INTERNET-DRAFT

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Job Submission Protocol Mapping Recommendations for the Job Monitoring MIB

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Abstract

This Internet-Draft defines the recommended mapping for many currently popular Job submission protocols to objects and attributes in the Job Monitoring MIB.

Bergman [page 1]

1 2	TABLI	E OF CONTENTS
3	1.0	INTRODUCTION
4	2.0	LINE PRINTER DAEMON (LPR/LPD) PROTOCOL
5	2.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to LPR/LPD
6	2.2	jmJobIndex Mapped to LPR/LPD
7	2.3	Other MIB Objects Mapped to LPR/LPD
8	2.4	The Attribute Group Mapped to LPD
9	3.0	APPLETALK PROTOCOL
10	3.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to AppleTalk
11	3.2	Other AppleTalk Mappings
12	4.0	INTERNET PRINTING PROTOCOL (IPP)
13	4.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to IPP
14	4.2	jmJobIndex Mapped to IPP
15	4.3	Other MIB Objects Mapped to IPP
16	4.4	The Attribute Group Mapped to IPP
17	5.0	INTELLIGENT PRINTER DATA STREAM (IPDS)
18	6.0	DOCUMENT PRINTING APPLICATION (DPA)
19	6.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to DPA9
20	6.2	jmJobIndex Mapped to DPA9
21	6.3	Other MIB Objects Mapped to DPA9
22	6.4	The Attribute Group Mapped to DPA
23	7.0	NOVELL DISTRIBUTED PRINT SERVICE (NDPS)
24	7.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to NDPS
25	7.2	jmJobIndex Mapped to NDPS
26	7.3	Other MIB Objects Mapped to NDPS
27	7.4	The Attribute Group Mapped to NDPS
28	8.0	PRINTER JOB LANGUAGE (PJL)
29	8.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to PJL
30	8.2	jmJobIndex Mapped to PJL
31	8.3	The Attribute Group Mapped to PJL
32	9.0	POSTSCRIPT
33	9.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to PostScript
34	9.2	Other MIB Objects and Attributes Mapped to PostScript 15
35	10.0	NETWARE PSERVER
36	10.1	
37		jmJobIndex Mapped to PServer
38	10.3	The Attribute Group Mapped to PServer
39	11.0	NETWARE NPRINTER or RPRINTER
40	12.0	SERVER MESSAGE BLOCK (SMB) PROTOCOL
41	12.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to SMB
42	12.2	jmJobIndex Mapped to SMB
43	12.3	Other MIB objects Mapped to SMB
44	13.0	TRANSPORT INDEPENDENT PRINTER/SYSTEM INTERFACE (TIP/SI) 18
45	13.1	jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to TIP/SI
46	13.2	jmJobIndex Mapped to TIP/SI
47	13.3	Other MIB Objects Mapped to TIP/SI
48	13.4	The Attribute Group Mapped to TIP/SI
1 9	14.0	REFERENCES
50	15.0	AUTHORS

Bergman [page 2]

1.0 INTRODUCTION

 The Job Monitoring MIB [JobMIB] is intended to be implemented in a device or server that supports any job submission protocol. However, the information available and the method of presentation varies significantly by job submission protocol. A common method of mapping job submission information to the Job Monitoring MIB is essential for interoperability of Job MIB agents and monitoring applications. This document defines recommended mappings for most popular job submission protocols to insure this compatibility.

All mappings are unidirectional from the job submission protocol to the MIB. It is assumed that support of the job submission protocol in the printer implies that the reverse information flow is presently defined and does not require interaction from the MIB. This mapping is not defined in this document as it should be obvious.

 This document refers to system configurations that are defined in the Job Monitoring MIB [JobMIB]. For those readers that are familiar with the configuration descriptions, a short summary appears here. Please see the Job MIB document for further details.

Configuration 1: This is a simple peer-to-peer system which contains only a client and a printer. The Job MIB agent is resident in the printer.

Configuration 2: This system contains a client, server, and a printer. The Jib MIB agent is resident in the server.

Configuration 3: This system, as in configuration 2, contains a client, server, and a printer. In this case the Job MIB agent is implemented within the printer.

The most important object to be mapped is jmJobSubmissionID, since this is a method for the user or client to determine the jmJobIndex for a submitted job. Therefore, jmJobSubmissionID is specified for all job submission protocols defined in this document. The remaining objects mapped include only those items that have the equivalent information presented to the printer by the job submission protocol.

While this document places a strong emphasis on jmJobSubmissionID mapping to obtain jmJobIndex, the preferred method is through the use of a bi-directional protocol that returns the value of jmJobIndex to the client, such as IPP. When a bi-directional protocol that returns jmJobIndex is in use, the jmJobSubmissionID object has no value to the client. When the jmJobIndex cannot be returned, the use of a client defined jmJobSubmissionID is preferred over an agent derived value. The client defined version allows for retrieval of jmJobIndex using a single SNMP Get operation, since jmJobSubmissionID is the index into the jmJobIDTable. An agent derived value will require a search through multiple entries in the jmJobIDTable.

Bergman [page 3]

 The majority of the protocols mapped in this document are oriented towards network job submission. However, the Job Monitoring MIB is also intended to monitor print jobs received from other than network ports, such as parallel and serial ports. Some of the job submission protocols included that are used with non-networked ports are PJL, PostScript, and TIP/SI. In addition, the Job Monitoring MIB can be used with print jobs that are internally generated, such as self test pages. In this latter case, no mapping is required since all job submission protocols are bypassed.

2.0 LINE PRINTER DAEMON (LPR/LPD) PROTOCOL

The LPR/LPD printing protocol [LPD] is used with BSD UNIX systems in the client-server-printer configuration. Usage of the Job Monitoring MIB with LPR/LPD will most likely conform to Configuration 3, where the monitor application or the server uses SNMP to obtain job information from the printer. The client communicates with the UNIX server using the existing LPD protocol to obtain job information.

The LPR/LPD protocol is also used in the Windows environment to implement peer-to-peer printing, as shown in configuration 1. In this case, SNMP is used by the client and/or the monitor application to obtain the job information.

One of the major problems of LPR/LPD is the large number of vendor unique extensions currently used with the protocol and the resulting compatibility issues between available implementations. To avoid these issues, this mapping of LPR/LPD is restricted to the protocol as defined by RFC 1179.

The LPR/LPD protocol transfers print job data and control information in separate files, known as the Data File and Control File, respectively. Most of the information concerning the print job is contained in the Control File. In many LPD implementations, the Control File is transferred following the Data File. Thus much of the information concerning the job may not be available until the completion of the data transmission.

2.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to LPR/LPD

The LPR/LPD Receive Data File command contains a parameter which defines the name of the data file. This name field is structured as follows:

dfaXXX<host-name> or daXXXX<host-name>

Where XXX or XXXX is the numeric job number assigned by the LPR/LPD client submitting the print job. The recommended mapping of this name field to jmJobSubmissionID is:

Bergman [page 4]

 octet 1: '9'

octets 2-40: Contains the <host-name> portion of the name field. If the <host-name> portion is less than 40 octets, the left-most character in the string shall appear in octet position 2. Any unused portion of this field shall be filled with spaces. Otherwise, only the last 39 bytes shall be included.

octets 41-48: '00000XXX' or '0000XXXX', where XXX or XXXX is the decimal (ASCII coded) representation of the LPR/LPD job number.

2.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to LPR/LPD

The job index (jmJobIndex) is assigned by the SNMP job monitoring agent and is independent of the XXX (or XXXX) index assigned by the LPR/LPD client. This will allow the SNMP agent to track jobs received from multiple sources.

2.3 Other MIB Objects Mapped to LPR/LPD

MIB Object	LPR/LPD Parameter
jmJobKOctetsPerCopyRequested	Number of bytes as defined in the Data
jmJobOwner	Control file command code = P (User Id)

2.4 The Attribute Group Mapped to LPD

Other attributes that are applicable, but not defined in this section such as attributes that map to a vendor unique extension, may also be included.

MIB attribute	LPR/LPD information	Data type
jobName queueNameRequested fileName documentName	Name of the data file (note 1) Queue name from the Data File Source File Name (notes 2, 3) Document title (notes 2, 4)	Octet String Octet String Octet String Octet String Octet String

Notes:

- 1. See section 2.1 (jmJobSubmissionID).
- 2. The information is optional in the Control File. The attribute should be included if present in the Control File.
- 3. Control file command code = N.
- 4. Control file command code = J.

Bergman [page 5]

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3.0 APPLETALK PROTOCOL

AppleTalk was originally developed as a peer-to-peer network protocol, as described in configuration 1, for use with Apple Macintosh computers. Today, print spoolers are also available for use with Macintosh computer networks that conform to configurations 2/3. In addition, printing with the AppleTalk protocol is supported from both Windows NT servers and Novell servers also per configurations 2/3.

The AppleTalk protocol provides very little information that can be used with the Job Monitoring MIB. The Macintosh print drivers are able to provide information concerning the user and document name but imbed this information in the PDL, which is typically PostScript. The preferred jmJobSubmissionID is constructed from the information in the PostScript file, as defined in section 9.0.

jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to AppleTalk

An alternative jmJobSubmissionID may be constructed from the Connection Identifier contained in the AppleTalk Printer Access Protocol (PAP) header. Since the Connection Id is not readily available in any of the defined AppleTalk implementations, this approach may be of little utility.

octet 1: 'A'

octets 2-40: Contains the AppleTalk printer name, with the first character of the name in octet 2. AppleTalk printer names are a maximum of 31 characters. Any unused portion of this field shall be filled with spaces.

octets 41-48: '00000XXX', where 'XXX' is the decimal (ASCII coded) representation of the Connection Id.

3.2 Other AppleTalk Mappings

No other Job MIB objects or parameters can be derived from information available in the AppleTalk headers

4.0 INTERNET PRINTING PROTOCOL (IPP)

The Internet Printing Protocol [IPP] supports printing using any one of the three possible configurations. For configuration 2, the mapping defined herein is performed on an agent within the server. Otherwise, the mapping is performed on an agent within the printer.

[page 6] Bergman

4.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to IPP

IPP contains a rich set of parameters which allow several methods of creating the jmJobSubmissionID object. To prevent interoperability problems, the preferred method is to use the IPP job-uri attribute as follows:

octet 1: '4'

octets 2-40: Contains the IPP job-uri job description attribute generated by the printer. (The job-uri is returned to the client by IPP.) If the job-uri is less than 40 octets, the left-most character in the string shall appear in octet position 2. Any unused portion of this field shall be filled with spaces. Otherwise, only the last 39 bytes shall be included.

octets 41-48: Contains the decimal (ASCII coded) representation of the job-id job description attribute. Leading zeros shall be inserted to fill the entire 8 octet field.

4.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to IPP

The job index (jmJobIndex) assigned by the SNMP job monitoring agent is returned to the client by IPP as the job-id job description attribute. (Since IPP does not require consecutively generated job-ids, the agent may receive jobs from multiple clients and can assign jmJobIndex in an ascending sequence independent of the submitting job client.) The IPP job-id must be restricted to the range of 1 to 99,999,999 (decimal) to allow the value to be properly represented in jmJobSubmissionID.

4.3 Other MIB Objects Mapped to IPP

MIB Object	IPP Job attribute
jmJobState jmJobStateReasons1 jmNumberOfInterveningJobs jmJobKOctetsPerCopyRequested jmJobKOctetsProcessed jmJobImpressionsPerCopyRequested jmJobImpressionsCompleted jmJobOwner	job-state job-state-reasons (note 1) number-of-intervening-jobs job-k-octets job-k-octets-processed job-impressions job-impressions-completed job-originating-user-name

Notes:

1. jmJobStateReasons1 is a bit map described in one object and three attributes. The IPP condition may change one or more of the bits in one or more of these Job MIB items.

Bergman [page 7]

4.4 The Attribute Group Mapped to IPP

The following mappings are required if the listed IPP job template attribute is provided.

7 8	MIB attribute	IPP job attribute	Data type
9 10	jobStateReasonsN jobCodedCharSet	job-state-reasons (note 3) attributes-charset (note 1)	Integer Octet String
11	jobNaturalLanguageTag	attributes-natural-language	Octet String
12	joburi	job-uri	Octet String
13	jobName	job-name	Octet String
14	physicalDevice	output-device-assigned	Octet String
15	numberOfDocuments	number-of-documents	Integer
16	jobPriority	job-priority	Integer
17	jobHoldUntil	job-hold-until	Octet String
18	sides	sides (note 2)	Integer
19	finishing	finishings	Integer
20	printQualityRequested	print-quality	Integer
21	printerResolutionRequested	printer-resolution	Integer
22	jobCopiesRequested	copies (note 4)	Integer
23	documentCopiesRequested	copies (note 4)	Integer
24	jobCollationType	multiple-document-handling	Integer
25	sheetsRequested	job-media-sheets	Integer
26	sheetsCompleted	job-media-sheets-completed	Integer
27	mediumRequested	media	Octet String
28	jobSubmissionTime	time-at-submission	Integer
29	jobStartedProcessingTime	time-at-processing	Integer
30	jobCompletionTime	time-at-completed	Integer

Notes:

- 1. jobCodedCharSet is an enum from the IANA registry which is also used in the Printer MIB. The IPP attributes-charset is the name (MIME preferred name) of the character set.
- 2. The Job MIB sides attribute uses the integer values "1" and "2". The IPP sides attribute uses three keywords.
- 3. jobStateReasonsN is a bit map described in one object and three attributes. The IPP condition may change one or more of the bits in one or more of these Job MIB items.
- 4. The IPP "copies" attribute maps to the Job MIB:
 - (1) jobCopiesRequested when the job has only one document OR IPP "multiple-document-handling" is 'single-valued'
 - (2) documentCopiesRequested, in which case the MIB value is the total number of document copies that the job will produce as a whole.

5.0 INTELLIGENT PRINTER DATA STREAM (IPDS)

Bergman [page 8]

6.0 DOCUMENT PRINTING APPLICATION (DPA)

The ISO 10175 Document Printing Application (DPA) [DPA] supports printing using any one of the three possible configurations. For configuration 2, the mapping defined herein is performed on a server. Otherwise, the mapping is performed on an agent within the printer.

6.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to DPA

DPA contains a rich set of parameters which allow several methods of creating the jmJobSubmissionID object. To prevent interoperability problems, the preferred method is to use the DPA job-originating-user attribute as follows:

octet 1: '0'

octets 2-40: Contains the DPA job-owner attribute supplied by the submitter. If the job-owner is less than 40 octets, the left-most character in the string shall appear in octet position 2. Any unused portion of this field shall be filled with spaces. Otherwise, only the last 39 bytes shall be included.

octets 41-48: Contains an 8-digit sequential decimal number.

6.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to DPA

The job index (jmJobIndex) assigned by the SNMP job monitoring agent is returned to the client by DPA as a decimal digit string as the value of the DPA job-identifier attribute. (Since DPA does not require consecutively generated job-identifiers, the agent may receive jobs from multiple clients and can assign the jmJobIndex in an ascending sequence independent of the submitting job client.) The DPA job-identifier must be restricted to the range of 1 to 99,999,999 (decimal) to allow the value to be properly represented in jmJobSubmissionID.

6.3 Other MIB Objects Mapped to DPA

2	MIB Object	DPA Job attribute
4 5 6	jmJobState jmJobStateReasons1 jmNumberOfInterveningJobs	job-state job-state-reasons (note 2) intervening-jobs
7	jmJobKOctetsPerCopyRequested	total-job-octets (notes 1, 3)
8	jmJobKOctetsProcessed	<pre>job-octets-completed (note 1)</pre>
9	jmJobImpressionsPerCopyRequested	<pre>job-impression-count (note 3)</pre>
0	jmJobImpressionsCompleted	impressions-completed
1	jmJobOwner	job-owner

[page 9] Bergman

Notes:

- 1. jmJobKOctetsPerCopyRequested and jmJobKOctetsProcessed is in K octets while the DPA job-total-octets and job-octets-completed is in octets and is 63-bits of significance.
- 2. jobStateReasonsN is a bit map described in one object and three attributes. The DPA condition may change one or more of the bits in one or more of these Job MIB items. Also the DPA job-state-reasons is a multi-valued attribute with each value being an OBJECT IDENTIFIER (OID).
- 3. DPA octets include the multiplication factor due to job and document copies, while the MIB values do not.

6.4 The Attribute Group Mapped to DPA

The following mappings are required if the listed DPA job attribute is provided.

19 20 21	MIB attribute	DPA job attribute	IPP Data type
22	jobStateReasonsN	job-state-reasons (note 2)	Integer
23	jobCodedCharSet	(note 1)	Octet String
24	jobAccountName	accounting-information	Octet String
25	jobName	job-name	Octet String
26	deviceNameRequested	printer-name-requested	Octet String
27	physicalDevice	printers-assigned	Octet String
28	numberOfDocuments	number-of-documents	Integer
29	fileName	file-name	Octet String
30	documentName	document-name	Octet String
31	jobComment	job-comment	Octet String
32	documentFormat	document-format	Octet String
33	jobPriority	job-priority	Integer
34	jobProcessAfterDateAndTime	job-print-after	Octet String
35	outputBin	results-profile.output-bin	Octet String
36	sides	sides (note 3)	Integer
37	finishing	job-finishing, finishing	Integer
38	printQualityRequested	print-quality	Integer
39 40	printerResolutionRequested	default-printer-resolution (note 4)	Integer
41	jobCopiesRequested	results-profile.job-copies	Integer
42	jobCopiesCompleted	job-copies-completed	Integer
43	documentCopiesRequested	copy-count (note 5)	Integer
44	documentCopiesCompleted	copies-completed (note 6)	Integer
45	sheetsRequested	job-media-sheet-count	Integer
46	sheetsCompleted	job-media-sheets-completed	Integer
47	pagesRequested	job-page-count	Integer
48	pagesCompleted	pages-completed	Integer
49 50	mediumRequested	page-media-select, default-medium	Octet String
51	jobSubmissionTime	submission-time (note 7)	Octet String
52	jobStartedProcessingTime	started-printing-time (note 7)	Octet String

Bergman [page 10]

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completion-time (note 7) | Octet String jobCompletionTime

Notes:

- - 1. Every DPA attribute is tagged indicating the coded character set to be used for that attribute.
 - 2. jobStateReasonsN is a bit map described in one object and three attributes. The DPA condition may change one or more of the bits in one or more of these Job MIB items. Also the DPA job-state-reasons is a multi-valued attribute with each value being an OBJECT IDENTIFIER (OID).
 - 3. The Job MIB sides attribute is an integer '1' or '2' while the DPA sides attribute has one of six OID values that includes plex.
 - 4. printerResolutionRequested has x and y resolution and is intended to override the resolution instruction in the document, if any, while the DPA default-printer-resolution is the same in x and y and only takes effect if the document does not contain a resolution instruction
 - 5. The DPA "copy-count" attribute is a per-document attribute, so the MIB value is the sum of the documents' "copy-count" values times the job's "results-profile.job-copies" value.
 - 6. The DPA "copies-completed" attribute is a per-document attribute, so the MIB value is the sum of the documents' "copies-completed" values times the job's "results-profile.job-copies" value.
 - 7. The DPA GeneratlizedTime data type is defined by ISO 8824 (ISO-8824) while the MIB DateAndTime is defined by SNMPv2-TC.

7.0 NOVELL DISTRIBUTED PRINT SERVICE (NDPS)

Novell Distributed Print Services is a DPA based job submission protocol that conforms to configuration 3.

7.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to NDPS

NDPS supports the generation of a properly formatted jmJobSubmissionID for use in the Job MIB, via the attribute ndps-att-job-identifier.

ISSUE: Is this the proper NDPS attribute or should the attribute ndpsatt-identifier-on-client or ndps-att-new-job-identifier to be used?

7.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to NDPS

NDPS defines the attribute ndps-att-job-identifier-on-printer that can be used to return the value of jmJobIndex to the NDPS client.

7.3 Other MIB Objects Mapped to NDPS

Bergman [page 11]

1	MIB Object	NDPS Parameter
4		
3	jmJobState	ndps-att-current-job-state (note 1)
4	jmJobStateReasons1	ndps-att-job-state-reasons (note 2)
5	jmNumberOfInterveningJobs	ndps-att-intervening-jobs
6	jmJobKOctetsPerCopyRequested	ndps-att-total-job-octets
7		(notes 3, 4)
8	jmJobKOctetsProcessed	ndps-att-octets-completed (note 3)
9	jmJobImpressionsPerCopyRequested	ndps-att-job-impressions-count
10	jmJobImpressionsCompleted	ndps-att-impressions-completed
11	jmJobOwner	ndps-att-job-owner
12		(note 5)

Notes:

- 1. Some of the NDPS job states must be represented by both a jmJobState and a jmJobStateReasons1 object or a jobStateReasonsN attribute.
- 2. The NDPS job state reasons may be mapped to either the object jmJobStateReasons1 or the attribute jobStateReasonsN.
- 3. jmJobKOctetsPerCopyRequested and jmJobKOctetsProcessed is in K octets while the NDPS ndps-att-job-total-octets and ndps-att-job-octets-completed is in octets and is 63-bits of significance.
- 4. NDPS octets include the multiplication factor due to job and document copies, while the MIB values do not.
- 5. The Job MIB object must be multiplied by the attribute jobCopiesRequested to obtain the NDPS attribute value, if multiple copies have been requested.

7.4 The Attribute Group Mapped to NDPS

The following mappings are required if the listed PJL attribute or command option is provided.

36 37	MIB attribute	NDPS parameter	Data type
38	jobAccountName	ndps-att-job-owner	Octet String
39	jobName	ndps-att-job-name	Octet String
40	jobOriginatingHost	ndps-att-job-originator	Octet String
41 42	deviceNameRequested	ndps-att-printer-name requested	Octet String
43	numberOfDocuments	ndps-att-number-of-documents	Integer
44	fileName	ndps-att-document-file-name	Octet String
45	documentName	ndps-att-document-name	Octet String
46	jobComment	ndps-att-job-comment	Octet String
47	documentFormatIndex	ndps-att-prtInterpreterIndex	Integer
48	documentFormat	ndps-att-document-format	Integer
49	jobPriority	ndps-att-job-priority	Integer
50	jobProcessAfterDateAndTime	ndps-att-job-print-after	Octet String
51	outputBin	ndps-att-results-profile	Integer
52		(note 1)	

Bergman [page 12]

1	sides	ndps-att-sides (note 2)	Integer
2	finishing	ndps-att-job-finishing	Integer
3	printQualityRequested	ndps-att-print-quality	Integer
4	printerResolutionRequested	ndps-att-default-printer	
5		resolution (note 3)	Integer
6	printerResolutionUsed	ndps-att-default-resolutions	
7		used	Integer
8	jobCopiesRequested	ndps-att-results-profile	Integer
9		(note 4)	
10	jobCopiesCompleted	ndps-att-job-copies-completed	Integer
11	documentCopiesRequested	ndps-att-copy-count	Integer
12	documentCopiesCompleted	ndps-att-copies-completed	Integer
13		(note 3)	
14	sheetsRequested	ndps-att-job-media	
15		sheet-count	Integer
16	sheetsCompleted	ndps-att-media-sheets	
17		completed	Integer
18	mediumConsumed	ndps-att-media-used	Integer
19	jobSubmissionToServerTime	ndps-att-submission-time	Octet String
20	jobSubmissionTime	ndps-att-started-printing-time	Octet String
21	jobCompletionTime	ndps-att-completion-time	Octet String
22	Notes:		

- 1. The output-bin field in ndps-att-results-profile is to be used.
- 2. The Job MIB sides attribute is an integer '1' or '2' while the NDPS sides attribute has one of six OID values that includes plex.
- 3. printerResolutionRequested has x and y resolution and is intended to override the resolution instruction in the document, if any, while the ndps-att-default-printer-resolution is the same in x and y and only takes effect if the document does not contain a resolution instruction
- 4. The job-copies field in ndps-att-results-profile is to be used.

8.0 PRINTER JOB LANGUAGE (PJL)

PJL [PJL] has been developed by Hewlett-Packard to provide job control information to the printer and status information to applications, independent of the PDL.

8.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to PJL

PJL has defined the SUBMISSIONID option for the JOB command which indicates a properly formatted jmJobSubmissionID for use in the Job MIB. The PJL JOB command is presented at the start of a print job with options that apply only the attached job. The syntax for this command option is:

@PJL JOB SUBMISSIONID = "id string"

Bergman [page 13]

 Driver software that implements this PJL command option must provide the "id string" in one of the client version formats specified in the Job MIB for jmJobSubmissionID.

For drivers that are not able to create the SUBMISSIONID option, it is recommended that jmJobSubmissionID format 0 be created by the agent using the PJL attribute DocOwner or DocOwnerId.

octet 1: '0'

octets 2-40: Contains the string associated with DocOwner or DocOwnerId. If the string is less than 40 octets, the left-most character in the string shall appear in octet position 2. Otherwise, only the last 39 bytes shall be included. Any unused portion of this field shall be filled with spaces. If DocOwner or DocOwnerId cannot be obtained, this field shall be blank.

octets 41-48: Contains the value of jmJobIndex associated with the job. Leading zeros shall be inserted to fill the entire 8 octet field.

8.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to PJL

PJL does not provide a value that can be mapped to jmJobIndex.

8.3 Other MIB Objects Mapped to PJL

MIB Object	PJL Job attribute
job0wner	DocOwner or DocOwnerId attribute

8.4 The Attribute Group Mapped to PJL

The following mappings are required if the listed PJL attribute or command option is provided.

MIB attribute	PJL attribute or command option	Data type
serverAssignedJobName	DocName attribute or the command @PJL JOB Name = "string"	Octet String Octet String
submittingServerName	SrcServerName attribute	Octet String
jobOriginatingHost	SrcPort attribute	Octet String
queueNameRequested	SrcQ attribute	Octet String
fileName	JobFName attribute	Octet String
jobComment	JobDesc attribute	Octet String
jobSubmissionTime	TimeSubmit attribute	Octet String

Bergman [page 14]

7 8

 9.0 POSTSCRIPT

The PostScript PDL permits comment fields which can be used by application drivers to include job information. Although there are no restrictions or requirements as to what information may be included, many drivers include job owner and/or document name.

9.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to PostScript

The use of a standard format job submission id comment string will allow interoperability of printers and drivers from multiple vendors. The following comment string format is recommended for use with PostScript level 1 and level 2 data streams.

%%JMPJobSubmissionId:(id-string)

where "id string" can be any jmJobSubmissionID format reserved for clients.

9.2 Other MIB Objects and Attributes Mapped to PostScript

No Other mappings from PostScript comment strings are recommended, but many Job MIB objects and attributes can be defined using vendor unique comment strings.

10.0 NETWARE PSERVER

The NetWare PServer job submission protocol is implemented in a client-server-printer system on the server to printer link as defined in configuration 3.

- 10.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to PServer
 - octet 1: 'B'
 - octets 2-40: Contains the Directory Path Name of the agent as recorded by the Novell File Server in the queue directory. If the string is less than 40 octets, the left-most character in the string shall appear in octet position 2. Otherwise, only the last 39 bytes shall be included. Any unused portion of this field shall be filled with spaces.
 - octets 41-48: '000XXXXX' The decimal (ASCII coded) representation of the Job Number as per the NetWare File Server Queue Management Services.

Bergman [page 15]

10.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to PServer

The job index (jmJobIndex) is assigned by the SNMP job monitoring agent and is independent of the Job Number assigned by the NetWare File Server Queue Management Services. This will allow the SNMP agent to track jobs received from multiple sources.

10.3 Other MIB Objects Mapped to PJL

MIB Object	PServer Job attribute	
jobOwner	Client Id Number	Octet String

10.4 The Attribute Group Mapped to PServer

The following mappings are required if the listed PServer parameter is provided in the Novell File Server queue directory.

MIB attribute	PServer parameter	Data type
serverAssignedJobName queueNameRequested physicalDevice jobComment jobPriority jobProcessAfterDateAndTime jobCopiesRequested mediumRequested jobSubmissionToServerTime	Job File Name Queue Id Server Id Number Job Description (note 1) Target Execution Time Number of Copies Form Name Job Entry Time	Octet String Integer Integer Octet String Integer Octet String Integer Octet String Integer Octet String Octet String
	COD Ellery True	00000

Notes:

1. The job priority is determined by the priority assigned to the queue that contains the job. Each queue can be assigned a unique priority and the priority of the job is inherited from the queue.

11.0 NETWARE NPRINTER or RPRINTER

The NetWare NPrinter/RPrinter protocol was designed to transfer print data from a Novell File Server to a printer attached directly to a local port (e.g. parallel or serial) on a PC. NPrinter/RPrinter is an extremely lightweight printing protocol. Consequently, no information required by the Job Monitoring MIB is provided and a meaningful jmJobSubmissionID cannot be generated.

It is recommended that an additional job submission layer, such as PJL or another vendor private protocol, be included on top of NPrinter/RPrinter to provide the required information. The mapping

Bergman [page 16]

 should then be performed according to the recommendations of the higher layer submission protocol.

12.0 SERVER MESSAGE BLOCK (SMB) PROTOCOL

The Server Message Block protocol is used with several PC Network operating systems, such as Microsoft Windows for Workgroups, IBM LAN Server, and Artisoft Lantastic. SMB systems supporting the Job Monitoring MIB will conform to either configuration 1 or 3.

12.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to SMB

octet 1: 'C'

octets 2-40: Contains a decimal (ASCII coded) representation of the 16 bit SMB Tree Id field, which uniquely identifies the connection that submitted the job to the printer. The most significant digit of the numeric string shall be placed in octet position 2. All unused portions of this field shall be filled with spaces. The SMB Tree Id has a maximum value of 65,535.

octets 41-48: Contains a decimal (ASCII coded) representation of the File Handle returned from the printer agent to the client in response to a Create Print File command. Leading zeros shall be inserted to fill the entire 8 octet field.

12.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to SMB

It is strongly recommended that the File Handle returned from the printer agent be identical to jmJobIndex. If these items are identical, there is no need for the client application to perform a search on jmJobSubmissionID. To be compatible with the 16 bit field allocated to this value by SMB, the maximum jmJobIndex is 65,535.

12.3 Other MIB objects Mapped to SMB

MIB Object | SMB Parameter
-----jmJobOwner | SMB User Id field (note 1)

Notes:

1. A decimal (ASCII coded) representation of the SMB User Id numeric shall be presented as jmJobOwner.

Bergman [page 17]

13.0 TRANSPORT INDEPENDENT PRINTER/SYSTEM INTERFACE (TIP/SI)

The TIP/SI protocol, although currently specified as a part of the IEEE 1284 parallel port standards [TIP/SI], was originally developed as a network protocol. TIP/SI thus has the potential of being integrated into any network or non-network configuration.

13.1 jmJobSubmissionID Mapped to TIP/SI

octet 1: 'D'

octets 2-40: Contains the Job Name from the Job Control-Start Job (JC-SJ) command. If the Job Name portion is less than 40 octets, the left-most character in the string shall appear in octet position 2. Any unused portion of this field shall be filled with spaces. Otherwise, only the last 39 bytes shall be included.

octets 41-48: Contains a decimal (ASCII coded) representation of the jmJobIndex assigned by the agent. Leading zeros shall be inserted to fill the entire 8 octet field.

13.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to TIP/SI

jmJobIndex is returned to the client as the Printer Assigned Job Id in a Job Control-Start Job (JC-SJ) response packet. To be compatible with the 16 bit field allocated to this value by TIP/SI, the maximum jmJobIndex is 65,535.

13.3 Other MIB Objects Mapped to TIP/SI

MIB Object	TIP/SI Parameter
jmJobOwner	User string

13.4 The Attribute Group Mapped to TIP/SI

MIB attribute	TIP/SI information	Data type
jobName jobComment	_	Octet String Octet String

14.0 REFERENCES

[DPA] ISO/IEC 10175-1:1996(E), "Information technology - Text and office systems - Document Printing Application (DPA) - Part 1: Abstract service definition and procedures", JTC1/SC18.

Bergman [page 18]

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1
    [IPP] The Internet Printing Protocol RFC XXXX, Model RFC XXXX
2
3
    [ISO-8824]
               ISO/IEC 8824:1990, "Information technology - Open Systems
    Interconnection - Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation (ASN.1)".
5
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    [JobMIB] The Job Monitoring MIB, work in progress, <draft-ietf-
7
    printmib-job-monitoring-07.txt>, to be published as an Informational RFC
    as a Printer Working Group (PWG) standard.
8
9
    [LPD] Line Printer Daemon Protocol, RFC 1179, IETF informational
10
11
    document.
12
13
    [PJL] Printer Job Language Technical Reference Manual, Hewlett-Packard
14
    part number 5021-0328.
15
16
    [PrtMIB] The Printer MIB, RFC 1759, IETF standards track document.
17
18
    [TIP/SI] IEEE Standard 1284.1, Transport Independent Printer/System
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Bergman [page 19]

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Bergman [page 20]

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> [page 21] Bergman