation removes the "job-hold-until" job attribute, if present, from the job object that had been
2228 supplied in the create or most recent Hold-Job or Restart-Job operation and removes its effect on the job.
2229 The IPP object MUST remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from the job's "job-state-reasons"
2230 attribute, if present. See section 4.3.8.

2231 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to
2232 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok'
		No effect on the job.
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok'
		No effect on the job.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2233 Rule 1: If there are other reasons to keep the job in the 'pending-held' state, such as 'resources-are-not-
2234 ready', the job remains in the 'pending-held' state. Thus the 'pending-held' state is not just for jobs that have
2235 the 'job-hold-until' applied to them, but are for any reason to keep the job from being a candidate for
2236 scheduling and processing, such as 'resources-are-not-ready'. See the "job-hold-until" attribute (section
2237 4.2.2).

2238 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2239 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2240 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2241 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2242 The Release-Job Request and Release-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
2243 Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3.1 and 3.3.3.2).

2244 3.3.7 Restart-Job Operation

2245 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to restart a job that is retained in the queue after processing has
2246 completed (see section 4.3.7.2).

2247 The job is moved to the 'pending' job state and restarts at the beginning on the same IPP Printer object with
2248 the same attribute values. The Job Description attributes that accumulate job progress, such as "job-
2249 impressions-completed", "job-media-sheets-completed", and "job-k-octets-processed", MUST be reset to 0
2250 so that they give an accurate record of the job from its restart point. The job object MUST continue to use
2251 the same "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute values.

2252 Note: If in the future an operation is needed that does not reset the job progress attributes, then a new
2253 operation will be defined which makes a copy of the job, assigns a new "job-uri" and "job-id" to the copy
2254 and resets the job progress attributes in the new copy only.

2255 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state, transition the job to the
2256 indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'client-error-not-possible'
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'pending'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1
'canceled'	'pending'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1
'aborted'	'pending'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1

2257

2258 Rule 1: If the Job Retention Period has expired for the job in this state, then the IPP object rejects the
2259 operation. See section 4.3.7.2.

2260 Note: In order to prevent a user from inadvertently restarting a job in the middle, the Restart-Job request is
2261 rejected when the job is in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If in the future an operation is
2262 needed to hold or restart jobs while in these states, it will be added as an additional operation, rather than
2263 overloading the Restart-Job operation, so that it is clear that the user intended that the current job not be
2264 completed.

2265 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2266 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2267 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2268 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2269 3.3.7.1 Restart-Job Request

2270 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the addition of
2271 the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2272 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2273 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this Operation
2274 attribute in a Restart-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute in create
2275 operations. See section 4.2.2. Otherwise, the IPP object NEED NOT support the "job-hold-until"
2276 Operation attribute in a Restart-Job request.

2277 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP
2278 object copies the supplied Operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-
2279 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied
2280 named time period. See section 4.2.2.

2281 If supplied, but the value is not supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the
2282 unsupported attribute or value in the Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7,
2283 returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, and holds the job
2284 indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job operation.

2285 If supplied, but the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself is not supported, the IPP object accepts
2286 the request, returns the unsupported attribute with the out-of-band 'unsupported' value in the
2287 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-
2288 substituted-attributes' status code, and restarts the job, i.e., ignores the "job-hold-until" attribute.

2289 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold'
2290 value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation
2291 attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object makes the job a candidate for
2292 processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2293 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" operation attribute in the request, the IPP object
2294 removes the "job-hold-until" attribute, if present, from the job. If there are no other reasons to hold
2295 the job, the Restart-Job operation makes the job a candidate for processing immediately (see Section
2296 4.2.2).

2297 3.3.7.2 Restart-Job Response

2298 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2299 Note: In the future an OPTIONAL Modify-Job or Set-Job-Attributes operation may be specified that
2300 allows the client to modify other attributes before releasing the restarted job.

2301 4. Object Attributes

2302 This section describes the attributes with their corresponding attribute syntaxes and values that are part of
2303 the IPP model. The sections below show the objects and their associated attributes which are included
2304 within the scope of this protocol. Many of these attributes are derived from other relevant documents:

- 2305 - Document Printing Application (DPA) [ISO10175]
- 2306 - RFC 1759 Printer MIB [RFC1759]

2307

2308 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document using a "keyword" (see section 12.2.1) which is the
2309 name of the attribute. The keyword is included in the section header describing that attribute.

2310 Note: Not only are keywords used to identify attributes, but one of the attribute syntaxes described below is
2311 "keyword" so that some attributes have keyword values. Therefore, these attributes are defined as having
2312 an attribute syntax that is a set of keywords.

2313 4.1 Attribute Syntaxes

2314 This section defines the basic attribute syntax types that all clients and IPP objects MUST be able to accept
2315 in responses and accept in requests, respectively. Each attribute description in sections 3 and 4 includes the
2316 name of attribute syntax(es) in the heading (in parentheses). A conforming implementation of an attribute

2317 MUST include the semantics of the attribute syntax(es) so identified. Section 6.3 describes how the
2318 protocol can be extended with new attribute syntaxes.

2319 The attribute syntaxes are specified in the following sub-sections, where the sub-section heading is the
2320 keyword name of the attribute syntax inside the single quotes. In operation requests and responses each
2321 attribute value MUST be represented as one of the attribute syntaxes specified in the sub-section heading
2322 for the attribute. In addition, the value of an attribute in a response (but not in a request) MAY be one of
2323 the "out-of-band" values whose special encoding rules are defined in the "Encoding and Transport"
2324 document [IPP-PRO]. Standard "out-of-band" values are:

2325 'unknown': The attribute is supported by the IPP object, but the value is unknown to the IPP object for
2326 some reason.

2327 'unsupported': The attribute is unsupported by the IPP object. This value MUST be returned only as the
2328 value of an attribute in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

2329 'no-value': The attribute is supported by the Printer object, but the administrator has not yet configured a
2330 value.

2331

2332 All attributes in a request MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4. Thus clients
2333 MUST NOT supply attributes with "out-of-band" values. All attributes in a response MUST have one or
2334 more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4 or a single "out-of-band" value.

2335 Most attributes are defined to have a single attribute syntax. However, a few attributes (e.g., "job-sheet",
2336 "media", "job-hold-until") are defined to have several attribute syntaxes, depending on the value. These
2337 multiple attribute syntaxes are separated by the "|" character in the sub-section heading to indicate the
2338 choice. Since each value MUST be tagged as to its attribute syntax in the protocol, a single-valued attribute
2339 instance may have any one of its attribute syntaxes and a multi-valued attribute instance may have a mixture
2340 of its defined attribute syntaxes.

2341 4.1.1 'text'

2342 A text attribute is an attribute whose value is a sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a maximum
2343 of 1023 ('MAX') octets. MAX is the maximum length for each value of any text attribute. However, if an
2344 attribute will always contain values whose maximum length is much less than MAX, the definition of that
2345 attribute will include a qualifier that defines the maximum length for values of that attribute. For example:
2346 the "printer-location" attribute is specified as "printer-location (text(127))". In this case, text values for
2347 "printer-location" MUST NOT exceed 127 octets; if supplied with a longer text string via some external
2348 interface (other than the protocol), implementations are free to truncate to this shorter length limitation.

2349 In this document, all text attributes are defined using the 'text' syntax. However, 'text' is used only for
2350 brevity; the formal interpretation of 'text' is: 'textWithoutLanguage | textWithLanguage'. That is, for any
2351 attribute defined in this document using the 'text' attribute syntax, all IPP objects and clients MUST support
2352 both the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and
2353 protocol execution, objects and clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The
2354 syntax 'text' never appears "on-the-wire".

2355 Both 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' are needed to support the real world needs of
2356 interoperability between sites and systems that use different natural languages as the basis for human
2357 communication. Generally, one natural language applies to all text attributes in a given request or response.
2358 The language is indicated by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute defined in section 3.1.4 or
2359 "attributes-natural-language" job attribute defined in section 4.3.20, and there is no need to identify the
2360 natural language for each text string on a value-by-value basis. In these cases, the attribute syntax
2361 'textWithoutLanguage' is used for text attributes. In other cases, the client needs to supply or the Printer
2362 object needs to return a text value in a natural language that is different from the rest of the text values in
2363 the request or response. In these cases, the client or Printer object uses the attribute syntax
2364 'textWithLanguage' for text attributes (this is the Natural Language Override mechanism described in
2365 section 3.1.4).

2366 The 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes are described in more detail in the
2367 following sections.

2368 4.1.1.1 'textWithoutLanguage'

2369 The 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters. Text
2370 strings are encoded using the rules of some charset. The Printer object MUST support the UTF-8 charset
2371 [RFC2279] and MAY support additional charsets to represent 'text' values, provided that the charsets are
2372 registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. See Section 4.1.7 for the definition of the 'charset' attribute syntax,
2373 including restricted semantics and examples of charsets.

2374 4.1.1.2 'textWithLanguage'

2375 The 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a
2376 'textWithoutLanguage' part plus an additional 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the
2377 natural language in force. The 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that applies
2378 to the text part of that value and that value alone. For any give text attribute, the 'textWithoutLanguage' part
2379 is limited to the maximum length defined for that attribute, but the 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited
2380 to 63 octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage'
2381 syntax is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects
2382 and clients.

2383 If the attribute is multi-valued (1 setOf text), then the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used to
2384 explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in a
2385 multi-valued 'text' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation
2386 attribute.

2387 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in the
2388 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural language
2389 or not. Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'textWithLanguage' attribute value,
2390 whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are independent of the
2391 value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2392 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'
2393 indicating English, but the value of the "job-name" attribute is in French, the client MUST use the
2394 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax with the following two values:

2395 'fr': Natural Language Override indicating French
2396 'Rapport Mensuel': the job name in French
2397

2398 See the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] for a detailed example of the 'textWithLanguage'
2399 attribute syntax.

2400 4.1.2 'name'

2401 This syntax type is used for user-friendly strings, such as a Printer name, that, for humans, are more
2402 meaningful than identifiers. Names are never translated from one natural language to another. The 'name'
2403 attribute syntax is essentially the same as 'text', including the REQUIRED support of UTF-8 except that the
2404 sequence of characters is limited so that its encoded form MUST NOT exceed 255 (MAX) octets.

2405 Also like 'text', 'name' is really an abbreviated notation for either 'nameWithoutLanguage' or
2406 'nameWithLanguage'. That is, all IPP objects and clients MUST support both the 'nameWithoutLanguage'
2407 and 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and protocol execution, objects and
2408 clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The syntax 'name' never appears "on-the-
2409 wire".

2410 Only the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes permit the Natural Language Override mechanism.

2411 Some attributes are defined as 'type3 keyword | name'. These attributes support values that are either type3
2412 keywords or names. This dual-syntax mechanism enables a site administrator to extend these attributes to
2413 legally include values that are locally defined by the site administrator. Such names are not registered with
2414 IANA.

2415 4.1.2.1 'nameWithoutLanguage'

2416 The 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters so that its
2417 encoded form does not exceed MAX octets.

2418 4.1.2.2 'nameWithLanguage'

2419 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a
2420 'nameWithoutLanguage' part plus an additional 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the
2421 natural language in force. The 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that applies
2422 to that name value and that name value alone.

2423 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax behaves the same as the 'textWithLanguage' syntax. If a name is
2424 in a language that is different than the rest of the object or operation, then this 'nameWithLanguage' syntax
2425 is used rather than the generic 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax.

2426 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'
2427 indicating English, but the "printer-name" attribute is in German, the client MUST use the
2428 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax as follows:

2429 'de': Natural Language Override indicating German
2430 'Farbdrucker': the Printer name in German
2431

2432 4.1.2.3 Matching 'name' attribute values

2433 For purposes of matching two 'name' attribute values for equality, such as in job validation (where a client-
2434 supplied value for attribute "xxx" is checked to see if the value is among the values of the Printer object's
2435 corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute), the following match rules apply:

2436 1. 'keyword' values never match 'name' values.

2437 2. 'name' (nameWithoutLanguage and nameWithLanguage) values match if (1) the name parts
2438 match and (2) the Associated Natural-Language parts (see section 3.1.4.1) match. The matching
2439 rules are:

2440 a. the name parts match if the two names are identical character by character, except it is
2441 RECOMMENDED that case be ignored. For example: 'Ajax-letter-head-white' MUST
2442 match 'Ajax-letter-head-white' and SHOULD match 'ajax-letter-head-white' and 'AJAX-
2443 LETTER-HEAD-WHITE'.

2444 b. the Associated Natural-Language parts match if the shorter of the two meets the syntactic
2445 requirements of RFC 1766 [RFC1766] and matches byte for byte with the longer. For
2446 example, 'en' matches 'en', 'en-us' and 'en-gb', but matches neither 'fr' nor 'e'.

2447 4.1.3 'keyword'

2448 The 'keyword' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters, length: 1 to 255, containing only the US-ASCII
2449 [ASCII] encoded values for lowercase letters ("a" - "z"), digits ("0" - "9"), hyphen ("-"), dot ("."), and
2450 underscore ("_"). The first character MUST be a lowercase letter. Furthermore, keywords MUST be in
2451 U.S. English.

2452 This syntax type is used for enumerating semantic identifiers of entities in the abstract protocol, i.e., entities
2453 identified in this document. Keywords are used as attribute names or values of attributes. Unlike 'text' and
2454 'name' attribute values, 'keyword' values MUST NOT use the Natural Language Override mechanism, since
2455 they MUST always be US-ASCII and U.S. English.

2456 Keywords are for use in the protocol. A user interface will likely provide a mapping between protocol
2457 keywords and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of
2458 the user. While the keywords specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural
2459 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since
2460 the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2461 In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full set of defined keyword values for that
2462 attribute are listed.

2463 When a keyword is used to represent an attribute (its name), it MUST be unique within the full scope of all
2464 IPP objects and attributes. When a keyword is used to represent a value of an attribute, it MUST be unique
2465 just within the scope of that attribute. That is, the same keyword MUST NOT be used for two different
2466 values within the same attribute to mean two different semantic ideas. However, the same keyword MAY
2467 be used across two or more attributes, representing different semantic ideas for each attribute. Section 6.1
2468 describes how the protocol can be extended with new keyword values. Examples of attribute name
2469 keywords:

2470 "job-name"

2471 "attributes-charset"

2472

2473 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "keyword" basic syntax to indicate
2474 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

2475 4.1.4 'enum'

2476 The 'enum' attribute syntax is an enumerated integer value that is in the range from 1 to $2^{*}31 - 1$ (MAX).
2477 Each value has an associated 'keyword' name. In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full
2478 set of possible values for that attribute are listed. This syntax type is used for attributes for which there are
2479 enum values assigned by other standards, such as SNMP MIBs. A number of attribute enum values in this
2480 document are also used for corresponding attributes in other standards [RFC1759]. This syntax type is not
2481 used for attributes to which the administrator may assign values. Section 6.1 describes how the protocol
2482 can be extended with new enum values.

2483 Enum values are for use in the protocol. A user interface will provide a mapping between protocol enum
2484 values and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of the
2485 user. While the enum symbols specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural
2486 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since
2487 the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2488 Note: SNMP MIBs use '2' for 'unknown' which corresponds to the IPP "out-of-band" value 'unknown'. See
2489 the description of the "out-of-band" values at the beginning of Section 4.1. Therefore, attributes of type
2490 'enum' start at '3'.

2491 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "enum" basic syntax to indicate
2492 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

2493 4.1.5 'uri'

2494 The 'uri' attribute syntax is any valid Uniform Resource Identifier or URI [RFC2396]. Most often, URIs are
2495 simply Uniform Resource Locators or URLs. The maximum length of URIs used as values of IPP
2496 attributes is 1023 octets. Although most other IPP attribute syntax types allow for only lower-cased values,

2497 this attribute syntax type conforms to the case-sensitive and case-insensitive rules specified in [RFC2396].
2498 See also [IPP-IIG] for a discussion of case in URIs.

2499 4.1.6 'uriScheme'

2500 The 'uriScheme' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters representing a URI scheme according to RFC
2501 2396 [RFC2396]. Though RFC 2396 requires that the values be case-insensitive, IPP requires all lower
2502 case values in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects.

2503 Standard values for this syntax type are the following keywords:

2504 'ipp': for IPP schemed URIs (e.g., "ipp:...")
2505 'http': for HTTP schemed URIs (e.g., "http:...")
2506 'https': for use with HTTPS schemed URIs (e.g., "https:...") (not on IETF standards track)
2507 'ftp': for FTP schemed URIs (e.g., "ftp:...")
2508 'mailto': for SMTP schemed URIs (e.g., "mailto:...")
2509 'file': for file schemed URIs (e.g., "file:...")
2510

2511 A Printer object MAY support any URI 'scheme' that has been registered with IANA [IANA-MT]. The
2512 maximum length of URI 'scheme' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2513 4.1.7 'charset'

2514 The 'charset' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a charset. A charset is a coded character set and
2515 encoding scheme. Charsets are used for labeling certain document contents and 'text' and 'name' attribute
2516 values. The syntax and semantics of this attribute syntax are specified in RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and
2517 contained in the IANA character-set Registry [IANA-CS] according to the IANA procedures [RFC2278].
2518 Though RFC 2046 requires that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case values
2519 in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects. When a character-set in the
2520 IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred MIME name)", if present,
2521 MUST be used.

2522 The maximum length of 'charset' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2523 Some examples are:

2524 'utf-8': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as the UTF-8
2525 [RFC2279] transfer encoding scheme in which US-ASCII is a subset charset.
2526 'us-ascii': 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII), ANSI X3.4-1986
2527 [ASCII]. That standard defines US-ASCII, but RFC 2045 [RFC2045] eliminates most of the control
2528 characters from conformant usage in MIME and IPP.
2529 'iso-8859-1': 8-bit One-Byte Coded Character Set, Latin Alphabet Nr 1 [ISO8859-1]. That standard
2530 defines a coded character set that is used by Latin languages in the Western Hemisphere and
2531 Western Europe. US-ASCII is a subset charset.
2532 'iso-10646-ucs-2': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as two
2533 octets (UCS-2), with the high order octet of each pair coming first (so-called Big Endian integer).

2534

2535 Some attribute descriptions MAY place additional requirements on charset values that may be used, such as
2536 REQUIRED values that MUST be supported or additional restrictions, such as requiring that the charset
2537 have US-ASCII as a subset charset.

2538 4.1.8 'naturalLanguage'

2539 The 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a natural language and optionally a
2540 country. The values for this syntax type are defined by RFC 1766 [RFC1766]. Though RFC 1766 requires
2541 that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case to simplify comparing by IPP
2542 clients and Printer objects. Examples include:

2543 'en': for English
2544 'en-us': for US English
2545 'fr': for French
2546 'de': for German
2547

2548 The maximum length of 'naturalLanguage' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2549 4.1.9 'mimeType'

2550 The 'mimeType' attribute syntax is the Internet Media Type (sometimes called MIME type) as
2551 defined by RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and registered according to the procedures of RFC 2048 [RFC2048] for
2552 identifying a document format. The value MAY include a charset parameter, depending on the
2553 specification of the Media Type in the IANA Registry [IANA-MT]. Although most other IPP syntax types
2554 allow for only lower-cased values, this syntax type allows for mixed-case values which are case-insensitive.

2555 Examples are:

2556 'text/html': An HTML document
2557 'text/plain': A plain text document in US-ASCII (RFC 2046 indicates that in the absence of the charset
2558 parameter MUST mean US-ASCII rather than simply unspecified) [RFC2046].
2559 'text/plain; charset=US-ASCII': A plain text document in US-ASCII [52, 56].
2560 'text/plain; charset=ISO-8859-1': A plain text document in ISO 8859-1 (Latin 1) [ISO8859-1].
2561 'text/plain; charset=utf-8': A plain text document in ISO 10646 represented as UTF-8 [RFC2279]
2562 'application/postscript': A PostScript document [RFC2046]
2563 'application/vnd.hp-PCL': A PCL document [IANA-MT] (charset escape sequence embedded in the
2564 document data)
2565 'application/pdf': Portable Document Format - see IANA MIME Media Type registry
2566 'application/octet-stream': Auto-sense - see section 4.1.9.1
2567

2568 4.1.9.1 Application/octet-stream -- Auto-Sensing the document format

2569 One special type is 'application/octet-stream'. If the Printer object supports this value, the Printer object
2570 MUST be capable of auto-sensing the format of the document data, either as part of the create operation
2571 and/or at document processing time. During auto-sensing, a Printer may determine that the document-data
2572 has a format that the Printer doesn't recognize. If the Printer determines this problem before returning an
2573 operation response, it rejects the request and returns the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status
2574 code. If the Printer determines this problem after accepting the request and returning an operation response
2575 with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'unsupported-document-format' value to the
2576 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2577 If the Printer object's default value attribute "document-format-default" is set to 'application/octet-stream',
2578 the Printer object not only supports auto-sensing of the document format, but will depend on the result of
2579 applying its auto-sensing when the client does not supply the "document-format" attribute. If the client
2580 supplies a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on the supplied attribute, rather than trust its
2581 auto-sensing algorithm. To summarize:

- 2582 1. If the client does not supply a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on its default value
2583 setting (which may be 'application/octet-stream' indicating an auto-sensing mechanism).
- 2584 2. If the client supplies a value other than 'application/octet-stream', the client is supplying valid
2585 information about the format of the document data and the Printer object MUST trust the client
2586 supplied value more than the outcome of applying an automatic format detection mechanism. For
2587 example, the client may be requesting the printing of a PostScript file as a 'text/plain' document.
2588 The Printer object MUST print a text representation of the PostScript commands rather than
2589 interpret the stream of PostScript commands and print the result.
- 2590 3. If the client supplies a value of 'application/octet-stream', the client is indicating that the Printer
2591 object MUST use its auto-sensing mechanism on the client supplied document data whether auto-
2592 sensing is the Printer object's default or not.

2593

2594 Note: Since the auto-sensing algorithm is probabilistic, if the client requests both auto-sensing ("document-
2595 format" set to 'application/octet-stream') and true fidelity ("ipp-attribute-fidelity" set to 'true'), the Printer
2596 object might not be able to guarantee exactly what the end user intended (the auto-sensing algorithm might
2597 mistake one document format for another), but it is able to guarantee that its auto-sensing mechanism be
2598 used.

2599 The maximum length of a 'mimeType' value to represent IPP attribute values is 255 octets.

2600 4.1.10 'octetString'

2601 The 'octetString' attribute syntax is a sequence of octets encoded in a maximum of 1023 octets which is
2602 indicated in sub-section headers using the notation: octetString(MAX). This syntax type is used for opaque
2603 data.

2604 4.1.11 'boolean'

2605 The 'boolean' attribute syntax has only two values: 'true' and 'false'.

2606 4.1.12 'integer'

2607 The 'integer' attribute syntax is an integer value that is in the range from -2^{31} (MIN) to $2^{31} - 1$ (MAX).
2608 Each individual attribute may specify the range constraint explicitly in sub-section headers if the range is
2609 different from the full range of possible integer values. For example: job-priority (integer(1:100)) for the
2610 "job-priority" attribute. However, the enforcement of that additional constraint is up to the IPP objects, not
2611 the protocol.

2612 4.1.13 'rangeOfInteger'

2613 The 'rangeOfInteger' attribute syntax is an ordered pair of integers that defines an inclusive range of integer
2614 values. The first integer specifies the lower bound and the second specifies the upper bound. If a range
2615 constraint is specified in the header description for an attribute in this document whose attribute syntax is
2616 'rangeOfInteger' (i.e., 'X:Y' indicating X as a minimum value and Y as a maximum value), then the
2617 constraint applies to both integers.

2618 4.1.14 'dateTime'

2619 The 'dateTime' attribute syntax is a standard, fixed length, 11 octet representation of the "DateAndTime"
2620 syntax as defined in RFC 2579 [RFC2579]. RFC 2579 also identifies an 8 octet representation of a
2621 "DateAndTime" value, but IPP objects MUST use the 11 octet representation. A user interface will provide
2622 a mapping between protocol dateTime values and displayable user-friendly words or presentation values
2623 and phrases which are localized to the natural language and date format of the user, including time zone.

2624 4.1.15 'resolution'

2625 The 'resolution' attribute syntax specifies a two-dimensional resolution in the indicated units. It consists of
2626 3 values: a cross feed direction resolution (positive integer value), a feed direction resolution (positive
2627 integer value), and a units value. The semantics of these three components are taken from the Printer MIB
2628 [RFC1759] suggested values. That is, the cross feed direction component resolution component is the same
2629 as the prtMarkerAddressabilityXFeedDir object in the Printer MIB, the feed direction component resolution
2630 component is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityFeedDir in the Printer MIB, and the units component
2631 is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityUnit object in the Printer MIB (namely, '3' indicates dots per inch
2632 and '4' indicates dots per centimeter). All three values MUST be present even if the first two values are the
2633 same. Example: '300', '600', '3' indicates a 300 dpi cross-feed direction resolution, a 600 dpi feed direction
2634 resolution, since a '3' indicates dots per inch (dpi).

2635 4.1.16 '1setOf X'

2636 The '1setOf X' attribute syntax is 1 or more values of attribute syntax type X. This syntax type is used for
2637 multi-valued attributes. The syntax type is called '1setOf' rather than just 'setOf' as a reminder that the set
2638 of values MUST NOT be empty (i.e., a set of size 0). Sets are normally unordered. However each attribute
2639 description of this type may specify that the values MUST be in a certain order for that attribute.

2640 4.2 Job Template Attributes

2641 Job Template attributes describe job processing behavior. Support for Job Template attributes by a Printer
2642 object is OPTIONAL (see section 12.2.3 for a description of support for OPTIONAL attributes). Also,
2643 clients OPTIONALLY supply Job Template attributes in create requests.

2644 Job Template attributes conform to the following rules. For each Job Template attribute called "xxx":

- 2645 1. If the Printer object supports "xxx" then it MUST support both a "xxx-default" attribute (unless there
2646 is a "No" in the table below) and a "xxx-supported" attribute. If the Printer object doesn't support
2647 "xxx", then it MUST support neither an "xxx-default" attribute nor an "xxx-supported" attribute,
2648 and it MUST treat an attribute "xxx" supplied by a client as unsupported. An attribute "xxx" may be
2649 supported for some document formats and not supported for other document formats. For example,
2650 it is expected that a Printer object would only support "orientation-requested" for some document
2651 formats (such as 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but not others (such as 'application/postscript').
2652
- 2653 2. "xxx" is OPTIONALLY supplied by the client in a create request. If "xxx" is supplied, the client is
2654 indicating a desired job processing behavior for this Job. When "xxx" is not supplied, the client is
2655 indicating that the Printer object apply its default job processing behavior at job processing time if
2656 the document content does not contain an embedded instruction indicating an xxx-related behavior.
2657

2658 Since an administrator MAY change the default value attribute after a Job object has been submitted
2659 but before it has been processed, the default value used by the Printer object at job processing time
2660 may be different that the default value in effect at job submission time.

- 2661 3. The "xxx-supported" attribute is a Printer object attribute that describes which job processing
2662 behaviors are supported by that Printer object. A client can query the Printer object to find out what
2663 xxx-related behaviors are supported by inspecting the returned values of the "xxx-supported"
2664 attribute.
2665

2666 Note: The "xxx" in each "xxx-supported" attribute name is singular, even though an "xxx-
2667 supported" attribute usually has more than one value, such as "job-sheet-supported", unless the
2668 "xxx" Job Template attribute is plural, such as "finishings" or "sides". In such cases the "xxx-
2669 supported" attribute names are: "finishings-supported" and "sides-supported".
2670

- 2671 4. The "xxx-default" default value attribute describes what will be done at job processing time when no
2672 other job processing information is supplied by the client (either explicitly as an IPP attribute in the
2673 create request or implicitly as an embedded instruction within the document data).
2674

2675

2676 If an application wishes to present an end user with a list of supported values from which to choose, the
2677 application SHOULD query the Printer object for its supported value attributes. The application SHOULD
2678 also query the default value attributes. If the application then limits selectable values to only those value
2679 that are supported, the application can guarantee that the values supplied by the client in the create request
2680 all fall within the set of supported values at the Printer. When querying the Printer, the client MAY
2681 enumerate each attribute by name in the Get-Printer-Attributes Request, or the client MAY just name the
2682 "job-template" group in order to get the complete set of supported attributes (both supported and default
2683 attributes).

2684 The "finishings" attribute is an example of a Job Template attribute. It can take on a set of values such as
2685 'staple', 'punch', and/or 'cover'. A client can query the Printer object for the "finishings-supported" attribute
2686 and the "finishings-default" attribute. The supported attribute contains a set of supported values. The
2687 default value attribute contains the finishing value(s) that will be used for a new Job if the client does not
2688 supply a "finishings" attribute in the create request and the document data does not contain any
2689 corresponding finishing instructions. If the client does supply the "finishings" attribute in the create
2690 request, the IPP object validates the value or values to make sure that they are a subset of the supported
2691 values identified in the Printer object's "finishings-supported" attribute. See section 3.1.7.

2692 The table below summarizes the names and relationships for all Job Template attributes. The first column
2693 of the table (labeled "Job Attribute") shows the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Job
2694 object. These are the attributes that can optionally be supplied by the client in a create request. The last
2695 two columns (labeled "Printer: Default Value Attribute" and "Printer: Supported Values Attribute") shows
2696 the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Printer object (the default value attribute and the
2697 supported values attribute). A "No" in the table means the Printer MUST NOT support the attribute (that is,
2698 the attribute is simply not applicable). For brevity in the table, the 'text' and 'name' entries do not show the
2699 maximum length for each attribute.

2700	+=====+		
2701	Job Attribute	Printer: Default Value Attribute	Printer: Supported Values Attribute
2702			
2703	+=====+		
2704	job-priority	job-priority-default	job-priority-supported
2705	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)
2706	+-----+		
2707	job-hold-until	job-hold-until-	job-hold-until-
2708	(type3 keyword	default	supported
2709	name)	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2710		name)	type3 keyword name))
2711	+-----+		
2712	job-sheets	job-sheets-default	job-sheets-supported
2713	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2714	name)	name)	type3 keyword name))
2715	+-----+		
2716	multiple-document-	multiple-document-	multiple-document-
2717	handling	handling-default	handling-supported
2718	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2719	+-----+		
2720	copies	copies-default	copies-supported
2721	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(rangeOfInteger
2722			(1:MAX))
2723	+-----+		
2724	finishings	finishings-default	finishings-supported
2725	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2726	+-----+		
2727	page-ranges	No	page-ranges-
2728	(1setOf		supported (boolean)
2729	rangeOfInteger		
2730	(1:MAX))		
2731	+-----+		
2732	sides	sides-default	sides-supported
2733	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2734	+-----+		
2735	number-up	number-up-default	number-up-supported
2736	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(1setOf integer
2737			(1:MAX)
2738			rangeOfInteger
2739			(1:MAX))
2740	+-----+		
2741	orientation-	orientation-requested-	orientation-requested-
2742	requested	default	supported
2743	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2744	+-----+		
2745	media	media-default	media-supported
2746	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2747	name)	name)	type3 keyword name))
2748			

2749			media-ready
2750			(1setOf (
2751			type3 keyword name))
2752	+-----+-----+-----+		
2753	printer-resolution	printer-resolution-	printer-resolution-
2754	(resolution)	default	supported
2755		(resolution)	(1setOf resolution)
2756	+-----+-----+-----+		
2757	print-quality	print-quality-default	print-quality-
2758	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	supported
2759			(1setOf type2 enum)
2760	+-----+-----+-----+		
2761			
2762			

2763 4.2.1 job-priority (integer(1:100))

2764 This attribute specifies a priority for scheduling the Job. A higher value specifies a higher priority. The
 2765 value 1 indicates the lowest possible priority. The value 100 indicates the highest possible priority. Among
 2766 those jobs that are ready to print, a Printer MUST print all jobs with a priority value of n before printing
 2767 those with a priority value of n-1 for all n.

2768 If the Printer object supports this attribute, it MUST always support the full range from 1 to 100. No
 2769 administrative restrictions are permitted. This way an end-user can always make full use of the entire range
 2770 with any Printer object. If privileged jobs are implemented outside IPP/1.1, they MUST have priorities
 2771 higher than 100, rather than restricting the range available to end-users.

2772 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer
 2773 object MUST use the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-default" at job submission time (unlike most
 2774 Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2775 The syntax for the "job-priority-supported" is also integer(1:100). This single integer value indicates the
 2776 number of priority levels supported. The Printer object MUST take the value supplied by the client and
 2777 map it to the closest integer in a sequence of n integers values that are evenly distributed over the range
 2778 from 1 to 100 using the formula:

2779
$$\text{roundToNearestInt}((100x+50)/n)$$

2780 where n is the value of "job-priority-supported" and x ranges from 0 through n-1.

2781 For example, if n=1 the sequence of values is 50; if n=2, the sequence of values is: 25 and 75; if n = 3, the
 2782 sequence of values is: 17, 50 and 83; if n = 10, the sequence of values is: 5, 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65, 75, 85,
 2783 and 95; if n = 100, the sequence of values is: 1, 2, 3, ... 100.

2784 If the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-supported" is 10 and the client supplies values in the range 1
 2785 to 10, the Printer object maps them to 5, in the range 11 to 20, the Printer object maps them to 15, etc.

2786 4.2.2 job-hold-until (type3 keyword | name (MAX))

2787 This attribute specifies the named time period during which the Job MUST become a candidate for printing.

2788 Standard keyword values for named time periods are:

2789 'no-hold': immediately, if there are not other reasons to hold the job

2790 'indefinite': - the job is held indefinitely, until a client performs a Release-Job (section 3.3.6)

2791 'day-time': during the day

2792 'evening': evening

2793 'night': night

2794 'weekend': weekend

2795 'second-shift': second-shift (after close of business)

2796 'third-shift': third-shift (after midnight)

2797

2798 An administrator MUST associate allowable print times with a named time period (by means outside the
2799 scope of this IPP/1.1 document). An administrator is encouraged to pick names that suggest the type of
2800 time period. An administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax,
2801 depending on implementation.

2802 If the value of this attribute specifies a time period that is in the future, the Printer SHOULD add the 'job-
2803 hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, MUST move the job to the 'pending-
2804 held' state, and MUST NOT schedule the job for printing until the specified time-period arrives.

2805 When the specified time period arrives, the Printer MUST remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from
2806 the job's "job-state-reason" attribute, if present. If there are no other job state reasons that keep the job in
2807 the 'pending-held' state, the Printer MUST consider the job as a candidate for processing by moving the job
2808 to the 'pending' state.

2809 If this job attribute value is the named value 'no-hold', or the specified time period has already started, the
2810 job MUST be a candidate for processing immediately.

2811 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer
2812 object MUST use the value of the Printer object's "job-hold-until-default" at job submission time (unlike
2813 most Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2814 4.2.3 job-sheets (type3 keyword | name(MAX))

2815 This attribute determines which job start/end sheet(s), if any, MUST be printed with a job.

2816 Standard keyword values are:

2817 'none': no job sheet is printed

2818 'standard': one or more site specific standard job sheets are printed, e.g. a single start sheet or both start
2819 and end sheet is printed

2820

2821 An administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending
2822 on implementation.

2823 The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents MAY be affected by the "multiple-document-
2824 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4), depending on the job sheet semantics.

2825 4.2.4 multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)

2826 This attribute is relevant only if a job consists of two or more documents. This attribute MUST be
2827 supported if the Printer supports multiple documents per job (see sections 3.2.4 and 3.3.1). The attribute
2828 controls finishing operations and the placement of one or more print-stream pages into impressions and
2829 onto media sheets. When the value of the "copies" attribute exceeds 1, it also controls the order in which
2830 the copies that result from processing the documents are produced. For the purposes of this explanations, if
2831 "a" represents an instance of document data, then the result of processing the data in document "a" is a
2832 sequence of media sheets represented by "a(*)".

2833 Standard keyword values are:

2834 'single-document': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is called a and b, then
2835 the result of processing all the document data (a and then b) MUST be treated as a single sequence
2836 of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, finishing would be performed on the concatenation
2837 of the sequences a(*),b(*). The Printer object MUST NOT force the data in each document instance
2838 to be formatted onto a new print-stream page, nor to start a new impression on a new media sheet. If
2839 more than one copy is made, the ordering of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the
2840 document data MUST be a(*), b(*), a(*), b(*), ..., and the Printer object MUST force each copy
2841 (a(*),b(*)) to start on a new media sheet.

2842 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data
2843 is called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated
2844 as a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(*) and b(*) would
2845 each be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the
2846 data in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering
2847 of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*), a(*), ...,
2848 b(*), b(*)

2849 'separate-documents-collated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is
2850 called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated as
2851 a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(*) and b(*) would each
2852 be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the data
2853 in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering of
2854 the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*), b(*), a(*), b(*),
2855

2856 'single-document-new-sheet': Same as 'single-document', except that the Printer object MUST ensure
2857 that the first impression of each document instance in the job is placed on a new media sheet. This
2858 value allows multiple documents to be stapled together with a single staple where each document
2859 starts on a new sheet.

2860

2861 The 'single-document' value is the same as 'separate-documents-collated-copies' with respect to ordering of
 2862 print-stream pages, but not media sheet generation, since 'single-document' will put the first page of the
 2863 next document on the back side of a sheet if an odd number of pages have been produced so far for the job,
 2864 while 'separate-documents-collated-copies' always forces the next document or document copy on to a new
 2865 sheet. In addition, if the "finishings" attribute specifies 'staple', then with 'single-document', documents a
 2866 and b are stapled together as a single document with no regard to new sheets, with 'single-document-new-
 2867 sheet', documents a and b are stapled together as a single document, but document b starts on a new sheet,
 2868 but with 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' and 'separate-documents-collated-copies', documents a and
 2869 b are stapled separately.

2870 Note: None of these values provide means to produce uncollated sheets within a document, i.e., where
 2871 multiple copies of sheet n are produced before sheet n+1 of the same document.

2872 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in
 2873 section 15.3.

2874 4.2.5 copies (integer(1:MAX))

2875 This attribute specifies the number of copies to be printed.

2876 On many devices the supported number of collated copies will be limited by the number of physical output
 2877 bins on the device, and may be different from the number of uncollated copies which can be supported.

2878 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 2879 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 2880 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

2881 4.2.6 finishings (1setOf type2 enum)

2882 This attribute identifies the finishing operations that the Printer uses for each copy of each printed
 2883 document in the Job. For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute
 2884 determines what constitutes a "copy" for purposes of finishing.

2885 Standard enum values are:

2886 Value	Symbolic Name and Description
2887 '3'	'none': Perform no finishing
2888 '4'	'staple': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples. The exact number and placement of 2889 the staples is site-defined.
2890 '5'	'punch': This value indicates that holes are required in the finished document. The exact 2891 number and placement of the holes is site-defined. The punch specification MAY be 2892 satisfied (in a site- and implementation-specific manner) either by drilling/punching, 2893 or by substituting pre-drilled media. 2894

- 2895 '6' 'cover': This value is specified when it is desired to select a non-printed (or pre-printed)
2896 cover for the document. This does not supplant the specification of a printed cover
2897 (on cover stock medium) by the document itself.
- 2898 '7' 'bind': This value indicates that a binding is to be applied to the document; the type and
2899 placement of the binding is site-defined.
- 2900
- 2901 '8' 'saddle-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2902 middle fold. The exact number and placement of the staples and the middle fold is
2903 implementation and/or site-defined.
- 2904 '9' 'edge-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along one edge.
2905 The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or site-
2906 defined.
- 2907 '10'-'19' reserved for future generic finishing enum values.

2908 The following values are more specific; they indicate a corner or an edge as if the document were a portrait
2909 document (see below):

- 2910 '20' 'staple-top-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top left corner.
- 2911 '21' 'staple-bottom-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom left
2912 corner.
- 2913 '22' 'staple-top-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top right corner.
- 2914 '23' 'staple-bottom-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom right
2915 corner.
- 2916 '24' 'edge-stitch-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2917 left edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2918 site-defined.
- 2919 '25' 'edge-stitch-top': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2920 top edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2921 site-defined.
- 2922 '26' 'edge-stitch-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2923 right edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2924 site-defined.
- 2925 '27' 'edge-stitch-bottom': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along
2926 the bottom edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation
2927 and/or site-defined.
- 2928 '28' 'staple-dual-left': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the left edge
2929 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2930 '29' 'staple-dual-top': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the top edge
2931 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2932 '30' 'staple-dual-right': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the right
2933 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2934 '31' 'staple-dual-bottom': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the bottom
2935 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).

2936 The 'staple-xxx' values are specified with respect to the document as if the document were a portrait
2937 document. If the document is actually a landscape or a reverse-landscape document, the client supplies the
2938 appropriate transformed value. For example, to position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a

2939 landscape document when held for reading, the client supplies the 'staple-bottom-left' value (since
2940 landscape is defined as a +90 degree rotation from portrait, i.e., anti-clockwise). On the other hand, to
2941 position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a reverse-landscape document when held for reading, the
2942 client supplies the 'staple-top-right' value (since reverse-landscape is defined as a -90 degree rotation from
2943 portrait, i.e., clockwise).

2944 The angle (vertical, horizontal, angled) of each staple with respect to the document depends on the
2945 implementation which may in turn depend on the value of the attribute.

2946 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
2947 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
2948 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

2949 If the client supplies a value of 'none' along with any other combination of values, it is the same as if only
2950 that other combination of values had been supplied (that is the 'none' value has no effect).

2951 4.2.7 page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger (1:MAX))

2952 This attribute identifies the range(s) of print-stream pages that the Printer object uses for each copy of each
2953 document which are to be printed. Nothing is printed for any pages identified that do not exist in the
2954 document(s). Ranges MUST be in ascending order, for example: 1-3, 5-7, 15-19 and MUST NOT overlap,
2955 so that a non-spooling Printer object can process the job in a single pass. If the ranges are not ascending or
2956 are overlapping, the IPP object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code.
2957 The attribute is associated with print-stream pages not application-numbered pages (for example, the page
2958 numbers found in the headers and or footers for certain word processing applications).

2959 For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute determines what constitutes
2960 a "copy" for purposes of the specified page range(s). When "multiple-document-handling" is 'single-
2961 document', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range once to the concatenation of the print-
2962 stream pages. For example, if there are 8 documents of 10 pages each, the page-range '41:60' prints the
2963 pages in the 5th and 6th documents as a single document and none of the pages of the other documents are
2964 printed. When "multiple-document-handling" is 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' or 'separate-
2965 documents-collated-copies', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range repeatedly to each
2966 document copy. For the same job, the page-range '1:3, 10:10' would print the first 3 pages and the 10th
2967 page of each of the 8 documents in the Job, as 8 separate documents.

2968 In most cases, the exact pages to be printed will be generated by a device driver and this attribute would not
2969 be required. However, when printing an archived document which has already been formatted, the end user
2970 may elect to print just a subset of the pages contained in the document. In this case, if page-range = n.m is
2971 specified, the first page to be printed will be page n. All subsequent pages of the document will be printed
2972 through and including page m.

2973 "page-ranges-supported" is a boolean value indicating whether or not the printer is capable of supporting
2974 the printing of page ranges. This capability may differ from one PDL to another. There is no "page-ranges-
2975 default" attribute. If the "page-ranges" attribute is not supplied by the client, all pages of the document will
2976 be printed.

2977 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 2978 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 2979 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

2980 4.2.8 sides (type2 keyword)

2981 This attribute specifies how print-stream pages are to be imposed upon the sides of an instance of a selected
 2982 medium, i.e., an impression.

2983 The standard keyword values are:

2984 'one-sided': imposes each consecutive print-stream page upon the same side of consecutive media
 2985 sheets.

2986 'two-sided-long-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides of
 2987 consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the medium
 2988 would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the long edge. This imposition is sometimes
 2989 called 'duplex' or 'head-to-head'.

2990 'two-sided-short-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides
 2991 of consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the
 2992 medium would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the short edge. This imposition is
 2993 sometimes called 'tumble' or 'head-to-toe'.

2994

2995 'two-sided-long-edge', 'two-sided-short-edge', 'tumble', and 'duplex' all work the same for portrait or
 2996 landscape. However 'head-to-toe' is 'tumble' in portrait but 'duplex' in landscape. 'head-to-head' also
 2997 switches between 'duplex' and 'tumble' when using portrait and landscape modes.

2998 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 2999 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 3000 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3001 4.2.9 number-up (integer(1:MAX))

3002 This attribute specifies the number of print-stream pages to impose upon a single side of an instance of a
 3003 selected medium. For example, if the value is:

3004	Value	Description
3005		
3006	'1'	the Printer MUST place one print-stream page on a single side of an instance of the selected
3007		medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3008	'2'	the Printer MUST place two print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the selected
3009		medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3010	'4'	the Printer MUST place four print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the
3011		selected medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3012		

3013 This attribute primarily controls the translation, scaling and rotation of print-stream pages.

3014 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 3015 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 3016 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3017 4.2.10 orientation-requested (type2 enum)

3018 This attribute indicates the desired orientation for printed print-stream pages; it does not describe the
 3019 orientation of the client-supplied print-stream pages.

3020 For some document formats (such as 'application/postscript'), the desired orientation of the print-stream
 3021 pages is specified within the document data. This information is generated by a device driver prior to the
 3022 submission of the print job. Other document formats (such as 'text/plain') do not include the notion of
 3023 desired orientation within the document data. In the latter case it is possible for the Printer object to bind
 3024 the desired orientation to the document data after it has been submitted. It is expected that a Printer object
 3025 would only support "orientations-requested" for some document formats (e.g., 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but
 3026 not others (e.g., 'application/postscript'). This is no different than any other Job Template attribute since
 3027 section 4.2, item 1, points out that a Printer object may support or not support any Job Template attribute
 3028 based on the document format supplied by the client. However, a special mention is made here since it is
 3029 very likely that a Printer object will support "orientation-requested" for only a subset of the supported
 3030 document formats.

3031 Standard enum values are:

3032	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
3033		
3034	'3'	'portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium.
3035	'4'	'landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium. Landscape is
3036		defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by +90 degrees with
3037		respect to the medium (i.e. anti-clockwise) from the portrait orientation. Note: The
3038		+90 direction was chosen because simple finishing on the long edge is the same edge
3039		whether portrait or landscape
3040	'5'	'reverse-landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium.
3041		Reverse-landscape is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged
3042		by -90 degrees with respect to the medium (i.e. clockwise) from the portrait
3043		orientation. Note: The 'reverse-landscape' value was added because some
3044		applications rotate landscape -90 degrees from portrait, rather than +90 degrees.
3045	'6'	'reverse-portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium. Reverse-
3046		portrait is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by 180
3047		degrees with respect to the medium from the portrait orientation. Note: The 'reverse-
3048		portrait' value was added for use with the "finishings" attribute in cases where the
3049		opposite edge is desired for finishing a portrait document on simple finishing devices
3050		that have only one finishing position. Thus a 'text/plain' portrait document can be
3051		stapled "on the right" by a simple finishing device as is common use with some
3052		middle eastern languages such as Hebrew.
3053		

3054 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
3055 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
3056 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3057 4.2.11 media (type3 keyword | name(MAX))

3058 This attribute identifies the medium that the Printer uses for all impressions of the Job.

3059 The values for "media" include medium-names, medium-sizes, input-trays and electronic forms so that one
3060 attribute specifies the media. If a Printer object supports a medium name as a value of this attribute, such a
3061 medium name implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the specified medium. If a Printer object
3062 supports a medium size as a value of this attribute, such a medium size implicitly selects a medium name
3063 that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium with the specified size. If a Printer
3064 object supports an input-tray as the value of this attribute, such an input-tray implicitly selects the medium
3065 that is in that input-tray at the time the job prints. This case includes manual-feed input-trays. If a Printer
3066 object supports an electronic form as the value of this attribute, such an electronic form implicitly selects a
3067 medium-name that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium specified by the
3068 electronic form. The electronic form also implicitly selects an image that the Printer MUST merge with the
3069 document data as it prints each page.

3070 Standard keyword values are (taken from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB) and are listed in section 14. An
3071 administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending on
3072 implementation.

3073 There is also an additional Printer attribute named "media-ready" which differs from "media-supported" in
3074 that legal values only include the subset of "media-supported" values that are physically loaded and ready
3075 for printing with no operator intervention required. If an IPP object supports "media-supported", it NEED
3076 NOT support "media-ready".

3077 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in
3078 section 15.3.

3079 4.2.12 printer-resolution (resolution)

3080 This attribute identifies the resolution that Printer uses for the Job.

3081 4.2.13 print-quality (type2 enum)

3082 This attribute specifies the print quality that the Printer uses for the Job.

3083 The standard enum values are:

3084	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
3085		
3086	'3'	'draft': lowest quality available on the printer
3087	'4'	'normal': normal or intermediate quality on the printer

3088 '5' 'high': highest quality available on the printer
3089

3090 4.3 Job Description Attributes

3091 The attributes in this section form the attribute group called "job-description". The following table
3092 summarizes these attributes. The third column indicates whether the attribute is a REQUIRED attribute
3093 that MUST be supported by Printer objects. If it is not indicated as REQUIRED, then it is OPTIONAL.
3094 The maximum size in octets for 'text' and 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

3095	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3096		Attribute		Syntax		REQUIRED?
3097	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3098		job-uri		uri		REQUIRED
3099	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3100		job-id		integer(1:MAX)		REQUIRED
3101	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3102		job-printer-uri		uri		REQUIRED
3103	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3104		job-more-info		uri		
3105	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3106		job-name		name (MAX)		REQUIRED
3107	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3108		job-originating-user-name		name (MAX)		REQUIRED
3109	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3110		job-state		type1 enum		REQUIRED
3111	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3112		job-state-reasons		1setOf type2 keyword		REQUIRED
3113	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3114		job-state-message		text (MAX)		
3115	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3116		number-of-documents		integer (0:MAX)		
3117	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3118		output-device-assigned		name (127)		
3119	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3120		time-at-creation		integer (MIN:MAX)		REQUIRED
3121	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3122		time-at-processing		integer (MIN:MAX)		REQUIRED
3123	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3124		time-at-completed		integer (MIN:MAX)		REQUIRED
3125	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3126		job-printer-up-time		integer (1:MAX)		REQUIRED
3127	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3128		date-time-at-creation		dateTime		OPTIONAL
3129	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3130		date-time-at-processing		dateTime		OPTIONAL
3131	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3132		date-time-at-completed		dateTime		OPTIONAL
3133	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3134		number-of-intervening-jobs		integer (0:MAX)		
3135	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3136		job-message-from-operator		text (127)		
3137	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3138		job-k-octets		integer (0:MAX)		
3139	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3140		job-impressions		integer (0:MAX)		
3141	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+
3142		job-media-sheets		integer (0:MAX)		
3143	+	-----+	+	-----+	+	-----+

3144	job-k-octets-processed	integer (0:MAX)	
3145	+-----+-----+-----+		
3146	job-impressions-completed	integer (0:MAX)	
3147	+-----+-----+-----+		
3148	job-media-sheets-completed	integer (0:MAX)	
3149	+-----+-----+-----+		
3150	attributes-charset	charset	REQUIRED
3151	+-----+-----+-----+		
3152	attributes-natural-language	naturalLanguage	REQUIRED
3153	+-----+-----+-----+		
3154			
3155			

3156 4.3.1 job-uri (uri)

3157 This REQUIRED attribute contains the URI for the job. The Printer object, on receipt of a new job,
 3158 generates a URI which identifies the new Job. The Printer object returns the value of the "job-uri" attribute
 3159 as part of the response to a create request. The precise format of a Job URI is implementation dependent.
 3160 If the Printer object supports more than one URI and there is some relationship between the newly formed
 3161 Job URI and the Printer object's URI, the Printer object uses the Printer URI supplied by the client in the
 3162 create request. For example, if the create request comes in over a secure channel, the new Job URI MUST
 3163 use the same secure channel. This can be guaranteed because the Printer object is responsible for
 3164 generating the Job URI and the Printer object is aware of its security configuration and policy as well as the
 3165 Printer URI used in the create request.

3166 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-id" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the
 3167 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3168 4.3.2 job-id (integer(1:MAX))

3169 This REQUIRED attribute contains the ID of the job. The Printer, on receipt of a new job, generates an ID
 3170 which identifies the new Job on that Printer. The Printer returns the value of the "job-id" attribute as part of
 3171 the response to a create request. The 0 value is not included to allow for compatibility with SNMP index
 3172 values which also cannot be 0.

3173 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the
 3174 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3175 4.3.3 job-printer-uri (uri)

3176 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the Printer object that created this Job object. When a Printer object
 3177 creates a Job object, it populates this attribute with the Printer object URI that was used in the create
 3178 request. This attribute permits a client to identify the Printer object that created this Job object when only
 3179 the Job object's URI is available to the client. The client queries the creating Printer object to determine
 3180 which languages, charsets, operations, are supported for this Job.

3181 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute, see the discussion in
3182 section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3183 4.3.4 job-more-info (uri)

3184 Similar to "printer-more-info", this attribute contains the URI referencing some resource with more
3185 information about this Job object, perhaps an HTML page containing information about the Job.

3186 4.3.5 job-name (name(MAX))

3187 This REQUIRED attribute is the name of the job. It is a name that is more user friendly than the "job-uri"
3188 attribute value. It does not need to be unique between Jobs. The Job's "job-name" attribute is set to the
3189 value supplied by the client in the "job-name" operation attribute in the create request (see Section 3.2.1.1).
3190 If, however, the "job-name" operation attribute is not supplied by the client in the create request, the Printer
3191 object, on creation of the Job, MUST generate a name. The printer SHOULD generate the value of the
3192 Job's "job-name" attribute from the first of the following sources that produces a value: 1) the "document-
3193 name" operation attribute of the first (or only) document, 2) the "document-URI" attribute of the first (or
3194 only) document, or 3) any other piece of Job specific and/or Document Content information.

3195 4.3.6 job-originating-user-name (name(MAX))

3196 This REQUIRED attribute contains the name of the end user that submitted the print job. The Printer
3197 object sets this attribute to the most authenticated printable name that it can obtain from the authentication
3198 service over which the IPP operation was received. Only if such is not available, does the Printer object use
3199 the value supplied by the client in the "requesting-user-name" operation attribute of the create operation
3200 (see Section 8).

3201 Note: The Printer object needs to keep an internal originating user id of some form, typically as a credential
3202 of a principal, with the Job object. Since such an internal attribute is implementation-dependent and not of
3203 interest to clients, it is not specified as a Job Description attribute. This originating user id is used for
3204 authorization checks (if any) on all subsequent operation.

3205 4.3.7 job-state (type1 enum)

3206 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the current state of the job. Even though the IPP protocol defines
3207 seven values for job states (plus the out-of-band 'unknown' value - see Section 4.1), implementations only
3208 need to support those states which are appropriate for the particular implementation. In other words, a
3209 Printer supports only those job states implemented by the output device and available to the Printer object
3210 implementation.

3211 Standard enum values are:

3212	Values	Symbolic Name and Description
------	--------	-------------------------------

3213

3214	'3'	'pending': The job is a candidate to start processing, but is not yet processing.
------	-----	---

3215

3216 '4' 'pending-held': The job is not a candidate for processing for any number of reasons but will
3217 return to the 'pending' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present. The job's
3218 "job-state-reason" attribute MUST indicate why the job is no longer a candidate for
3219 processing.

3220

3221 '5' 'processing': One or more of:

3222

- 3223 1. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more purely software processes
3224 that are analyzing, creating, or interpreting a PDL, etc.,
- 3225 2. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more hardware devices that are
3226 interpreting a PDL, making marks on a medium, and/or performing finishing, such as
3227 stapling, etc.,
- 3228 3. the Printer object has made the job ready for printing, but the output device is not
3229 yet printing it, either because the job hasn't reached the output device or because the
3230 job is queued in the output device or some other spooler, awaiting the output device
3231 to print it.

3232

3233 When the job is in the 'processing' state, the entire job state includes the detailed
3234 status represented in the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons", and
3235 "printer-state-message" attributes.

3236 Implementations MAY, though they NEED NOT, include additional values in the
3237 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate the progress of the job, such as adding
3238 the 'job-printing' value to indicate when the output device is actually making marks
3239 on paper and/or the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to indicate that the IPP object is
3240 in the process of canceling or aborting the job. Most implementations won't bother
3241 with this nuance.

3242

3243 '6' 'processing-stopped': The job has stopped while processing for any number of reasons and
3244 will return to the 'processing' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present.

3245

3246 The job's "job-state-reason" attribute MAY indicate why the job has stopped
3247 processing. For example, if the output device is stopped, the 'printer-stopped' value
3248 MAY be included in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

3249

3250 Note: When an output device is stopped, the device usually indicates its condition in
3251 human readable form locally at the device. A client can obtain more complete device
3252 status remotely by querying the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons"
3253 and "printer-state-message" attributes.

3254

3255 '7' 'canceled': The job has been canceled by a Cancel-Job operation and the Printer object has
3256 completed canceling the job and all job status attributes have reached their final

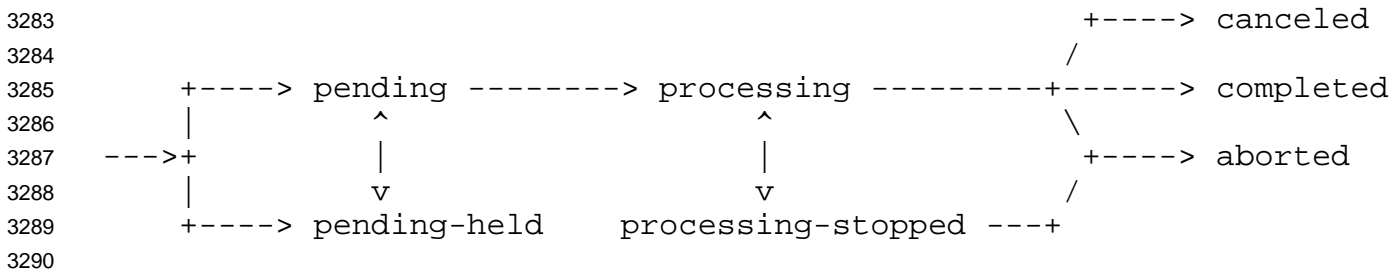
3257 values for the job. While the Printer object is canceling the job, the job remains in its
 3258 current state, but the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the
 3259 'processing-to-stop-point' value and one of the 'canceled-by-user', 'canceled-by-
 3260 operator', or 'canceled-at-device' value. When the job moves to the 'canceled' state,
 3261 the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the 'canceled-
 3262 by-xxx', if present, MUST remain.

3263
 3264 '8' 'aborted': The job has been aborted by the system, usually while the job was in the
 3265 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state and the Printer has completed aborting the
 3266 job and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job. While the
 3267 Printer object is aborting the job, the job remains in its current state, but the job's
 3268 "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-point' and
 3269 'aborted-by-system' values. When the job moves to the 'aborted' state, the
 3270 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the 'aborted-by-
 3271 system' value, if present, MUST remain.

3272
 3273 '9' 'completed': The job has completed successfully or with warnings or errors after processing
 3274 and all of the job media sheets have been successfully stacked in the appropriate
 3275 output bin(s) and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.
 3276 The job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain one of: 'completed-
 3277 successfully', 'completed-with-warnings', or 'completed-with-errors' values.

3278
 3279 The final value for this attribute MUST be one of: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' before the Printer
 3280 removes the job altogether. The length of time that jobs remain in the 'canceled', 'aborted', and 'completed'
 3281 states depends on implementation. See section 4.3.7.2.

3282 The following figure shows the normal job state transitions.



3291 Normally a job progresses from left to right. Other state transitions are unlikely, but are not forbidden. Not
 3292 shown are the transitions to the 'canceled' state from the 'pending', 'pending-held', and 'processing-stopped'
 3293 states.

3294 Jobs reach one of the three terminal states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted', after the jobs have
 3295 completed all activity, including stacking output media, after the jobs have completed all activity, and all
 3296 job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.

3297 4.3.7.1 Forwarding Servers

3298 As with all other IPP attributes, if the implementation cannot determine the correct value for this attribute,
3299 it SHOULD respond with the out-of-band value 'unknown' (see section 4.1) rather than try to guess at some
3300 possibly incorrect value and give the end user the wrong impression about the state of the Job object. For
3301 example, if the implementation is just a gateway into some printing system from which it can normally get
3302 status, but temporarily is unable, then the implementation should return the 'unknown' value. However, if
3303 the implementation is a gateway to a printing system that never provides detailed status about the print job,
3304 the implementation MAY set the IPP Job object's state to 'completed', provided that it also sets the 'queued-
3305 in-device' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8).

3306 4.3.7.2 Partitioning of Job States

3307 This section partitions the 7 job states into phases: Job Not Completed, Job Retention, Job History, and Job
3308 Removal. This section also explains the 'job-restartable' value of the "job-state-reasons" Job Description
3309 attribute for use with the Restart-Job operation.

3310 Job Not Completed: When a job is in the 'pending', 'pending-held', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped'
3311 states, the job is not completed.

3312 Job Retention: When a job enters one of the three terminal job states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted',
3313 the IPP Printer object MAY "retain" the job in a restartable condition for an implementation-defined time
3314 period. This time period MAY be zero seconds and MAY depend on the terminal job state. This phase is
3315 called Job Retention. While in the Job Retention phase, the job's document data is retained and a client
3316 may restart the job using the Restart-Job operation. If the IPP object supports the Restart-Job operation,
3317 then it SHOULD indicate that the job is restartable by adding the 'job-restartable' value to the job's "job-
3318 state-reasons" attribute (see Section 4.3.8) during the Job Retention phase.

3319 Job History: After the Job Retention phase expires for a job, the Printer object deletes the document data
3320 for the job and the job becomes part of the Job History. The Printer object MAY also delete any number of
3321 the job attributes. Since the job is no longer restartable, the Printer object MUST remove the 'job-
3322 restartable' value from the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, if present.

3323 Job Removal: After the job has remained in the Job History for an implementation-defined time, such as
3324 when the number of jobs exceeds a fixed number or after a fixed time period (which MAY be zero
3325 seconds), the IPP Printer removes the job from the system.

3326 Using the Get-Jobs operation and supplying the 'not-completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation
3327 attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the Job Not Completed phase. Using the Get-Jobs operation and
3328 supplying the 'completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the
3329 Job Retention and Job History phases. Using the Get-Job-Attributes operation, a client is requesting a job
3330 in any phase except Job Removal. After Job Removal, the Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations no
3331 longer are capable of returning any information about a job.

3332 4.3.8 job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)

3333 This REQUIRED attribute provides additional information about the job's current state, i.e., information
3334 that augments the value of the job's "job-state" attribute.

3335 These values MAY be used with any job state or states for which the reason makes sense. Some of these
3336 value definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL. Furthermore, when
3337 implemented, the Printer MUST return these values when the reason applies and MUST NOT return them
3338 when the reason no longer applies whether the value of the Job's "job-state" attribute changed or not. When
3339 the Job does not have any reasons for being in its current state, the value of the Job's "job-state-reasons"
3340 attribute MUST be 'none'.

3341 Note: While values cannot be added to the 'job-state' attribute without impacting deployed clients that take
3342 actions upon receiving "job-state" values, it is the intent that additional "job-state-reasons" values can be
3343 defined and registered without impacting such deployed clients. In other words, the "job-state-reasons"
3344 attribute is intended to be extensible.

3345 The following standard keyword values are defined. For ease of understanding, the values are presented in
3346 the order in which the reasons are likely to occur (if implemented), starting with the 'job-incoming' value:

3347 'none': There are no reasons for the job's current state. This state reason is semantically equivalent to
3348 "job-state-reasons" without any value and MUST be used when there is no other value, since the
3349 1setOf attribute syntax requires at least one value.

3350 'job-incoming': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is expecting
3351 additional Send-Document and/or Send-URI operations and/or is accessing/accepting document
3352 data.

3353 'job-data-insufficient': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is
3354 expecting additional document data before it can move the job into the 'processing' state. If a Printer
3355 starts processing before it has received all data, the Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient'
3356 reason, but the 'job-incoming' remains. If a Printer starts processing after it has received all data, the
3357 Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient' reason and the 'job-incoming' at the same time.

3358 'document-access-error': After accepting a Print-URI or Send-URI request, the Printer could not access
3359 one or more documents passed by reference. This reason is intended to cover any file access
3360 problem, including file does not exist and access denied because of an access control problem. The
3361 Printer MAY also indicate the document access error using the "job-document-access-errors" Job
3362 Description attribute (see section 4.3.11). Whether the Printer aborts the job and moves the job to
3363 the 'aborted' job state or prints all documents that are accessible and moves the job to the 'completed'
3364 job state and adds the 'completed-with-errors' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute depends
3365 on implementation and/or site policy. This value SHOULD be supported if the Print-URI or Send-
3366 URI operations are supported.

3367 'submission-interrupted': The job was not completely submitted for some unforeseen reason, such as:
3368 (1) the Printer has crashed before the job was closed by the client, (2) the Printer or the document
3369 transfer method has crashed in some non-recoverable way before the document data was entirely
3370 transferred to the Printer, (3) the client crashed or failed to close the job before the time-out period.
3371 See section 4.4.31.

3372 'job-outgoing': The Printer is transmitting the job to the output device.

- 3373 'job-hold-until-specified': The value of the job's "job-hold-until" attribute was specified with a time
3374 period that is still in the future. The job MUST NOT be a candidate for processing until this reason
3375 is removed and there are no other reasons to hold the job. This value SHOULD be supported if the
3376 "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute is supported.
- 3377 'resources-are-not-ready': At least one of the resources needed by the job, such as media, fonts, resource
3378 objects, etc., is not ready on any of the physical printer's for which the job is a candidate. This
3379 condition MAY be detected when the job is accepted, or subsequently while the job is pending or
3380 processing, depending on implementation. The job may remain in its current state or be moved to
3381 the 'pending-held' state, depending on implementation and/or job scheduling policy.
- 3382 'printer-stopped-partly': The value of the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains the value
3383 'stopped-partly'.
- 3384 'printer-stopped': The value of the Printer's "printer-state" attribute is 'stopped'.
- 3385 'job-interpreting': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting the
3386 document data.
- 3387 'job-queued': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer has queued the document
3388 data.
- 3389 'job-transforming': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting
3390 document data and producing another electronic representation.
- 3391 'job-queued-for-marker': Job is in any of the 'pending-held', 'pending', or 'processing' states, but more
3392 specifically, the Printer has completed enough processing of the document to be able to start
3393 marking and the job is waiting for the marker. Systems that require human intervention to release
3394 jobs using the Release-Job operation, put the job into the 'pending-held' job state. Systems that
3395 automatically select a job to use the marker put the job into the 'pending' job state or keep the job in
3396 the 'processing' job state while waiting for the marker, depending on implementation. All
3397 implementations put the job into (or back into) the 'processing' state when marking does begin.
- 3398 'job-printing': The output device is marking media. This value is useful for Printers which spend a great
3399 deal of time processing (1) when no marking is happening and then want to show that marking is
3400 now happening or (2) when the job is in the process of being canceled or aborted while the job
3401 remains in the 'processing' state, but the marking has not yet stopped so that impression or sheet
3402 counts are still increasing for the job.
- 3403 'job-canceled-by-user': The job was canceled by the owner of the job using the Cancel-Job request, i.e.,
3404 by a user whose authenticated identity is the same as the value of the originating user that created
3405 the Job object, or by some other authorized end-user, such as a member of the job owner's security
3406 group. This value SHOULD be supported.
- 3407 'job-canceled-by-operator': The job was canceled by the operator using the Cancel-Job request, i.e., by a
3408 user who has been authenticated as having operator privileges (whether local or remote). If the
3409 security policy is to allow anyone to cancel anyone's job, then this value may be used when the job
3410 is canceled by other than the owner of the job. For such a security policy, in effect, everyone is an
3411 operator as far as canceling jobs with IPP is concerned. This value SHOULD be supported if the
3412 implementation permits canceling by other than the owner of the job.
- 3413 'job-canceled-at-device': The job was canceled by an unidentified local user, i.e., a user at a console at
3414 the device. This value SHOULD be supported if the implementation supports canceling jobs at the
3415 console.
- 3416 'aborted-by-system': The job (1) is in the process of being aborted, (2) has been aborted by the system
3417 and placed in the 'aborted' state, or (3) has been aborted by the system and placed in the 'pending-

3418 held' state, so that a user or operator can manually try the job again. This value SHOULD be
3419 supported.

3420 'unsupported-compression': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer determined while
3421 attempting to decompress the document-data's that the compression is actually not among those
3422 supported by the Printer. This value MUST be supported, since "compressions is a REQUIRED
3423 operation attribute.

3424 'compression-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in the
3425 document-data while decompressing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has
3426 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-compression' job-state-reason.

3427 'unsupported-document-format': The job was aborted by the system because the document-data's
3428 document-format is not among those supported by the Printer. If the client specifies the document-
3429 format as 'application/octet-stream', the printer MAY abort the job and post this reason even though
3430 the format is a member of the "document-format-supported" printer attribute, but not among the
3431 auto-sensed document-formats. This value MUST be supported, since "document-format" is a
3432 REQUIRED operation attribute.

3433 'document-format-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in
3434 the document-data while processing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has
3435 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-document-format' job-state-reason.

3436 'processing-to-stop-point': The requester has issued a Cancel-Job operation or the Printer object has
3437 aborted the job, but is still performing some actions on the job until a specified stop point occurs or
3438 job termination/cleanup is completed.

3439 If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or
3440 'processing-stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST use this value to indicate that the Printer object
3441 is still performing some actions on the job while the job remains in the 'processing' or 'processing-
3442 stopped' state. After all the job's job description attributes have stopped incrementing, the Printer
3443 object moves the job from the 'processing' state to the 'canceled' or 'aborted' job states.

3444 'service-off-line': The Printer is off-line and accepting no jobs. All 'pending' jobs are put into the
3445 'pending-held' state. This situation could be true if the service's or document transform's input is
3446 impaired or broken.

3447 'job-completed-successfully': The job completed successfully. This value SHOULD be supported.

3448 'job-completed-with-warnings': The job completed with warnings. This value SHOULD be supported
3449 if the implementation detects warnings.

3450 'job-completed-with-errors': The job completed with errors (and possibly warnings too). This value
3451 SHOULD be supported if the implementation detects errors.

3452 'job-restartable' - This job is retained (see section 4.3.7.2) and is currently able to be restarted using the
3453 Restart-Job operation (see section 3.3.7). If 'job-restartable' is a value of the job's 'job-state-reasons'
3454 attribute, then the IPP object MUST accept a Restart-Job operation for that job. This value
3455 SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is supported.

3456 'queued-in-device': The job has been forwarded to a device or print system that is unable to send back
3457 status. The Printer sets the job's "job-state " attribute to 'completed' and adds the 'queued-in-device'
3458 value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate that the Printer has no additional
3459 information about the job and never will have any better information. See section 4.3.7.1.

3460 4.3.9 job-state-message (text(MAX))

3461 This attribute specifies information about the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes in human
3462 readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to generate this
3463 message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-language-supported"
3464 attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section 3.1.4.1).

3465 The value SHOULD NOT contain additional information not contained in the values of the "job-state" and
3466 "job-states-reasons" attributes, such as interpreter error information. Otherwise, application programs
3467 might attempt to parse the (localized text). For such additional information such as interpreter errors for
3468 application program consumption or specific document access errors, new attributes with keyword values,
3469 needs to be developed and registered.

3470 4.3.10 job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX))

3471 This attribute specifies additional detailed and technical information about the job. Neither the Printer nor
3472 the client localizes the message(s), since they are intended for use by the system administrator or other
3473 experienced technical persons. Clients MUST NOT attempt to parse the value of this attribute. See "job-
3474 document-access-errors" (section 4.3.11) for additional errors that a program can process.

3475 4.3.11 job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX))

3476 This attribute provides additional information about each document access error for this job encountered by
3477 the Printer after it returned a response to the Print-URI or Send-URI operation and subsequently attempted
3478 to access document(s) supplied in the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. For errors in the protocol that is
3479 identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri" operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code
3480 is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI. For example:

3481 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf

3482
3483 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in
3484 decimal.

3485 4.3.12 number-of-documents (integer(0:MAX))

3486 This attribute indicates the number of documents in the job, i.e., the number of Send-Document, Send-URI,
3487 Print-Job, or Print-URI operations that the Printer has accepted for this job, regardless of whether the
3488 document data has reached the Printer object or not.

3489 Implementations supporting the OPTIONAL Create-Job/Send-Document/Send-URI operations SHOULD
3490 support this attribute so that clients can query the number of documents in each job.

3491 4.3.13 output-device-assigned (name(127))

3492 This attribute identifies the output device to which the Printer object has assigned this job. If an output
3493 device implements an embedded Printer object, the Printer object NEED NOT set this attribute. If a print

3494 server implements a Printer object, the value MAY be empty (zero-length string) or not returned until the
3495 Printer object assigns an output device to the job. This attribute is particularly useful when a single Printer
3496 object support multiple devices (so called "fan-out").

3497 4.3.14 Event Time Job Description Attributes

3498 This section defines the Job Description attributes that indicate the time at which certain events occur for a
3499 job. If the job event has not yet occurred, then the IPP object MUST return the 'no-value' out-of-band value
3500 (see the beginning of Section 4.1). The "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes represent time as an 'integer'
3501 representing the number of seconds since the device was powered up (informally called "time ticks"). The
3502 "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" attributes represent time as 'dateTime' representing date and time (including
3503 an offset from UTC).

3504 In order to populate these attributes, the Printer object copies the value(s) of the following Printer
3505 Description attributes at the time the event occurs:

- 3506 1. the value in the Printer's "printer-up-time" attribute for the "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes
- 3507 2. the value in the Printer's "printer-current-time" attribute for the "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)"
3508 attributes.

3509 If the Printer resets its "printer-up-time" attribute to 1 on power-up (see section 4.4.29) and has persistent
3510 jobs, then it MUST change all of jobs' "time-at-xxx(integer)" (time tick) job attributes whose events have
3511 occurred either to:

- 3512 1. 0 to indicate that the event happened before the most recent power up OR
- 3513 2. the negative of the number of seconds before the most recent power-up that the event took place,
3514 though the negative number NEED NOT reflect the exact number of seconds.

3515 If a client queries a "time-at-xxx(integer)" time tick Job attribute and finds the value to be 0 or negative, the
3516 client MUST assume that the event occurred in some life other than the Printer's current life.

3517 Note: A Printer does not change the values of any "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" job attributes on power-up.

3518 4.3.14.1 time-at-creation (integer(MIN:MAX))

3519 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object was created.

3520 4.3.14.2 time-at-processing (integer(MIN:MAX))

3521 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object first began processing after the create
3522 operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation. The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job
3523 has not yet been in the 'processing' state (see the beginning of Section 4.1).

3524 4.3.14.3 time-at-completed (integer(MIN:MAX))

3525 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object completed (or was cancelled or
3526 aborted). The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job has not yet completed, been canceled, or
3527 aborted (see the beginning of Section 4.1).

3528 4.3.14.4 job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

3529 This REQUIRED Job Description attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that the Printer
3530 implementation has been up and running. This attribute is an alias for the "printer-up-time" Printer
3531 Description attribute (see Section 4.4.29).

3532 A client MAY request this attribute in a Get-Job-Attributes or Get-Jobs request and use the value returned
3533 in combination with other requested Event Time Job Description Attributes in order to display time
3534 attributes to a user. The difference between this attribute and the 'integer' value of a "time-at-xxx" attribute
3535 is the number of seconds ago that the "time-at-xxx" event occurred. A client can compute the wall-clock
3536 time at which the "time-at-xxx" event occurred by subtracting this difference from the client's wall-clock
3537 time.

3538 4.3.14.5 date-time-at-creation (dateTime)

3539 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object was created.

3540 4.3.14.6 date-time-at-processing (dateTime)

3541 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object first began processing after the create
3542 operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation.

3543 4.3.14.7 date-time-at-completed (dateTime)

3544 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object completed (or was cancelled or aborted).

3545 4.3.15 number-of-intervening-jobs (integer(0:MAX))

3546 This attribute indicates the number of jobs that are "ahead" of this job in the relative chronological order of
3547 expected time to complete (i.e., the current scheduled order). For efficiency, it is only necessary to calculate
3548 this value when an operation is performed that requests this attribute.

3549 4.3.16 job-message-from-operator (text(127))

3550 This attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to indicate
3551 to the end user the reasons for modification or other management action taken on a job.

3552 4.3.17 Job Size Attributes

3553 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the size of the job. These attributes are not intended to
3554 be counters; they are intended to be useful routing and scheduling information if known. For these
3555 attributes, the Printer object may try to compute the value if it is not supplied in the create request. Even if
3556 the client does supply a value for these three attributes in the create request, the Printer object MAY choose
3557 to change the value if the Printer object is able to compute a value which is more accurate than the client
3558 supplied value. The Printer object may be able to determine the correct value for these attributes either
3559 right at job submission time or at any later point in time.

3560 4.3.17.1 job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))

3561 This attribute specifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets requested to
3562 be processed in the job. The value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets MUST
3563 be indicated as being 1, 1025 to 2048 MUST be 2, etc.

3564 This value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number of copies specified by
3565 the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies without making
3566 multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is collated or not.
3567 Thus the value is independent of the implementation and indicates the size of the document(s) measured in
3568 K octets independent of the number of copies.

3569 This value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies instruction embedded in the
3570 document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the document data, this value will
3571 include such replication. In other words, this value is always the size of the source document data, rather
3572 than a measure of the hardcopy output to be produced.

3573 4.3.17.2 job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))

3574 This attribute specifies the total size in number of impressions of the document(s) being submitted (see the
3575 definition of impression in section 12.2.5).

3576 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number
3577 of copies specified by the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies
3578 without making multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is
3579 collated or not. Thus the value is independent of the implementation and reflects the size of the
3580 document(s) measured in impressions independent of the number of copies.

3581 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies
3582 instruction embedded in the document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the
3583 document data, this value will include such replication. In other words, this value is always the number of
3584 impressions in the source document data, rather than a measure of the number of impressions to be
3585 produced by the job.

3586 4.3.17.3 job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))

3587 This attribute specifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for this job.

3588 Unlike the "job-k-octets" and the "job-impressions" attributes, this value MUST include the multiplicative
3589 factors contributed by the number of copies specified by the "copies" attribute and a 'number of copies'
3590 instruction embedded in the document data, if any. This difference allows the system administrator to
3591 control the lower and upper bounds of both (1) the size of the document(s) with "job-k-octets-supported"
3592 and "job-impressions-supported" and (2) the size of the job with "job-media-sheets-supported".

3593 4.3.18 Job Progress Attributes

3594 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the progress of the job. These attributes are intended to
3595 be counters. That is, the value for a job that has not started processing MUST be 0. When the job's "job-
3596 state" is 'processing' or 'processing-stopped', this value is intended to contain the amount of the job that has
3597 been processed to the time at which the attributes are requested. When the job enters the 'completed',
3598 'canceled', or 'aborted' states, these values are the final values for the job.

3599 4.3.18.1 job-k-octets-processed (integer(0:MAX))

3600 This attribute specifies the total number of octets processed in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets so far.
3601 The value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets inclusive MUST be indicated as
3602 being 1, 1025 to 2048 inclusive MUST be 2, etc.

3603 For implementations where multiple copies are produced by the interpreter with only a single pass over the
3604 data, the final value MUST be equal to the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute. For implementations where
3605 multiple copies are produced by the interpreter by processing the data for each copy, the final value MUST
3606 be a multiple of the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute.

3607 4.3.18.2 job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX))

3608 This job attribute specifies the number of impressions completed for the job so far. For printing devices,
3609 the impressions completed includes interpreting, marking, and stacking the output.

3610 4.3.18.3 job-media-sheets-completed (integer(0:MAX))

3611 This job attribute specifies the media-sheets completed marking and stacking for the entire job so far
3612 whether those sheets have been processed on one side or on both.

3613 4.3.19 attributes-charset (charset)

3614 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-charset" attribute in
3615 the create request. It identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by any Job
3616 attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See
3617 Section 3.1.4 for a complete description of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute.

3618 This attribute does not indicate the charset in which the 'text' and 'name' values are stored internally in the
3619 Job object. The internal charset is implementation-defined. The IPP object **MUST** convert from whatever
3620 the internal charset is to that being requested in an operation as specified in Section 3.1.4.

3621 4.3.20 attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)

3622 This **REQUIRED** attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-natural-language"
3623 attribute in the create request. It identifies the natural language used for any Job attributes with attribute
3624 syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See Section 3.1.4 for a
3625 complete description of the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Sections 4.1.1.2 and
3626 4.1.2.2 for how a Natural Language Override may be supplied explicitly for each 'text' and 'name' attribute
3627 value that differs from the value identified by the "attributes-natural-language" attribute.

3628 4.4 Printer Description Attributes

3629 These attributes form the attribute group called "printer-description". The following table summarizes
3630 these attributes, their syntax, and whether or not they are **REQUIRED** for a Printer object to support. If
3631 they are not indicated as **REQUIRED**, they are **OPTIONAL**. The maximum size in octets for 'text' and
3632 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

3633 Note: How these attributes are set by an Administrator is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

3634	+-----+-----+-----+
3635	Attribute Syntax REQUIRED?
3636	+-----+-----+-----+
3637	printer-uri-supported 1setOf uri REQUIRED
3638	+-----+-----+-----+
3639	uri-security-supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3640	+-----+-----+-----+
3641	uri-authentication- 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3642	supported
3643	+-----+-----+-----+
3644	printer-name name (127) REQUIRED
3645	+-----+-----+-----+
3646	printer-location text (127)
3647	+-----+-----+-----+
3648	printer-info text (127)
3649	+-----+-----+-----+
3650	printer-more-info uri
3651	+-----+-----+-----+
3652	printer-driver-installer uri
3653	+-----+-----+-----+
3654	printer-make-and-model text (127)
3655	+-----+-----+-----+
3656	printer-more-info- uri
3657	manufacturer
3658	+-----+-----+-----+
3659	printer-state type1 enum REQUIRED
3660	+-----+-----+-----+
3661	printer-state-reasons 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3662	+-----+-----+-----+
3663	printer-state-message text (MAX)
3664	+-----+-----+-----+
3665	ipp-versions-supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3666	+-----+-----+-----+
3667	operations-supported 1setOf type2 enum REQUIRED
3668	+-----+-----+-----+
3669	ipp-multiple-document-jobs- boolean
3670	supported
3671	+-----+-----+-----+
3672	charset-configured charset REQUIRED
3673	+-----+-----+-----+
3674	charset-supported 1setOf charset REQUIRED
3675	+-----+-----+-----+
3676	natural-language-configured naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3677	+-----+-----+-----+
3678	generated-natural-language- 1setOf naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3679	supported
3680	+-----+-----+-----+
3681	document-format-default mimeType REQUIRED
3682	+-----+-----+-----+

3683	document-format-supported	1setOf mimeType	REQUIRED	
3684	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3685	printer-is-accepting-jobs	boolean	REQUIRED	
3686	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3687	queued-job-count	integer (0:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3688	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3689	printer-message-from-	text (127)		
3690	operator			
3691	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3692	color-supported	boolean		
3693	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3694	reference-uri-schemes-	1setOf uriScheme		
3695	supported			
3696	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3697	pdl-override-supported	type2 keyword	REQUIRED	
3698	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3699	printer-up-time	integer (1:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3700	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3701	printer-current-time	dateTime		
3702	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3703	multiple-operation-time-out	integer (1:MAX)		
3704	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3705	compression-supported	1setOf type3 keyword	REQUIRED	
3706	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3707	job-k-octets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3708	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3709	job-impressions-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3710	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3711	job-media-sheets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3712	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3713	pages-per-minute	integer(0:MAX)		
3714	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3715	pages-per-minute-color	integer(0:MAX)		
3716	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3717				

3718 4.4.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

3719 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains at least one URI for the Printer object. It OPTIONALLY
3720 contains more than one URI for the Printer object. An administrator determines a Printer object's URI(s)
3721 and configures this attribute to contain those URIs by some means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1
3722 document. The precise format of this URI is implementation dependent and depends on the protocol. See
3723 the next two sections for a description of the "uri-security-supported" and "uri-authentication-supported"
3724 attributes, both of which are the REQUIRED companion attributes to this "printer-uri-supported" attribute.
3725 See section 2.4 on Printer object identity and section 8.2 on security and URIs for more information.

3726 4.4.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3727 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as
3728 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the Client Authentication mechanism
3729 associated with each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The Printer object uses the specified
3730 mechanism to identify the authenticated user (see section 8.3). The "i th" value in "uri-authentication-
3731 supported" corresponds to the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the authentication
3732 mechanisms used by the Printer when accessed via that URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on Client
3733 Authentication.

3734 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3735 'none': There is no authentication mechanism associated with the URI. The Printer object assumes that
3736 the authenticated user is "anonymous".

3737 'requesting-user-name': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the
3738 Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is specified by the "requesting-user-name"
3739 Operation attribute (see section 8.3). If the "requesting-user-name" attribute is absent in a request,
3740 the Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is "anonymous".

3741 'basic': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3742 challenges the client with HTTP basic authentication [RFC2617]. The Printer object assumes that
3743 the authenticated user is the name received via the basic authentication mechanism.

3744 'digest': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3745 challenges the client with HTTP digest authentication [RFC2617]. The Printer object assumes that
3746 the authenticated user is the name received via the digest authentication mechanism.

3747 'certificate': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3748 expects the client to provide a certificate. The Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is
3749 the textual name contained within the certificate.

3750 4.4.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3751 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as
3752 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the security mechanisms used for each URI
3753 listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The "i th" value in "uri-security-supported" corresponds to
3754 the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the security mechanisms used for accessing the
3755 Printer object via that URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on security mechanisms.

3756 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3757 'none': There are no secure communication channel protocols in use for the given URI.

3758 'ssl3': SSL3 [SSL] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.

3759 'tls': TLS [RFC2246] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.
3760

3761 This attribute is orthogonal to the definition of a Client Authentication mechanism. Specifically, 'none'
3762 does not exclude Client Authentication. See section 4.4.2.

3763 Consider the following example. For a single Printer object, an administrator configures the "printer-uri-
3764 supported", "uri-authentication-supported" and "uri-security-supported" attributes as follows:

```
3765 "printer-uri-supported": 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer',  
3766 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer'  
3767 "uri-authentication-supported": 'none', 'digest', 'basic'  
3768 "uri-security-supported": 'none', 'none', 'tls'  
3769
```

3770 Note: 'xxx' is not a valid scheme. See the IPP/1.1 "Transport and Encoding" document [IPP-PRO] for the
3771 actual URI schemes to be used in object target attributes.

3772 In this case, one Printer object has three URIs.

- 3773 - For the first URI, 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-supported"
3774 indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The value of 'none'
3775 in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that all users are 'anonymous'. There will be no
3776 challenge and the Printer will ignore "requesting-user-name".
- 3777 - For the second URI, 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-
3778 supported" indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The
3779 value of 'digest' in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and
3780 that the Printer will use the name supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated
3781 user (see section 8.3).
- 3782 - For the third URI, 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer', the value 'tls' in "uri-security-supported" indicates
3783 that TLS is being used to secure the channel. The client SHOULD be prepared to use TLS framing
3784 to negotiate an acceptable ciphersuite to use while communicating with the Printer object. In this
3785 case, the name implies the use of a secure communications channel, but the fact is made explicit by
3786 the presence of the 'tls' value in "uri-security-supported". The client does not need to resort to
3787 understanding which security it must use by following naming conventions or by parsing the URI to
3788 determine which security mechanisms are implied. The value of 'basic' in "uri-authentication-
3789 supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and that the Printer will use the name
3790 supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated user (see section 8.3) . Because
3791 this challenge occurs in a tls session, the channel is secure.

3792

3793 It is expected that many IPP Printer objects will be configured to support only one channel (either
3794 configured to use TLS access or not) and only one authentication mechanism. Such Printer objects only
3795 have one URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. No matter the configuration of the Printer
3796 object (whether it has only one URI or more than one URI), a client MUST supply only one URI in the
3797 target "printer-uri" operation attribute.

3798 4.4.4 printer-name (name(127))

3799 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains the name of the Printer object. It is a name that is more end-
3800 user friendly than a URI. An administrator determines a printer's name and sets this attribute to that name.
3801 This name may be the last part of the printer's URI or it may be unrelated. In non-US-English locales, a
3802 name may contain characters that are not allowed in a URI.

3803 4.4.5 printer-location (text(127))

3804 This Printer attribute identifies the location of the device. This could include things like: "in Room 123A,
3805 second floor of building XYZ".

3806 4.4.6 printer-info (text(127))

3807 This Printer attribute identifies the descriptive information about this Printer object. This could include
3808 things like: "This printer can be used for printing color transparencies for HR presentations", or "Out of
3809 courtesy for others, please print only small (1-5 page) jobs at this printer", or even "This printer is going
3810 away on July 1, 1997, please find a new printer".

3811 4.4.7 printer-more-info (uri)

3812 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this specific Printer object. For
3813 example, this could be an HTTP type URI referencing an HTML page accessible to a Web Browser. The
3814 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of IPP
3815 can be accessed from this URI. The information is intended to be specific to this printer instance and site
3816 specific services (e.g. job pricing, services offered, end user assistance). The device manufacturer may
3817 initially populate this attribute.

3818 4.4.8 printer-driver-installer (uri)

3819 This Printer attribute contains a URI to use to locate the driver installer for this Printer object. This
3820 attribute is intended for consumption by automata. The mechanics of print driver installation is outside the
3821 scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

3822 4.4.9 printer-make-and-model (text(127))

3823 This Printer attribute identifies the make and model of the device. The device manufacturer may initially
3824 populate this attribute.

3825 4.4.10 printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)

3826 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this type of device. The
3827 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of
3828 IPP can be accessed from this URI (e.g., latest firmware, upgrades, print drivers, optional features available,
3829 details on color support). The information is intended to be germane to this printer without regard to site
3830 specific modifications or services. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

3831 4.4.11 printer-state (type1 enum)

3832 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the current state of the device. The "printer-state reasons"
3833 attribute augments the "printer-state" attribute to give more detailed information about the Printer in the
3834 given printer state.

3835 A Printer object need only update this attribute before responding to an operation which requests the
3836 attribute; the Printer object NEED NOT update this attribute continually, since asynchronous event
3837 notification is not part of IPP/1.1. A Printer NEED NOT implement all values if they are not applicable to
3838 a given implementation.

3839 The following standard enum values are defined:

3840 Value Symbolic Name and Description

3841

3842 '3' 'idle': Indicates that new jobs can start processing without waiting.

3843 '4' 'processing': Indicates that jobs are processing; new jobs will wait before processing.

3844 '5' 'stopped': Indicates that no jobs can be processed and intervention is required.

3845 Values of "printer-state-reasons", such as 'spool-area-full' and 'stopped-partly', MAY be used to provide
3846 further information.

3847 4.4.12 printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)

3848 This REQUIRED Printer attribute supplies additional detail about the device's state. Some of the these
3849 value definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL.

3850 Each keyword value MAY have a suffix to indicate its level of severity. The three levels are: report (least
3851 severe), warning, and error (most severe).

3852 - '-report': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "report". An implementation may choose to omit
3853 some or all reports. Some reports specify finer granularity about the printer state; others serve as a
3854 precursor to a warning. A report MUST contain nothing that could affect the printed output.

3855 - '-warning': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "warning". An implementation may choose to omit
3856 some or all warnings. Warnings serve as a precursor to an error. A warning MUST contain nothing
3857 that prevents a job from completing, though in some cases the output may be of lower quality.

3858 - '-error': This suffix indicates that the reason is an "error". An implementation MUST include all
3859 errors. If this attribute contains one or more errors, printer MUST be in the stopped state.
3860

3861 If the implementation does not add any one of the three suffixes, all parties MUST assume that the reason is
3862 an "error".

3863 If a Printer object controls more than one output device, each value of this attribute MAY apply to one or
3864 more of the output devices. An error on one output device that does not stop the Printer object as a whole
3865 MAY appear as a warning in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons attribute". If the "printer-state" for such a
3866 Printer has a value of 'stopped', then there MUST be an error reason among the values in the "printer-state-
3867 reasons" attribute.

3868 The following standard keyword values are defined:

- 3869 'other': The device has detected an error other than one listed in this document.
3870 'none': There are not reasons. This state reason is semantically equivalent to "printer-state-reasons"
3871 without any value and MUST be used, since the lsetOf attribute syntax requires at least one value.
3872 'media-needed': A tray has run out of media.
3873 'media-jam': The device has a media jam.
3874 'moving-to-paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see
3875 section 3.2.7) or other means, but the device(s) are taking an appreciable time to stop. Later, when
3876 all output has stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the
3877 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. This value MUST be supported, if
3878 the Pause-Printer operation is supported and the implementation takes significant time to pause a
3879 device in certain circumstances.
3880 'paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see section 3.2.7) or
3881 other means and the Printer object's "printer-state" is 'stopped'. In this state, a Printer MUST NOT
3882 produce printed output, but it MUST perform other operations requested by a client. If a Printer had
3883 been printing a job when the Printer was paused, the Printer MUST resume printing that job when
3884 the Printer is no longer paused and leave no evidence in the printed output of such a pause. This
3885 value MUST be supported, if the Pause-Printer operation is supported.
3886 'shutdown': Someone has removed a Printer object from service, and the device may be powered down
3887 or physically removed. In this state, a Printer object MUST NOT produce printed output, and unless
3888 the Printer object is realized by a print server that is still active, the Printer object MUST perform no
3889 other operations requested by a client, including returning this value. If a Printer object had been
3890 printing a job when it was shutdown, the Printer NEED NOT resume printing that job when the
3891 Printer is no longer shutdown. If the Printer resumes printing such a job, it may leave evidence in
3892 the printed output of such a shutdown, e.g. the part printed before the shutdown may be printed a
3893 second time after the shutdown.
3894 'connecting-to-device': The Printer object has scheduled a job on the output device and is in the process
3895 of connecting to a shared network output device (and might not be able to actually start printing the
3896 job for an arbitrarily long time depending on the usage of the output device by other servers on the
3897 network).
3898 'timed-out': The server was able to connect to the output device (or is always connected), but was unable
3899 to get a response from the output device.
3900 'stopping': The Printer object is in the process of stopping the device and will be stopped in a while.
3901 When the device is stopped, the Printer object will change the Printer object's state to 'stopped'. The
3902 'stopping-warning' reason is never an error, even for a Printer with a single output device. When an
3903 output-device ceases accepting jobs, the Printer will have this reason while the output device
3904 completes printing.
3905 'stopped-partly': When a Printer object controls more than one output device, this reason indicates that
3906 one or more output devices are stopped. If the reason is a report, fewer than half of the output
3907 devices are stopped. If the reason is a warning, fewer than all of the output devices are stopped.
3908 'toner-low': The device is low on toner.
3909 'toner-empty': The device is out of toner.
3910 'spool-area-full': The limit of persistent storage allocated for spooling has been reached. The Printer is
3911 temporarily unable to accept more jobs. The Printer will remove this value when it is able to accept

3912 more jobs. This value SHOULD be used by a non-spooling Printer that only accepts one or a small
3913 number jobs at a time or a spooling Printer that has filled the spool space.

3914 'cover-open': One or more covers on the device are open.
3915 'interlock-open': One or more interlock devices on the printer are unlocked.
3916 'door-open': One or more doors on the device are open.
3917 'input-tray-missing': One or more input trays are not in the device.
3918 'media-low': At least one input tray is low on media.
3919 'media-empty': At least one input tray is empty.
3920 'output-tray-missing': One or more output trays are not in the device
3921 'output-area-almost-full': One or more output area is almost full (e.g. tray, stacker, collator).
3922 'output-area-full': One or more output area is full. (e.g. tray, stacker, collator)
3923 'marker-supply-low': The device is low on at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)
3924 'marker-supply-empty': The device is out of at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)
3925 'marker-waste-almost-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is almost full.
3926 'marker-waste-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is full.
3927 'fuser-over-temp': The fuser temperature is above normal.
3928 'fuser-under-temp': The fuser temperature is below normal.
3929 'opc-near-eol': The optical photo conductor is near end of life.
3930 'opc-life-over': The optical photo conductor is no longer functioning.
3931 'developer-low': The device is low on developer.
3932 'developer-empty': The device is out of developer.
3933 'interpreter-resource-unavailable': An interpreter resource is unavailable (i.e. font, form)
3934

3935 4.4.13 printer-state-message (text(MAX))

3936 This Printer attribute specifies the additional information about the printer state and printer state reasons in
3937 human readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to
3938 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-
3939 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section
3940 3.1.4.1).

3941 4.4.14 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3942 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the IPP protocol version(s) that this Printer supports, including major
3943 and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Printer implementation meets the conformance
3944 requirements. For version number validation, the Printer matches the (two-octet binary) "version-number"
3945 parameter supplied by the client in each request (see sections 3.1.1 and 3.1.8) with the (US-ASCII) keyword
3946 values of this attribute.

3947 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3948 '1.0': Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.0 as specified in RFC 2566 [RFC2566] and
3949 RFC 2565 [RFC2565] including any extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension
3950 defined in this version or any future version of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP

3951 "Encoding and Transport" document following the rules, if any, when the "version-number"
 3952 parameter is '1.0'.
 3953 '1.1': Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.1 as specified in this document and [IPP-
 3954 PRO] including any extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension defined in any
 3955 future versions of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP Encoding and Transport
 3956 document following the rules, if any, when the "version-number" parameter is '1.1'.

3957 4.4.15 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)

3958 This REQUIRED Printer attribute specifies the set of supported operations for this Printer object and
 3959 contained Job objects.

3960 This attribute is encoded as any other enum attribute syntax according to [IPP-PRO] as 32-bits. However,
 3961 all 32-bit enum values for this attribute MUST NOT exceed 0x00008FFF, since these same values are also
 3962 passed in two octets in the "operation-id" parameter (see section 3.1.1) in each Protocol request with the
 3963 two high order octets omitted in order to indicate the operation being performed [IPP-PRO].

3964 The following standard enum and "operation-id" (see section 3.1.2) values are defined:

3965	Value	Operation Name
3966	-----	-----
3967		
3968	0x0000	reserved, not used
3969	0x0001	reserved, not used
3970	0x0002	Print-Job
3971	0x0003	Print-URI
3972	0x0004	Validate-Job
3973	0x0005	Create-Job
3974	0x0006	Send-Document
3975	0x0007	Send-URI
3976	0x0008	Cancel-Job
3977	0x0009	Get-Job-Attributes
3978	0x000A	Get-Jobs
3979	0x000B	Get-Printer-Attributes
3980	0x000C	Hold-Job
3981	0x000D	Release-Job
3982	0x000E	Restart-Job
3983	0x000F	reserved for a future operation
3984	0x0010	Pause-Printer
3985	0x0011	Resume-Printer
3986	0x0012	Purge-Jobs
3987	0x0013-0x3FFF	reserved for future operations
3988	0x4000-0x8FFF	reserved for private extensions
3989		

3990 The reserved block for private extensions allows for vendors to implement private extensions that are
3991 guaranteed to not conflict with future registered extensions. However, there is no guarantee that two or
3992 more private extensions will not conflict.

3993 4.4.16 multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)

3994 This Printer attribute indicates whether or not the Printer supports more than one document per job, i.e.,
3995 more than one Send-Document or Send-Data operation with document data. If the Printer supports the
3996 Create-Job and Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

3997 4.4.17 charset-configured (charset)

3998 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the charset that the Printer object has been configured to
3999 represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or
4000 manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-
4001 make-and-model" (text). Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "charset-configured" attribute MUST
4002 also be among the values of the Printer object's "charset-supported" attribute.

4003 4.4.18 charset-supported (1setOf charset)

4004 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of charsets that the Printer and contained Job objects
4005 support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. At least the value 'utf-8' MUST be present, since
4006 IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset. If a Printer object supports a charset, it means
4007 that for all attributes of syntax 'text' and 'name' the IPP object MUST (1) accept the charset in requests and
4008 return the charset in responses as needed.

4009 If more charsets than UTF-8 are supported, the IPP object MUST perform charset conversion between the
4010 charsets as described in Section 3.1.4.2.

4011 4.4.19 natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)

4012 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language that the Printer object has been configured
4013 to represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or
4014 manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-
4015 make-and-model" (text). When returning these Printer attributes, the Printer object MAY return them in the
4016 configured natural language specified by this attribute, instead of the natural language requested by the
4017 client in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Section 3.1.4.1 for the specification of
4018 the OPTIONAL multiple natural language support. Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "natural-
4019 language-configured" attribute MUST also be among the values of the Printer object's "generated-natural-
4020 language-supported" attribute.

4021 4.4.20 generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)

4022 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language(s) that the Printer object and contained
4023 Job objects support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. The natural language(s) supported
4024 depends on implementation and/or configuration. Unlike charsets, IPP objects MUST accept requests with
4025 any natural language or any Natural Language Override whether the natural language is supported or not.

4026 If a Printer object supports a natural language, it means that for any of the attributes for which the Printer or
4027 Job object generates messages, i.e., for the "job-state-message" and "printer-state-message" attributes and
4028 Operation Messages (see Section 3.1.5) in operation responses, the Printer and Job objects MUST be able
4029 to generate messages in any of the Printer's supported natural languages. See section 3.1.4 for the definition
4030 of 'text' and 'name' attributes in operation requests and responses.

4031 Note: A Printer object that supports multiple natural languages, often has separate catalogs of messages,
4032 one for each natural language supported.

4033 4.4.21 document-format-default (mimeMediaType)

4034 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the document format that the Printer object has been
4035 configured to assume if the client does not supply a "document-format" operation attribute in any of the
4036 operation requests that supply document data. The standard values for this attribute are Internet Media
4037 types (sometimes called MIME types). For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType'
4038 attribute syntax in Section 4.1.9.

4039 4.4.22 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType)

4040 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of document formats that the Printer object and
4041 contained Job objects can support. For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType' attribute
4042 syntax in Section 4.1.9.

4043 4.4.23 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)

4044 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates whether the printer is currently able to accept jobs, i.e., is
4045 accepting Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job requests. If the value is 'true', the printer is accepting jobs.
4046 If the value is 'false', the Printer object is currently rejecting any jobs submitted to it. In this case, the
4047 Printer object returns the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code.

4048 This value is independent of the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes because its value does
4049 not affect the current job; rather it affects future jobs. This attribute, when 'false', causes the Printer to
4050 reject jobs even when the "printer-state" is 'idle' or, when 'true', causes the Printer object to accept jobs
4051 even when the "printer-state" is 'stopped'.

4052 4.4.24 queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))

4053 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains a count of the number of jobs that are either 'pending',
4054 'processing', 'pending-held', or 'processing-stopped' and is set by the Printer object.

4055 4.4.25 printer-message-from-operator (text(127))

4056 This Printer attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to
4057 indicate to the end user information or status of the printer, such as why it is unavailable or when it is
4058 expected to be available.

4059 4.4.26 color-supported (boolean)

4060 This Printer attribute identifies whether the device is capable of any type of color printing at all, including
4061 highlight color. All document instructions having to do with color are embedded within the document PDL
4062 (none are external IPP attributes in IPP/1.1).

4063 Note: end-users are able to determine the nature and details of the color support by querying the "printer-
4064 more-info-manufacturer" Printer attribute.

4065 4.4.27 reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)

4066 This Printer attribute specifies which URI schemes are supported for use in the "document-uri" operation
4067 attribute of the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. If a Printer object supports these optional operations, it
4068 MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer attribute with at least the following schemed
4069 URI value:

4070 'ftp': The Printer object will use an FTP 'get' operation as defined in RFC 2228 [RFC2228] using FTP
4071 URLs as defined by [RFC2396] and [RFC2316].
4072

4073 The Printer object MAY OPTIONALLY support other URI schemes (see section 4.1.6).

4074 4.4.28 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)

4075 This REQUIRED Printer attribute expresses the ability for a particular Printer implementation to either
4076 attempt to override document data instructions with IPP attributes or not.

4077 This attribute takes on the following values:

- 4078 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take
4079 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
- 4080 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute
4081 values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.
4082

4083 Section 15 contains a full description of how this attribute interacts with and affects other IPP attributes,
4084 especially the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

4085 4.4.29 printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

4086 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that this Printer instance has
4087 been up and running. The value is a monotonically increasing value starting from 1 when the Printer object
4088 is started-up (initialized, booted, etc.). This value is used to populate the Event Time Job Description Job
4089 attributes "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed" (see section 4.3.14).

4090 If the Printer object goes down at some value 'n', and comes back up, the implementation MAY:

- 4091 1. Know how long it has been down, and resume at some value greater than 'n', or
- 4092 2. Restart from 1.

4093 In other words, if the device or devices that the Printer object is representing are restarted or power cycled,
4094 the Printer object MAY continue counting this value or MAY reset this value to 1 depending on
4095 implementation. However, if the Printer object software ceases running, and restarts without knowing the
4096 last value for "printer-up-time", the implementation MUST reset this value to 1. If this value is reset and
4097 the Printer has persistent jobs, the Printer MUST reset the "time-at-xxx(integer) Event Time Job
4098 Description attributes according to Section 4.3.14. An implementation MAY use both implementation
4099 alternatives, depending on warm versus cold start, respectively.

4100 4.4.30 printer-current-time (dateTime)

4101 This Printer attribute indicates the current date and time. This value is used to populate the Event Time Job
4102 Description attributes: "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed" (see Section
4103 4.3.14).

4104 The date and time is obtained on a "best efforts basis" and does not have to be that precise in order to work
4105 in practice. A Printer implementation sets the value of this attribute by obtaining the date and time via
4106 some implementation-dependent means, such as getting the value from a network time server, initialization
4107 at time of manufacture, or setting by an administrator. See [IPP-IIG] for examples. If an implementation
4108 supports this attribute and the implementation knows that it has not yet been set, then the implementation
4109 MUST return the value of this attribute using the out-of-band 'no-value' meaning not configured. See the
4110 beginning of section 4.1.

4111 The time zone of this attribute NEED NOT be the time zone used by people located near the Printer object
4112 or device. The client MUST NOT expect that the time zone of any received 'dateTime' value to be in the
4113 time zone of the client or in the time zone of the people located near the printer.

4114 The client SHOULD display any dateTime attributes to the user in client local time by converting the
4115 'dateTime' value returned by the server to the time zone of the client, rather than using the time zone
4116 returned by the Printer in attributes that use the 'dateTime' attribute syntax.

4117 4.4.31 multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))

4118 This Printer attribute identifies the minimum time (in seconds) that the Printer object waits for additional
4119 Send-Document or Send-URI operations to follow a still-open multi-document Job object before taking
4120 any recovery actions, such as the ones indicated in section 3.3.1. If the Printer object supports the Create-
4121 Job and Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

4122 It is RECOMMENDED that vendors supply a value for this attribute that is between 60 and 240 seconds.
4123 An implementation MAY allow a system administrator to set this attribute (by means outside this IPP/1.1
4124 document). If so, the system administrator MAY be able to set values outside this range.

4125 4.4.32 compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)

4126 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of supported compression algorithms for document
4127 data. Compression only applies to the document data; compression does not apply to the encoding of the
4128 IPP operation itself. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "compression" operation
4129 attributes in Print-Job, Send-Document, and Send-URI requests.

4130 Standard values are :

4131 'none': no compression is used.

4132 'deflate': ZIP public domain inflate/deflate) compression technology

4133 'gzip' GNU zip compression technology described in RFC 1952 [RFC1952].

4134 'compress': UNIX compression technology

4135

4136 4.4.33 job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4137 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds of total sizes of jobs in K octets, i.e., in units of
4138 1024 octets. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-k-octets" operation attributes
4139 in create requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-k-octets" is defined in section 4.3.17.1.

4140 4.4.34 job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4141 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of impressions per job. The
4142 supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-impressions" operation attributes in create
4143 requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-impressions" is defined in section 4.3.17.2.

4144 4.4.35 job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4145 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of media sheets per job. The
4146 supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-media-sheets" operation attributes in create
4147 requests. The corresponding Job attribute "job-media-sheets" is defined in section 4.3.17.3.

4148 4.4.36 pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))

4149 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which
4150 may be generated by this printer (e.g., simplex, black-and-white). This attribute is informative, not a
4151 service guarantee. Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the device.

4152 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4153 4.4.37 pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))

4154 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which
4155 may be generated by this printer when printing color (e.g., simplex, color). For purposes of this attribute,
4156 "color" means the same as for the "color-supported" attribute, namely, the device is capable of any type of
4157 color printing at all, including highlight color. This attribute is informative, not a service guarantee.
4158 Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the color capabilities of this device.

4159 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4160 If a color device has several color modes, it MAY use the pages-per-minute value for this attribute that
4161 corresponds to the mode that produces the highest number.

4162 Black and white only printers MUST NOT support this attribute. If this attribute is present, then the "color-
4163 supported" Printer description attribute MUST be present and have a 'true' value.

4164 The values of these two attributes returned by the Get-Printer-Attributes operation MAY be affected by the
4165 "document-format" attribute supplied by the client in the Get-Printer-Attributes request. In other words, the
4166 implementation MAY have different speeds depending on the document format being processed. See
4167 section 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes.

4168 5. Conformance

4169 This section describes conformance issues and requirements. This document introduces model entities such
4170 as objects, operations, attributes, attribute syntaxes, and attribute values. These conformance sections
4171 describe the conformance requirements which apply to these model entities.

4172 5.1 Client Conformance Requirements

4173 This section describes the conformance requirements for a client (see section 2.1), whether it be:

- 4174 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an
4175 application that sends IPP requests or
- 4176 2. the print server component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another
4177 "downstream" print server.

4178 A conforming client MUST support all REQUIRED operations as defined in this document. For each
4179 attribute included in an operation request, a conforming client MUST supply a value whose type and value
4180 syntax conforms to the requirements of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4. A
4181 conforming client MAY supply any registered extensions and/or private extensions in an operation request,
4182 as long as they meet the requirements in Section 6.

4183 Otherwise, there are no conformance requirements placed on the user interfaces provided by IPP clients or
4184 their applications. For example, one application might not allow an end user to submit multiple documents
4185 per job, while another does. One application might first query a Printer object in order to supply a graphical
4186 user interface (GUI) dialogue box with supported and default values whereas a different implementation
4187 might not.

4188 When sending a request, an IPP client NEED NOT supply any attributes that are indicated as
4189 OPTIONALLY supplied by the client.

4190 A client MUST be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their full
4191 range, that may be returned to it in a response from a Printer object. In particular for each attribute that the
4192 client supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the client MUST accept and process both the
4193 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the client supports
4194 whose attribute syntax is 'name', the client MUST accept and process both the 'nameWithoutLanguage' and
4195 'nameWithLanguage' forms. For presentation purposes, truncation of long attribute values is not
4196 recommended. A recommended approach would be for the client implementation to allow the user to scroll
4197 through long attribute values.

4198 A response MAY contain attribute groups, attributes, attribute syntaxes, values, and status codes that the
4199 client does not expect. Therefore, a client implementation MUST gracefully handle such responses and not
4200 refuse to inter-operate with a conforming Printer that is returning registered or private extensions, including
4201 attribute groups, attributes, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that conform to Section 6.
4202 Clients may choose to ignore any parameters, attributes, attribute syntaxes, or values that they do not
4203 understand.

4204 While a client is sending data to a printer, it SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by
4205 a lower layer when the channel is blocked (i.e. flow-controlled off) for whatever reason, e.g. 'out of paper'
4206 or 'job ahead hasn't freed up enough memory'. However, the layer that launched the print submission (e.g.
4207 an end user) MAY close the channel in order to cancel the job. When a client closes a channel, a Printer
4208 MAY print all or part of the received portion of the document. See the "Encoding and Transport" document
4209 [IPP-PRO] for more details.

4210 A client MUST support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document
4211 [IPP-PRO]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as defined in the
4212 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. See also section 8 of this document.

4213 5.2 IPP Object Conformance Requirements

4214 This section specifies the conformance requirements for conforming implementations of IPP objects (see
4215 section 2). These requirements apply to an IPP object whether it is:

4216 (1) an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or

4217 (2) a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests (where the print server control one or
4218 more networked devices using IPP or other protocols).

4219 5.2.1 Objects

4220 Conforming implementations MUST implement all of the model objects as defined in this document in the
4221 indicated sections:

4222 Section 2.1 - Printer Object

4223 Section 2.2 - Job Object

4224 5.2.2 Operations

4225 Conforming IPP object implementations MUST implement all of the REQUIRED model operations,
4226 including REQUIRED responses, as defined in this document in the indicated sections:

4227 For a Printer object:

4228	Print-Job (section 3.2.1)	REQUIRED
4229	Print-URI (section 3.2.2)	OPTIONAL
4230	Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)	REQUIRED
4231	Create-Job (section 3.2.4)	OPTIONAL
4232	Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)	REQUIRED
4233	Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)	REQUIRED
4234	Pause-Printer (section 3.2.7)	OPTIONAL
4235	Resume-Printer (section 3.2.8)	OPTIONAL
4236	Purge-Jobs (section 3.2.9)	OPTIONAL

4237

4238 For a Job object:

4239	Send-Document (section 3.3.1)	OPTIONAL
4240	Send-URI (section 3.3.2)	OPTIONAL
4241	Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)	REQUIRED
4242	Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)	REQUIRED
4243	Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)	OPTIONAL
4244	Release-Job (section 3.3.6)	OPTIONAL
4245	Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)	OPTIONAL

4246

4247 Conforming IPP objects MUST support all REQUIRED operation attributes and all values of such
4248 attributes if so indicated in the description. Conforming IPP objects MUST ignore all unsupported or

4249 unknown operation attributes or operation attribute groups received in a request, but MUST reject a request
4250 that contains a supported operation attribute that contains an unsupported value.

4251 Conforming IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain attributes groups, attributes names,
4252 attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are extensions to this standard. The additional
4253 attribute groups MAY occur in any order.

4254 The following section on object attributes specifies the support required for object attributes.

4255 5.2.3 IPP Object Attributes

4256 Conforming IPP objects MUST support all of the REQUIRED object attributes, as defined in this document
4257 in the indicated sections.

4258 If an object supports an attribute, it MUST support only those values specified in this document or through
4259 the extension mechanism described in section 5.2.4. It MAY support any non-empty subset of these values.
4260 That is, it MUST support at least one of the specified values and at most all of them.

4261 5.2.4 Versions

4262 IPP/1.1 clients MUST meet the conformance requirements for clients specified in this document and [IPP-
4263 PRO]. IPP/1.1 clients MUST send requests containing a "version-number" parameter with a '1.1' value.

4264 IPP/1.1 Printer and Job objects MUST meet the conformance requirements for IPP objects specified in this
4265 document and [IPP-PRO]. IPP/1.1 objects MUST accept requests containing a "version-number"
4266 parameter with a '1.1' value (or reject the request if the operation is not supported).

4267 It is beyond the scope of this specification to mandate conformance with previous versions. IPP/1.1 was
4268 deliberately designed, however, to make supporting previous versions easy. It is worth noting that, at the
4269 time of composing this specification (1999), we would expect IPP/1.1 Printer implementations to:

4270 understand any valid request in the format of IPP/1.0, or 1.1;

4271 respond appropriately with a response containing the same "version-number" parameter value used
4272 by the client in the request.

4273 And we would expect IPP/1.1 clients to:

4274 understand any valid response in the format of IPP/1.0, or 1.1.

4275 It is recommended that IPP/1.1 clients try supplying alternate version numbers if they receive a 'server-
4276 error-version-not-supported' error return in a response.

4277 .

4278 5.2.5 Extensions

4279 A conforming IPP object MAY support registered extensions and private extensions, as long as they meet
4280 the requirements specified in Section 6.

4281 For each attribute included in an operation response, a conforming IPP object MUST return a value whose
4282 type and value syntax conforms to the requirement of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4.

4283 5.2.6 Attribute Syntaxes

4284 An IPP object MUST be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their
4285 full range, in any operation in which a client may supply attributes or the system administrator may
4286 configure attributes (by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In particular for each attribute
4287 that the IPP object supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the IPP object MUST accept and process both
4288 the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the IPP object
4289 supports whose attribute syntax is 'name', the IPP object MUST accept and process both the
4290 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' forms. Furthermore, an IPP object MUST return
4291 attributes to the client in operation responses that conform to the syntax specified in Section 4.1, including
4292 their full range if supplied previously by a client.

4293 5.2.7 Security

4294 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the
4295 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an
4296 administrator to configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. See also
4297 section 8 of this document.

4298 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication
4299 as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY
4300 allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication.
4301 See also section 8 of this document.

4302 Security MUST NOT be compromised when a client supplies a lower "version-number" parameter in a
4303 request. For example, if an IPP/1.1 conforming Printer object accepts version '1.0' requests and is
4304 configured to enforce Digest Authentication, it MUST do the same for a version '1.0' request.

4305 5.3 Charset and Natural Language Requirements

4306 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset as defined in section 4.1.7.

4307 IPP objects MUST be able to accept any client request which correctly uses the "attributes-natural-
4308 language" operation attribute or the Natural Language Override mechanism on any individual attribute
4309 whether or not the natural language is supported by the IPP object. If an IPP object supports a natural
4310 language, then it MUST be able to translate (perhaps by table lookup) all generated 'text' or 'name' attribute
4311 values into one of the supported languages (see section 3.1.4). That is, the IPP object that supports a

4312 natural language NEED NOT be a general purpose translator of any arbitrary 'text' or 'name' value supplied
4313 by the client into that natural language. However, the object MUST be able to translate (automatically
4314 generate) any of its own attribute values and messages into that natural language.

4315 6. IANA Considerations (registered and private extensions)

4316 This section describes how IPP can be extended to allow the following registered and private extensions to
4317 IPP:

- 4318 1. keyword attribute values
- 4319 2. enum attribute values
- 4320 3. attributes
- 4321 4. attribute syntaxes
- 4322 5. operations
- 4323 6. attribute groups
- 4324 7. status codes

4325

4326 Extensions registered for use with IPP/1.1 are OPTIONAL for client and IPP object conformance to the
4327 IPP/1.1 Model document.

4328 These extension procedures are aligned with the guidelines as set forth by the IESG [IANA-CON]. Section
4329 11 describes how to propose new registrations for consideration. IANA will reject registration proposals
4330 that leave out required information or do not follow the appropriate format described in Section 11. IPP/1.1
4331 may also be extended by an appropriate RFC that specifies any of the above extensions.

4332 6.1 Typed 'keyword' and 'enum' Extensions

4333 IPP allows for 'keyword' and 'enum' extensions (see sections 4.1.2.3 and 4.1.4). This document uses
4334 prefixes to the 'keyword' and 'enum' basic attribute syntax type in order to communicate extra information
4335 to the reader through its name. This extra information is not represented in the protocol because it is
4336 unimportant to a client or Printer object. The list below describes the prefixes and their meaning.

4337 "type1": This IPP specification document must be revised to add a new keyword or a new enum. No
4338 private keywords or enums are allowed.

4339

4340 "type2": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword or enum values by proposing the complete
4341 specification to IANA:

4342

4343 iana@iana.org

4344
4345 IANA will forward the registration proposal to the IPP Designated Expert who will review the
4346 proposal with a mailing list that the Designated Expert keeps for this purpose. Initially, that list will
4347 be the mailing list used by the IPP WG:

4348
4349 ipp@pwg.org

4350
4351 even after the IPP WG is disbanded as permitted by [IANA-CON]. The IPP Designated Expert is
4352 appointed by the IESG Area Director responsible for IPP, according to [IANA-CON].

4353
4354 When a type2 keyword or enum is approved, the IPP Designated Expert becomes the point of
4355 contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4356
4357 "type3": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword and enum values by submitting the complete
4358 specification to IANA as for type2 who will forward the proposal to the IPP Designated Expert.
4359 While no additional technical review is required, the IPP Designated Expert may, at his/her
4360 discretion, forward the proposal to the same mailing list as for type2 registrations for advice and
4361 comment.

4362
4363 When a type3 keyword or enum is approved by the IPP Designated Expert, the original proposer
4364 becomes the point of contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4365
4366 For type2 and type3 keywords, the proposer includes the name of the keyword in the registration proposal
4367 and the name is part of the technical review.

4368
4369 After type2 and type3 enums specifications are approved, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
IANA assigns the next available enum number for each enum value.

4370
4371 IANA will publish approved type2 and type3 keyword and enum attributes value registration specifications
in:

4372 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/xxx/yyy.txt

4373
4374 where xxx is the attribute name that specifies the initial values and yyy.txt is a descriptive file name that
4375 contains one or more enums or keywords approved at the same time. For example, if several additional
4376 enums for stapling are approved for use with the "finishings" attribute (and "finishings-default" and
"finishings-supported" attributes), IANA will publish the additional values in the file:

4377 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/finishings/stapling.txt

4378
4379 Note: Some attributes are defined to be: 'type3 keywords' | 'name' which allows for attribute values to be
4380 extended by a site administrator with administrator defined names. Such names are not registered with
IANA.

4381 By definition, each of the three types above assert some sort of registry or review process in order for
4382 extensions to be considered valid. Each higher numbered level (1, 2, 3) tends to be decreasingly less
4383 stringent than the previous level. Therefore, any typeN value MAY be registered using a process for some
4384 typeM where M is less than N, however such registration is NOT REQUIRED. For example, a type3 value
4385 MAY be registered in a type 1 manner (by being included in a future version of an IPP specification),
4386 however, it is NOT REQUIRED.

4387 This document defines keyword and enum values for all of the above types, including type3 keywords.

4388 For private (unregistered) keyword extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable
4389 distinguishing prefix, such as "xxx-" where xxx is the (lowercase) fully qualified company name registered
4390 with IANA for use in domain names [RFC1035]. For example, if the company XYZ Corp. had obtained
4391 the domain name "XYZ.com", then a private keyword 'abc' would be: 'xyz.com-abc'.

4392 Note: RFC 1035 [RFC1035] indicates that while upper and lower case letters are allowed in domain names,
4393 no significance is attached to the case. That is, two names with the same spelling but different case are to
4394 be treated as if identical. Also, the labels in a domain name must follow the rules for ARPANET host
4395 names: They must start with a letter, end with a letter or digit, and have as interior characters only letters,
4396 digits, and hyphen. Labels must be 63 characters or less. Labels are separated by the "." character.

4397 For private (unregistered) enum extension, implementers MUST use values in the reserved integer range
4398 which is 2**30 to 2**31-1.

4399 6.2 Attribute Extensibility

4400 Attribute names are type2 keywords. Therefore, new attributes may be registered and have the same status
4401 as attributes in this document by following the type2 extension rules. For private (unregistered) attribute
4402 extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable distinguishing prefix as described in
4403 Section 6.1.

4404 IANA will publish approved attribute registration specifications as separate files:

4405 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4406 where "xxx-yyy" is the new attribute name.

4407 If a new Printer object attribute is defined and its values can be affected by a specific document format, its
4408 specification needs to contain the following sentence:

4409 "The value of this attribute returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response MAY depend on the
4410 "document-format" attribute supplied (see Section 3.2.5.1)."

4411 If the specification does not, then its value in the Get-Printer-Attributes response MUST NOT depend on
4412 the "document-format" supplied in the request. When a new Job Template attribute is registered, the value
4413 of the Printer attributes MAY vary with "document-format" supplied in the request without the
4414 specification having to indicate so.

4415 6.3 Attribute Syntax Extensibility

4416 Attribute syntaxes are like type2 enums. Therefore, new attribute syntaxes may be registered and have the
4417 same status as attribute syntaxes in this document by following the type2 extension rules described in
4418 Section 6.1. The value codes that identify each of the attribute syntaxes are assigned in the "Encoding and
4419 Transport" document [IPP-PRO], including a designated range for private, experimental use.

4420 For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute
4421 syntax code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute
4422 syntax registration specifications as separate files:

4423 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-syntaxes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4424 where 'xxx-yyy' is the new attribute syntax name.

4425 6.4 Operation Extensibility

4426 Operations may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1, though major
4427 new operations will usually be done by a new standards track RFC that augments this document. For
4428 private (unregistered) operation extensions, implementers MUST use the range for the "operation-id" in
4429 requests specified in Section 4.4.15 "operations-supported" Printer attribute.

4430 For operations, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next operation-id code as
4431 specified in Section 4.4.15. IANA will publish approved operation registration specifications as separate
4432 files:

4433 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/Xxx-Yyy.txt`

4434 where "Xxx-Yyy" is the new operation name.

4435 6.5 Attribute Groups

4436 Attribute groups passed in requests and responses may be registered following the type2 procedures
4437 described in Section 6.1. The tags that identify each of the attribute groups are assigned in [IPP-PRO].

4438 For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute group
4439 tag code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute group
4440 registration specifications as separate files:

4441 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt`

4442 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new attribute group tag name.

4443 6.6 Status Code Extensibility

4444 Operation status codes may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1. The
4445 values for status codes are allocated in ranges as specified in Section 14 for each status code class:

- 4446 "informational" - Request received, continuing process
- 4447 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted
- 4448 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request
- 4449 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled
- 4450 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request

4451

4452 For private (unregistered) operation status code extensions, implementers **MUST** use the top of each range
4453 as specified in Section 13.

4454 For operation status codes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next status
4455 code in the appropriate class range as specified in Section 13. IANA will publish approved status code
4456 registration specifications as separate files:

4457 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/xxx-yyy.txt

4458 where "xxx-yyy" is the new operation status code keyword.

4459 6.7 Registration of MIME types/sub-types for document-formats

4460 The "document-format" attribute's syntax is 'mimeMediaType'. This means that valid values are Internet
4461 Media Types (see Section 4.1.9). RFC 2045 [RFC2045] defines the syntax for valid Internet media types.
4462 IANA is the registry for all Internet media types.

4463 6.8 Registration of charsets for use in 'charset' attribute values

4464 The "attributes-charset" attribute's syntax is 'charset'. This means that valid values are charsets names.
4465 When a charset in the IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred
4466 MIME name)", if present, **MUST** be used (see Section 4.1.7). IANA is the registry for charsets following
4467 the procedures of [RFC2278].

4468 7. Internationalization Considerations

4469 Some of the attributes have values that are text strings and names which are intended for human
4470 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes in Sections
4471 4.1.1 and 4.1.2).

4472 In each operation request, the client

- 4473 - identifies the charset and natural language of the request which affects each supplied 'text' and 'name'
4474 attribute value, and
4475 - requests the charset and natural language for attributes returned by the IPP object in operation
4476 responses (as described in Section 3.1.4.1).
4477

4478 In addition, the client MAY separately and individually identify the Natural Language Override of a
4479 supplied 'text' or 'name' attribute using the 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' technique
4480 described section 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2 respectively.

4481 All IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset in all 'text' and 'name' attributes supported. If
4482 an IPP object supports more than the UTF-8 charset, the object MUST convert between them in order to
4483 return the requested charset to the client according to Section 3.1.4.2. If an IPP object supports more than
4484 one natural language, the object SHOULD return 'text' and 'name' values in the natural language requested
4485 where those values are generated by the Printer (see Section 3.1.4.1).

4486 For Printers that support multiple charsets and/or multiple natural languages in 'text' and 'name' attributes,
4487 different jobs may have been submitted in differing charsets and/or natural languages. All responses MUST
4488 be returned in the charset requested by the client. However, the Get-Jobs operation uses the
4489 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' mechanism to identify the differing natural languages with
4490 each job attribute returned.

4491 The Printer object also has configured charset and natural language attributes. The client can query the
4492 Printer object to determine the list of charsets and natural languages supported by the Printer object and
4493 what the Printer object's configured values are. See the "charset-configured", "charset-supported", "natural-
4494 language-configured", and "generated-natural-language-supported" Printer description attributes for more
4495 details.

4496 The "charset-supported" attributed identifies the supported charsets. If a charset is supported, the IPP
4497 object MUST be capable of converting to and from that charset into any other supported charset. In many
4498 cases, an IPP object will support only one charset and it MUST be the UTF-8 charset.

4499 The "charset-configured" attribute identifies the one supported charset which is the native charset given the
4500 current configuration of the IPP object (administrator defined).

4501 The "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the set of supported natural languages for
4502 generated messages; it is not related to the set of natural languages that must be accepted for client supplied
4503 'text' and 'name' attributes. For client supplied 'text' and 'name' attributes, an IPP object MUST accept ALL
4504 supplied natural languages. Just because a Printer object is currently configured to support 'en-us' natural
4505 language does not mean that the Printer object should reject a job if the client supplies a job name that is in
4506 'fr-ca'.

4507 The "natural-language-configured" attribute identifies the one supported natural language for generated
4508 messages which is the native natural language given the current configuration of the IPP object
4509 (administrator defined).

4510 Attributes of type 'text' and 'name' are populated from different sources. These attributes can be categorized
4511 into following groups (depending on the source of the attribute):

- 4512 1. Some attributes are supplied by the client (e.g., the client supplied "job-name", "document-name",
4513 and "requesting-user-name" operation attributes along with the corresponding Job object's "job-
4514 name" and "job-originating-user-name" attributes). The IPP object MUST accept these attributes in
4515 any natural language no matter what the set of supported languages for generated messages
- 4516 2. Some attributes are supplied by the system administrator (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-name" and
4517 "printer-location" attributes). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for
4518 these attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural
4519 Language Override mechanism.
- 4520 3. Some attributes are supplied by the device manufacturer (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-make-and-
4521 model" attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these
4522 attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural
4523 Language Override mechanism.
- 4524 4. Some attributes are supplied by the operator (e.g., the Job object's "job-message-from-operator"
4525 attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these attributes is
4526 different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural Language
4527 Override mechanism.
- 4528 5. Some attributes are generated by the IPP object (e.g., the Job object's "job-state-message" attribute,
4529 the Printer object's "printer-state-message" attribute, and the "status-message" operation attribute).
4530 These attributes can only be in one of the "generated-natural-language-supported" natural
4531 languages. If a client requests some natural language for these attributes other than one of the
4532 supported values, the IPP object SHOULD respond using the value of the "natural-language-
4533 configured" attribute (using the Natural Language Override mechanism if needed).

4534
4535 The 'text' and 'name' attributes specified in this version of this document (additional ones will be registered
4536 according to the procedures in Section 6) are:

Attributes	Source
Operation Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client
document-name (name)	client
requesting-user-name (name)	client
status-message (text)	Job or Printer object
detailed-status-message (text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
document-access-error (text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
Job Template Attributes:	
job-hold-until (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-ready (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
Job Description Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client or Printer object
job-originating-user-name (name)	Printer object
job-state-message (text)	Job or Printer object
output-device-assigned (name(127))	administrator
job-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator
job-detailed-status-messages (1 setOf text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
job-document-access-errors (1 setOf text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
Printer Description Attributes:	
printer-name (name(127))	administrator
printer-location (text(127))	administrator
printer-info (text(127))	administrator
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	administrator or manufacturer
printer-state-message (text)	Printer object
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator

4537 Rule 1 - Neither the Printer nor the client localizes these message attributes, since they are intended for use
4538 by the system administrator or other experienced technical persons.

4539

4540 8. Security Considerations

4541 It is difficult to anticipate the security risks that might exist in any given IPP environment. For example, if
4542 IPP is used within a given corporation over a private network, the risks of exposing document data may be
4543 low enough that the corporation will choose not to use encryption on that data. However, if the connection
4544 between the client and the IPP object is over a public network, the client may wish to protect the content of
4545 the information during transmission through the network with encryption.

4546 Furthermore, the value of the information being printed may vary from one IPP environment to the next.
4547 Printing payroll checks, for example, would have a different value than printing public information from a
4548 file. There is also the possibility of denial-of-service attacks, but denial-of-service attacks against printing
4549 resources are not well understood and there is no published precedents regarding this scenario.

4550 Once the authenticated identity of the requester has been supplied to the IPP object, the object uses that
4551 identity to enforce any authorization policy that might be in place. For example, one site's policy might be
4552 that only the job owner is allowed to cancel a job. The details and mechanisms to set up a particular access
4553 control policy are not part of IPP/1.1, and must be established via some other type of administrative or
4554 access control framework. However, there are operation status codes that allow an IPP server to return
4555 information back to a client about any potential access control violations for an IPP object.

4556 During a create operation, the client's identity is recorded in the Job object in an implementation-defined
4557 attribute. This information can be used to verify a client's identity for subsequent operations on that Job
4558 object in order to enforce any access control policy that might be in effect. See section 8.3 below for more
4559 details.

4560 Since the security levels or the specific threats that any given IPP system administrator may be concerned
4561 with cannot be anticipated, IPP MUST be capable of operating with different security mechanisms and
4562 security policies as required by the individual installation. Security policies might vary from very strong, to
4563 very weak, to none at all, and corresponding security mechanisms will be required.

4564 8.1 Security Scenarios

4565 The following sections describe specific security attacks for IPP environments. Where examples are
4566 provided they should be considered illustrative of the environment and not an exhaustive set. Not all of
4567 these environments will necessarily be addressed in initial implementations of IPP.

4568 8.1.1 Client and Server in the Same Security Domain

4569 This environment is typical of internal networks where traditional office workers print the output of
4570 personal productivity applications on shared work-group printers, or where batch applications print their
4571 output on large production printers. Although the identity of the user may be trusted in this environment, a

4572 user might want to protect the content of a document against such attacks as eavesdropping, replaying or
4573 tampering.

4574 8.1.2 Client and Server in Different Security Domains

4575 Examples of this environment include printing a document created by the client on a publicly available
4576 printer, such as at a commercial print shop; or printing a document remotely on a business associate's
4577 printer. This latter operation is functionally equivalent to sending the document to the business associate as
4578 a facsimile. Printing sensitive information on a Printer in a different security domain requires strong
4579 security measures. In this environment authentication of the printer is required as well as protection against
4580 unauthorized use of print resources. Since the document crosses security domains, protection against
4581 eavesdropping and document tampering are also required. It will also be important in this environment to
4582 protect Printers against "spamming" and malicious document content.

4583 8.1.3 Print by Reference

4584 When the document is not stored on the client, printing can be done by reference. That is, the print request
4585 can contain a reference, or pointer, to the document instead of the actual document itself (see sections 3.2.2
4586 and 3.3.2). Standard methods currently do not exist for remote entities to "assume" the credentials of a
4587 client for forwarding requests to a 3rd party. It is anticipated that Print-By-Reference will be used to access
4588 "public" documents and that sophisticated methods for authenticating "proxies" is not specified in this
4589 document.

4590 8.2 URIs in Operation, Job, and Printer attributes

4591 The "printer-uri-supported" attribute contains the Printer object's URI(s). Its companion attribute, "uri-
4592 security-supported", identifies the security mechanism used for each URI listed in the "printer-uri-
4593 supported" attribute. For each Printer operation request, a client MUST supply only one URI in the
4594 "printer-uri" operation attribute. In other words, even though the Printer supports more than one URI, the
4595 client only interacts with the Printer object using one of its URIs. This duality is not needed for Job objects,
4596 since the Printer object is the factory for Job objects, and the Printer object will generate the correct URI
4597 for new Job objects depending on the Printer object's security configuration.

4598 8.3 URIs for each authentication mechanisms

4599 Each URI has an authentication mechanism associated with it. If the URI is the i'th element of "printer-uri-
4600 supported", then authentication mechanism is the "i th" element of "uri-authentication-supported". For a list
4601 of possible authentication mechanisms, see section 4.4.2.

4602 The Printer object uses an authentication mechanism to determine the name of the user performing an
4603 operation. This user is called the "authenticated user". The credibility of authentication depends on the
4604 mechanism that the Printer uses to obtain the user's name. When the authentication mechanism is 'none', all
4605 authenticated users are "anonymous".

4606 During job creation operations, the Printer initializes the value of the "job-originating-user-name" attribute
4607 (see section 4.3.6) to be the authenticated user. The authenticated user in this case is called the "job-owner".

4608 If an implementation can be configured to support more than one authentication mechanism, then it MUST
4609 implement rules for determining equality of authenticated user names which have been authenticated via
4610 different authentication mechanisms. One possible policy is that identical names that are authenticated via
4611 different mechanisms are different. For example, a user can cancel his job only if he uses the same
4612 authentication mechanism for both Cancel-Job and Print-Job. Another policy is that identical names that
4613 are authenticated via different mechanisms are the same if the authentication mechanism for the later
4614 operation is not less strong than the authentication mechanism for the earlier job creation operation. For
4615 example, a user can cancel his job only if he uses the same or stronger authentication mechanism for
4616 Cancel-Job and Print-Job. With this second policy a job submitted via 'requesting-user-name' authentication
4617 could be cancelled via 'digest' authentication. With the first policy, the job could not be cancelled in this
4618 way.

4619 A client is able to determine the authentication mechanism used to create a job. It is the i'th value of the
4620 Printer's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.2), where i is the index of the element of
4621 the Printer's "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.1) equal to the job's "job-printer-uri" attribute
4622 (see section 4.3.3).

4623 8.4 Restricted Queries

4624 In many IPP operations, a client supplies a list of attributes to be returned in the response. For security
4625 reasons, an IPP object may be configured not to return all attributes (or all values) that a client requests.
4626 The job attributes returned MAY depend on whether the requesting user is the same as the user that
4627 submitted the job. The IPP object MAY even return none of the requested attributes. In such cases, the
4628 status returned is the same as if the object had returned all requested attributes. The client cannot tell by
4629 such a response whether the requested attribute was present or absent on the object.

4630 8.5 Operations performed by operators and system administrators

4631 For the three printer operations Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs (see sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8 and
4632 3.2.9), the requesting user is intended to be an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see section 1).
4633 For operations on jobs, the requesting user is intended to be the job owner or may be an operator or
4634 administrator of the Printer object. The means for authorizing an operator or administrator of the Printer
4635 object are not specified in this document.

4636 8.6 Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols

4637 If the device that an IPP Printer is representing is able to accept jobs using other job submission protocols
4638 in addition to IPP, it is RECOMMENDED that such an implementation at least allow such "foreign" jobs to
4639 be queried using Get-Jobs returning "job-id" and "job-uri" as 'unknown'. Such an implementation NEED
4640 NOT support all of the same IPP job attributes as for IPP jobs. The IPP object returns the 'unknown' out-of-

4641 band value for any requested attribute of a foreign job that is supported for IPP jobs, but not for foreign
4642 jobs.

4643 It is further RECOMMENDED, that the IPP Printer generate "job-id" and "job-uri" values for such "foreign
4644 jobs", if possible, so that they may be targets of other IPP operations, such as Get-Job-Attributes and
4645 Cancel-Job. Such an implementation also needs to deal with the problem of authentication of such foreign
4646 jobs. One approach would be to treat all such foreign jobs as belonging to users other than the user of the
4647 IPP client. Another approach would be for the foreign job to belong to 'anonymous'. Only if the IPP client
4648 has been authenticated as an operator or administrator of the IPP Printer object, could the foreign jobs be
4649 queried by an IPP request. Alternatively, if the security policy is to allow users to query other users' jobs,
4650 then the foreign jobs would also be visible to an end-user IPP client using Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes.

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4818 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join IPP Mailing List in order to participate
4819 in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and
4820 values.

4821

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4823 11. Formats for IPP Registration Proposals

4824 In order to propose an IPP extension for registration, the proposer must submit an application to IANA by
4825 email to "iana@iana.org" or by filling out the appropriate form on the IANA web pages
4826 (<http://www.iana.org>). This section specifies the required information and the formats for proposing
4827 registrations of extensions to IPP as provided in Section 6 for:

4828

4829 1. type2 'keyword' attribute values

4830 2. type3 'keyword' attribute values

4831 3. type2 'enum' attribute values

4832 4. type3 'enum' attribute values

4833 5. attributes

4834 6. attribute syntaxes

4835 7. operations

4836 8. status codes

4837 11.1 Type2 keyword attribute values registration

4838 Type of registration: type2 keyword attribute value

4839 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

4840 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

4841 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

4842 Name of proposer:

4843 Address of proposer:

4844 Email address of proposer:

4845

4846 Note: For type2 keywords, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4847 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4848 11.2 Type3 keyword attribute values registration

4849 Type of registration: type3 keyword attribute value

4850 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

4851 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

4852 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

4853 Name of proposer:

4854 Address of proposer:

4855 Email address of proposer:

4856

4857 Note: For type3 keywords, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4858 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4859 11.3 Type2 enum attribute values registration

4860 Type of registration: type2 enum attribute value

4861 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

4862 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:

4863 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4864 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):

4865 Name of proposer:

4866 Address of proposer:

4867 Email address of proposer:

4868

4869 Note: For type2 enums, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4870 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4871 11.4 Type3 enum attribute values registration

4872 Type of registration: type3 enum attribute value

4873 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

4874 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:

4875 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4876 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):

4877 Name of proposer:

4878 Address of proposer:

4879 Email address of proposer:

4880

4881 Note: For type3 enums, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration specification,
4882 if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4883 11.5 Attribute registration

4884 Type of registration: attribute

4885 Proposed keyword name of this attribute:

4886 Types of attribute (Operation, Job Template, Job Description, Printer Description):

4887 Operations to be used with if the attribute is an operation attribute:

4888 Object (Job, Printer, etc. if bound to an object):

4889 Attribute syntax(es) (include 1setOf and range as in Section 4.2):

4890 If attribute syntax is 'keyword' or 'enum', is it type2 or type3:

4891 If this is a Printer attribute, MAY the value returned depend on "document-format" (See Section 6.2):

4892 If this is a Job Template attribute, how does its specification depend on the value of the "multiple-
4893 document-handling" attribute:

4894 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.2):

4895 Name of proposer:

4896 Address of proposer:

4897 Email address of proposer:

4898

4899 Note: For attributes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4900 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4901 11.6 Attribute Syntax registration

4902 Type of registration: attribute syntax

4903 Proposed name of this attribute syntax:

4904 Type of attribute syntax (integer, octetString, character-string, see [IPP-PRO]):

4905 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4906 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1):

4907 Name of proposer:

4908 Address of proposer:

4909 Email address of proposer:

4910

4911 Note: For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved
4912 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4913 11.7 Operation registration

4914 Type of registration: operation

4915 Proposed name of this operation:

4916 Numeric operation-id value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4917 Object Target (Job, Printer, etc. that operation is upon):

4918 Specification of this operation (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

4919 Name of proposer:

4920 Address of proposer:

4921 Email address of proposer:

4922

4923 Note: For operations, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4924 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4925 11.8 Attribute Group registration

4926 Type of registration: attribute group

4927 Proposed name of this attribute group:

4928 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4929 IANA):

4930 Operation requests and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

4931 Operation responses and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

4932 Specification of this attribute group (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

4933 Name of proposer:

4934 Address of proposer:

4935 Email address of proposer:

4936

4937 Note: For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved
4938 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4939 11.9 Status code registration

4940 Type of registration: status code

4941 Keyword symbolic name of this status code value:

4942 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4943 Operations that this status code may be used with:

4944 Specification of this status code (follow the style of IPP Model Section 13 APPENDIX B: Status Codes
4945 and Suggested Status Code Messages):

4946 Name of proposer:

4947 Address of proposer:

4948 Email address of proposer:

4949

4950 Note: For status codes, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4951 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4952 12. APPENDIX A: Terminology

4953 This specification document uses the terminology defined in this section.

4954 12.1 Conformance Terminology

4955 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT",

4956 "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in

4957 RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

4958 12.1.1 NEED NOT

4959 This term is not included in RFC 2119. The verb "NEED NOT" indicates an action that the subject of the
4960 sentence does not have to implement in order to claim conformance to the standard. The verb "NEED
4961 NOT" is used instead of "MAY NOT" since "MAY NOT" sounds like a prohibition.

4962 12.2 Model Terminology

4963 12.2.1 Keyword

4964 Keywords are used within this document as identifiers of semantic entities within the abstract model (see
4965 section 4.1.2.3). Attribute names, some attribute values, attribute syntaxes, and attribute group names are
4966 represented as keywords.

4967 12.2.2 Attributes

4968 An attribute is an item of information that is associated with an instance of an IPP object. An attribute
4969 consists of an attribute name and one or more attribute values. Each attribute has a specific attribute syntax.
4970 All object attributes are defined in section 4 and all operation attributes are defined in section 3.

4971 Job Template Attributes are described in section 4.2. The client optionally supplies Job Template attributes
4972 in a create request (operation requests that create Job objects). The Printer object has associated attributes
4973 which define supported and default values for the Printer.

4974 12.2.2.1 Attribute Name

4975 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document by its attribute name. An attribute name is a keyword.
4976 The keyword attribute name is given in the section header describing that attribute. In running text in this
4977 document, attribute names are indicated inside double quotation marks (") where the quotation marks are
4978 not part of the keyword itself.

4979 12.2.2.2 Attribute Group Name

4980 Related attributes are grouped into named groups. The name of the group is a keyword. The group name
4981 may be used in place of naming all the attributes in the group explicitly. Attribute groups are defined in
4982 section 3.

4983 12.2.2.3 Attribute Value

4984 Each attribute has one or more values. Attribute values are represented in the syntax type specified for that
4985 attribute. In running text in this document, attribute values are indicated inside single quotation marks ('),
4986 whether their attribute syntax is keyword, integer, text, etc. where the quotation marks are not part of the
4987 value itself.

4988 12.2.2.4 Attribute Syntax

4989 Each attribute is defined using an explicit syntax type. In this document, each syntax type is defined as a
4990 keyword with specific meaning. The "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] indicates the actual
4991 "on-the-wire" encoding rules for each syntax type. Attribute syntax types are defined in section 4.1.

4992 12.2.3 Supports

4993 By definition, a Printer object supports an attribute only if that Printer object responds with the
4994 corresponding attribute populated with some value(s) in a response to a query for that attribute. A Printer
4995 object supports an attribute value if the value is one of the Printer object's "supported values" attributes.
4996 The device behind a Printer object may exhibit a behavior that corresponds to some IPP attribute, but if the
4997 Printer object, when queried for that attribute, doesn't respond with the attribute, then as far as IPP is
4998 concerned, that implementation does not support that feature. If the Printer object's "xxx-supported"

4999 attribute is not populated with a particular value (even if that value is a legal value for that attribute), then
5000 that Printer object does not support that particular value.

5001 A conforming implementation MUST support all REQUIRED attributes. However, even for REQUIRED
5002 attributes, conformance to IPP does not mandate that all implementations support all possible values
5003 representing all possible job processing behaviors and features. For example, if a given instance of a
5004 Printer supports only certain document formats, then that Printer responds with the "document-format-
5005 supported" attribute populated with a set of values, possibly only one, taken from the entire set of possible
5006 values defined for that attribute. This limited set of values represents the Printer's set of supported
5007 document formats. Supporting an attribute and some set of values for that attribute enables IPP end users to
5008 be aware of and make use of those features associated with that attribute and those values. If an
5009 implementation chooses to not support an attribute or some specific value, then IPP end users would have
5010 no ability to make use of that feature within the context of IPP itself. However, due to existing practice and
5011 legacy systems which are not IPP aware, there might be some other mechanism outside the scope of IPP to
5012 control or request the "unsupported" feature (such as embedded instructions within the document data
5013 itself).

5014 For example, consider the "finishings-supported" attribute.

- 5015 1) If a Printer object is not physically capable of stapling, the "finishings-supported" attribute MUST
5016 NOT be populated with the value of 'staple'.
- 5017 2) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, however an implementation chooses not to support
5018 stapling in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' MUST NOT be a value in the
5019 "finishings-supported" Printer object attribute. Without support for the value 'staple', an IPP end
5020 user would have no means within the protocol itself to request that a Job be stapled. However, an
5021 existing document data formatter might be able to request that the document be stapled directly with
5022 an embedded instruction within the document data. In this case, the IPP implementation does not
5023 "support" stapling, however the end user is still able to have some control over the stapling of the
5024 completed job.
- 5025 3) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, and an implementation chooses to support stapling
5026 in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' MUST be a value in the "finishings-supported"
5027 Printer object attribute. Doing so, would enable end users to be aware of and make use of the
5028 stapling feature using IPP attributes.

5030 Even though support for Job Template attributes by a Printer object is OPTIONAL, it is RECOMMENDED
5031 that if the device behind a Printer object is capable of realizing any feature or function that corresponds to
5032 an IPP attribute and some associated value, then that implementation SHOULD support that IPP attribute
5033 and value.

5034 The set of values in any of the supported value attributes is set (populated) by some administrative process
5035 or automatic sensing mechanism that is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. For administrative
5036 policy and control reasons, an administrator may choose to make only a subset of possible values visible to
5037 the end user. In this case, the real output device behind the IPP Printer abstraction may be capable of a
5038 certain feature, however an administrator is specifying that access to that feature not be exposed to the end
5039 user through the IPP protocol. Also, since a Printer object may represent a logical print device (not just a

5040 physical device) the actual process for supporting a value is undefined and left up to the implementation.
5041 However, if a Printer object supports a value, some manual human action may be needed to realize the
5042 semantic action associated with the value, but no end user action is required.

5043 For example, if one of the values in the "finishings-supported" attribute is 'staple', the actual process might
5044 be an automatic staple action by a physical device controlled by some command sent to the device. Or, the
5045 actual process of stapling might be a manual action by an operator at an operator attended Printer object.

5046 For another example of how supported attributes function, consider a system administrator who desires to
5047 control all print jobs so that no job sheets are printed in order to conserve paper. To force no job sheets, the
5048 system administrator sets the only supported value for the "job-sheets-supported" attribute to 'none'. In this
5049 case, if a client requests anything except 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is
5050 ignored (depending on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"). To force the use of job start/end sheets on all
5051 jobs, the administrator does not include the value 'none' in the "job-sheets-supported" attribute. In this case,
5052 if a client requests 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is ignored (again depending
5053 on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity").

5054 12.2.4 print-stream page

5055 A "print-stream page" is a page according to the definition of pages in the language used to express the
5056 document data.

5057 12.2.5 impression

5058 An "impression" is the image (possibly many print-stream pages in different configurations) imposed onto a
5059 single media page.

5060 13. APPENDIX B: Status Codes and Suggested Status Code Messages

5061 This section defines status code enum keywords and values that are used to provide semantic information
5062 on the results of an operation request. Each operation response MUST include a status code. The response
5063 MAY also contain a status message that provides a short textual description of the status. The status code
5064 is intended for use by automata, and the status message is intended for the human end user. Since the status
5065 message is an OPTIONAL component of the operation response, an IPP application (i.e., a browser, GUI,
5066 print driver or gateway) is NOT REQUIRED to examine or display the status message, since it MAY not be
5067 returned to the application.

5068 The prefix of the status keyword defines the class of response as follows:

- 5069 "informational" - Request received, continuing process
- 5070 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted
- 5071 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request
- 5072 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled
- 5073 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request

5074

5075 As with type2 enums, IPP status codes are extensible. IPP clients are NOT REQUIRED to understand the
5076 meaning of all registered status codes, though such understanding is obviously desirable. However, IPP
5077 clients MUST understand the class of any status code, as indicated by the prefix, and treat any unrecognized
5078 response as being equivalent to the first status code of that class, with the exception that an unrecognized
5079 response MUST NOT be cached. For example, if an unrecognized status code of "client-error-xxx-yyy" is
5080 received by the client, it can safely assume that there was something wrong with its request and treat the
5081 response as if it had received a "client-error-bad-request" status code. In such cases, IPP applications
5082 SHOULD present the OPTIONAL message (if present) to the end user since the message is likely to
5083 contain human readable information which will help to explain the unusual status. The name of the enum
5084 is the suggested status message for US English.

5085 The status code values range from 0x0000 to 0x7FFF. The value ranges for each status code class are as
5086 follows:

5087 "successful" - 0x0000 to 0x00FF
5088 "informational" - 0x0100 to 0x01FF
5089 "redirection" - 0x0200 to 0x02FF
5090 "client-error" - 0x0400 to 0x04FF
5091 "server-error" - 0x0500 to 0x05FF

5092

5093 The top half (128 values) of each range (0x0n40 to 0x0nFF, for n = 0 to 5) is reserved for private use within
5094 each status code class. Values 0x0600 to 0x7FFF are reserved for future assignment and MUST NOT be
5095 used.

5096 13.1 Status Codes

5097 Each status code is described below. Section 13.1.5.9 contains a table that indicates which status codes
5098 apply to which operations. The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] describe the suggested steps for processing
5099 IPP attributes for all operations, including returning status codes.

5100 13.1.1 Informational

5101 This class of status code indicates a provisional response and is to be used for informational purposes only.

5102 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

5103 13.1.2 Successful Status Codes

5104 This class of status code indicates that the client's request was successfully received, understood, and
5105 accepted.

5106 13.1.2.1 successful-ok (0x0000)

5107 The request has succeeded and no request attributes were substituted or ignored. In the case of a response
5108 to a create request, the 'successful-ok' status code indicates that the request was successfully received and
5109 validated, and that the Job object has been created; it does not indicate that the job has been processed. The
5110 transition of the Job object into the 'completed' state is the only indicator that the job has been printed.

5111 13.1.2.2 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001)

5112 The request has succeeded, but some supplied (1) attributes were ignored or (2) unsupported values were
5113 substituted with supported values or were ignored in order to perform the operation without rejecting it.
5114 Unsupported attributes, attribute syntaxes, or values MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes
5115 group of the response for all operations. There is an exception to this rule for the query operations: Get-
5116 Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes for the "requested-attributes" operation attribute only.
5117 When the supplied values of the "requested-attributes" operation attribute are requesting attributes that are
5118 not supported, the IPP object MAY, but is NOT REQUIRED to, return the "requested-attributes" attribute
5119 in the Unsupported Attribute response group (with the unsupported values only). See sections 3.1.7 and
5120 3.2.1.2.

5121 13.1.2.3 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes (0x0002)

5122 The request has succeeded, but some supplied attribute values conflicted with the values of other supplied
5123 attributes. These conflicting values were either (1) substituted with (supported) values or (2) the attributes
5124 were removed in order to process the job without rejecting it. Attributes or values which conflict with other
5125 attributes and have been substituted or ignored MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group of
5126 the response for all operations as supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2.

5127 13.1.3 Redirection Status Codes

5128 This class of status code indicates that further action needs to be taken to fulfill the request.

5129 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

5130 13.1.4 Client Error Status Codes

5131 This class of status code is intended for cases in which the client seems to have erred. The IPP object
5132 SHOULD return a message containing an explanation of the error situation and whether it is a temporary or
5133 permanent condition.

5134 13.1.4.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400)

5135 The request could not be understood by the IPP object due to malformed syntax (such as the value of a
5136 fixed length attribute whose length does not match the prescribed length for that attribute - see the
5137 Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]). The IPP application SHOULD NOT repeat the request without
5138 modifications.

5139 13.1.4.2 client-error-forbidden (0x0401)

5140 The IPP object understood the request, but is refusing to fulfill it. Additional authentication information or
5141 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is
5142 commonly used when the IPP object does not wish to reveal exactly why the request has been refused or
5143 when no other response is applicable.

5144 13.1.4.3 client-error-not-authenticated (0x0402)

5145 The request requires user authentication. The IPP client may repeat the request with suitable authentication
5146 information. If the request already included authentication information, then this status code indicates that
5147 authorization has been refused for those credentials. If this response contains the same challenge as the
5148 prior response, and the user agent has already attempted authentication at least once, then the response
5149 message may contain relevant diagnostic information. This status codes reveals more information than
5150 "client-error-forbidden".

5151 13.1.4.4 client-error-not-authorized (0x0403)

5152 The requester is not authorized to perform the request. Additional authentication information or
5153 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is used
5154 when the IPP object wishes to reveal that the authentication information is understandable, however, the
5155 requester is explicitly not authorized to perform the request. This status codes reveals more information
5156 than "client-error-forbidden" and "client-error-not-authenticated".

5157 13.1.4.5 client-error-not-possible (0x0404)

5158 This status code is used when the request is for something that can not happen. For example, there might
5159 be a request to cancel a job that has already been canceled or aborted by the system. The IPP client
5160 SHOULD NOT repeat the request.

5161 13.1.4.6 client-error-timeout (0x0405)

5162 The client did not produce a request within the time that the IPP object was prepared to wait. For example,
5163 a client issued a Create-Job operation and then, after a long period of time, issued a Send-Document
5164 operation and this error status code was returned in response to the Send-Document request (see section
5165 3.3.1). The IPP object might have been forced to clean up resources that had been held for the waiting
5166 additional Documents. The IPP object was forced to close the Job since the client took too long. The client
5167 SHOULD NOT repeat the request without modifications.

5168 13.1.4.7 client-error-not-found (0x0406)

5169 The IPP object has not found anything matching the request URI. No indication is given of whether the
5170 condition is temporary or permanent. For example, a client with an old reference to a Job (a URI) tries to
5171 cancel the Job, however in the mean time the Job might have been completed and all record of it at the

5172 Printer has been deleted. This status code, 'client-error-not-found' is returned indicating that the referenced
5173 Job can not be found. This error status code is also used when a client supplies a URI as a reference to the
5174 document data in either a Print-URI or Send-URI operation, but the document can not be found.

5175 In practice, an IPP application should avoid a not found situation by first querying and presenting a list of
5176 valid Printer URIs and Job URIs to the end-user.

5177 13.1.4.8 client-error-gone (0x0407)

5178 The requested object is no longer available and no forwarding address is known. This condition should be
5179 considered permanent. Clients with link editing capabilities should delete references to the request URI
5180 after user approval. If the IPP object does not know or has no facility to determine, whether or not the
5181 condition is permanent, the status code "client-error-not-found" should be used instead.

5182 This response is primarily intended to assist the task of maintenance by notifying the recipient that the
5183 resource is intentionally unavailable and that the IPP object administrator desires that remote links to that
5184 resource be removed. It is not necessary to mark all permanently unavailable resources as "gone" or to keep
5185 the mark for any length of time -- that is left to the discretion of the IPP object administrator.

5186 13.1.4.9 client-error-request-entity-too-large (0x0408)

5187 The IPP object is refusing to process a request because the request entity is larger than the IPP object is
5188 willing or able to process. An IPP Printer returns this status code when it limits the size of print jobs and it
5189 receives a print job that exceeds that limit or when the attributes are so many that their encoding causes the
5190 request entity to exceed IPP object capacity.

5191 13.1.4.10 client-error-request-value-too-long (0x0409)

5192 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because one or more of the client-supplied attributes has a
5193 variable length value that is longer than the maximum length specified for that attribute. The IPP object
5194 might not have sufficient resources (memory, buffers, etc.) to process (even temporarily), interpret, and/or
5195 ignore a value larger than the maximum length. Another use of this error code is when the IPP object
5196 supports the processing of a large value that is less than the maximum length, but during the processing of
5197 the request as a whole, the object may pass the value onto some other system component which is not able
5198 to accept the large value. For more details, see the Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG].

5199 Note: For attribute values that are URIs, this rare condition is only likely to occur when a client has
5200 improperly submitted a request with long query information (e.g. an IPP application allows an end-user to
5201 enter an invalid URI), when the client has descended into a URI "black hole" of redirection (e.g., a
5202 redirected URI prefix that points to a suffix of itself), or when the IPP object is under attack by a client
5203 attempting to exploit security holes present in some IPP objects using fixed-length buffers for reading or
5204 manipulating the Request-URI.

5205 13.1.4.11 client-error-document-format-not-supported (0x040A)

5206 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data is in a format, as specified in
5207 the "document-format" operation attribute, that is not supported by the Printer object. This error is returned
5208 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code,
5209 even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger
5210 problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1.

5211 13.1.4.12 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported (0x040B)

5212 In a create request, if the Printer object does not support one or more attributes, attribute syntaxes, or
5213 attribute values supplied in the request and the client supplied the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation
5214 attribute with the 'true' value, the Printer object MUST return this status code. The Printer object MUST
5215 also return in the Unsupported Attributes Group all the attributes and/or values supplied by the client that
5216 are not supported. See section 3.1.7. For example, if the request indicates 'iso-a4' media, but that media
5217 type is not supported by the Printer object. Or, if the client supplies a Job Template attribute and the
5218 attribute itself is not even supported by the Printer. If the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute is 'false', the
5219 Printer MUST ignore or substitute values for unsupported Job Template attributes and values rather than
5220 reject the request and return this status code.

5221 For any operation where a client requests attributes (such as a Get-Jobs, Get-Printer-Attributes, or Get-Job-
5222 Attributes operation), if the IPP object does not support one or more of the requested attributes, the IPP
5223 object simply ignores the unsupported requested attributes and processes the request as if they had not been
5224 supplied, rather than returning this status code. In this case, the IPP object MUST return the 'successful-ok-
5225 ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code and MAY return the unsupported attributes as values of the
5226 "requested-attributes" in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 13.1.2.2).

5227 13.1.4.13 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C)

5228 The scheme of the client-supplied URI in a Print-URI or a Send-URI operation is not supported. See
5229 section 3.1.7.

5230 13.1.4.14 client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D)

5231 For any operation, if the IPP Printer does not support the charset supplied by the client in the "attributes-
5232 charset" operation attribute, the Printer MUST reject the operation and return this status and any 'text' or
5233 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset (see Section 3.1.4.1). See section 3.1.7.

5234 13.1.4.15 client-error-conflicting-attributes (0x040E)

5235 The request is rejected because some attribute values conflicted with the values of other attributes which
5236 this document does not permit to be substituted or ignored. The Printer object MUST also return in the
5237 Unsupported Attributes Group the conflicting attributes supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and
5238 3.2.1.2.

5239 13.1.4.16 client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)

5240 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data, as specified in the
5241 "compression" operation attribute, is compressed in a way that is not supported by the Printer object. This
5242 error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return
5243 this status code, even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this
5244 error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1.

5245 13.1.4.17 client-error-compression-error (0x0410)

5246 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data cannot be decompressed when
5247 using the algorithm specified by the "compression" operation attribute. This error is returned independent
5248 of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code, even if there
5249 are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job
5250 Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1.

5251 13.1.4.18 client-error-document-format-error (0x0411)

5252 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because Printer encountered an error in the document data
5253 while interpreting it. This error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The
5254 Printer object MUST return this status code, even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported
5255 as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and
5256 3.2.1.1.

5257 13.1.4.19 client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)

5258 The IPP object is refusing to service the Print-URI or Send-URI request because Printer encountered an
5259 access error while attempting to validate the accessibility or access the document data specified in the
5260 "document-uri" operation attribute. The Printer MAY also return a specific document access error code
5261 using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4). This error is returned
5262 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code,
5263 even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem
5264 than with Job Template attributes. See section 3.1.7.

5265 13.1.5 Server Error Status Codes

5266 This class of status codes indicates cases in which the IPP object is aware that it has erred or is incapable of
5267 performing the request. The IPP object SHOULD include a message containing an explanation of the error
5268 situation, and whether it is a temporary or permanent condition.

5269 13.1.5.1 server-error-internal-error (0x0500)

5270 The IPP object encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the request. This error
5271 status code differs from "server-error-temporary-error" in that it implies a more permanent type of internal

5272 error. It also differs from "server-error-device-error" in that it implies an unexpected condition (unlike a
5273 paper-jam or out-of-toner problem which is undesirable but expected). This error status code indicates that
5274 probably some knowledgeable human intervention is required.

5275 13.1.5.2 server-error-operation-not-supported (0x0501)

5276 The IPP object does not support the functionality required to fulfill the request. This is the appropriate
5277 response when the IPP object does not recognize an operation or is not capable of supporting it. See section
5278 3.1.7.

5279 13.1.5.3 server-error-service-unavailable (0x0502)

5280 The IPP object is currently unable to handle the request due to a temporary overloading or maintenance of
5281 the IPP object. The implication is that this is a temporary condition which will be alleviated after some
5282 delay. If known, the length of the delay may be indicated in the message. If no delay is given, the IPP
5283 application should handle the response as it would for a "server-error-temporary-error" response. If the
5284 condition is more permanent, the error status codes "client-error-gone" or "client-error-not-found" could be
5285 used.

5286 13.1.5.4 server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503)

5287 The IPP object does not support, or refuses to support, the IPP protocol version that was supplied as the
5288 value of the "version-number" operation parameter in the request. The IPP object is indicating that it is
5289 unable or unwilling to complete the request using the same major and minor version number as supplied in
5290 the request other than with this error message. The error response SHOULD contain a "status-message"
5291 attribute (see section 3.1.6.2) describing why that version is not supported and what other versions are
5292 supported by that IPP object. See section 3.1.8.

5293 The error response MUST identify in the "version-number" operation parameter the closest version number
5294 that the IPP object does support. For example, if a client supplies version '1.0' and an IPP/1.1 object
5295 supports version '1.0', then it responds with version '1.0' in all responses to such a request. If the IPP/1.1
5296 object does not support version '1.0', then it should accept the request and respond with version '1.1' or may
5297 reject the request and respond with this error code and version '1.1'. If a client supplies a version '1.2', the
5298 IPP/1.1 object should accept the request and return version '1.1' or may reject the request and respond with
5299 this error code and version '1.1'. See sections 3.1.8 and 4.4.14.

5300 13.1.5.5 server-error-device-error (0x0504)

5301 A printer error, such as a paper jam, occurs while the IPP object processes a Print or Send operation. The
5302 response contains the true Job Status (the values of the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes).
5303 Additional information can be returned in the OPTIONAL "job-state-message" attribute value or in the
5304 OPTIONAL status message that describes the error in more detail. This error status code is only returned in
5305 situations where the Printer is unable to accept the create request because of such a device error. For
5306 example, if the Printer is unable to spool, and can only accept one job at a time, the reason it might reject a

5307 create request is that the printer currently has a paper jam. In many cases however, where the Printer object
5308 can accept the request even though the Printer has some error condition, the 'successful-ok' status code will
5309 be returned. In such a case, the client would look at the returned Job Object Attributes or later query the
5310 Printer to determine its state and state reasons.

5311 13.1.5.6 server-error-temporary-error (0x0505)

5312 A temporary error such as a buffer full write error, a memory overflow (i.e. the document data exceeds the
5313 memory of the Printer), or a disk full condition, occurs while the IPP Printer processes an operation. The
5314 client MAY try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the
5315 temporary internal error condition may have been cleared. Alternatively, as an implementation option, a
5316 Printer object MAY delay the response until the temporary condition is cleared so that no error is returned.

5317 13.1.5.7 server-error-not-accepting-jobs (0x0506)

5318 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is not currently accepting jobs, because the administrator has
5319 set the value of the Printer's "printer-is-not-accepting-jobs" attribute to 'false' (by means outside the scope of
5320 this IPP/1.1 document).

5321 13.1.5.8 server-error-busy (0x0507)

5322 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is too busy processing jobs and/or other requests. The client
5323 SHOULD try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the
5324 temporary busy condition will have been cleared.

5325 13.1.5.9 server-error-job-canceled (0x0508)

5326 An error indicating that the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was
5327 transmitting the data to the IPP Printer. If a job-id and job-uri had been created, then they are returned in
5328 the Print-Job, Send-Document, or Send-URI response as usual; otherwise, no job-id and job-uri are returned
5329 in the response.

5330 13.1.5.10 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)

5331 The IPP object does not support multiple documents per job and a client attempted to supply document data
5332 with a second Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

5333 13.2 Status Codes for IPP Operations

5334 PJ = Print-Job, PU = Print-URI, CJ = Create-Job, SD = Send-Document
 5335 SU = Send-URI, V = Validate-Job, GA = Get-Job-Attributes and
 5336 Get-Printer-Attributes, GJ = Get-Jobs, C = Cancel-Job

5337

5338

IPP Status Keyword	IPP Operations									
	PJ	PU	CJ	SD	SU	V	GA	GJ	C	
-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
successful-ok	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
successful-ok-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-bad-request	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-forbidden	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-not-authenticated	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-not-authorized	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-not-possible	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-timeout				x	x					
client-error-not-found	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-gone	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-request-entity-too-large	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-request-value-too-long	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-document-format-not-supported	x	x		x	x	x	x			
client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported		x			x					
client-error-charset-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
client-error-compression-not-supported	x	x		x	x	x				
client-error-compression-error	x	x		x	x					
client-error-document-format-error	x	x		x	x					
client-error-document-access-error		x			x					
server-error-internal-error	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
server-error-operation-not-supported		x	x	x	x					
server-error-service-unavailable	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
server-error-version-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
server-error-device-error	x	x	x	x	x					
server-error-temporary-error	x	x	x	x	x					
server-error-not-accepting-jobs	x	x	x			x				
server-error-busy	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
server-error-job-canceled	x			x	x					
server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported				x	x					

5376

5377 HJ = Hold-Job, RJ = Release-Job, RS = Restart-Job
 5378 PP = Pause-Printer, RP = Resume-Printer, PJ = Purge-Jobs

5379

5380

IPP Operations (cont.)

5381 IPP Status Keyword

HJ RJ RS PP RP PJ

5382 -----

-- -- -- -- -- --

5383 successful-ok

x x x x x x

5384 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-
5385 attributes

x x x x x x

5386 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes

x x x x x x

5387 client-error-bad-request

x x x x x x

5388 client-error-forbidden

x x x x x x

5389 client-error-not-authenticated

x x x x x x

5390 client-error-not-authorized

x x x x x x

5391 client-error-not-possible

x x x x x x

5392 client-error-timeout

5393 client-error-not-found

x x x x x x

5394 client-error-gone

x x x x x x

5395 client-error-request-entity-too-large

x x x x x x

5396 client-error-request-value-too-long

x x x x x x

5397 client-error-document-format-not-
5398 supported5399 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-
5400 supported

x x x x x x

5401 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported

5402 client-error-charset-not-supported

x x x x x x

5403 client-error-conflicting-attributes

x x x x x x

5404 client-error-compression-not-supported

5405 client-error-compression-error

5406 client-error-document-format-error

5407 client-error-document-access-error

5408 server-error-internal-error

x x x x x x

5409 server-error-operation-not-supported

x x x x x x

5410 server-error-service-unavailable

x x x x x x

5411 server-error-version-not-supported

x x x x x x

5412 server-error-device-error

5413 server-error-temporary-error

x x x x x x

5414 server-error-not-accepting-jobs

5415 server-error-busy

x x x x x x

5416 server-error-job-canceled

5417 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-

5418 not-supported

5419

5420

5421 14. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values

5422 Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.

5423 Standard values are defined (taken from DPA[ISO10175] and the Printer MIB[RFC1759]):

5424 'default': The default medium for the output device

5425 'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium

5426 'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium

5427 'iso-a4-transparent' Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium

5428 'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium

5429 'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium

5430 'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium

5431 'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium

5432 'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium

5433 'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium

5434 'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium

5435 'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium

5436 'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium

5437 'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium

5438 'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium

5439 'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium

5440

5441 The following standard values are defined for North American media:

5442 'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium

5443 'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium

5444 'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium

5445 'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium

5446 'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium

5447

5448 The following standard values are defined for envelopes:

5449 'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium

5450 'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium

5451 'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium

5452 'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium

5453 'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium

5454 'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium

5455 'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium

5456 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium

5457 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium

5458 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope
5459 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium
5460 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope
5461 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope
5462 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope
5463 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope
5464 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope
5465 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope
5466

5467 The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media (white-only):

5468 'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium
5469 'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium
5470 'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium
5471 'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium
5472 'quarto-white': Specified the white quarto medium
5473 'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium
5474 'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium
5475 'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium
5476 'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium
5477 'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium
5478 'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium
5479 'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium
5480 'iso-10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium
5481 'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium
5482 'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium
5483 'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium
5484 'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium
5485 'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium
5486 'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium
5487 'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium
5488 'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium
5489 'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium
5490 'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium
5491 'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium
5492 'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium
5493 'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium
5494 'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium
5495 'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium
5496 'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium
5497 'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium
5498 'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium
5499

5500 The following standard values are defined for engineering media (white only):

5501 'a-white': Specifies the engineering A size medium
5502 'b-white': Specifies the engineering B size medium
5503 'c-white': Specifies the engineering C size medium
5504 'd-white': Specifies the engineering D size medium
5505 'e-white': Specifies the engineering E size medium
5506

5507 The following standard values are defined for input-trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):

5508 'top': The top input tray in the printer.
5509 'middle': The middle input tray in the printer.
5510 'bottom': The bottom input tray in the printer.
5511 'envelope': The envelope input tray in the printer.
5512 'manual': The manual feed input tray in the printer.
5513 'large-capacity': The large capacity input tray in the printer.
5514 'main': The main input tray
5515 'side': The side input tray
5516

5517 The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):

5518 'iso-a0': Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216
5519 'iso-a1': Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216
5520 'iso-a2': Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216
5521 'iso-a3': Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216
5522 'iso-a4': Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216
5523 'iso-a5': Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216
5524 'iso-a6': Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216
5525 'iso-a7': Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216
5526 'iso-a8': Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216
5527 'iso-a9': Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216
5528 'iso-a10': Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216
5529 'iso-b0': Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216
5530 'iso-b1': Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216
5531 'iso-b2': Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216
5532 'iso-b3': Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216
5533 'iso-b4': Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216
5534 'iso-b5': Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216
5535 'iso-b6': Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216
5536 'iso-b7': Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216
5537 'iso-b8': Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216
5538 'iso-b9': Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216
5539 'iso-b10': Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216
5540 'na-letter': Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches
5541 'na-legal': Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches
5542 'executive': Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)

5543 'folio': Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)
5544 'invoice': Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)
5545 'ledger': Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)
5546 'quarto': Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)
5547 'iso-c3': Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269
5548 'iso-c4': Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269
5549 'iso-c5': Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269
5550 'iso-c6': Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269
5551 'iso-designated-long': Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO
5552 269
5553 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches
5554 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches
5555 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125
5556 inches by 9.5 inches
5557 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size
5558 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size
5559 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size
5560 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size
5561 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size
5562 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size
5563 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)
5564 'jis-b0': Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm
5565 'jis-b1': Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm
5566 'jis-b2': Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm
5567 'jis-b3': Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm
5568 'jis-b4': Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm
5569 'jis-b5': Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm
5570 'jis-b6': Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm
5571 'jis-b7': Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm
5572 'jis-b8': Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm
5573 'jis-b9': Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm
5574 'jis-b10': Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm

5575 The following standard values are defined for engineering media sizes:

5576 'a': Specifies the engineering A size: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5577 'b': Specifies the engineering B size: 11 inches x 17 inches
5578 'c': Specifies the engineering C size: 17 inches x 22 inches
5579 'd': Specifies the engineering D size: 22 inches x 34 inches
5580 'e': Specifies the engineering E size: 34 inches x 44 inches
5581

5582 15. APPENDIX D: Processing IPP Attributes

5583 When submitting a print job to a Printer object, the IPP model allows a client to supply operation and Job
5584 Template attributes along with the document data. These Job Template attributes in the create request
5585 affect the rendering, production and finishing of the documents in the job. Similar types of instructions
5586 may also be contained in the document to be printed, that is, embedded within the print data itself. In
5587 addition, the Printer has a set of attributes that describe what rendering and finishing options which are
5588 supported by that Printer. This model, which allows for flexibility and power, also introduces the potential
5589 that at job submission time, these client-supplied attributes may conflict with either:

- 5590 - what the implementation is capable of realizing (i.e., what the Printer supports), as well as
- 5591 - the instructions embedded within the print data itself.

5592

5593 The following sections describe how these two types of conflicts are handled in the IPP model.

5594 15.1 Fidelity

5595 If there is a conflict between what the client requests and what a Printer object supports, the client may
5596 request one of two possible conflict handling mechanisms:

- 5597 1) either reject the job since the job can not be processed exactly as specified, or
- 5598 2) allow the Printer to make any changes necessary to proceed with processing the Job the best it can.

5599

5600 In the first case the client is indicating to the Printer object: "Print the job exactly as specified with no
5601 exceptions, and if that can't be done, don't even bother printing the job at all." In the second case, the client
5602 is indicating to the Printer object: "It is more important to make sure the job is printed rather than be
5603 processed exactly as specified; just make sure the job is printed even if client supplied attributes need to be
5604 changed or ignored."

5605 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing an "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

5606 In a create request, "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is a boolean operation attribute that is OPTIONALLY supplied
5607 by the client. The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and
5608 values is required. The client is requesting that the Job be printed exactly as specified, and if that is not
5609 possible then the job MUST be rejected rather than processed incorrectly. The value 'false' indicates that a
5610 reasonable attempt to print the Job is acceptable. If a Printer does not support some of the client supplied
5611 Job Template attributes or values, the Printer MUST ignore them or substitute any supported value for
5612 unsupported values, respectively. The Printer may choose to substitute the default value associated with
5613 that attribute, or use some other supported value that is similar to the unsupported requested value. For
5614 example, if a client supplies a "media" value of 'na-letter', the Printer may choose to substitute 'iso-a4' rather
5615 than a default value of 'envelope'. If the client does not supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute, the
5616 Printer assumes a value of 'false'.

5617 Each Printer implementation MUST support both types of "fidelity" printing (that is whether the client
5618 supplies a value of 'true' or 'false'):

- 5619 - If the client supplies 'false' or does not supply the attribute, the Printer object MUST always accept the
5620 request by ignoring unsupported Job Template attributes and by substituting unsupported values of
5621 supported Job Template attributes with supported values.
5622 - If the client supplies 'true', the Printer object MUST reject the request if the client supplies
5623 unsupported Job Template attributes.
5624

5625 Since a client can always query a Printer to find out exactly what is and is not supported, "ipp-attribute-
5626 fidelity" set to 'false' is useful when:

- 5627 1) The End-User uses a command line interface to request attributes that might not be supported.
5628 2) In a GUI context, if the End User expects the job might be moved to another printer and prefers a
5629 sub-optimal result to nothing at all.
5630 3) The End User just wants something reasonable in lieu of nothing at all.
5631

5632 15.2 Page Description Language (PDL) Override

5633 If there is a conflict between the value of an IPP Job Template attribute and a corresponding instruction in
5634 the document data, the value of the IPP attribute SHOULD take precedence over the document instruction.
5635 Consider the case where a previously formatted file of document data is sent to an IPP Printer. In this case,
5636 if the client supplies any attributes at job submission time, the client desires that those attributes override
5637 the embedded instructions. Consider the case were a previously formatted document has embedded in it
5638 commands to load 'iso-a4' media. However, the document is passed to an end user that only has access to a
5639 printer with 'na-letter' media loaded. That end user most likely wants to submit that document to an IPP
5640 Printer with the "media" Job Template attribute set to 'na-letter'. The job submission attribute should take
5641 precedence over the embedded PDL instruction. However, until companies that supply document data
5642 interpreters allow a way for external IPP attributes to take precedence over embedded job production
5643 instructions, a Printer might not be able to support the semantics that IPP attributes override the embedded
5644 instructions.

5645 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing a "pdl-override-supported" attribute that describes
5646 the Printer objects capabilities to override instructions embedded in the PDL data stream. The value of the
5647 "pdl-override-supported" attribute is configured by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

5648 This REQUIRED Printer attribute takes on the following values:

- 5649 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take
5650 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
5651 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute
5652 values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.
5653

5654 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'attempted' might do one of several
5655 different actions:

- 5656 1) Generate an output device specific command sequence to realize the feature represented by the IPP
5657 attribute value.

- 5658 2) Parse the document data itself and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new
5659 embedded instruction that matches the intent of the IPP attribute value.
5660 3) Indicate to the Printer that external supplied attributes take precedence over embedded instructions
5661 and then pass the external IPP attribute values to the document data interpreter.
5662 4) Anything else that allows for the semantics that IPP attributes override embedded document data
5663 instructions.
5664

5665 Since 'attempted' does not offer any type of guarantee, even though a given Printer object might not do a
5666 very "good" job of attempting to ensure that IPP attributes take a higher precedence over instructions
5667 embedded in the document data, it would still be a conforming implementation.

5668 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'not-attempted' might do one of the
5669 following actions:

- 5670 1) Simply pre-pend the document data with the PDL instruction that corresponds to the client-supplied
5671 PDL attribute, such that if the document data also has the same PDL instruction, it will override
5672 what the Printer object pre-pended. In other words, this implementation is using the same
5673 implementation semantics for the client-supplied IPP attributes as for the Printer object defaults.
5674 2) Parse the document data and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new embedded
5675 instruction that approximates, but does not match, the semantic intent of the IPP attribute value.
5676

5677 Note: The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute applies to the Printer's ability to either accept or reject other
5678 unsupported Job Template attributes. In other words, if "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is set to 'true', a Job is
5679 accepted if and only if the client supplied Job Template attributes and values are supported by the Printer.
5680 Whether these attributes actually affect the processing of the Job when the document data contains
5681 embedded instructions depends on the ability of the Printer to override the instructions embedded in the
5682 document data with the semantics of the IPP attributes. If the document data attributes can be overridden
5683 ("pdl-override-supported" set to 'attempted'), the Printer makes an attempt to use the IPP attributes when
5684 processing the Job. If the document data attributes can not be overridden ("pdl-override-supported" set to
5685 'not-attempted'), the Printer makes no attempt to override the embedded document data instructions with the
5686 IPP attributes when processing the Job, and hence, the IPP attributes may fail to affect the Job processing
5687 and output when the corresponding instruction is embedded in the document data.

5688 15.3 Using Job Template Attributes During Document Processing.

5689 The Printer object uses some of the Job object's Job Template attributes during the processing of the
5690 document data associated with that job. These include, but are not limited to, "orientation-requested",
5691 "number-up", "sides", "media", and "copies". The processing of each document in a Job Object MUST
5692 follow the steps below. These steps are intended only to identify when and how attributes are to be used in
5693 processing document data and any alternative steps that accomplishes the same effect can be used to
5694 implement this specification document.

- 5695 1. Using the client supplied "document-format" attribute or some form of document format detection
5696 algorithm (if the value of "document-format" is not specific enough), determine whether or not the
5697 document data has already been formatted for printing. If the document data has been formatted,

5698 then go to step 2. Otherwise, the document data MUST be formatted. The formatting detection
5699 algorithm is implementation defined and is not specified by this document. The formatting of the
5700 document data uses the "orientation-requested" attribute to determine how the formatted print data
5701 should be placed on a print-stream page, see section 4.2.10 for the details.
5702

- 5703 2. The document data is in the form of a print-stream in a known media type. The "page-ranges"
5704 attribute is used to select, as specified in section 4.2.7, a sub-sequence of the pages in the print-
5705 stream that are to be processed and images.
5706
- 5707 3. The input to this step is a sequence of print-stream pages. This step is controlled by the "number-up"
5708 attribute. If the value of "number-up" is N, then during the processing of the print-stream pages,
5709 each N print-stream pages are positioned, as specified in section 4.2.9, to create a single impression.
5710 If a given document does not have N more print-stream pages, then the completion of the
5711 impression is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4;
5712 when the value of this attribute is 'single-document' or 'single-document-new-sheet', the print-stream
5713 pages of document data from subsequent documents is used to complete the impression.
5714

5715 The size(scaling), position(translation) and rotation of the print-stream pages on the impression is
5716 implementation defined. Note that during this process the print-stream pages may be rendered to a
5717 form suitable for placing on the impression; this rendering is controlled by the values of the "printer-
5718 resolution" and "print-quality" attributes as described in sections 4.2.12 and 4.2.13. In the case N=1,
5719 the impression is nearly the same as the print-stream page; the differences would only be in the size,
5720 position and rotation of the print-stream page and/or any decoration, such as a frame to the page,
5721 that is added by the implementation.
5722

- 5723 4. The collection of impressions is placed, in sequence, onto sides of the media sheets. This placement
5724 is controlled by the "sides" attribute and the orientation of the print-stream page, as described in
5725 section 4.2.8. The orientation of the print-stream pages affects the orientation of the impression; for
5726 example, if "number-up" equals 2, then, typically, two portrait print-stream pages become one
5727 landscape impression. Note that the placement of impressions onto media sheets is also controlled
5728 by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4.
5729
- 5730 5. The "copies" and "multiple-document-handling" attributes are used to determine how many copies of
5731 each media instance are created and in what order. See sections 4.2.5 and 4.2.4 for the details.
5732
- 5733 6. When the correct number of copies are created, the media instances are finished according to the
5734 values of the "finishings" attribute as described in 4.2.6. Note that sometimes finishing operations
5735 may require manual intervention to perform the finishing operations on the copies, especially
5736 uncollated copies. This document allows any or all of the processing steps to be performed
5737 automatically or manually at the discretion of the Printer object.

5738 16. APPENDIX E: Generic Directory Schema

5739 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by
 5740 which service users can locate service providers. In IPP environments, this means that IPP Printers can be
 5741 registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of type printer in the
 5742 directory using an implementation specific mechanism such as entry attributes, entry type fields, specific
 5743 branches, etc. IPP clients can search or browse for entries of type printer. Clients use the directory service
 5744 to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or filtered searches on attribute values of entries.
 5745 For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local Department" context. Authentication and
 5746 authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an administrator can place limits on end users
 5747 so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have certain access rights. IPP itself does not
 5748 require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

5749 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry object
 5750 can appear as multiple directory entry object with different names for each object. In each case, each alias
 5751 refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPP Printer object.

5752 The generic schema is a subset of IPP Printer Job Template and Printer Description attributes (sections 4.2
 5753 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry
 5754 itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPP
 5755 Printers objects. The conformance labeling in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and
 5756 to IPP Printer implementations that subscribe by adding one or more entries to a directory.
 5757 RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory entry. OPTIONAL attributes
 5758 MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In addition, all directory entry
 5759 attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding Printer object.

5760 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPP Printer attribute
 5761 names as shown.

5762 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPP Printer object, one of the RECOMMENDED
 5763 directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The IPP client queries the
 5764 "printer-uri-supported" attribute in the directory entry and then addresses the IPP Printer object using one of
 5765 its URIs. The "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel.

5766 The following attributes define the generic schema for directory entries of type PRINTER:

5767	printer-uri-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.1
5768	uri-authentication-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.2
5769	uri-security-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.3
5770	printer-name	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.4
5771	printer-location	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.5
5772	printer-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.6
5773	printer-more-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.7
5774	printer-make-and-model	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.9
5775	ipp-versions-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.14
5776	multiple-document-jobs-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.16

5777	charset-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.18
5778	generated-natural-language-		
5779	supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.20
5780	document-format-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.22
5781	color-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.26
5782	compression-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.32
5783	pages-per-minute	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.36
5784	pages-per-minute-color	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.37
5785			
5786	finishings-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.6
5787	number-up-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.7
5788	sides-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.2.8
5789	media-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.2.11
5790	printer-resolution-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.12
5791	print-quality-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.13

5792

5793 17. APPENDIX F: Differences between the IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 "Model and Semantics" Documents

5794 This Appendix is divided into two lists that summarize the differences between IPP/1.1 (this document) and
5795 IPP/1.0 [RFC2566]. The section numbers refer to the numbers in this document which in some cases have
5796 changed from RFC 2566. When a change affects multiple sections, the item is listed once in the order of
5797 the first section affected and the remaining affected section numbers are indicated.

5798 The first list contains extensions and clarifications and the second list contains changes in semantics or
5799 conformance. However, client and IPP object implementations of IPP/1.0 may implement any of the
5800 extensions and clarifications in this document.

5801 The following extensions and clarifications have been incorporated into this document:

- 5802 1. Section 2.1 - clarified that the term "client" can be either contained in software controlled by an end
5803 user or a part of a print server that controls devices.
- 5804 2. Section 2 - clarified that the term "IPP object" and "Printer object" can either be embedded in a
5805 device object or part of a print server that accepts IPP requests.
- 5806 3. Section 2.4 - added the description of the new "uri-authentication-supported" Printer Description
5807 attribute.
- 5808 4. Section 3.1.3, 3.1.6, 3.2.5.2, and 3.2.6.2 - clarified the error handling for operation attributes that
5809 have their own status code.
- 5810 5. Section 3.1.6 - reorganized this section into sub-sections to separately describe "status-code",
5811 "status-message", "detailed-status-message", and "document-access-error" attributes.
- 5812 6. Section 3.1.6.1 - clarified the error status codes and their relationship to operation attributes.
- 5813 7. Section 3.1.6.3 - Added the OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message (text(MAX))" operation attribute
5814 to provide additional more detailed information about a response.
- 5815 8. Section 3.1.6.4 and 3.2.2 - Added the OPTIONAL "document-access-error (text(MAX))" operation
5816 attribute for use with Print-URI and Send-URI responses.
- 5817 9. Sections 3.1.7 - Added this new section to clarify returning Unsupported Attributes for all
5818 operations, including only returning attributes that were in the request. Moved the text from section
5819 3.2.1.2 Unsupported Attributes to this section.
- 5820 10. Sections 3.1.7 and 4.1 - clarified the encoding of the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' and 'unknown'
5821 values.
- 5822 11. Section 3.1.8 - clarified that only the version number parameter will be carried forward into future
5823 major or minor versions of the protocol.
- 5824 12. Section 3.1.8 - relaxed the requirements to increment the major version number in future versions of
5825 the Model and Semantics document.
- 5826 13. Section 3.1.9, and 3.2.5 - added the 'processing' state to the list of job states that a job can be in after
5827 a Create-Job operation.
- 5828 14. Section 3.1.9 - clarified that a non-spooling Printer MAY accept zero or more subsequent jobs while
5829 processing a job and flow control them down. Subsequent create requests are rejected with the
5830 'server-error-busy' error status.

- 5831 15. Section 3.2.1.1 - clarified the validation of the "compression" operation attribute and its relationship
5832 to the validation of the "document-format" attribute and returning Unsupported Attributes.
- 5833 16. Sections 3.2.1.1, 4.3.8, 13.1.4.16, and 13.1.4.17 - added the 'client-error-compression-not-
5834 supported', 'client-error-compression-error' status codes and the 'unsupported-compression' and
5835 'compression-error' job-state-reasons.
- 5836 17. Sections 3.2.1.1 and 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job-
5837 state-reasons.
- 5838 18. Sections 3.2.2, 4.3.8 and 13.1.4.19 - added 'client-error-document-access-error' status code and
5839 'document-access-error' job state reason.
- 5840 19. Section 3.2.5.2 and 3.2.6.2 - clarified that the Unsupported Attributes group MUST NOT include
5841 attributes not requested in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.
- 5842 20. Section 3.2.6 - clarified that "limit" takes precedence over "which-jobs" and "my-jobs".
- 5843 21. Section 3.2.6.2 - clarified that Get-Jobs returns 'successful-ok' when no jobs to return.
- 5844 22. Sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8, and 3.2.9 - added the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-
5845 Jobs operations
- 5846 23. Section 3.3.1 - clarified that the authorization required for a Send-Document request MUST be the
5847 same user as the Create-Job or an operator.
- 5848 24. Sections 3.3.5, 3.3.6, and 3.3.7 - added the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job
5849 operations.
- 5850 25. Section 4.1 - clarified that the encoding of the out-of-band values are specified in the Encoding and
5851 Transport" document.
- 5852 26. Section 4.1.9.1 - clarified that 'application/octet-stream' auto-sensing can happen at create request
5853 time and/or job/document processing time.
- 5854 27. Section 4.1.14 - clarified that the localization of dateTime by the client includes the time zone.
- 5855 28. Section 4.2 - clarified that xxx-supported have multiple keywords and/or names by adding
5856 parentheses to the table to give: (1setOf (type3 keyword | name))
- 5857 29. Section 4.2.2 - added the 'indefinite' keyword value to the "job-hold-until" attribute for use with the
5858 create operations and Hold-Job and Restart-Job operations.
- 5859 30. Section 4.2.6 - added more enum values to the "finishings" Job Template attribute.
- 5860 31. Section 4.3.7 - added that a forwarding server that cannot get any job state MAY return the job's
5861 state as 'completed', provided that it also return the new 'queued-in-device' job state reason.
- 5862 32. Section 4.3.7.2 - added the Partitioning of Job States section to clarify the concepts of Job
5863 Retention, Job History, and Job Removal.
- 5864 33. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-data-insufficient' job state reason to indicate whether sufficient data has
5865 arrived for the document to start to be processed.
- 5866 34. Section 4.3.8 - added 'document-access-error' job state reason to indicate an access error of any kind.
- 5867 35. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-queued-for-marker' job state reason to indicate whether the job has
5868 completed some processing and is waiting for the marker.
- 5869 36. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-compression' and 'compression-error' job state reasons to
5870 indicate compression not supported or compression processing error after the create has been
5871 accepted.
- 5872 37. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job state reasons
5873 to indicate document not supported or document format processing error after the create has been
5874 accepted.

- 5875 38. Section 4.3.8 - added 'queued-in-device' job state reason to indicate that a job as been forwarded to a
5876 print system or device that does not provide any job status.
- 5877 39. Section 4.3.10 - added "job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX)) for returning detailed
5878 error messages.
- 5879 40. Section 4.3.11 - added the "job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX))
- 5880 41. Section 4.3.14.2 - clarified that the time recorded is the first time processing since the create
5881 operation or the Restart-Job operation.
- 5882 42. Section 4.3.14.2 and 4.3.14.3 - clarified that the out-of-band value 'no-value' is returned if the job
5883 has not started processing or has not completed, respectively.
- 5884 43. Section 4.3.14 - Added the OPTIONAL "date-time-at-creation", "date-time-at-processing", and
5885 "date-time-at-completed" Event Time Job Description attributes
- 5886 44. Section 4.4.3 - added the 'tls' value to "uri-security-supported" attribute.
- 5887 45. Section 4.4.3 - clarified "uri-security-supported" is orthogonal to Client Authentication so that 'none'
5888 does not exclude Client Authentication.
- 5889 46. Section 4.4.11 - simplified the "printer-state" descriptions while generalizing to allow high end
5890 devices that interpret one or more jobs while marking another. Indicated that 'spool-area-full' and
5891 'stopped-partly' "printer-state-reasons" may be used to provide further state information.
- 5892 47. Section 4.4.12 - added the 'moving-to-paused' keyword value to the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
5893 for use with the Pause-Job operation.
- 5894 48. Section 4.4.12 - replaced the duplicate 'marker-supply-low' keyword with the missing 'toner-empty'
5895 keyword for the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. (This correction was also made before RFC 2566
5896 was published).
- 5897 49. Section 4.4.12 - clarified 'spool-area-full' "printer-state-reasons" to include non-spooling printers to
5898 indicate when it can and cannot accept another job.
- 5899 50. Section 4.4.15 - added the enum values to the "operations-supported" attribute for the new
5900 operations. Clarified that the values of this attribute are encoded as any enum, namely 32-bit values.
- 5901 51. Section 4.4.30 - clarified that the dateTime value of "printer-current-time" is on a "best efforts
5902 basis". If a proper date-time cannot be obtained, the implementation returns the 'no-value' out-of-
5903 band value. Also clarified that the time zone NEED NOT be the time zone that the people near the
5904 device use and that the client SHOULD display the dateTime attributes in the user's local time.
- 5905 52. Sections 4.4.36 and 4.4.37 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-
5906 color" Printer Description attributes.
- 5907 53. Section 5.1 - clarified that the client conformance requirements apply to clients controlled by an end
5908 user and clients in servers.
- 5909 54. Section 5.1 - clarified that any response MAY contain additional attribute groups, attributes,
5910 attribute syntaxes, or attribute values.
- 5911 55. Section 5.1 - clarified that a client SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by a
5912 lower layer when the channel is flow controlled off by the IPP Printer.
- 5913 56. Section 5.2 - clarified that the IPP object requirements apply to objects embedded in devices or that
5914 are parts of servers.
- 5915 57. Section 5.2.2 - clarified that IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain attribute
5916 groups, attribute names, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are extensions to
5917 this standard.
- 5918 58. Section 8.3 - clarified the use of URIs for each Client Authentication mechanism.
- 5919 59. Section 8.5 - added the security discussion around the new operator/administrator operations.

- 5920 60. Section 13.1.4.16 - added client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)
5921 61. Section 13.1.4.17 - added client-error-compression-error (0x0410)
5922 62. Section 13.1.4.18 - added client-error-document-format-error (0x0411)
5923 63. Section 13.1.4.19 - added client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)
5924 64. Section 13.1.5.10 - added server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)
5925 65. Section 14 - added 'a-white', 'b-white', 'c-white', 'd-white', and 'e-white' and clarified that the existing
5926 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', and 'e' values are size values.
5927 66. Section 16 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-color" Printer
5928 attributes to the Directory schema.
5929 67. Section 16 - added OPTIONAL "multiple-document-jobs-supported" to the Directory schema.
5930 68. Section 16 - added RECOMMENDED "uri-authentication-supported", "ipp-versions-supported",
5931 and "compression-supported" to the Directory schema.

5932 The following changes in semantics and/or conformance have been incorporated into this document:

- 5933 1. Section 3.1.8, 5.2.4, and 13.1.5.4 - Clients and IPP objects MUST support version 1.1
5934 conformance requirements. It is recommended that they interoperate with 1.0. Also clarified
5935 that IPP Printers MUST accept '1.1' requests. It is recommended that they also accept '1.x'
5936 requests.
5937 2. Section 3.2.1.1 and section 4.4.32 - changed the "compression" operation and the "compression-
5938 supported" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
5939 3. Sections 3.2.1.2 and 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED,
5940 so that "job-state-reasons" MUST be returned in create operation responses.
5941 4. Sections 3.2.4, 3.3.1, 4.4.16, and 16 - changed Create-Job/Send-Document so that they MAY be
5942 implemented while only supporting one document jobs. Added the "multiple-document-jobs-
5943 supported" boolean Printer Description attribute to indicate whether Create-Job/Send-
5944 Document support multiple document jobs or not. Added to the Directory schema.
5945 5. Section 4.1.9 - deleted 'text/plain; charset=iso-10646-ucs-2', since binary is not legal with the 'text'
5946 type.
5947 6. Section 4.2.4 - indicated that the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template attribute MUST be
5948 supported with at least one value if the Printer supports multiple documents per job
5949 7. Section 4.3.7.2 - indicated that the 'job-restartable' job state reason SHOULD be supported if the
5950 Restart-Job operation is supported.
5951 8. Section 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED.
5952 9. Section 4.3.8 - clarified the conformance of the values of the "job-state-reasons" attribute by
5953 copying conformance requirements from other sections of the document so that it is clear from
5954 reading the definition of "job-state-reasons" which values MUST or SHOULD be supported.
5955 The 'none', 'unsupported-compression', and 'unsupported-document-format' values MUST be
5956 supported. The 'job-hold-until-specified' SHOULD be specified if the "job-hold-until" Job
5957 Template is supported. The following values SHOULD be supported: 'job-canceled-by-user',
5958 'aborted-by-system', and 'job-completed-successfully'. The 'job-canceled-by-operator' SHOULD
5959 be supported if the implementation permits canceling by other than the job owner. The 'job-
5960 canceled-at-device' SHOULD be supported if the device supports canceling jobs at the console.
5961 The 'job-completed-with-warnings' SHOULD be supported, if the implementation detects
5962 warnings. The 'job-completed-with-errors' SHOULD be supported if the implementation

- 5963 detects errors. The 'job-restartable' SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is
5964 supported.
- 5965 10. Section 4.3.14 - changed the "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed"
5966 Event Time Job Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 5967 11. Section 4.3.14.4 - added the REQUIRED "job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))" Job Description
5968 attribute as an alias for "printer-up-time" to reduce number of operations to get job times.
- 5969 12. Section 4.4.2 - added the REQUIRED "uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)"
5970 Printer Description attribute to describe the Client Authentication used by each Printer URI.
- 5971 13. Section 4.4.12 - changed "printer-state-reasons" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to
5972 REQUIRED.
- 5973 14. Section 4.4.12 - changed 'paused' value of "printer-state-reasons" to MUST if Pause-Printer
5974 operation is supported.
- 5975 15. Section 4.4.14 - added the REQUIRED "ipp-versions-supported (1setOf keyword)" Printer
5976 Description attribute, since IPP/1.1 Printers do not have to support version '1.0' conformance
5977 requirements. Section 4.4.16 - added the "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)" Printer
5978 Description attribute so that a client can tell whether a Printer that supports Create-Job/Send-
5979 Document supports multiple document jobs or not. This attribute is REQUIRED if the Create-
5980 Job operation is supported.
- 5981 16. Section 4.4.24 - changed the "queued-job-count" Printer Description attribute from
5982 RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED.
- 5983 17. Section 4.4.32 - changed "compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)" Printer Description
5984 attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 5985 18. Section 5.1 - changed the client security requirements from RECOMMENDED non-standards
5986 track SSL3 to MUST support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and
5987 Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server
5988 Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO].
- 5989 19. Section 5.2.7 - changed the IPP object security requirements from OPTIONAL non-standards track
5990 SSL3 to SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding
5991 and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to
5992 configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. An IPP Printer
5993 implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as
5994 defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation
5995 MAY allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and
5996 Server Authentication. Security MUST NOT be compromised when the client supplies a lower
5997 version-number in a request.

5998 See also the "IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport" [IPP-PRO] document for differences between IPP/1.0
5999 [RFC2565] and IPP/1.1 [IPP-PRO].

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