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14
15 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics
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27 Abstract

28 This document is one of a set of documents, which together describe all aspects of a new Internet Printing
29 Protocol (IPP). IPP is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using Internet
30 tools and technologies. This document describes a simplified model consisting of abstract objects, their
31 attributes, and their operations that is independent of encoding and transport. The model consists of a
32 Printer and a Job object. A Job optionally supports multiple documents. IPP 1.1 semantics allow end-users
33 and operators to query printer capabilities, submit print jobs, inquire about the status of print jobs and
34 printers, cancel, hold, release, and restart print jobs. IPP 1.1 semantics allow operators to pause, resume,
35 and purge (jobs from) Printer objects. This document also addresses security, internationalization, and
36 directory issues.

37 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 38 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 39 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 40 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 41 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 42 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 43 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

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45 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
46 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
47 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
48 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
49 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

50 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
51 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
52 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
53 decisions.

54 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
55 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
56 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
57 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
58 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

59 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
60 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
61 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
62 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
63 the specification decisions is also included.

64 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
65 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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1. Introduction

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The Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using Internet tools and technologies. IPP version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses primarily on end user functionality with a few administrative operations included. This document is just one of a suite of documents that fully define IPP. The full set of IPP documents includes:

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Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]

Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]

Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)

Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]

Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]

Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

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Anyone reading these documents for the first time is strongly encouraged to read the IPP documents in the above order.

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This document is laid out as follows:

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- The rest of Section 1 is an introduction to the IPP simplified model for distributed printing.
- Section 2 introduces the object types covered in the model with their basic behaviors, attributes, and interactions.
- Section 3 defines the operations included in IPP/1.1. IPP operations are synchronous, therefore, for each operation, there is a both request and a response.
- Section 4 defines the attributes (and their syntaxes) that are used in the model.
- Sections 5 - 6 summarizes the implementation conformance requirements for objects that support the protocol and IANA considerations, respectively.
- Sections 7 - 11 cover the Internationalization and Security considerations as well as References, Author contact information, and Formats for Registration Proposals.
- Sections 12 - 14 are appendices that cover Terminology, Status Codes and Messages, and "media" keyword values.

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Note: This document uses terms such as "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These terms have special meaning and are defined in the model terminology section 12.2. Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY, NEED NOT, and OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance. These terms are defined in section 12.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

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- Section 15 is an appendix that helps to clarify the effects of interactions between related attributes and their values.
- Section 16 is an appendix that enumerates the subset of Printer attributes that form a generic directory schema. These attributes are useful when registering a Printer so that a client can find the Printer not just by name, but by filtered searches as well.
- Section 17 is an appendix summarizing the additions and changes from the IPP/1.0 "Model and Semantics" document [RFC2566] to make this IPP/1.1 document.
- Section 18 is the full copyright notice.

387 **1.1 Simplified Printing Model**

388 In order to achieve its goal of realizing a workable printing protocol for the Internet, the Internet Printing
389 Protocol (IPP) is based on a simplified printing model that abstracts the many components of real world
390 printing solutions. The Internet is a distributed computing environment where requesters of print services
391 (clients, applications, printer drivers, etc.) cooperate and interact with print service providers. This model
392 and semantics document describes a simple, abstract model for IPP even though the underlying
393 configurations may be complex "n-tier" client/server systems. An important simplifying step in the IPP
394 model is to expose only the key objects and interfaces required for printing. The model described in this
395 model document does not include features, interfaces, and relationships that are beyond the scope of the
396 first version of IPP (IPP/1.1). IPP/1.1 incorporates many of the relevant ideas and lessons learned from
397 other specification and development efforts [HTTP] [ISO10175] [LDPA] [P1387.4] [PSIS] [RFC1179]
398 [SWP]. IPP is heavily influenced by the printing model introduced in the Document Printing Application
399 (DPA) [ISO10175] standard. Although DPA specifies both end user and administrative features, IPP
400 version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses primarily on end user functionality with a few additional OPTIONAL operator
401 operations.

402 The IPP/1.1 model encapsulates the important components of distributed printing into two object types:

- 403 - Printer (Section 2.1)
- 404 - Job (Section 2.2)

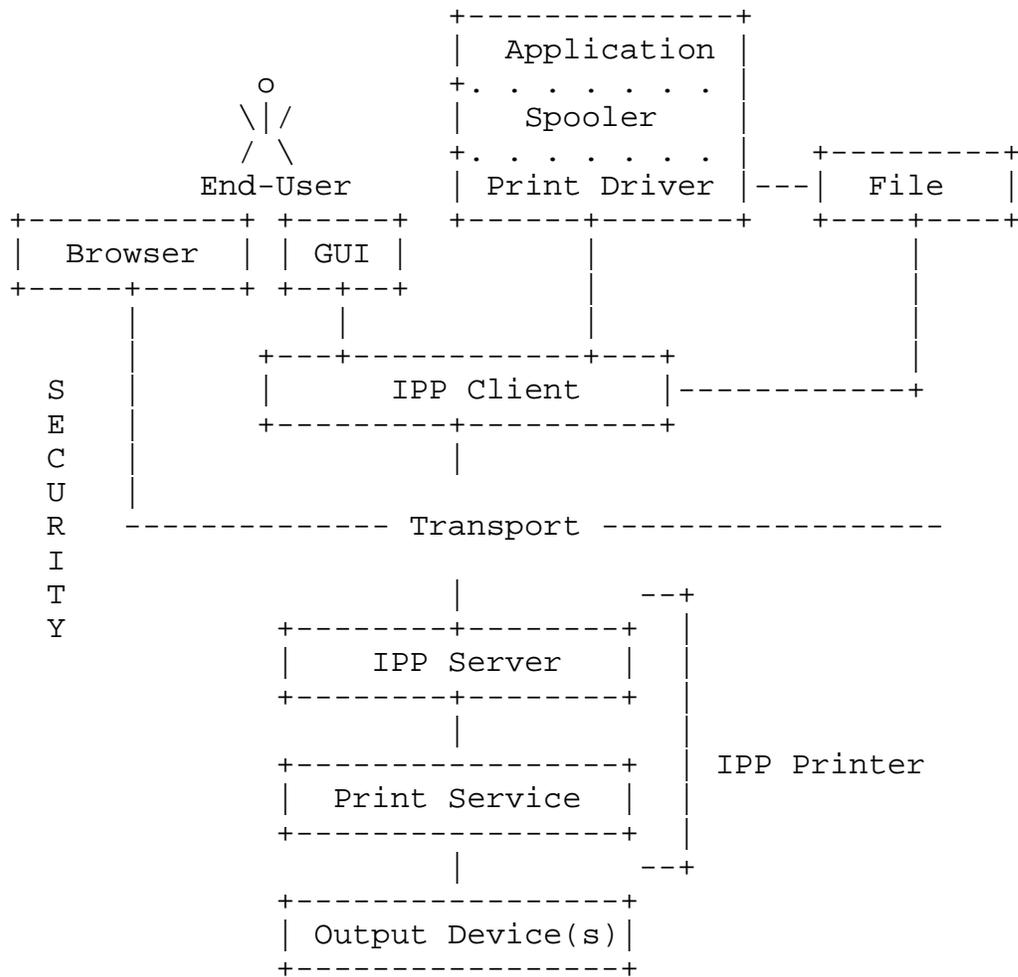
405

406 Each object type has an associated set of operations (see section 3) and attributes (see section 4).

407 It is important, however, to understand that in real system implementations (which lie underneath the
408 abstracted IPP/1.1 model), there are other components of a print service which are not explicitly defined in
409 the IPP/1.1 model. The following figure illustrates where IPP/1.1 fits with respect to these other
410 components.

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442 An IPP Printer object encapsulates the functions normally associated with physical output devices along
443 with the spooling, scheduling and multiple device management functions often associated with a print
444 server. Printer objects are optionally registered as entries in a directory where end users find and select them
445 based on some sort of filtered and context based searching mechanism (see section 16). The directory is
446 used to store relatively static information about the Printer, allowing end users to search for and find
447 Printers that match their search criteria, for example: name, context, printer capabilities, etc. The more
448 dynamic information, such as state, currently loaded and ready media, number of jobs at the Printer, errors,
449 warnings, and so forth, is directly associated with the Printer object itself rather than with the entry in the
450 directory which only represents the Printer object.

451 IPP clients implement the IPP protocol on the client side and give end users (or programs running on behalf
452 of end users) the ability to query Printer objects and submit and manage print jobs. An IPP server is just
453 that part of the Printer object that implements the server-side protocol. The rest of the Printer object
454 implements (or gateways into) the application semantics of the print service itself. The Printer objects may
455 be embedded in an output device or may be implemented on a host on the network that communicates with
456 an output device.

457 When a job is submitted to the Printer object and the Printer object validates the attributes in the
458 submission request, the Printer object creates a new Job object. The end user then interacts with this new
459 Job object to query its status and monitor the progress of the job. An end user can also cancel their print
460 jobs by using the Job object's Cancel-Job operation. An end-user can also hold, release, and restart their
461 print jobs using the Job object's OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations, if
462 implemented.

463 A privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can cancel, hold, release, and restart any user's job
464 using the REQUIRED Cancel-Job and the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations.
465 In addition, a privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can pause, resume, or purge (jobs from)
466 a Printer object using the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs operations, if
467 implemented.

468 The notification service is out of scope for this IPP/1.1 document, but using such a notification service, the
469 end user is able to register for and receive Printer specific and Job specific events. An end user can query
470 the status of Printer objects and can follow the progress of Job objects by polling using the Get-Printer-
471 Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes operations.

472 **2. IPP Objects**

473 The IPP/1.1 model introduces objects of type Printer and Job. Each type of object models relevant aspects
474 of a real-world entity such as a real printer or real print job. Each object type is defined as a set of possible
475 attributes that may be supported by instances of that object type. For each object (instance), the actual set
476 of supported attributes and values describe a specific implementation. The object's attributes and values
477 describe its state, capabilities, realizable features, job processing functions, and default behaviors and
478 characteristics. For example, the Printer object type is defined as a set of attributes that each Printer object
479 potentially supports. In the same manner, the Job object type is defined as a set of attributes that are
480 potentially supported by each Job object.

481 Each attribute included in the set of attributes defining an object type is labeled as:

- 482 - "REQUIRED": each object MUST support the attribute.
 - 483 - "RECOMMENDED": each object SHOULD support the attribute.
 - 484 - "OPTIONAL": each object MAY support the attribute.
- 485

486 Some definitions of attribute values indicate that an object MUST or SHOULD support the value;
487 otherwise, support of the value is OPTIONAL. However, if an implementation supports an attribute, it
488 MUST support at least one of the possible values for that attribute.

489 **2.1 Printer Object**

490 The major component of the IPP/1.1 model is the Printer object. A Printer object implements the server-
491 side of the IPP/1.1 protocol. Using the protocol, end users may query the attributes of the Printer object and

492 submit print jobs to the Printer object. The actual implementation components behind the Printer
493 abstraction may take on different forms and different configurations. However, the model abstraction
494 allows the details of the configuration of real components to remain opaque to the end user. Section 3
495 describes each of the Printer operations in detail.

496 The capabilities and state of a Printer object are described by its attributes. Printer attributes are divided
497 into two groups:

- 498 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes describe supported job processing capabilities and defaults
499 for the Printer object. (See section 4.2)
- 500 - "printer-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Printer object's identification, state,
501 location, references to other sources of information about the Printer object, etc. (see section 4.4)

502
503 Since a Printer object is an abstraction of a generic document output device and print service provider, a
504 Printer object could be used to represent any real or virtual device with semantics consistent with the
505 Printer object, such as a fax device, an imager, or even a CD writer.

506 Some examples of configurations supporting a Printer object include:

- 507 1) An output device with no spooling capabilities
- 508 2) An output device with a built-in spooler
- 509 3) A print server supporting IPP with one or more associated output devices
 - 510 3a) The associated output devices may or may not be capable of spooling jobs
 - 511 3b) The associated output devices may or may not support IPP

512
513 The following figures show some examples of how Printer objects can be realized on top of various
514 distributed printing configurations. The embedded case below represents configurations 1 and 2. The
515 hosted and fan-out figures below represent configurations 3a and 3b.

516 In this document the term "client" refers to a software entity that sends IPP operation requests to an IPP
517 Printer object and accepts IPP operation responses. A client MAY be:

- 518 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an
519 application or
- 520 2. the print server component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another
521 "downstream" print server.

522 The term "IPP Printer" is a network entity that accepts IPP operation requests and returns IPP operation
523 responses. As such, an IPP object MAY be:

- 524 1. an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or
- 525 2. a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests (where the print server controls one or more
526 networked devices using IPP or other protocols).

527 Legend:

528

529 ##### indicates a Printer object which is
 530 either embedded in an output device or is
 531 hosted in a server. The Printer object
 532 might or might not be capable of queuing/spooling.

533

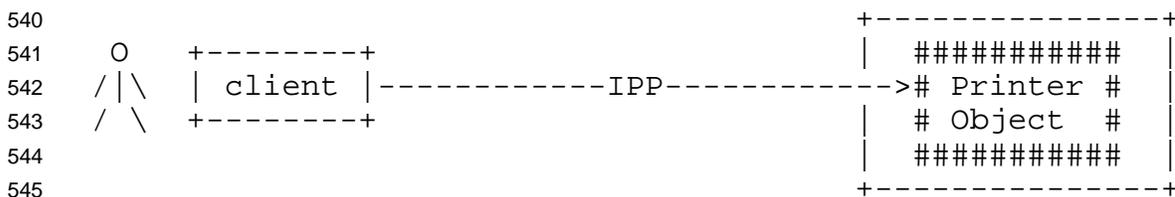
534 any indicates any network protocol or direct
 535 connect, including IPP

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537

538 embedded printer:

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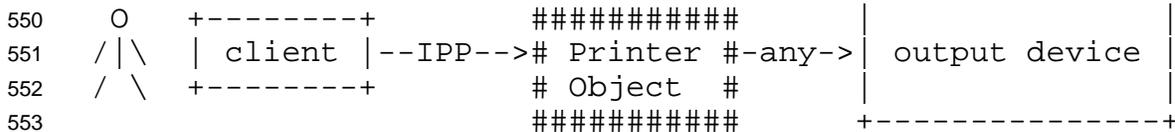


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548 hosted printer:

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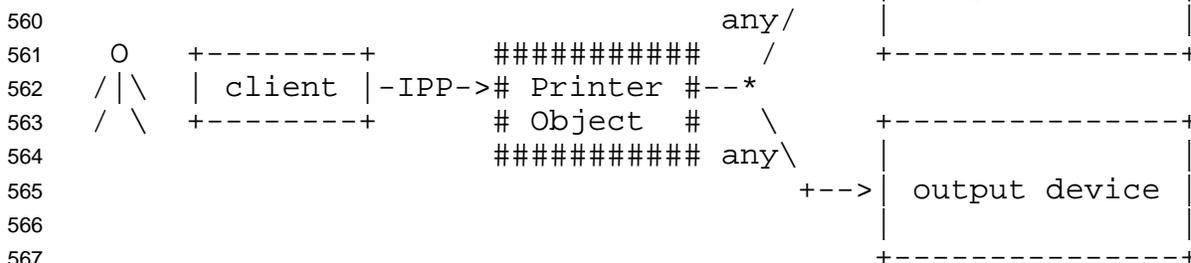
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558 fan out:

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570 2.2 Job Object

571 A Job object is used to model a print job. A Job object contains documents. The information required to
 572 create a Job object is sent in a create request from the end user via an IPP Client to the Printer object. The

573 Printer object validates the create request, and if the Printer object accepts the request, the Printer object
574 creates the new Job object. Section 3 describes each of the Job operations in detail.

575 The characteristics and state of a Job object are described by its attributes. Job attributes are grouped into
576 two groups as follows:

- 577 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes can be supplied by the client or end user and include job
578 processing instructions which are intended to override any Printer object defaults and/or instructions
579 embedded within the document data. (See section 4.2)
- 580 - "job-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Job object's identification, state, size, etc.
581 The client supplies some of these attributes, and the Printer object generates others. (See section 4.3)

582

583 An implementation **MUST** support at least one document per Job object. An implementation **MAY** support
584 multiple documents per Job object. A document is either:

- 585 - a stream of document data in a format supported by the Printer object (typically a Page Description
586 Language - PDL), or
- 587 - a reference to such a stream of document data

588

589 In IPP/1.1, a document is not modeled as an IPP object, therefore it has no object identifier or associated
590 attributes. All job processing instructions are modeled as Job object attributes. These attributes are called
591 Job Template attributes and they apply equally to all documents within a Job object.

592 **2.3 Object Relationships**

593 IPP objects have relationships that are maintained persistently along with the persistent storage of the object
594 attributes.

595 A Printer object can represent either one or more physical output devices or a logical device which
596 "processes" jobs but never actually uses a physical output device to put marks on paper. Examples of
597 logical devices include a Web page publisher or a gateway into an online document archive or repository.
598 A Printer object contains zero or more Job objects.

599 A Job object is contained by exactly one Printer object, however the identical document data associated
600 with a Job object could be sent to either the same or a different Printer object. In this case, a second Job
601 object would be created which would be almost identical to the first Job object, however it would have new
602 (different) Job object identifiers (see section 2.4).

603 A Job object is either empty (before any documents have been added) or contains one or more documents.
604 If the contained document is a stream of document data, that stream can be contained in only one document.
605 However, there can be identical copies of the stream in other documents in the same or different Job
606 objects. If the contained document is just a reference to a stream of document data, other documents (in the
607 same or different Job object(s)) may contain the same reference.

608 2.4 Object Identity

609 All Printer and Job objects are identified by a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) [RFC2396] so that they
610 can be persistently and unambiguously referenced. The notion of a URI is a useful concept, however, until
611 the notion of URI is more stable (i.e., defined more completely and deployed more widely), it is expected
612 that the URIs used for IPP objects will actually be URLs [RFC2396]. Since every URL is a specialized
613 form of a URI, even though the more generic term URI is used throughout the rest of this document, its
614 usage is intended to cover the more specific notion of URL as well.

615 An administrator configures Printer objects to either support or not support authentication and/or message
616 privacy using Transport Layer Security (TLS) [RFC2246] (the mechanism for security configuration is
617 outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In some situations, both types of connections (both
618 authenticated and unauthenticated) can be established using a single communication channel that has some
619 sort of negotiation mechanism. In other situations, multiple communication channels are used, one for each
620 type of security configuration. Section 8 provides a full description of all security considerations and
621 configurations.

622 If a Printer object supports more than one communication channel, some or all of those channels might
623 support and/or require different security mechanisms. In such cases, an administrator could expose the
624 simultaneous support for these multiple communication channels as multiple URIs for a single Printer
625 object where each URI represents one of the communication channels to the Printer object. To support this
626 flexibility, the IPP Printer object type defines a multi-valued identification attribute called the "printer-uri-
627 supported" attribute. It MUST contain at least one URI. It MAY contain more than one URI. That is,
628 every Printer object will have at least one URI that identifies at least one communication channel to the
629 Printer object, but it may have more than one URI where each URI identifies a different communication
630 channel to the Printer object. The "printer-uri-supported" attribute has two companion attributes, the "uri-
631 security-supported" attribute and the "uri-authentication-supported". Both have the same cardinality as
632 "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-security-supported" attribute is to indicate the security
633 mechanisms (if any) used for each URI listed in "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-
634 authentication-supported" attribute is to indicate the authentication mechanisms (if any) used for each URI
635 listed in "printer-uri-supported". These three attributes are fully described in sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and
636 4.4.3.

637 When a job is submitted to the Printer object via a create request, the client supplies only a single Printer
638 object URI. The client supplied Printer object URI MUST be one of the values in the "printer-uri-
639 supported" Printer attribute.

640 IPP/1.1 does not specify how the client obtains the client supplied URI, but it is RECOMMENDED that a
641 Printer object be registered as an entry in a directory service. End-users and programs can then interrogate
642 the directory searching for Printers. Section 16 defines a generic schema for Printer object entries in the
643 directory service and describes how the entry acts as a bridge to the actual IPP Printer object. The entry in
644 the directory that represents the IPP Printer object includes the possibly many URIs for that Printer object as
645 values in one its attributes.

646 When a client submits a create request to the Printer object, the Printer object validates the request and
647 creates a new Job object. The Printer object assigns the new Job object a URI which is stored in the "job-
648 uri" Job attribute. This URI is then used by clients as the target for subsequent Job operations. The Printer
649 object generates a Job URI based on its configured security policy and the URI used by the client in the
650 create request.

651 For example, consider a Printer object that supports both a communication channel secured by the use of
652 SSL3 (using HTTP over SSL3 with an "https" schemed URI) and another open communication channel that
653 is not secured with SSL3 (using a simple "http" schemed URI). If a client were to submit a job using the
654 secure URI, the Printer object would assign the new Job object a secure URI as well. If a client were to
655 submit a job using the open-channel URI, the Printer would assign the new Job object an open-channel
656 URI.

657 In addition, the Printer object also populates the Job object's "job-printer-uri" attribute. This is a reference
658 back to the Printer object that created the Job object. If a client only has access to a Job object's "job-uri"
659 identifier, the client can query the Job's "job-printer-uri" attribute in order to determine which Printer object
660 created the Job object. If the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object picks the one
661 URI supplied by the client when creating the job to build the value for and to populate the Job's "job-
662 printer-uri" attribute.

663 Allowing Job objects to have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability. For example, in some
664 implementations, the Printer object might create Jobs that are processed in the same local environment as
665 the Printer object itself. In this case, the Job URI might just be a composition of the Printer's URI and some
666 unique component for the Job object, such as the unique 32-bit positive integer mentioned later in this
667 paragraph. In other implementations, the Printer object might be a central clearing-house for validating all
668 Job object creation requests, but the Job object itself might be created in some environment that is remote
669 from the Printer object. In this case, the Job object's URI may have no physical-location relationship at all
670 to the Printer object's URI. Again, the fact that Job objects have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability,
671 however, many existing printing systems have local models or interface constraints that force print jobs to
672 be identified using only a 32-bit positive integer rather than an independent URI. This numeric Job ID is
673 only unique within the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted.
674 Therefore, in order to allow both types of client access to IPP Job objects (either by Job URI or by numeric
675 Job ID), when the Printer object successfully processes a create request and creates a new Job object, the
676 Printer object **MUST** generate both a Job URI and a Job ID. The Job ID (stored in the "job-id" attribute)
677 only has meaning in the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted.
678 This requirement to support both Job URIs and Job IDs allows all types of clients to access Printer objects
679 and Job objects no matter the local constraints imposed on the client implementation.

680 In addition to identifiers, Printer objects and Job objects have names ("printer-name" and "job-name"). An
681 object name **NEED NOT** be unique across all instances of all objects. A Printer object's name is chosen and
682 set by an administrator through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. A Job
683 object's name is optionally chosen and supplied by the IPP client submitting the job. If the client does not
684 supply a Job object name, the Printer object generates a name for the new Job object. In all cases, the name
685 only has local meaning.

686 To summarize:

- 687 - Each Printer object is identified with one or more URIs. The Printer's "printer-uri-supported" attribute
688 contains the URI(s).
- 689 - The Printer object's "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the communication channel security
690 protocols that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'tls' or
691 'none').
- 692 - The Printer object's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute identifies the authentication mechanisms
693 that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'digest' or
694 'none').
- 695 - Each Job object is identified with a Job URI. The Job's "job-uri" attribute contains the URI.
- 696 - Each Job object is also identified with Job ID which is a 32-bit, positive integer. The Job's "job-id"
697 attribute contains the Job ID. The Job ID is only unique within the context of the Printer object
698 which created the Job object.
- 699 - Each Job object has a "job-printer-uri" attribute which contains the URI of the Printer object that was
700 used to create the Job object. This attribute is used to determine the Printer object that created a Job
701 object when given only the URI for the Job object. This linkage is necessary to determine the
702 languages, charsets, and operations which are supported on that Job (the basis for such support
703 comes from the creating Printer object).
- 704 - Each Printer object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The administrator chooses and sets
705 this name through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The Printer object's
706 "printer-name" attribute contains the name.
- 707 - Each Job object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The client optionally supplies this name
708 in the create request. If the client does not supply this name, the Printer object generates a name for
709 the Job object. The Job object's "job-name" attribute contains the name.

710 3. IPP Operations

711 IPP objects support operations. An operation consists of a request and a response. When a client
712 communicates with an IPP object, the client issues an operation request to the URI for that object.
713 Operation requests and responses have parameters that identify the operation. Operations also have
714 attributes that affect the run-time characteristics of the operation (the intended target, localization
715 information, etc.). These operation-specific attributes are called operation attributes (as compared to object
716 attributes such as Printer object attributes or Job object attributes). Each request carries along with it any
717 operation attributes, object attributes, and/or document data required to perform the operation. Each
718 request requires a response from the object. Each response indicates success or failure of the operation with
719 a status code as a response parameter. The response contains any operation attributes, object attributes,
720 and/or status messages generated during the execution of the operation request.

721 This section describes the semantics of the IPP operations, both requests and responses, in terms of the
722 parameters, attributes, and other data associated with each operation.

723 The IPP/1.1 Printer operations are:

- 724 Print-Job (section 3.2.1)
725 Print-URI (section 3.2.2)

726 Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)
727 Create-Job (section 3.2.4)
728 Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)
729 Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)
730 Pause-Printer (section 3.3.5)
731 Resume-Printer (section 3.3.6)
732 Purge-Jobs (section 3.3.7)
733

734 The Job operations are:

735 Send-Document (section 3.3.1)
736 Send-URI (section 3.3.2)
737 Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)
738 Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)
739 Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)
740 Release-Job (section 3.3.6)
741 Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)
742

743 The Send-Document and Send-URI Job operations are used to add a new document to an existing multi-
744 document Job object created using the Create-Job operation.

745 **3.1 Common Semantics**

746 All IPP operations require some common parameters and operation attributes. These common elements
747 and their semantic characteristics are defined and described in more detail in the following sections.

748 **3.1.1 Required Parameters**

749 Every operation request contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 750 - a "version-number",
 - 751 - an "operation-id",
 - 752 - a "request-id", and
 - 753 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of request.
- 754

755 Every operation response contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 756 - a "version-number",
 - 757 - a "status-code",
 - 758 - the "request-id" that was supplied in the corresponding request, and
 - 759 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of response.
- 760

761 The "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] defines special rules for the encoding of these
762 parameters. All other operation elements are represented using the more generic encoding rules for
763 attributes and groups of attributes.

764 3.1.2 Operation IDs and Request IDs

765 Each IPP operation request includes an identifying "operation-id" value. Valid values are defined in the
766 "operations-supported" Printer attribute section (see section 4.4.15). The client specifies which operation is
767 being requested by supplying the correct "operation-id" value.

768 In addition, every invocation of an operation is identified by a "request-id" value. For each request, the
769 client chooses the "request-id" which MUST be an integer (possibly unique depending on client
770 requirements) in the range from 1 to $2^{*}31 - 1$ (inclusive). This "request-id" allows clients to manage
771 multiple outstanding requests. The receiving IPP object copies all 32-bits of the client-supplied "request-id"
772 attribute into the response so that the client can match the response with the correct outstanding request,
773 even if the "request-id" is out of range. If the request is terminated before the complete "request-id" is
774 received, the IPP object rejects the request and returns a response with a "request-id" of 0.

775 Note: In some cases, the transport protocol underneath IPP might be a connection oriented protocol that
776 would make it impossible for a client to receive responses in any order other than the order in which the
777 corresponding requests were sent. In such cases, the "request-id" attribute would not be essential for correct
778 protocol operation. However, in other mappings, the operation responses can come back in any order. In
779 these cases, the "request-id" would be essential.

780 3.1.3 Attributes

781 Operation requests and responses are both composed of groups of attributes and/or document data. The
782 attributes groups are:

- 783 - Operation Attributes: These attributes are passed in the operation and affect the IPP object's behavior
784 while processing the operation request and may affect other attributes or groups of attributes. Some
785 operation attributes describe the document data associated with the print job and are associated with
786 new Job objects, however most operation attributes do not persist beyond the life of the operation.
787 The description of each operation attribute includes conformance statements indicating which
788 operation attributes are REQUIRED and which are OPTIONAL for an IPP object to support and
789 which attributes a client MUST supply in a request and an IPP object MUST supply in a response.
- 790 - Job Template Attributes: These attributes affect the processing of a job. A client OPTIONALLY
791 supplies Job Template Attributes in a create request, and the receiving object MUST be prepared to
792 receive all supported attributes. The Job object can later be queried to find out what Job Template
793 attributes were originally requested in the create request, and such attributes are returned in the
794 response as Job Object Attributes. The Printer object can be queried about its Job Template
795 attributes to find out what type of job processing capabilities are supported and/or what the default
796 job processing behaviors are, though such attributes are returned in the response as Printer Object
797 Attributes. The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute affects processing of all client-supplied
798 Job Template attributes (see sections 3.2.1.2 and 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
799 and its relationship to other attributes).
- 800 - Job Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a Job
801 object.
- 802 - Printer Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a
803 Printer object.

804 - Unsupported Attributes: In a create request, the client supplies a set of Operation and Job Template
805 attributes. If any of these attributes or their values is unsupported by the Printer object, the Printer
806 object returns the set of unsupported attributes in the response. Sections 3.1.7, 3.2.1.2, and 15 give
807 a full description of how Job Template attributes supplied by the client in a create request are
808 processed by the Printer object and how unsupported attributes are returned to the client. Because
809 of extensibility, any IPP object might receive a request that contains new or unknown attributes or
810 values for which it has no support. In such cases, the IPP object processes what it can and returns
811 the unsupported attributes in the response. The Unsupported Attribute group is defined for all
812 operation responses for returning unsupported attributes that the client supplied in the request.
813

814 Later in this section, each operation is formally defined by identifying the allowed and expected groups of
815 attributes for each request and response. The model identifies a specific order for each group in each
816 request or response, but the attributes within each group may be in any order, unless specified otherwise.

817 The attributes within a group **MUST** be unique; if an attribute with the same name occurs more than once,
818 the group is mal-formed. Clients **MUST NOT** submit such malformed requests and Printers **MUST NOT**
819 return such malformed responses. If such a malformed request is submitted to a Printer, the Printer **MUST**
820 either (1) reject the request with the 'client-error-bad-request' status code (see section 13.1.4.1) or (2)
821 process the request normally after selecting only one of the attribute instances, depending on
822 implementation. Which attribute is selected when there are duplicate attributes depends on implementation.
823 The IPP Printer **MUST NOT** use the values from more than one such duplicate attribute instance.

824 Each attribute definition includes the attribute's name followed by the name of its attribute syntax(es) in
825 parentheses. In addition, each 'integer' attribute is followed by the allowed range in parentheses, (m:n),
826 for values of that attribute. Each 'text' or 'name' attribute is followed by the maximum size in octets in
827 parentheses, (size), for values of that attribute. For more details on attribute syntax notation, see the
828 descriptions of these attributes syntaxes in section 4.1.

829 Note: Document data included in the operation is not strictly an attribute, but it is treated as a special
830 attribute group for ordering purposes. The only operations that support supplying the document data within
831 an operation request are Print-Job and Send-Document. There are no operation responses that include
832 document data.

833 Some operations are **REQUIRED** for IPP objects to support; the others are **OPTIONAL** (see section 5.2.2).
834 Therefore, before using an **OPTIONAL** operation, a client **SHOULD** first use the **REQUIRED** Get-Printer-
835 Attributes operation to query the Printer's "operations-supported" attribute in order to determine which
836 **OPTIONAL** Printer and Job operations are actually supported. The client **SHOULD NOT** use an
837 **OPTIONAL** operation that is not supported. When an IPP object receives a request to perform an operation
838 it does not support, it returns the 'server-error-operation-not-supported' status code (see section 13.1.5.2).
839 An IPP object is non-conformant if it does not support a **REQUIRED** operation.

840 **3.1.4 Character Set and Natural Language Operation Attributes**

841 Some Job and Printer attributes have values that are text strings and names intended for human
842 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntax descriptions in

843 section 4.1). The following sections describe two special Operation Attributes called "attributes-charset"
844 and "attributes-natural-language". These attributes are always part of the Operation Attributes group. For
845 most attribute groups, the order of the attributes within the group is not important. However, for these two
846 attributes within the Operation Attributes group, the order is critical. The "attributes-charset" attribute
847 MUST be the first attribute in the group and the "attributes-natural-language" attribute MUST be the second
848 attribute in the group. In other words, these attributes MUST be supplied in every IPP request and
849 response, they MUST come first in the group, and MUST come in the specified order. For job creation
850 operations, the IPP Printer implementation saves these two attributes with the new Job object as Job
851 Description attributes. For the sake of brevity in this document, these operation attribute descriptions are
852 not repeated with every operation request and response, but have a reference back to this section instead.

853 3.1.4.1 Request Operation Attributes

854 The client MUST supply and the Printer object MUST support the following REQUIRED operation
855 attributes in every IPP/1.1 operation request:

856 "attributes-charset" (charset):

857 This operation attribute identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by
858 any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the client is supplying in this request. It also identifies the
859 charset that the Printer object MUST use (if supported) for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status
860 messages that the Printer object returns in the response to this request. See Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2
861 for the definition of the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes.

862
863 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset [RFC2279] and MAY support
864 additional charsets provided that they are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. If the Printer object
865 does not support the client supplied charset value, the Printer object MUST reject the request, set
866 the "attributes-charset" to 'utf-8' in the response, and return the 'client-error-charset-not-supported'
867 status code and any 'text' or 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset. The Printer NEED NOT return
868 any attributes in the Unsupported Attributes Group (See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2). The Printer
869 object MUST indicate the charset(s) supported as the values of the "charset-supported" Printer
870 attribute (see Section 4.4.18), so that the client can query to determine which charset(s) are
871 supported.

872
873 Note to client implementers: Since IPP objects are only required to support the 'utf-8' charset, in
874 order to maximize interoperability with multiple IPP object implementations, a client may want to
875 supply 'utf-8' in the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, even though the client is only passing
876 and able to present a simpler charset, such as US-ASCII or ISO-8859-1. Then the client will have to
877 filter out (or charset convert) those characters that are returned in the response that it cannot present
878 to its user. On the other hand, if both the client and the IPP objects also support a charset in
879 common besides utf-8, the client may want to use that charset in order to avoid charset conversion
880 or data loss.

881
882 See the 'charset' attribute syntax description in Section 4.1.7 for the syntax and semantic
883 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

884

885 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

886 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that
887 the client is supplying in this request. This attribute also identifies the natural language that the
888 Printer object SHOULD use for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status messages that the Printer
889 object returns in the response to this request.

890

891 There are no REQUIRED natural languages required for the Printer object to support. However, the
892 Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the natural languages
893 supported by the Printer object and any contained Job objects for all text strings generated by the
894 IPP object. A client MAY query this attribute to determine which natural language(s) are supported
895 for generated messages.

896

897 For any of the attributes for which the Printer object generates text, i.e., for the "job-state-message",
898 "printer-state-message", and status messages (see Section 3.1.6), the Printer object MUST be able to
899 generate these text strings in any of its supported natural languages. If the client requests a natural
900 language that is not supported, the Printer object MUST return these generated messages in the
901 Printer's configured natural language as specified by the Printer's "natural-language-configured"
902 attribute" (see Section 4.4.19).

903

904 For other 'text' and 'name' attributes supplied by the client, authentication system, operator, system
905 administrator, or manufacturer (i.e., for "job-originating-user-name", "printer-name" (name),
906 "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text)), the Printer
907 object is only required to support the configured natural language of the Printer identified by the
908 Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, though support of additional natural
909 languages for these attributes is permitted.

910

911 For any 'text' or 'name' attribute in the request that is in a different natural language than the value
912 supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, the client MUST use the Natural
913 Language Override mechanism (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) for each such attribute value
914 supplied. The client MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it
915 even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-
916 language" operation attribute of the request.

917

918 The IPP object MUST accept any natural language and any Natural Language Override, whether the
919 IPP object supports that natural language or not (and independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-
920 fidelity" Operation attribute). That is the IPP object accepts all client supplied values no matter
921 what the values are in the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute. That
922 attribute, "generated-natural-language-supported", only applies to generated messages, not client
923 supplied messages. The IPP object MUST remember that natural language for all client-supplied
924 attributes, and when returning those attributes in response to a query, the IPP object MUST indicate
925 that natural language.

926

927 Each value whose attribute syntax type is 'text' or 'name' (see sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2) has an
928 Associated Natural-Language. This document does not specify how this association is stored in a

929 Printer or Job object. When such a value is encoded in a request or response, the natural language is
930 either implicit or explicit:

931

- 932 – In the implicit case, the value contains only the text/name value, and the language is
933 specified by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute in the request or response
934 (see sections 4.1.1.1 textWithoutLanguage and 4.1.2.1 nameWithoutLanguage).
- 935
- 936 – In the explicit case (also known as the Natural-Language Override case), the value contains
937 both the language and the text/name value (see sections 4.1.1.2 textWithLanguage and
938 4.1.2.2 nameWithLanguage).

939

940 For example, the "job-name" attribute MAY be supplied by the client in a create request. The text
941 value for this attribute will be in the natural language identified by the "attribute-natural-language"
942 attribute, or if different, as identified by the Natural Language Override mechanism. If supplied, the
943 IPP object will use the value of the "job-name" attribute to populate the Job object's "job-name"
944 attribute. Whenever any client queries the Job object's "job-name" attribute, the IPP object returns
945 the attribute as stored and uses the Natural Language Override mechanism to specify the natural
946 language, if it is different from that reported in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute
947 of the response. The IPP object MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly,
948 i.e., use it even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the
949 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the response.

950

951 An IPP object MUST NOT reject a request based on a supplied natural language in an "attributes-
952 natural-language" Operation attribute or in any attribute that uses the Natural Language Override.

953

954 See the 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax description in section 4.1.8 for the syntax and semantic
955 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

956

957 Clients SHOULD NOT supply 'text' or 'name' attributes that use an illegal combination of natural language
958 and charset. For example, suppose a Printer object supports charsets 'utf-8', 'iso-8859-1', and 'iso-8859-7'.
959 Suppose also, that it supports natural languages 'en' (English), 'fr' (French), and 'el' (Greek). Although the
960 Printer object supports the charset 'iso-8859-1' and natural language 'el', it probably does not support the
961 combination of Greek text strings using the 'iso-8859-1' charset. The Printer object handles this apparent
962 incompatibility differently depending on the context in which it occurs:

- 963 - In a create request: If the client supplies a text or name attribute (for example, the "job-name"
964 operation attribute) that uses an apparently incompatible combination, it is a client choice that does
965 not affect the Printer object or its correct operation. Therefore, the Printer object simply accepts the
966 client supplied value, stores it with the Job object, and responds back with the same combination
967 whenever the client (or any client) queries for that attribute.
- 968 - In a query-type operation, like Get-Printer-Attributes: If the client requests an apparently incompatible
969 combination, the Printer object responds (as described in section 3.1.4.2) using the Printer's
970 configured natural language rather than the natural language requested by the client.

971

972 In either case, the Printer object does not reject the request because of the apparent incompatibility. The
973 potential incompatible combination of charset and natural language can occur either at the global operation
974 level or at the Natural Language Override attribute-by-attribute level. In addition, since the response always
975 includes explicit charset and natural language information, there is never any question or ambiguity in how
976 the client interprets the response.

977 **3.1.4.2 Response Operation Attributes**

978 The Printer object **MUST** supply and the client **MUST** support the following **REQUIRED** operation
979 attributes in every IPP/1.1 operation response:

980 "attributes-charset" (charset):

981 This operation attribute identifies the charset used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the Printer
982 object is returning in this response. The value in this response **MUST** be the same value as the
983 "attributes-charset" operation attribute supplied by the client in the request. If this is not possible
984 (i.e., the charset requested is not supported), the request would have been rejected. See "attributes-
985 charset" described in Section 3.1.4.1 above.

986
987 If the Printer object supports more than just the 'utf-8' charset, the Printer object **MUST** be able to
988 code convert between each of the charsets supported on a highest fidelity possible basis in order to
989 return the 'text' and 'name' attributes in the charset requested by the client. However, some
990 information loss **MAY** occur during the charset conversion depending on the charsets involved. For
991 example, the Printer object may convert from a UTF-8 'a' to a US-ASCII 'a' (with no loss of
992 information), from an ISO Latin 1 CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE ACCENT to US-ASCII
993 'A' (losing the accent), or from a UTF-8 Japanese Kanji character to some ISO Latin 1 error
994 character indication such as '?', decimal code equivalent, or to the absence of a character, depending
995 on implementation.

996
997 Whether an implementation that supports more than one charset stores the data in the charset
998 supplied by the client or code converts to one of the other supported charsets, depends on
999 implementation. The strategy should try to minimize loss of information during code conversion.
1000 On each response, such an implementation converts from its internal charset to that requested.

1001
1002 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1003 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that
1004 the IPP object is returning in this response. Unlike the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, the
1005 IPP object **NEED NOT** return the same value as that supplied by the client in the request. The IPP
1006 object **MAY** return the natural language of the Job object or the Printer's configured natural
1007 language as identified by the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, rather than the
1008 natural language supplied by the client. For any 'text' or 'name' attribute or status message in the
1009 response that is in a different natural language than the value returned in the "attributes-natural-
1010 language" operation attribute, the IPP object **MUST** use the Natural Language Override mechanism
1011 (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) on each attribute value returned. The IPP object **MAY** use the
1012 Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when the value is in the same

1013 natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the
1014 response.

1015 **3.1.5 Operation Targets**

1016 All IPP operations are directed at IPP objects. For Printer operations, the operation is always directed at a
1017 Printer object using one of its URIs (i.e., one of the values in the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported"
1018 attribute). Even if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the client supplies only one URI as the
1019 target of the operation. The client identifies the target object by supplying the correct URI in the "printer-
1020 uri (uri)" operation attribute.

1021 For Job operations, the operation is directed at either:

- 1022 - The Job object itself using the Job object's URI. In this case, the client identifies the target object by
1023 supplying the correct URI in the "job-uri (uri)" operation attribute.
- 1024 - The Printer object that created the Job object using both the Printer objects URI and the Job object's
1025 Job ID. Since the Printer object that created the Job object generated the Job ID, it **MUST** be able to
1026 correctly associate the client supplied Job ID with the correct Job object. The client supplies the
1027 Printer object's URI in the "printer-uri (uri)" operation attribute and the Job object's Job ID in the
1028 "job-id (integer(1:MAX))" operation attribute.

1029

1030 If the operation is directed at the Job object directly using the Job object's URI, the client **MUST NOT**
1031 include the redundant "job-id" operation attribute.

1032 The operation target attributes are **REQUIRED** operation attributes that **MUST** be included in every
1033 operation request. Like the charset and natural language attributes (see section 3.1.4), the operation target
1034 attributes are specially ordered operation attributes. In all cases, the operation target attributes immediately
1035 follow the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes within the operation attribute
1036 group, however the specific ordering rules are:

- 1037 - In the case where there is only one operation target attribute (i.e., either only the "printer-uri" attribute
1038 or only the "job-uri" attribute), that attribute **MUST** be the third attribute in the operation attributes
1039 group.
- 1040 - In the case where Job operations use two operation target attributes (i.e., the "printer-uri" and "job-id"
1041 attributes), the "printer-uri" attribute **MUST** be the third attribute and the "job-id" attribute **MUST**
1042 be the fourth attribute.

1043

1044 In all cases, the target URIs contained within the body of IPP operation requests and responses must be in
1045 absolute format rather than relative format (a relative URL identifies a resource with the scope of the HTTP
1046 server, but does not include scheme, host or port).

1047 The following rules apply to the use of port numbers in URIs that identify IPP objects:

- 1048 1. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port
1049 number is specified within the URI, then that port number **MUST** be used by the client to contact
1050 the IPP object.

- 1051
- 1052 2. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port
- 1053 number is not specified within the URI, then default port number implied by that URI scheme
- 1054 MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.
- 1055
- 1056 3. If the URI scheme does not allow an explicit port number to be specified within the URI, then the
- 1057 default port number implied by that URI MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.
- 1058

1059 Note: The IPP "Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO] shows a mapping of IPP onto HTTP/1.1

1060 [RFC2616] and defines a new default port number for using IPP over HTTP/1.1.

1061 3.1.6 Operation Response Status Codes and Status Messages

1062 Every operation response includes a REQUIRED "status-code" parameter and an OPTIONAL "status-

1063 message" operation attribute, and an OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute. The Print-

1064 URI and Send-URI response MAY include an OPTIONAL "document-access-error" operation attribute.

1065 3.1.6.1 "status-code" (type2 enum)

1066 The REQUIRED "status-code" parameter provides information on the processing of a request.

1067 The status code is intended for use by automata. A client implementation of IPP SHOULD convert status

1068 code values into any localized message that has semantic meaning to the end user.

1069 The "status-code" value is a numeric value that has semantic meaning. The "status-code" syntax is similar

1070 to a "type2 enum" (see section 4.1 on "Attribute Syntaxes") except that values can range only from 0x0000

1071 to 0x7FFF. Section 13 describes the status codes, assigns the numeric values, and suggests a corresponding

1072 status message for each status code for use by the client when the user's natural language is English.

1073 If the Printer performs an operation with no errors and it encounters no problems, it MUST return the status

1074 code 'successful-ok' in the response. See section 13.

1075 If the client supplies unsupported values for the following parameters or Operation attributes, the Printer

1076 object MUST reject the operation, NEED NOT return the unsupported attribute value in the Unsupported

1077 Attributes group, and MUST return the indicated status code:

Parameter/Attribute	Status code
version-number	server-error-version-not-supported
operation-id	server-error-operation-not-supported
attributes-charset	client-error-charset-not-supported
compression	client-error-compression-not-supported
document-format	client-error-document-format-not-supported
document-uri	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported, client-error-document-access-error

1078

1079 If the client supplies unsupported values for other attributes, or unsupported attributes, the Printer returns
1080 the status code defined in section 3.1.7 on Unsupported Attributes.

1081 **3.1.6.2 "status-message" (text(255))**

1082 The OPTIONAL "status-message" operation attribute provides a short textual description of the status of
1083 the operation. The "status-message" attribute's syntax is "text(255)", so the maximum length is 255 octets
1084 (see section 4.1.1). The status message is intended for the human end user. If a response does include a
1085 "status-message" attribute, an IPP client NEED NOT examine or display the messages, however it
1086 SHOULD do so in some implementation specific manner. The "status-message" is especially useful for a
1087 later version of a Printer object to return as supplemental information for the human user to accompany a
1088 status code that an earlier version of a client might not understand.

1089 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to
1090 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer object's "generated-natural-
1091 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in section
1092 3.1.4.1. Section 13 suggests the text for the status message returned by the Printer for use with the English
1093 natural language.

1094 As described in section 3.1.4.1 for any returned 'text' attribute, if there is a choice for generating this
1095 message, the Printer object uses the natural language indicated by the value of the "attributes-natural-
1096 language" in the client request if supported, otherwise the Printer object uses the value in the Printer
1097 object's own "natural-language-configured" attribute.

1098 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, it SHOULD use the REQUIRED 'utf-
1099 8' charset to return a status message for the following error status codes (see section 13): 'client-error-bad-
1100 request', 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-operation-not-
1101 supported', and 'server-error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it MUST set the value of the "attributes-
1102 charset" operation attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.

1103 **3.1.6.3 "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX))**

1104 The OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute provides additional more detailed technical
1105 and implementation-specific information about the operation. The "detailed-status-message" attribute's
1106 syntax is "text(MAX)", so the maximum length is 1023 octets (see section 4.1.1). If the Printer objects
1107 supports the "detailed-status-message" operation attribute, neither the Printer nor the client localizes the
1108 message, since it is intended for use by the system administrator or other experienced technical persons.
1109 Clients MUST NOT attempt to parse the value of this attribute. See the "document-access-error" operation
1110 attribute (section 3.1.6.4) for additional errors that a program can process.

1111 **3.1.6.4 "document-access-error" (text(MAX))**

1112 This OPTIONAL operation attribute provides additional information about any document access errors
1113 encountered by the Printer before it returned a response to the Print-URI (section 3.2.2) or Send-URI
1114 (section 3.3.1) operation. For errors in the protocol identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri"

1115 operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI.
1116 For example:

1117 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf
1118

1119 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in
1120 decimal.

1121 **3.1.7 Unsupported Attributes**

1122 The Unsupported Attributes group contains attributes that are not supported by the operation. This group is
1123 primarily for the job creation operations, but all operations can return this group.

1124 A Printer object **MUST** include an Unsupported Attributes group in a response if the status code is one of
1125 the following: 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes', 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes', 'client-
1126 error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' or 'client-error-conflicting-attributes'.

1127 If the status code is one of the four specified in the preceding paragraph, the Unsupported Attributes group
1128 **MUST** contain all of those attributes and only those attributes that are:

- 1129 a. an Operation or Job Template attribute supplied in the request, and
- 1130 b. unsupported by the printer. See below for details on the three categories "unsupported" attributes.

1131 If the status code is one of those in the table in section 3.1.6.1, the Unsupported Attributes group **NEED**
1132 **NOT** contain the unsupported parameter or attribute indicated in that table.

1133 If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the response, the Printer object
1134 **SHOULD** omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a client **MUST** be able to accept an
1135 empty group.

1136 Unsupported attributes fall into three categories:

- 1137 1. The Printer object does not support the supplied attribute (no matter what the attribute syntax or
1138 value).
- 1139 2. The Printer object does support the attribute, but does not support some or all of the particular
1140 attribute syntaxes or values supplied by the client (i.e., the Printer object does not have those
1141 attribute syntaxes or values in its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute).
- 1142 3. The Printer object does support the attributes and values supplied, but the particular values are in
1143 conflict with one another, because they violate a constraint, such as not being able to staple
1144 transparencies.

1145 In the case of an unsupported attribute name, the Printer object returns the client-supplied attribute with a
1146 substituted value of 'unsupported'. This value's syntax type is "out-of-band" and its encoding is defined by
1147 special rules for "out-of-band" values in the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO]. Its value
1148 indicates no support for the attribute itself (see the beginning of section 4.1).

1149 In the case of a supported attribute with one or more unsupported attribute syntaxes or values, the Printer
1150 object simply returns the client-supplied attribute with the unsupported attribute syntaxes or values as
1151 supplied by the client. This indicates support for the attribute, but no support for that particular attribute
1152 syntax or value. If the client supplies a multi-valued attribute with more than one value and the Printer
1153 object supports the attribute but only supports a subset of the client-supplied attribute syntaxes or values,
1154 the Printer object **MUST** return only those attribute syntaxes or values that are unsupported.

1155 In the case of two (or more) supported attribute values that are in conflict with one another (although each
1156 is supported independently, the values conflict when requested together within the same job), the Printer
1157 object **MUST** return all the values that it ignores or substitutes to resolve the conflict, but not any of the
1158 values that it is still using. The choice for exactly how to resolve the conflict is implementation dependent.
1159 See sections 3.2.1.2 and 15. See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for an example.

1160 **3.1.8 Versions**

1161 Each operation request and response carries with it a "version-number" parameter. Each value of the
1162 "version-number" is in the form "X.Y" where X is the major version number and Y is the minor version
1163 number. By including a version number in the client request, it allows the client to identify which version
1164 of IPP it is interested in using, i.e., the version whose conformance requirements the client may be
1165 depending upon the Printer to meet.

1166 If the IPP object does not support that major version number supplied by the client, i.e., the major version
1167 field of the "version-number" parameter does not match any of the values of the Printer's "ipp-versions-
1168 supported" (see section 4.4.14), the object **MUST** respond with a status code of 'server-error-version-not-
1169 supported' along with the closest version number that is supported (see section 13.1.5.4). If the major
1170 version number is supported, but the minor version number is not, the IPP object **SHOULD** accept and
1171 attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation is not supported), else it rejects the
1172 request and returns the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code. In all cases, the IPP object **MUST**
1173 return the "version-number" that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the client in
1174 the request.

1175 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported'
1176 status code from an IPP object, a client **SHOULD** try again with a different version number. A client **MAY**
1177 also determine the versions supported either from a directory that conforms to Appendix E (see section 16)
1178 or by querying the Printer object's "ipp-versions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.14) to determine
1179 which versions are supported.

1180 An IPP object implementation **MUST** support version '1.1', i.e., meet the conformance requirements for
1181 IPP/1.1 as specified in this document and [IPP-PRO]. It is recommended that IPP object implementations
1182 accept any request with the major version '1' (or reject the request if the operation is not supported).

1183 There is only one notion of "version number" that covers both IPP Model and IPP Protocol changes. Thus
1184 the version number **MUST** change when introducing a new version of the Model and Semantics document
1185 (this document) or a new version of the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO].

1186 Changes to the major version number of the Model and Semantics document indicate structural or syntactic
1187 changes that make it impossible for older version of IPP clients and Printer objects to correctly parse and
1188 correctly process the new or changed attributes, operations and responses. If the major version number
1189 changes, the minor version numbers is set to zero. As an example, adding the REQUIRED "ipp-attribute-
1190 fidelity" attribute to version '1.1' (if it had not been part of version '1.0'), would have required a change to
1191 the major version number, since an IPP/1.0 Printer would not have processed a request with the correct
1192 semantics that contained the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute that it did not know about. Items that might
1193 affect the changing of the major version number include any changes to the Model and Semantics document
1194 (this document) or the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] itself, such as:

- 1195 - reordering of ordered attributes or attribute sets
- 1196 - changes to the syntax of existing attributes
- 1197 - adding REQUIRED (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups
- 1198 - adding values to existing REQUIRED operation attributes
- 1199 - adding REQUIRED operations

1200

1201 Changes to the minor version number indicate the addition of new features, attributes and attribute values
1202 that may not be understood by all IPP objects, but which can be ignored if not understood. Items that might
1203 affect the changing of the minor version number include any changes to the model objects and attributes but
1204 not the encoding and transport rules [IPP-PRO] (except adding attribute syntaxes). Examples of such
1205 changes are:

- 1206 - grouping all extensions not included in a previous version into a new version
- 1207 - adding new attribute values
- 1208 - adding new object attributes
- 1209 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes (i.e., those attributes that an IPP
1210 object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1211 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups (i.e., those attributes that
1212 an IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1213 - adding new attribute syntaxes
- 1214 - adding OPTIONAL operations
- 1215 - changing Job Description attributes or Printer Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED
1216 or vice versa.
- 1217 - adding OPTIONAL attribute syntaxes to an existing attribute.

1218 The encoding of the "version-number" MUST NOT change over any version number (either major or
1219 minor). This rule guarantees that all future versions will be backwards compatible with all previous
1220 versions (at least for checking the "version-number"). In addition, any protocol elements (attributes, error
1221 codes, tags, etc.) that are not carried forward from one version to the next are deprecated so that they can
1222 never be reused with new semantics.

1223 Implementations that support a certain version NEED NOT support ALL previous versions. As each new
1224 version is defined (through the release of a new IPP specification document), that version will specify
1225 which previous versions MUST and which versions SHOULD be supported in compliant implementations.

1226 3.1.9 Job Creation Operations

1227 In order to "submit a print job" and create a new Job object, a client issues a create request. A create
1228 request is any one of following three operation requests:

1229 - The Print-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document uses the
1230 Print-Job operation. The operation allows for the client to "push" the document data to the Printer
1231 object by including the document data in the request itself.

1232
1233 - The Print-URI Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document (where
1234 the Printer object "pulls" the document data instead of the client "pushing" the data to the Printer
1235 object) uses the Print-URI operation. In this case, the client includes in the request only a URI
1236 reference to the document data (not the document data itself).

1237
1238 - The Create-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with multiple documents uses the
1239 Create-Job operation. This operation is followed by an arbitrary number of Send-Document and/or
1240 Send-URI operations (each creating another document for the newly create Job object). The Send-
1241 Document operation includes the document data in the request (the client "pushes" the document
1242 data to the printer), and the Send-URI operation includes only a URI reference to the document data
1243 in the request (the Printer "pulls" the document data from the referenced location). The last Send-
1244 Document or Send-URI request for a given Job object includes a "last-document" operation attribute
1245 set to 'true' indicating that this is the last request.
1246

1247 Throughout this model document, the term "create request" is used to refer to any of these three operation
1248 requests.

1249 A Create-Job operation followed by only one Send-Document operation is semantically equivalent to a
1250 Print-Job operation, however, for performance reasons, the client SHOULD use the Print-Job operation for
1251 all single document jobs. Also, Print-Job is a REQUIRED operation (all implementations MUST support
1252 it) whereas Create-Job is an OPTIONAL operation, hence some implementations might not support it.

1253 Job submission time is the point in time when a client issues a create request. The initial state of every Job
1254 object is the 'pending', 'pending-held', or 'processing' state (see section 4.3.7). When the Printer object
1255 begins processing the print job, the Job object's state moves to 'processing'. This is known as job
1256 processing time. There are validation checks that must be done at job submission time and others that must
1257 be performed at job processing time.

1258 At job submission time and at the time a Validate-Job operation is received, the Printer MUST do the
1259 following:

- 1260 1. Process the client supplied attributes and either accept or reject the request
- 1261 2. Validate the syntax of and support for the scheme of any client supplied URI

1262

1263 At job submission time the Printer object MUST validate whether or not the supplied attributes, attribute
1264 syntaxes, and values are supported by matching them with the Printer object's corresponding "xxx-

1265 supported" attributes. See section 3.1.7 for details. [IPP-IIG] presents suggested steps for an IPP object to
1266 either accept or reject any request and additional steps for processing create requests.

1267 At job submission time the Printer object NEED NOT perform the validation checks reserved for job
1268 processing time such as:

- 1269 1. Validating the document data
- 1270 2. Validating the actual contents of any client supplied URI (resolve the reference and follow the link to
1271 the document data)

1272

1273 At job submission time, these additional job processing time validation checks are essentially useless, since
1274 they require actually parsing and interpreting the document data, are not guaranteed to be 100% accurate,
1275 and MUST be done, yet again, at job processing time. Also, in the case of a URI, checking for availability
1276 at job submission time does not guarantee availability at job processing time. In addition, at job processing
1277 time, the Printer object might discover any of the following conditions that were not detectable at job
1278 submission time:

- 1279 - runtime errors in the document data,
- 1280 - nested document data that is in an unsupported format,
- 1281 - the URI reference is no longer valid (i.e., the server hosting the document might be down), or
- 1282 - any other job processing error

1283

1284 At job submission time, a Printer object, especially a non-spooling Printer, MAY accept jobs that it does
1285 not have enough space for. In such a situation, a Printer object MAY stop reading data from a client for an
1286 indefinite period of time. A client MUST be prepared for a write operation to block for an indefinite period
1287 of time (see section 5.1 on client conformance).

1288 When a Printer object has too little space for starting a new job, it MAY reject a new create request. In this
1289 case, a Printer object MUST return a response (in reply to the rejected request) with a status-code of 'server-
1290 error-busy' (see section 14.1.5.8) and it MAY close the connection before receiving all bytes of the
1291 operation. A Printer SHOULD indicate that it is temporarily unable to accept jobs by setting the 'spool-
1292 space-full' value in its "printer-state-reasons" attribute and removing the value when it can accept another
1293 job (see section 4.4.12).

1294 When receiving a 'server-error-busy' status-code in an operation response, a client MUST be prepared for
1295 the Printer object to close the connection before the client has sent all of the data (especially for the Print-
1296 Job operation). A client MUST be prepared to keep submitting a create request until the IPP Printer object
1297 accepts the create request.

1298 At job processing time, since the Printer object has already responded with a successful status code in the
1299 response to the create request, if the Printer object detects an error, the Printer object is unable to inform the
1300 end user of the error with an operation status code. In this case, the Printer, depending on the error, can set
1301 the job object's "job-state", "job-state-reasons", or "job-state-message" attributes to the appropriate value(s)
1302 so that later queries can report the correct job status.

1303 Note: Asynchronous notification of events is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

1304

1305

3.2 Printer Operations

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1307

All Printer operations are directed at Printer objects. A client **MUST** always supply the "printer-uri" operation attribute in order to identify the correct target of the operation.

1308

3.2.1 Print-Job Operation

1309

1310

1311

This **REQUIRED** operation allows a client to submit a print job with only one document and supply the document data (rather than just a reference to the data). See Section 15 for the suggested steps for processing create operations and their Operation and Job Template attributes.

1312

3.2.1.1 Print-Job Request

1313

The following groups of attributes are supplied as part of the Print-Job Request:

1314

Group 1: Operation Attributes

1315

Natural Language and Character Set:

1316

The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1317

The Printer object **MUST** copy these values to the corresponding Job Description attributes described in sections 4.3.19 and 4.3.20.

1318

1319

1320

Target:

1321

The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

1322

1323

1324

Requesting User Name:

1325

The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute **SHOULD** be supplied by the client as described in section 8.3.

1326

1327

1328

"job-name" (name(MAX)):

1329

The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It contains the client supplied Job name. If this attribute is supplied by the client, its value is used for the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object. The client **MAY** automatically include any information that will help the end-user distinguish amongst his/her jobs, such as the name of the application program along with information from the document, such as the document name, document subject, or source file name. If this attribute is not supplied by the client, the Printer generates a name to use in the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object (see Section 4.3.5).

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"ipp-attribute-fidelity" (boolean):

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The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and values is

1340

1341 required, else the Printer object MUST reject the Print-Job request. The value 'false' indicates that a
1342 reasonable attempt to print the Job object is acceptable and the Printer object MUST accept the
1343 Print-Job request. If not supplied, the Printer object assumes the value is 'false'. All Printer objects
1344 MUST support both types of job processing. See section 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-
1345 fidelity" and its relationship to other attributes, especially the Printer object's "pdl-override-
1346 supported" attribute.

1347
1348 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1349 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1350 It contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different than the Job
1351 name. Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end
1352 user by using a file name or an application generated name. If this attribute is supplied, its value can
1353 be used in a manner defined by each implementation. Examples include: printed along with the Job
1354 (job start sheet, page adornments, etc.), used by accounting or resource tracking management tools,
1355 or even stored along with the document as a document level attribute. IPP/1.1 does not support the
1356 concept of document level attributes.

1357
1358 "compression" (type3 keyword)

1359 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute
1360 and the "compression-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.32). The client supplied "compression"
1361 operation attribute identifies the compression algorithm used on the document data. The following
1362 cases exist:

- 1363 a) If the client omits this attribute, the Printer object MUST assume that the data is not
1364 compressed (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the
1365 "compression" attribute with a value of 'none').
 - 1366 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,
1367 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "compression-supported"
1368 attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request, and return the 'client-error-
1369 compression-not-supported' status code. See section 3.1.7 for returning unsupported
1370 attributes and values.
 - 1371 c) If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute value, the
1372 Printer object uses the corresponding decompression algorithm on the document data.
 - 1373 d) If the decompression algorithm fails before the Printer returns an operation response, the
1374 Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-compression-error'
1375 status code.
 - 1376 e) If the decompression algorithm fails after the Printer returns an operation response, the
1377 Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'compression-error' value to the job's
1378 "job-state-reasons" attribute.
 - 1379 f) If the decompression algorithm succeeds, the document data MUST then have the format
1380 specified by the job's "document-format" attribute, if supplied (see "document-format"
1381 operation attribute definition below).
- 1382

1383 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1384 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1385 The value of this attribute identifies the format of the supplied document data. The following cases
1386 exist:

- 1387 a) If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object assumes that the document
1388 data is in the format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute.
1389 (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the "document-format"
1390 attribute with a value equal to the printer's default value).
- 1391 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,
1392 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "document-format-
1393 supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-
1394 error-document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 1395 c) If the client supplies this attribute and its value is 'application/octet-stream' (i.e. to be
1396 auto-sensed, see Section 4.1.9.1), and the format is not one of the document-formats that
1397 the Printer can auto-sense, and this check occurs before the Printer returns an operation
1398 response, then the Printer MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-
1399 document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 1400 d) If the client supplies this attribute, and the value is supported by the Printer object, the
1401 document data, the Printer is capable of interpreting the document data.
- 1402 e) If interpreting of the document data fails before the Printer returns an operation response,
1403 the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-
1404 error' status code.
- 1405 f) If interpreting of the document data fails after the Printer returns an operation response,
1406 the Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'document-format-error' value to the
1407 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1408 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1409 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1410 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats
1411 that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously.
1412 There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

1413 "job-k-octets" (integer(0:MAX))

1414 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1415 attribute and the "job-k-octets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.33). The client supplied "job-k-
1416 octets" operation attribute identifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets being submitted
1417 (see section 4.3.17.1 for the complete semantics). If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer
1418 object supports the attribute, the value of the attribute is used to populate the Job object's "job-k-
1419 octets" Job Description attribute.

1420 For this attribute and the following two attributes ("job-impressions", and "job-media-sheets"), if the
1421 client supplies the attribute, but the Printer object does not support the attribute, the Printer object
1422 ignores the client-supplied value. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the
1423 attribute, and the value is within the range of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported"
1424 attribute, the Printer object MUST use the value to populate the Job object's "xxx" attribute. If the
1425
1426
1427

1428 client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the attribute, but the value is outside the range
1429 of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST copy the
1430 attribute and its value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return
1431 the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code. If the client does not supply the
1432 attribute, the Printer object MAY choose to populate the corresponding Job object attribute
1433 depending on whether the Printer object supports the attribute and is able to calculate or discern the
1434 correct value.

1435
1436 "job-impressions" (integer(0:MAX))

1437 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1438 attribute and the "job-impressions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.34). The client supplied
1439 "job-impressions" operation attribute identifies the total size in number of impressions of the
1440 document(s) being submitted (see section 4.3.17.2 for the complete semantics).

1441
1442 See last paragraph under "job-k-octets".

1443
1444 "job-media-sheets" (integer(0:MAX))

1445 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
1446 attribute and the "job-media-sheets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.35). The client supplied
1447 "job-media-sheets" operation attribute identifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for
1448 this job (see section 4.3.17.3 for the complete semantics).

1449
1450 See last paragraph under "job-k-octets".

1451 1452 Group 2: Job Template Attributes

1453 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of Job Template attributes as defined in section 4.2. If the
1454 client is not supplying any Job Template attributes in the request, the client SHOULD omit Group 2
1455 rather than sending an empty group. However, a Printer object MUST be able to accept an empty
1456 group.

1457 1458 Group 3: Document Content

1459 The client MUST supply the document data to be processed.

1460
1461 In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation request, the simplest Print-Job
1462 Request consists of just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes; the
1463 "printer-uri" target operation attribute; the Document Content and nothing else. In this simple case, the
1464 Printer object:

- 1465 - creates a new Job object (the Job object contains a single document),
- 1466 - stores a generated Job name in the "job-name" attribute in the natural language and charset requested
1467 (see Section 3.1.4.1) (if those are supported, otherwise using the Printer object's default natural
1468 language and charset), and

1469 - at job processing time, uses its corresponding default value attributes for the supported Job Template
1470 attributes that were not supplied by the client as IPP attribute or embedded instructions in the
1471 document data.
1472

1473 3.2.1.2 Print-Job Response

1474 The Printer object **MUST** return to the client the following sets of attributes as part of the Print-Job
1475 Response:

1476 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1477 Status Message:

1478 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response **OPTIONALLY**
1479 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
1480 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6. If the client supplies unsupported or conflicting Job
1481 Template attributes or values, the Printer object **MUST** reject or accept the Print-Job request
1482 depending on the whether the client supplied a 'true' or 'false' value for the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
1483 operation attribute. See the Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for a complete description of the
1484 suggested steps for processing a create request.
1485

1486 Natural Language and Character Set:

1487 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
1488

1489 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1490 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.
1491

1492 The value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" supplied by the client does not affect what attributes the
1493 Printer object returns in this group. The value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" only affects whether the
1494 Print-Job operation is accepted or rejected. If the job is accepted, the client may query the job using
1495 the Get-Job-Attributes operation requesting the unsupported attributes that were returned in the
1496 create response to see which attributes were ignored (not stored on the Job object) and which
1497 attributes were stored with other (substituted) values.
1498

1499 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

1500 "job-uri" (uri):

1501 The Printer object **MUST** return the Job object's URI by returning the contents of the **REQUIRED**
1502 "job-uri" Job object attribute. The client uses the Job object's URI when directing operations at the
1503 Job object. The Printer object always uses its configured security policy when creating the new
1504 URI. However, if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object also uses
1505 information about which URI was used in the Print-Job Request to generated the new URI so that
1506 the new URI references the correct access channel. In other words, if the Print-Job Request comes
1507 in over a secure channel, the Printer object **MUST** generate a Job URI that uses the secure channel
1508 as well.

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"job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

The Printer object **MUST** return the Job object's Job ID by returning the **REQUIRED** "job-id" Job object attribute. The client uses this "job-id" attribute in conjunction with the "printer-uri" attribute used in the Print-Job Request when directing Job operations at the Printer object.

"job-state":

The Printer object **MUST** return the Job object's **REQUIRED** "job-state" attribute. The value of this attribute (along with the value of the next attribute: "job-state-reasons") is taken from a "snapshot" of the new Job object at some meaningful point in time (implementation defined) between when the Printer object receives the Print-Job Request and when the Printer object returns the response.

"job-state-reasons":

The Printer object **MUST** return the Job object's **REQUIRED** "job-state-reasons" attribute.

"job-state-message":

The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** returns the Job object's **OPTIONAL** "job-state-message" attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it **MUST** be returned in the response. If this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "job-state-message" attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.

"number-of-intervening-jobs":

The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** returns the Job object's **OPTIONAL** "number-of-intervening-jobs" attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it **MUST** be returned in the response. If this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "number-of-intervening-jobs" attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.

Note: Since any printer state information which affects a job's state is reflected in the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes, it is sufficient to return only these attributes and no specific printer status attributes.

Note: In addition to the **MANDATORY** parameters required for every operation response, the simplest response consists of the just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes and the "job-uri", "job-id", and "job-state" Job Object Attributes. In this simplest case, the status code is 'successful-ok' and there is no "status-message" or "detailed-status-message" operation attribute.

3.2.2 Print-URI Operation

This **OPTIONAL** operation is identical to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client supplies a URI reference to the document data using the "document-uri" (uri) operation attribute (in Group 1) rather than including the document data itself. Before returning the response, the Printer **MUST** validate that the Printer supports the retrieval method (e.g., http, ftp, etc.) implied by the URI, and **MUST** check for valid URI syntax. If the client-supplied URI scheme is not supported, i.e. the value is not in the Printer

1551 object's "referenced-uri-scheme-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return
1552 the 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code.

1553 The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the document as part of the operation or subsequently. If
1554 the Printer determines an accessibility problem before returning an operation response, it rejects the request
1555 and returns the 'client-error-document-access-error' status code. The Printer MAY also return a specific
1556 document access error code using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4).

1557 If the Printer determines this document accessibility problem after accepting the request and returning an
1558 operation response with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'document-access-error'
1559 value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute and MAY populate the job's "job-document-access-errors"
1560 Job Description attribute (see section 4.3.11). See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for suggested
1561 additional checks.

1562 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer
1563 attribute (see section 4.4.27).

1564 It is up to the IPP object to interpret the URI and subsequently "pull" the document from the source
1565 referenced by the URI string.

1566 **3.2.3 Validate-Job Operation**

1567 This REQUIRED operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client supplies
1568 no document data and the Printer allocates no resources (i.e., it does not create a new Job object). This
1569 operation is used only to verify capabilities of a printer object against whatever attributes are supplied by
1570 the client in the Validate-Job request. By using the Validate-Job operation a client can validate that an
1571 identical Print-Job operation (with the document data) would be accepted. The Validate-Job operation also
1572 performs the same security negotiation as the Print-Job operation (see section 8), so that a client can check
1573 that the client and Printer object security requirements can be met before performing a Print-Job operation.

1574 The Validate-Job operation does not accept a "document-uri" attribute in order to allow a client to check
1575 that the same Print-URI operation will be accepted, since the client doesn't send the data with the Print-URI
1576 operation. The client SHOULD just issue the Print-URI request.

1577 The Printer object returns the same status codes, Operation Attributes (Group 1) and Unsupported
1578 Attributes (Group 2) as the Print-Job operation. However, no Job Object Attributes (Group 3) are returned,
1579 since no Job object is created.

1580 **3.2.4 Create-Job Operation**

1581 This OPTIONAL operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that in the Create-Job
1582 request, a client does not supply document data or any reference to document data. Also, the client does not
1583 supply any of the "document-name", "document-format", "compression", or "document-natural-language"
1584 operation attributes. This operation is followed by one or more Send-Document or Send-URI operations.

1585 In each of those operation requests, the client **OPTIONALLY** supplies the "document-name", "document-
1586 format", and "document-natural-language" attributes for each document in the multi-document Job object.

1587 If a Printer object supports the Create-Job operation, it **MUST** also support the Send-Document operation
1588 and also **MAY** support the Send-URI operation.

1589 If the Printer object supports this operation, it **MUST** support the "multiple-operation-time-out" Printer
1590 attribute (see section 4.4.31).

1591 If the Printer object supports this operation, then it **MUST** support the "multiple-document-jobs-supported"
1592 Printer Description attribute (see section 4.4.16) and indicate whether or not it supports multiple-document
1593 jobs.

1594 If the Printer object supports this operation and supports multiple documents in a job, then it **MUST** support
1595 the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template job attribute with at least one value (see section 4.2.4) and
1596 the associated "multiple-document-handling-default" and "multiple-document-handling-supported" Job
1597 Template Printer attributes (see section 4.2).

1598 After the Create-Job operation has completed, the value of the "job-state" attribute is similar to the "job-
1599 state" after a Print-Job, even though no document-data has arrived. A Printer **MAY** set the 'job-data-
1600 insufficient' value of the job's "job-state-reason" attribute to indicate that processing cannot begin until
1601 sufficient data has arrived and set the "job-state" to either 'pending' or 'pending-held'. A non-spooling
1602 printer that doesn't implement the 'pending' job state may even set the "job-state" to 'processing', even
1603 though there is not yet any data to process. See sections 4.3.7 and 4.3.8.

1604 **3.2.5 Get-Printer-Attributes Operation**

1605 This **REQUIRED** operation allows a client to request the values of the attributes of a Printer object. In the
1606 request, the client supplies the set of Printer attribute names and/or attribute group names in which the
1607 requester is interested. In the response, the Printer object returns a corresponding attribute set with the
1608 appropriate attribute values filled in.

1609 For Printer objects, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 1610 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Printer object (the last two
1611 columns of the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Printer objects.
 - 1612 - 'printer-description': the subset of the attributes specified in Section 4.4 that the implementation
1613 supports for Printer objects.
 - 1614 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Printer
1615 objects.
- 1616

1617 Since a client **MAY** request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some
1618 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'printer-name' and 'all', the client is actually requesting the
1619 "printer-name" attribute twice: once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'all' group. In such
1620 cases, the Printer object **NEED NOT** return each attribute only once in the response even if it is requested
1621 multiple times. The client **SHOULD NOT** request the same attribute in multiple ways.

1622 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Printer object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes
1623 are OPTIONAL). However, it is REQUIRED that each Printer object support all group names.

1624 **3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes Request**

1625 The following sets of attributes are part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Request:

1626 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1627 Natural Language and Character Set:

1628 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1629

1630 Target:

1631 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
1632 section 3.1.5.

1633

1634 Requesting User Name:

1635 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1636 described in section 8.3.

1637

1638 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

1639 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose
1640 values the requester is interested. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. If the client
1641 omits this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied with a value of
1642 'all'.

1643

1644 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1645 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.
1646 This attribute is useful for a Printer object to determine the set of supported attribute values that
1647 relate to the requested document format. The Printer object MUST return the attributes and values
1648 that it uses to validate a job on a create or Validate-Job operation in which this document format is
1649 supplied. The Printer object SHOULD return only (1) those attributes that are supported for the
1650 specified format and (2) the attribute values that are supported for the specified document format.
1651 By specifying the document format, the client can get the Printer object to eliminate the attributes
1652 and values that are not supported for a specific document format. For example, a Printer object
1653 might have multiple interpreters to support both 'application/postscript' (for PostScript) and
1654 'text/plain' (for text) documents. However, for only one of those interpreters might the Printer
1655 object be able to support "number-up" with values of '1', '2', and '4'. For the other interpreter it
1656 might be able to only support "number-up" with a value of '1'. Thus a client can use the Get-Printer-
1657 Attributes operation to obtain the attributes and values that will be used to accept/reject a create job
1658 operation.

1659

1660 If the Printer object does not distinguish between different sets of supported values for each
1661 different document format when validating jobs in the create and Validate-Job operations, it MUST
1662 NOT distinguish between different document formats in the Get-Printer-Attributes operation. If the

1663 Printer object does distinguish between different sets of supported values for each different
1664 document format specified by the client, this specialization applies only to the following Printer
1665 object attributes:

- 1666
- 1667 - Printer attributes that are Job Template attributes ("xxx-default" "xxx-supported", and "xxx-
1668 ready" in the Table in Section 4.2),
- 1669 - "pdl-override-supported",
- 1670 - "compression-supported",
- 1671 - "job-k-octets-supported",
- 1672 - "job-impressions-supported",
- 1673 - "job-media-sheets-supported"
- 1674 - "printer-driver-installer",
- 1675 - "color-supported", and
- 1676 - "reference-uri-schemes-supported"

1677
1678 The values of all other Printer object attributes (including "document-format-supported") remain
1679 invariant with respect to the client supplied document format (except for new Printer description
1680 attribute as registered according to section 6.2).

1681
1682 If the client omits this "document-format" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if
1683 the attribute had been supplied with the value of the Printer object's "document-format-default"
1684 attribute. It is recommended that the client always supply a value for "document-format", since the
1685 Printer object's "document-format-default" may be 'application/octet-stream', in which case the
1686 returned attributes and values are for the union of the document formats that the Printer can
1687 automatically sense. For more details, see the description of the 'mimeType' attribute syntax
1688 in section 4.1.9.

1689
1690 If the client supplies a value for the "document-format" Operation attribute that is not supported by
1691 the Printer, i.e., is not among the values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported"
1692 attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the operation and return the 'client-error-document-format-
1693 not-supported' status code.

1694

1695 **3.2.5.2 Get-Printer-Attributes Response**

1696 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Response:

1697 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1698 Status Message:

1699 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
1700 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
1701 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1702

1703 Natural Language and Character Set:

1704 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1705

1706 **Group 2: Unsupported Attributes**

1707 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1708

1709 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied
1710 values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object.
1711 If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and
1712 such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include
1713 attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.

1714

1715 **Group 3: Printer Object Attributes**

1716 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The Printer object ignores (does not
1717 respond with) any requested attribute which is not supported. The Printer object MAY respond with
1718 a subset of the supported attributes and values, depending on the security policy in force. However,
1719 the Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all
1720 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value. Also the Printer
1721 object MUST respond with the 'no-value' for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED
1722 attributes) for which the system administrator has not configured a value. See the description of the
1723 "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

1724

1725 **3.2.6 Get-Jobs Operation**

1726 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to retrieve the list of Job objects belonging to the target Printer
1727 object. The client may also supply a list of Job attribute names and/or attribute group names. A group of
1728 Job object attributes will be returned for each Job object that is returned.

1729 This operation is similar to the Get-Job-Attributes operation, except that this Get-Jobs operation returns
1730 attributes from possibly more than one object (see the description of Job attribute group names in section
1731 3.3.4).

1732 **3.2.6.1 Get-Jobs Request**

1733 The client submits the Get-Jobs request to a Printer object.

1734 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Jobs Request:

1735 **Group 1: Operation Attributes**

1736 Natural Language and Character Set:

1737 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1738

1739 Target:

1740 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
1741 section 3.1.5.

1742
1743 Requesting User Name:

1744 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1745 described in section 8.3.

1746
1747 "limit" (integer(1:MAX)):

1748 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1749 is an integer value that determines the maximum number of jobs that a client will receive from the
1750 Printer even if "which-jobs" or "my-jobs" constrain which jobs are returned. The limit is a "stateless
1751 limit" in that if the value supplied by the client is 'N', then only the first 'N' jobs are returned in the
1752 Get-Jobs Response. There is no mechanism to allow for the next 'M' jobs after the first 'N' jobs. If
1753 the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object responds with all applicable jobs.

1754
1755 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword):

1756 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1757 is a set of Job attribute names and/or attribute groups names in whose values the requester is
1758 interested. This set of attributes is returned for each Job object that is returned. The allowed
1759 attribute group names are the same as those defined in the Get-Job-Attributes operation in section
1760 3.3.4. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if the client had
1761 supplied this attribute with two values: 'job-uri' and 'job-id'.

1762
1763 "which-jobs" (type2 keyword):

1764 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1765 indicates which Job objects MUST be returned by the Printer object. The values for this attribute
1766 are:

1767
1768 'completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted'.

1769 'not-completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'pending', 'processing', 'processing-
1770 stopped', or 'pending-held'.

1771
1772 A Printer object MUST support both values. However, if the implementation does not keep jobs in
1773 the 'completed', 'canceled', and 'aborted' states, then it returns no jobs when the 'completed' value is
1774 supplied.

1775
1776 If a client supplies some other value, the Printer object MUST copy the attribute and the
1777 unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return the
1778 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code.

1779
1780 If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if the client had
1781 supplied the attribute with a value of 'not-completed'.

1782

1783 "my-jobs" (boolean):

1784 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It
1785 indicates whether jobs from all users or just the jobs submitted by the requesting user of this request
1786 **MUST** be returned by the Printer object. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer
1787 object **MUST** respond as if the client had supplied the attribute with a value of 'false', i.e., jobs from
1788 all users. The means for authenticating the requesting user and matching the jobs is described in
1789 section 8.

1790 3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response

1791 The Printer object returns all of the Job objects up to the number specified by the "limit" attribute that
1792 match the criteria as defined by the attribute values supplied by the client in the request. It is possible that
1793 no Job objects are returned since there may literally be no Job objects at the Printer, or there may be no Job
1794 objects that match the criteria supplied by the client. If the client requests any Job attributes at all, there is a
1795 set of Job Object Attributes returned for each Job object.

1796 It is not an error for the Printer to return 0 jobs. If the response returns 0 jobs because there are no jobs
1797 matching the criteria, and the request would have returned 1 or more jobs with a status code of 'successful-
1798 ok' if there had been jobs matching the criteria, then the status code for 0 jobs **MUST** be 'successful-ok'.

1799 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1800 Status Message:

1801 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response **OPTIONALLY**
1802 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
1803 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1804
1805 Natural Language and Character Set:

1806 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
1807

1808 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1809 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1810
1811 The response **NEED NOT** contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied
1812 values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object.
1813 If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and
1814 such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes **MUST NOT** include
1815 attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.
1816

1817 Groups 3 to N: Job Object Attributes

1818 The Printer object responds with one set of Job Object Attributes for each returned Job object. The
1819 Printer object ignores (does not respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not
1820 supported or which is restricted by the security policy in force, including whether the requesting
1821 user is the user that submitted the job (job originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the

1822 Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all
1823 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value, unless it would violate
1824 the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.
1825

1826 Jobs are returned in the following order:

- 1827 - If the client requests all 'completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states),
1828 then the Jobs are returned newest to oldest (with respect to actual completion time)
- 1829 - If the client requests all 'not-completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'pending', 'processing', 'pending-held',
1830 and 'processing-stopped' states), then Jobs are returned in relative chronological order of
1831 expected time to complete (based on whatever scheduling algorithm is configured for the
1832 Printer object).

1833 3.2.7 Pause-Printer Operation

1834 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from scheduling jobs on all its devices.
1835 Depending on implementation, the Pause-Printer operation MAY also stop the Printer from processing the
1836 current job or jobs. Any job that is currently being printed is either stopped as soon as the implementation
1837 permits or is completed, depending on implementation. The Printer object MUST still accept create
1838 operations to create new jobs, but MUST prevent any jobs from entering the 'processing' state.

1839 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and
1840 vice-versa.

1841 The IPP Printer stops the current job(s) on its device(s) that were in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped'
1842 states as soon as the implementation permits. If the implementation will take appreciable time to stop, the
1843 IPP Printer adds the 'moving-to-paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute (see
1844 section 4.4.12). When the device(s) have all stopped, the IPP Printer transitions the Printer object to the
1845 'stopped' state, removes the 'moving-to-paused' value, if present, and adds the 'paused' value to the Printer
1846 object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

1847 When the current job(s) complete that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP Printer transitions them to the
1848 'completed' state. When the current job(s) stop in mid processing that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP
1849 Printer transitions them to the 'processing-stopped' state and adds the 'printer-stopped' value to the job's
1850 "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1851 For any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-reasons"
1852 attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-reasons"
1853 attributes and only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried (so-called "lazy
1854 evaluation").

1855 Whether the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other sources than
1856 the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to
1857 the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol is being used
1858 as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1859 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state and transition the Printer to the indicated new
 1860 "printer-state" before returning as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	"printer- state- reasons"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'moving-to- paused'	OPTION 1: 'successful-ok'; Later, when all output has stopped, the "printer- state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
'processing'	'stopped'	'paused'	OPTION 2: 'successful-ok'; all device output stopped immediately
'stopped'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'

1861 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
 1862 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the
 1863 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized'
 1864 as appropriate.

1865 3.2.7.1 Pause-Printer Request

1866 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Request:

1867 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1868 Natural Language and Character Set:

1869 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1871 Target:

1872 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in
 1873 section 3.1.5.

1875 Requesting User Name:

1876 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
 1877 described in section 8.3.

1878 3.2.7.2 Pause-Printer Response

1879 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Response:

1880 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1881 Status Message:

1882 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
 1883 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
 1884 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1885

1886 Natural Language and Character Set:
 1887 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
 1888

1889 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1890 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.
 1891

1892 3.2.8 Resume-Printer Operation

1893 This operation allows a client to resume the Printer object scheduling jobs on all its devices. The Printer
 1894 object **MUST** remove the 'paused' and 'moving-to-paused' values from the Printer object's "printer-state-
 1895 reasons" attribute, if present. If there are no other reasons to keep a device paused (such as media-jam), the
 1896 IPP Printer is free to transition itself to the 'processing' or 'idle' states, depending on whether there are jobs
 1897 to be processed or not, respectively, and the device(s) resume processing jobs.

1898 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation **MUST** be supported, and
 1899 vice-versa.

1900 The IPP Printer removes the 'printer-stopped' value from any job's "job-state-reasons" attributes contained
 1901 in that Printer.

1902 The IPP Printer **MUST** accept the request in any state, transition the Printer object to the indicated new state
 1903 as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'idle'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok'
'stopped'	'processing'	'successful-ok'; when there are jobs to be processed
'stopped'	'idle'	'successful-ok'; when there are no jobs to be processed.

1904 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
 1905 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer **MUST** reject the
 1906 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized'
 1907 as appropriate.

1908 The Resume-Printer Request and Resume-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as
 1909 the Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1910 3.2.9 Purge-Jobs Operation

1911 This **OPTIONAL** operation allows a client to remove all jobs from an IPP Printer object, regardless of their
 1912 job states, including jobs in the Printer object's Job History (see Section 4.3.7.2). After a Purge-Jobs

1913 operation has been performed, a Printer object MUST return no jobs in subsequent Get-Job-Attributes and
1914 Get-Jobs responses (until new jobs are submitted).

1915 Whether the Purge-Jobs (and Get-Jobs) operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other
1916 sources than the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Purge-Jobs operation affects jobs that were
1917 submitted to the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol
1918 is being used as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1919 Note: if an operator wants to cancel all jobs without clearing out the Job History, the operator uses the
1920 Cancel-Job operation on each job instead of using the Purge-Jobs operation.

1921 The Printer object MUST accept this operation in any state and transition the Printer object to the 'idle'
1922 state.

1923 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or
1924 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the
1925 operation and return: client-error-forbidden, client-error-not-authenticated, and client-error-not-authorized
1926 as appropriate.

1927 The Purge-Jobs Request and Purge-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
1928 Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1929

1930 **3.3 Job Operations**

1931 All Job operations are directed at Job objects. A client MUST always supply some means of identifying the
1932 Job object in order to identify the correct target of the operation. That job identification MAY either be a
1933 single Job URI or a combination of a Printer URI with a Job ID. The IPP object implementation MUST
1934 support both forms of identification for every job.

1935 **3.3.1 Send-Document Operation**

1936 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to create a multi-document Job object that is initially "empty"
1937 (contains no documents). In the Create-Job response, the Printer object returns the Job object's URI (the
1938 "job-uri" attribute) and the Job object's 32-bit identifier (the "job-id" attribute). For each new document
1939 that the client desires to add, the client uses a Send-Document operation. Each Send-Document Request
1940 contains the entire stream of document data for one document.

1941 If the Printer supports this operation but does not support multiple documents per job, the Printer MUST
1942 reject subsequent Send-Document operations supplied with data and return the 'server-error-multiple-
1943 document-jobs-not-supported'. However, the Printer MUST accept the first document with a 'true' or 'false'
1944 value for the "last-document" operation attribute (see below), so that clients MAY always submit one
1945 document jobs with a 'false' value for "last-document" in the first Send-Document and a 'true' for "last-
1946 document" in the second Send-Document (with no data).

1947 Since the Create-Job and the send operations (Send-Document or Send-URI operations) that follow could
1948 occur over an arbitrarily long period of time for a particular job, a client MUST send another send operation
1949 within an IPP Printer defined minimum time interval after the receipt of the previous request for the job. If
1950 a Printer object supports multiple document jobs, the Printer object MUST support the "multiple-operation-
1951 time-out" attribute (see section 4.4.31). This attribute indicates the minimum number of seconds the Printer
1952 object will wait for the next send operation before taking some recovery action.

1953 An IPP object MUST recover from an errant client that does not supply a send operation, sometime after
1954 the minimum time interval specified by the Printer object's "multiple-operation-time-out" attribute. Such
1955 recovery MAY include any of the following or other recovery actions:

- 1956 1. Assume that the Job is an invalid job, start the process of changing the job state to 'aborted', add the
1957 'aborted-by-system' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8), and clean up
1958 all resources associated with the Job. In this case, if another send operation is finally received, the
1959 Printer responds with a "client-error-not-possible" or "client-error-not-found" depending on
1960 whether or not the Job object is still around when the send operation finally arrives.
- 1961 2. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document (as if the "last-document"
1962 flag had been set to 'true'), close the Job object, and proceed to process it (i.e., move the Job's state
1963 to 'pending').
- 1964 3. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document, close the Job, but move it
1965 to the 'pending-held' and add the 'submission-interrupted' value to the job's "job-state-reasons"
1966 attribute (see section 4.3.8). This action allows the user or an operator to determine whether to
1967 continue processing the Job by moving it back to the 'pending' state using the Release-Job operation
1968 (see section 3.3.6) or to cancel the job using the Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3).

1970 Each implementation is free to decide the "best" action to take depending on local policy, whether any
1971 documents have been added, whether the implementation spools jobs or not, and/or any other piece of
1972 information available to it. If the choice is to abort the Job object, it is possible that the Job object may
1973 already have been processed to the point that some media sheet pages have been printed.

1974 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
1975 owner (as determined in the Create-Job operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see
1976 Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-
1977 forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

1978 **3.3.1.1 Send-Document Request**

1979 The following attribute sets are part of the Send-Document Request:

1980 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1981 Natural Language and Character Set:

1982 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1983

1984 Target:

1985 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
1986 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
1987

1988 Requesting User Name:

1989 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1990 described in section 8.3.
1991

1992 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1993 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It
1994 contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different than the Job
1995 name. It might be helpful, but NEED NOT be unique across multiple documents in the same Job.
1996 Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end user
1997 by using a file name or an application generated name. See the description of the "document-name"
1998 operation attribute in the Print-Job Request (section 3.2.1.1) for more information about this
1999 attribute.
2000

2001 "compression" (type3 keyword)

2002 See the description of "compression" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.
2003

2004 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

2005 See the description of "document-format" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.
2006

2007 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

2008 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this
2009 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats
2010 that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously.
2011 There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.
2012

2013 "last-document" (boolean):

2014 The client MUST supply this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It is a
2015 boolean flag that is set to 'true' if this is the last document for the Job, 'false' otherwise.
2016

2017 Group 2: Document Content

2018 The client MUST supply the document data if the "last-document" flag is set to 'false'. However,
2019 since a client might not know that the previous document sent with a Send-Document (or Send-
2020 URI) operation was the last document (i.e., the "last-document" attribute was set to 'false'), it is legal
2021 to send a Send-Document request with no document data where the "last-document" flag is set to
2022 'true'. Such a request MUST NOT increment the value of the Job object's "number-of-documents"
2023 attribute, since no real document was added to the job. It is not an error for a client to submit a job
2024 with no actual document data, i.e., only a single Create-Job and Send-Document request with a
2025 "last-document" operation attribute set to 'true' with no document data.

2026 **3.3.1.2 Send-Document Response**

2027 The following sets of attributes are part of the Send-Document Response:

2028 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2029 Status Message:

2030 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
2031 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
2032 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

2034 Natural Language and Character Set:

2035 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
2036

2037 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2038 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

2039 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2040 This is the same set of attributes as described in the Print-Job response (see section 3.2.1.2).
2041

2042 **3.3.2 Send-URI Operation**

2043 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Send-Document operation (see section 3.3.1) except that a
2044 client MUST supply a URI reference ("document-uri" operation attribute) rather than the document data
2045 itself. If a Printer object supports this operation, clients can use both Send-URI or Send-Document
2046 operations to add new documents to an existing multi-document Job object. However, if a client needs to
2047 indicate that the previous Send-URI or Send-Document was the last document, the client MUST use the
2048 Send-Document operation with no document data and the "last-document" flag set to 'true' (rather than
2049 using a Send-URI operation with no "document-uri" operation attribute).

2050 If a Printer object supports this operation, it MUST also support the Print-URI operation (see section 3.2.2).

2051 The Printer object MUST validate the syntax and URI scheme of the supplied URI before returning a
2052 response, just as in the Print-URI operation. The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the
2053 document as part of the operation or subsequently (see section 3.2.2).

2054 **3.3.3 Cancel-Job Operation**

2055 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to cancel a Print Job from the time the job is created up to the
2056 time it is completed, canceled, or aborted. Since a Job might already be printing by the time a Cancel-Job is
2057 received, some media sheet pages might be printed before the job is actually terminated.

2058 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to
2059 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'pending-held'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible' See Rule 2
'processing-stopped'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible' See Rule 2
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2060 Rule 1: If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or
 2061 'processing-stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST add the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to the job's
 2062 "job-state-reasons" attribute and then transition the job to the 'canceled' state when the processing ceases
 2063 (see section 4.3.8).

2064 Rule 2: If the Job object already has the 'processing-to-stop-point' value in its "job-state-reasons" attribute,
 2065 then the Printer object MUST reject a Cancel-Job operation.

2066 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
 2067 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
 2068 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
 2069 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2070 3.3.3.1 Cancel-Job Request

2071 The following groups of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Request:

2072 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2073 Natural Language and Character Set:

2074 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
 2075

2076 Target:

2077 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
 2078 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
 2079

2080 Requesting User Name:

2081 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
 2082 described in section 8.3.
 2083

2084 "message" (text(127)):

2085 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports this
2086 attribute. It is a message to the operator. This "message" attribute is not the same as the "job-
2087 message-from-operator" attribute. That attribute is used to report a message from the operator to the
2088 end user that queries that attribute. This "message" operation attribute is used to send a message
2089 from the client to the operator along with the operation request. It is an implementation decision of
2090 how or where to display this message to the operator (if at all).
2091

2092 **3.3.3.2 Cancel-Job Response**

2093 The following sets of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Response:

2094 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2095 Status Message:

2096 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response **OPTIONALLY**
2097 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
2098 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.
2099

2100 Natural Language and Character Set:

2101 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
2102

2103 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2104 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.
2105

2106 Once a successful response has been sent, the implementation guarantees that the Job will eventually end up
2107 in the 'canceled' state. Between the time of the Cancel-Job operation is accepted and when the job enters the
2108 'canceled' job-state (see section 4.3.7), the "job-state-reasons" attribute **SHOULD** contain the 'processing-to-
2109 stop-point' value which indicates to later queries that although the Job might still be 'processing', it will
2110 eventually end up in the 'canceled' state, not the 'completed' state.

2111 **3.3.4 Get-Job-Attributes Operation**

2112 This **REQUIRED** operation allows a client to request the values of attributes of a Job object and it is almost
2113 identical to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation (see section 3.2.5). The only differences are that the
2114 operation is directed at a Job object rather than a Printer object, there is no "document-format" operation
2115 attribute used when querying a Job object, and the returned attribute group is a set of Job object attributes
2116 rather than a set of Printer object attributes.

2117 For Jobs, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 2118 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Job object (the first column of
2119 the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Job objects.

- 2120 - 'job-description': the subset of the Job Description attributes specified in Section 4.3 that the
2121 implementation supports for Job objects.
2122 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Job objects.
2123

2124 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some
2125 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'job-name' and 'job-description', the client is actually requesting
2126 the "job-name" attribute once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'job-description' group.
2127 In such cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return the attribute only once in the response even if it is
2128 requested multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

2129 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Job object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes
2130 are OPTIONAL). However it is REQUIRED that each Job object support all group names.

2131 3.3.4.1 Get-Job-Attributes Request

2132 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Job-Attributes Request when the request is directed at
2133 a Job object:

2134 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2135 Natural Language and Character Set:

2136 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.
2137

2138 Target:

2139 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation
2140 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.
2141

2142 Requesting User Name:

2143 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
2144 described in section 8.3.
2145

2146 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

2147 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this attribute. It is
2148 a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose values the requester is interested. If
2149 the client omits this attribute, the IPP object MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied
2150 with a value of 'all'.
2151

2152 3.3.4.2 Get-Job-Attributes Response

2153 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Job-Attributes Response:

2154 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2155 Status Message:

2156 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY
2157 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation
2158 attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

2159
2160 Natural Language and Character Set:

2161 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.
2162 The "attributes-natural-language" MAY be the natural language of the Job object, rather than the
2163 one requested.

2164
2165 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2166 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

2167
2168 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied
2169 values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object.
2170 If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and
2171 such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include
2172 attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.
2173

2174 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2175 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The IPP object ignores (does not
2176 respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not supported or which is restricted by the
2177 security policy in force, including whether the requesting user is the user that submitted the job (job
2178 originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the IPP object MUST respond with the 'unknown'
2179 value for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the IPP object does
2180 not know the value, unless it would violate the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-
2181 band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

2182 **3.3.5 Hold-Job Operation**

2183 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to hold a pending job in the queue so that it is not eligible for
2184 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported,
2185 and vice-versa. The OPTIONAL "job-hold-until" operation attribute allows a client to specify whether to
2186 hold the job indefinitely or until a specified time period, if supported.

2187 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to
2188 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
---------------------	-----------------	---

'pending'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2189 Rule 1: If the implementation supports multiple reasons for a job to be in the 'pending-held' state, the IPP
2190 object MUST add the 'job-hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2191 Rule 2: If the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation attribute, but the specified time period has
2192 already started (or is the 'no-hold' value) and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object
2193 MUST make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2) by putting the job in the
2194 'pending' state.

2195 Note: In order to keep the Hold-Job operation simple, such a request is rejected when the job is in the
2196 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If an operation is needed to hold jobs while in these states, it will
2197 be added as an additional operation, rather than overloading the Hold-Job operation. Then it is clear to
2198 clients by querying the Printer object's "operations-supported" (see Section 4.4.15) and the Job object's
2199 "job-state" (see Section 4.3.7) attributes which operations are possible.

2200 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2201 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2202 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2203 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2204 3.3.5.1 Hold-Job Request

2205 The groups and operation attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the
2206 addition of the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2207 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2208 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute. The IPP object MUST support this
2209 operation attribute in a Hold-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job template attribute in
2210 create operations. See section 4.2.2. The IPP object SHOULD support the "job-hold-until" Job
2211 Template attribute for use in job create operations with at least the 'indefinite' value, if it supports
2212 the Hold-Job operation. Otherwise, a client cannot create a job and hold it immediately (without
2213 picking some supported time period in the future).

2214 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP
2215 object copies the supplied operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-

2216 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied
2217 named time period.

2218 If supplied, but either the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself or the value supplied is not
2219 supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the unsupported attribute or value in the
2220 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-
2221 substituted-attributes, and holds the job indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job
2222 operation.

2223 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold'
2224 value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation
2225 attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object MUST accept the operation
2226 and make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2227 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" Operation attribute in the request, the IPP object
2228 MUST populate the job object with a "job-hold-until" attribute with the 'indefinite' value (if IPP
2229 object supports the "job-hold-until" attribute) and hold the job indefinitely, until a client performs a
2230 Release-Job operation.

2231 **3.3.5.2 Hold-Job Response**

2232 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2233 **3.3.6 Release-Job Operation**

2234 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to release a previously held job so that it is again eligible for
2235 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported,
2236 and vice-versa.

2237 This operation removes the "job-hold-until" job attribute, if present, from the job object that had been
2238 supplied in the create or most recent Hold-Job or Restart-Job operation and removes its effect on the job.
2239 The IPP object MUST remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from the job's "job-state-reasons"
2240 attribute, if present. See section 4.3.8.

2241 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to
2242 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok'
		No effect on the job.
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok'
		No effect on the job.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2243 Rule 1: If there are other reasons to keep the job in the 'pending-held' state, such as 'resources-are-not-
2244 ready', the job remains in the 'pending-held' state. Thus the 'pending-held' state is not just for jobs that have
2245 the 'job-hold-until' applied to them, but are for any reason to keep the job from being a candidate for
2246 scheduling and processing, such as 'resources-are-not-ready'. See the "job-hold-until" attribute (section
2247 4.2.2).

2248 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2249 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2250 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2251 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2252 The Release-Job Request and Release-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the
2253 Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3.1 and 3.3.3.2).

2254 3.3.7 Restart-Job Operation

2255 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to restart a job that is retained in the queue after processing has
2256 completed (see section 4.3.7.2).

2257 The job is moved to the 'pending' or 'pending-held' job state and restarts at the beginning on the same IPP
2258 Printer object with the same attribute values. If any of the documents in the job were passed by reference
2259 (Print-URI or Send-URI), the Printer MUST re-fetch the data, since the semantics of Restart-Job are to
2260 repeat all Job processing. The Job Description attributes that accumulate job progress, such as "job-
2261 impressions-completed", "job-media-sheets-completed", and "job-k-octets-processed", MUST be reset to 0
2262 so that they give an accurate record of the job from its restart point. The job object MUST continue to use
2263 the same "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute values.

2264 Note: If in the future an operation is needed that does not reset the job progress attributes, then a new
2265 operation will be defined which makes a copy of the job, assigns a new "job-uri" and "job-id" to the copy
2266 and resets the job progress attributes in the new copy only.

2267 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state, transition the job to the
2268 indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'client-error-not-possible'
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1
'canceled'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1
'aborted'	'pending' or 'pending-held'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1

2269

2270 Rule 1: If the Job Retention Period has expired for the job in this state, then the IPP object rejects the
2271 operation. See section 4.3.7.2.

2272 Note: In order to prevent a user from inadvertently restarting a job in the middle, the Restart-Job request is
2273 rejected when the job is in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If in the future an operation is
2274 needed to hold or restart jobs while in these states, it will be added as an additional operation, rather than
2275 overloading the Restart-Job operation, so that it is clear that the user intended that the current job not be
2276 completed.

2277 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job
2278 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP
2279 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or
2280 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2281 3.3.7.1 Restart-Job Request

2282 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the addition of
2283 the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2284 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2285 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this Operation
2286 attribute in a Restart-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute in create
2287 operations. See section 4.2.2. Otherwise, the IPP object NEED NOT support the "job-hold-until"
2288 Operation attribute in a Restart-Job request.

2289 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP
2290 object copies the supplied Operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-
2291 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied
2292 named time period. See section 4.2.2.

2293 If supplied, but the value is not supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the
2294 unsupported attribute or value in the Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7,

2295 returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, and holds the job
2296 indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job operation.

2297 If supplied, but the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself is not supported, the IPP object accepts
2298 the request, returns the unsupported attribute with the out-of-band 'unsupported' value in the
2299 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-
2300 substituted-attributes' status code, and restarts the job, i.e., ignores the "job-hold-until" attribute.

2301 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold'
2302 value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation
2303 attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object makes the job a candidate for
2304 processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2305 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" operation attribute in the request, the IPP object
2306 removes the "job-hold-until" attribute, if present, from the job. If there are no other reasons to hold
2307 the job, the Restart-Job operation makes the job a candidate for processing immediately (see Section
2308 4.2.2).

2309 **3.3.7.2 Restart-Job Response**

2310 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2311 Note: In the future an OPTIONAL Modify-Job or Set-Job-Attributes operation may be specified that
2312 allows the client to modify other attributes before releasing the restarted job.

2313 **4. Object Attributes**

2314 This section describes the attributes with their corresponding attribute syntaxes and values that are part of
2315 the IPP model. The sections below show the objects and their associated attributes which are included
2316 within the scope of this protocol. Many of these attributes are derived from other relevant documents:

- 2317 - Document Printing Application (DPA) [ISO10175]
- 2318 - RFC 1759 Printer MIB [RFC1759]

2319 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document using a "keyword" (see section 12.2.1) which is the
2320 name of the attribute. The keyword is included in the section header describing that attribute.

2321 Note: Not only are keywords used to identify attributes, but one of the attribute syntaxes described below is
2322 "keyword" so that some attributes have keyword values. Therefore, these attributes are defined as having
2323 an attribute syntax that is a set of keywords.

2324 4.1 Attribute Syntaxes

2325 This section defines the basic attribute syntax types that all clients and IPP objects MUST be able to accept
2326 in responses and accept in requests, respectively. Each attribute description in sections 3 and 4 includes the
2327 name of attribute syntax(es) in the heading (in parentheses). A conforming implementation of an attribute
2328 MUST include the semantics of the attribute syntax(es) so identified. Section 6.3 describes how the
2329 protocol can be extended with new attribute syntaxes.

2330 The attribute syntaxes are specified in the following sub-sections, where the sub-section heading is the
2331 keyword name of the attribute syntax inside the single quotes. In operation requests and responses each
2332 attribute value MUST be represented as one of the attribute syntaxes specified in the sub-section heading
2333 for the attribute. In addition, the value of an attribute in a response (but not in a request) MAY be one of
2334 the "out-of-band" values whose special encoding rules are defined in the "Encoding and Transport"
2335 document [IPP-PRO]. Standard "out-of-band" values are:

2336 'unknown': The attribute is supported by the IPP object, but the value is unknown to the IPP object for
2337 some reason.

2338 'unsupported': The attribute is unsupported by the IPP object. This value MUST be returned only as the
2339 value of an attribute in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

2340 'no-value': The attribute is supported by the Printer object, but the administrator has not yet configured a
2341 value.

2342

2343 All attributes in a request MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4. Thus clients
2344 MUST NOT supply attributes with "out-of-band" values. All attributes in a response MUST have one or
2345 more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4 or a single "out-of-band" value.

2346 Most attributes are defined to have a single attribute syntax. However, a few attributes (e.g., "job-sheet",
2347 "media", "job-hold-until") are defined to have several attribute syntaxes, depending on the value. These
2348 multiple attribute syntaxes are separated by the "|" character in the sub-section heading to indicate the
2349 choice. Since each value MUST be tagged as to its attribute syntax in the protocol, a single-valued attribute
2350 instance may have any one of its attribute syntaxes and a multi-valued attribute instance may have a mixture
2351 of its defined attribute syntaxes.

2352 4.1.1 'text'

2353 A text attribute is an attribute whose value is a sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a maximum
2354 of 1023 ('MAX') octets. MAX is the maximum length for each value of any text attribute. However, if an
2355 attribute will always contain values whose maximum length is much less than MAX, the definition of that
2356 attribute will include a qualifier that defines the maximum length for values of that attribute. For example:
2357 the "printer-location" attribute is specified as "printer-location (text(127))". In this case, text values for
2358 "printer-location" MUST NOT exceed 127 octets; if supplied with a longer text string via some external
2359 interface (other than the protocol), implementations are free to truncate to this shorter length limitation.

2360 In this document, all text attributes are defined using the 'text' syntax. However, 'text' is used only for
2361 brevity; the formal interpretation of 'text' is: 'textWithoutLanguage | textWithLanguage'. That is, for any
2362 attribute defined in this document using the 'text' attribute syntax, all IPP objects and clients MUST support
2363 both the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and
2364 protocol execution, objects and clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The
2365 syntax 'text' never appears "on-the-wire".

2366 Both 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' are needed to support the real world needs of
2367 interoperability between sites and systems that use different natural languages as the basis for human
2368 communication. Generally, one natural language applies to all text attributes in a given request or response.
2369 The language is indicated by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute defined in section 3.1.4 or
2370 "attributes-natural-language" job attribute defined in section 4.3.20, and there is no need to identify the
2371 natural language for each text string on a value-by-value basis. In these cases, the attribute syntax
2372 'textWithoutLanguage' is used for text attributes. In other cases, the client needs to supply or the Printer
2373 object needs to return a text value in a natural language that is different from the rest of the text values in
2374 the request or response. In these cases, the client or Printer object uses the attribute syntax
2375 'textWithLanguage' for text attributes (this is the Natural Language Override mechanism described in
2376 section 3.1.4).

2377 The 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes are described in more detail in the
2378 following sections.

2379 **4.1.1.1 'textWithoutLanguage'**

2380 The 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a
2381 maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets. Text strings are encoded using the rules of some charset. The Printer
2382 object MUST support the UTF-8 charset [RFC2279] and MAY support additional charsets to represent
2383 'text' values, provided that the charsets are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. See Section 4.1.7 for the
2384 definition of the 'charset' attribute syntax, including restricted semantics and examples of charsets.

2385 **4.1.1.2 'textWithLanguage'**

2386 The 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a
2387 'textWithoutLanguage' part encoded in a maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets plus an additional
2388 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the natural language in force. The
2389 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that applies to the text part of that value and
2390 that value alone. For any give text attribute, the 'textWithoutLanguage' part is limited to the maximum
2391 length defined for that 'text' attribute, and the 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited to 63 (additional)
2392 octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax
2393 is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects and
2394 clients.

2395 If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf text), then the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used to
2396 explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in a

2397 multi-valued 'text' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation
2398 attribute.

2399 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in the
2400 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural language
2401 or not. Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'textWithLanguage' attribute value,
2402 whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are independent of the
2403 value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2404 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'
2405 indicating English, but the value of the "job-name" attribute is in French, the client MUST use the
2406 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax with the following two values:

2407 'fr': Natural Language Override indicating French

2408 'Rapport Mensuel': the job name in French

2409

2410 See the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] for a detailed example of the 'textWithLanguage'
2411 attribute syntax.

2412 **4.1.2 'name'**

2413 This syntax type is used for user-friendly strings, such as a Printer name, that, for humans, are more
2414 meaningful than identifiers. Names are never translated from one natural language to another. The 'name'
2415 attribute syntax is essentially the same as 'text', including the REQUIRED support of UTF-8 except that the
2416 sequence of characters is limited so that its encoded form MUST NOT exceed 255 (MAX) octets.

2417 Also like 'text', 'name' is really an abbreviated notation for either 'nameWithoutLanguage' or
2418 'nameWithLanguage'. That is, all IPP objects and clients MUST support both the 'nameWithoutLanguage'
2419 and 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and protocol execution, objects and
2420 clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The syntax 'name' never appears "on-the-
2421 wire".

2422 Only the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes permit the Natural Language Override mechanism.

2423 Some attributes are defined as 'type3 keyword | name'. These attributes support values that are either type3
2424 keywords or names. This dual-syntax mechanism enables a site administrator to extend these attributes to
2425 legally include values that are locally defined by the site administrator. Such names are not registered with
2426 IANA.

2427 **4.1.2.1 'nameWithoutLanguage'**

2428 The nameWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters encoded in
2429 a maximum of 255 (MAX) octets.

2430 4.1.2.2 'nameWithLanguage'

2431 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a
2432 'nameWithoutLanguage' part encoded in a maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets plus an additional
2433 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the natural language in force. The
2434 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that applies to that name value and that
2435 name value alone. For any give text attribute, the 'textWithoutLanguage' part is limited to the maximum
2436 length defined for that 'text' attribute, and the 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited to 63 (additional)
2437 octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax
2438 is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects and
2439 clients.

2440 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax behaves the same as the 'textWithLanguage' syntax. Using the
2441 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax is the so-called
2442 Natural Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects and clients. If a name is
2443 in a language that is different than the rest of the object or operation, then this 'nameWithLanguage' syntax
2444 is used rather than the generic 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax.

2445 If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf text), then the 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used
2446 to explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in a
2447 multi-valued 'name' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation
2448 attribute.

2449 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in the
2450 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural language
2451 or not. Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'nameWithLanguage' attribute value,
2452 whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are independent of the
2453 value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2454 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'
2455 indicating English, but the "printer-name" attribute is in German, the client MUST use the
2456 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax as follows:

2457 'de': Natural Language Override indicating German

2458 'Farbdrucker': the Printer name in German

2459

2460 4.1.2.3 Matching 'name' attribute values

2461 For purposes of matching two 'name' attribute values for equality, such as in job validation (where a client-
2462 supplied value for attribute "xxx" is checked to see if the value is among the values of the Printer object's
2463 corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute), the following match rules apply:

2464 1. 'keyword' values never match 'name' values.

2465 2. 'name' (nameWithoutLanguage and nameWithLanguage) values match if (1) the name parts
2466 match and (2) the Associated Natural-Language parts (see section 3.1.4.1) match. The matching
2467 rules are:

2468 a. the name parts match if the two names are identical character by character, except it is
2469 RECOMMENDED that case be ignored. For example: 'Ajax-letter-head-white' MUST
2470 match 'Ajax-letter-head-white' and SHOULD match 'ajax-letter-head-white' and 'AJAX-
2471 LETTER-HEAD-WHITE'.

2472 b. the Associated Natural-Language parts match if the shorter of the two meets the syntactic
2473 requirements of RFC 1766 [RFC1766] and matches byte for byte with the longer. For
2474 example, 'en' matches 'en', 'en-us' and 'en-gb', but matches neither 'fr' nor 'e'.

2475 4.1.3 'keyword'

2476 The 'keyword' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters, length: 1 to 255, containing only the US-ASCII
2477 [ASCII] encoded values for lowercase letters ("a" - "z"), digits ("0" - "9"), hyphen ("-"), dot ("."), and
2478 underscore ("_"). The first character MUST be a lowercase letter. Furthermore, keywords MUST be in
2479 U.S. English.

2480 This syntax type is used for enumerating semantic identifiers of entities in the abstract protocol, i.e., entities
2481 identified in this document. Keywords are used as attribute names or values of attributes. Unlike 'text' and
2482 'name' attribute values, 'keyword' values MUST NOT use the Natural Language Override mechanism, since
2483 they MUST always be US-ASCII and U.S. English.

2484 Keywords are for use in the protocol. A user interface will likely provide a mapping between protocol
2485 keywords and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of
2486 the user. While the keywords specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural
2487 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since
2488 the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2489 In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full set of defined keyword values for that
2490 attribute are listed.

2491 When a keyword is used to represent an attribute (its name), it MUST be unique within the full scope of all
2492 IPP objects and attributes. When a keyword is used to represent a value of an attribute, it MUST be unique
2493 just within the scope of that attribute. That is, the same keyword MUST NOT be used for two different
2494 values within the same attribute to mean two different semantic ideas. However, the same keyword MAY
2495 be used across two or more attributes, representing different semantic ideas for each attribute. Section 6.1
2496 describes how the protocol can be extended with new keyword values. Examples of attribute name
2497 keywords:

2498 "job-name"

2499 "attributes-charset"

2500

2501 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "keyword" basic syntax to indicate
2502 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

2503 **4.1.4 'enum'**

2504 The 'enum' attribute syntax is an enumerated integer value that is in the range from 1 to $2^{*}31 - 1$ (MAX).
2505 Each value has an associated 'keyword' name. In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full
2506 set of possible values for that attribute are listed. This syntax type is used for attributes for which there are
2507 enum values assigned by other standards, such as SNMP MIBs. A number of attribute enum values in this
2508 document are also used for corresponding attributes in other standards [RFC1759]. This syntax type is not
2509 used for attributes to which the administrator may assign values. Section 6.1 describes how the protocol
2510 can be extended with new enum values.

2511 Enum values are for use in the protocol. A user interface will provide a mapping between protocol enum
2512 values and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of the
2513 user. While the enum symbols specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural
2514 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since
2515 the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2516 Note: SNMP MIBs use '2' for 'unknown' which corresponds to the IPP "out-of-band" value 'unknown'. See
2517 the description of the "out-of-band" values at the beginning of Section 4.1. Therefore, attributes of type
2518 'enum' start at '3'.

2519 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "enum" basic syntax to indicate
2520 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

2521 **4.1.5 'uri'**

2522 The 'uri' attribute syntax is any valid Uniform Resource Identifier or URI [RFC2396]. Most often, URIs are
2523 simply Uniform Resource Locators or URLs. The maximum length of URIs used as values of IPP
2524 attributes is 1023 octets. Although most other IPP attribute syntax types allow for only lower-cased values,
2525 this attribute syntax type conforms to the case-sensitive and case-insensitive rules specified in [RFC2396].
2526 See also [IPP-IIG] for a discussion of case in URIs.

2527 **4.1.6 'uriScheme'**

2528 The 'uriScheme' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters representing a URI scheme according to RFC
2529 2396 [RFC2396]. Though RFC 2396 requires that the values be case-insensitive, IPP requires all lower
2530 case values in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects.

2531 Standard values for this syntax type are the following keywords:

2532 'ipp': for IPP schemed URIs (e.g., "ipp:...")
2533 'http': for HTTP schemed URIs (e.g., "http:...")
2534 'https': for use with HTTPS schemed URIs (e.g., "https:...") (not on IETF standards track)
2535 'ftp': for FTP schemed URIs (e.g., "ftp:...")

2536 'mailto': for SMTP schemed URIs (e.g., "mailto:...")
2537 'file': for file schemed URIs (e.g., "file:...")
2538

2539 A Printer object MAY support any URI 'scheme' that has been registered with IANA [IANA-MT]. The
2540 maximum length of URI 'scheme' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2541 **4.1.7 'charset'**

2542 The 'charset' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a charset. A charset is a coded character set and
2543 encoding scheme. Charsets are used for labeling certain document contents and 'text' and 'name' attribute
2544 values. The syntax and semantics of this attribute syntax are specified in RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and
2545 contained in the IANA character-set Registry [IANA-CS] according to the IANA procedures [RFC2278].
2546 Though RFC 2046 requires that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case values
2547 in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects. When a character-set in the
2548 IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred MIME name)", if present,
2549 MUST be used.

2550 The maximum length of 'charset' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2551 Some examples are:

2552 'utf-8': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as the UTF-8
2553 [RFC2279] transfer encoding scheme in which US-ASCII is a subset charset.
2554 'us-ascii': 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII), ANSI X3.4-1986
2555 [ASCII]. That standard defines US-ASCII, but RFC 2045 [RFC2045] eliminates most of the control
2556 characters from conformant usage in MIME and IPP.
2557 'iso-8859-1': 8-bit One-Byte Coded Character Set, Latin Alphabet Nr 1 [ISO8859-1]. That standard
2558 defines a coded character set that is used by Latin languages in the Western Hemisphere and
2559 Western Europe. US-ASCII is a subset charset.
2560

2561 Some attribute descriptions MAY place additional requirements on charset values that may be used, such as
2562 REQUIRED values that MUST be supported or additional restrictions, such as requiring that the charset
2563 have US-ASCII as a subset charset.

2564 **4.1.8 'naturalLanguage'**

2565 The 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a natural language and optionally a
2566 country. The values for this syntax type are defined by RFC 1766 [RFC1766]. Though RFC 1766 requires
2567 that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case to simplify comparing by IPP
2568 clients and Printer objects. Examples include:

2569 'en': for English
2570 'en-us': for US English
2571 'fr': for French
2572 'de': for German

2573

2574 The maximum length of 'naturalLanguage' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2575 **4.1.9 'mimeMediaType'**

2576 The 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax is the Internet Media Type (sometimes called MIME type) as
2577 defined by RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and registered according to the procedures of RFC 2048 [RFC2048] for
2578 identifying a document format. The value MAY include a charset parameter, depending on the
2579 specification of the Media Type in the IANA Registry [IANA-MT]. Although most other IPP syntax types
2580 allow for only lower-cased values, this syntax type allows for mixed-case values which are case-insensitive.

2581 Examples are:

2582 'text/html': An HTML document

2583 'text/plain': A plain text document in US-ASCII (RFC 2046 indicates that in the absence of the charset
2584 parameter MUST mean US-ASCII rather than simply unspecified) [RFC2046].

2585 'text/plain; charset=US-ASCII': A plain text document in US-ASCII [52, 56].

2586 'text/plain; charset=ISO-8859-1': A plain text document in ISO 8859-1 (Latin 1) [ISO8859-1].

2587 'text/plain; charset=utf-8': A plain text document in ISO 10646 represented as UTF-8 [RFC2279]

2588 'application/postscript': A PostScript document [RFC2046]

2589 'application/vnd.hp-PCL': A PCL document [IANA-MT] (charset escape sequence embedded in the
2590 document data)

2591 'application/pdf': Portable Document Format - see IANA MIME Media Type registry

2592 'application/octet-stream': Auto-sense - see section 4.1.9.1

2593

2594 **4.1.9.1 Application/octet-stream -- Auto-Sensing the document format**

2595 One special type is 'application/octet-stream'. If the Printer object supports this value, the Printer object
2596 MUST be capable of auto-sensing the format of the document data, either as part of the create operation
2597 and/or at document processing time. During auto-sensing, a Printer may determine that the document-data
2598 has a format that the Printer doesn't recognize. If the Printer determines this problem before returning an
2599 operation response, it rejects the request and returns the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status
2600 code. If the Printer determines this problem after accepting the request and returning an operation response
2601 with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'unsupported-document-format' value to the
2602 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2603 If the Printer object's default value attribute "document-format-default" is set to 'application/octet-stream',
2604 the Printer object not only supports auto-sensing of the document format, but will depend on the result of
2605 applying its auto-sensing when the client does not supply the "document-format" attribute. If the client
2606 supplies a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on the supplied attribute, rather than trust its
2607 auto-sensing algorithm. To summarize:

2608 1. If the client does not supply a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on its default value
2609 setting (which may be 'application/octet-stream' indicating an auto-sensing mechanism).

- 2610 2. If the client supplies a value other than 'application/octet-stream', the client is supplying valid
2611 information about the format of the document data and the Printer object MUST trust the client
2612 supplied value more than the outcome of applying an automatic format detection mechanism. For
2613 example, the client may be requesting the printing of a PostScript file as a 'text/plain' document.
2614 The Printer object MUST print a text representation of the PostScript commands rather than
2615 interpret the stream of PostScript commands and print the result.
- 2616 3. If the client supplies a value of 'application/octet-stream', the client is indicating that the Printer
2617 object MUST use its auto-sensing mechanism on the client supplied document data whether auto-
2618 sensing is the Printer object's default or not.
2619

2620 Note: Since the auto-sensing algorithm is probabilistic, if the client requests both auto-sensing ("document-
2621 format" set to 'application/octet-stream') and true fidelity ("ipp-attribute-fidelity" set to 'true'), the Printer
2622 object might not be able to guarantee exactly what the end user intended (the auto-sensing algorithm might
2623 mistake one document format for another), but it is able to guarantee that its auto-sensing mechanism be
2624 used.

2625 The maximum length of a 'mimeType' value to represent IPP attribute values is 255 octets.

2626 **4.1.10 'octetString'**

2627 The 'octetString' attribute syntax is a sequence of octets encoded in a maximum of 1023 octets which is
2628 indicated in sub-section headers using the notation: octetString(MAX). This syntax type is used for opaque
2629 data.

2630 **4.1.11 'boolean'**

2631 The 'boolean' attribute syntax has only two values: 'true' and 'false'.

2632 **4.1.12 'integer'**

2633 The 'integer' attribute syntax is an integer value that is in the range from -2^{31} (MIN) to $2^{31} - 1$ (MAX).
2634 Each individual attribute may specify the range constraint explicitly in sub-section headers if the range is
2635 different from the full range of possible integer values. For example: job-priority (integer(1:100)) for the
2636 "job-priority" attribute. However, the enforcement of that additional constraint is up to the IPP objects, not
2637 the protocol.

2638 **4.1.13 'rangeOfInteger'**

2639 The 'rangeOfInteger' attribute syntax is an ordered pair of integers that defines an inclusive range of integer
2640 values. The first integer specifies the lower bound and the second specifies the upper bound. If a range
2641 constraint is specified in the header description for an attribute in this document whose attribute syntax is
2642 'rangeOfInteger' (i.e., 'X:Y' indicating X as a minimum value and Y as a maximum value), then the
2643 constraint applies to both integers.

2644 **4.1.14 'dateTime'**

2645 The 'dateTime' attribute syntax is a standard, fixed length, 11 octet representation of the "DateAndTime"
2646 syntax as defined in RFC 2579 [RFC2579]. RFC 2579 also identifies an 8 octet representation of a
2647 "DateAndTime" value, but IPP objects **MUST** use the 11 octet representation. A user interface will provide
2648 a mapping between protocol dateTime values and displayable user-friendly words or presentation values
2649 and phrases which are localized to the natural language and date format of the user, including time zone.

2650 **4.1.15 'resolution'**

2651 The 'resolution' attribute syntax specifies a two-dimensional resolution in the indicated units. It consists of
2652 3 values: a cross feed direction resolution (positive integer value), a feed direction resolution (positive
2653 integer value), and a units value. The semantics of these three components are taken from the Printer MIB
2654 [RFC1759] suggested values. That is, the cross feed direction component resolution component is the same
2655 as the prtMarkerAddressabilityXFeedDir object in the Printer MIB, the feed direction component resolution
2656 component is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityFeedDir in the Printer MIB, and the units component
2657 is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityUnit object in the Printer MIB (namely, '3' indicates dots per inch
2658 and '4' indicates dots per centimeter). All three values **MUST** be present even if the first two values are the
2659 same. Example: '300', '600', '3' indicates a 300 dpi cross-feed direction resolution, a 600 dpi feed direction
2660 resolution, since a '3' indicates dots per inch (dpi).

2661 **4.1.16 '1setOf X'**

2662 The '1setOf X' attribute syntax is 1 or more values of attribute syntax type X. This syntax type is used for
2663 multi-valued attributes. The syntax type is called '1setOf' rather than just 'setOf' as a reminder that the set
2664 of values **MUST NOT** be empty (i.e., a set of size 0). Sets are normally unordered. However each attribute
2665 description of this type may specify that the values **MUST** be in a certain order for that attribute.

2666 **4.2 Job Template Attributes**

2667 Job Template attributes describe job processing behavior. Support for Job Template attributes by a Printer
2668 object is **OPTIONAL** (see section 12.2.3 for a description of support for **OPTIONAL** attributes). Also,
2669 clients **OPTIONALLY** supply Job Template attributes in create requests.

2670 Job Template attributes conform to the following rules. For each Job Template attribute called "xxx":

- 2671 1. If the Printer object supports "xxx" then it **MUST** support both a "xxx-default" attribute (unless there
2672 is a "No" in the table below) and a "xxx-supported" attribute. If the Printer object doesn't support
2673 "xxx", then it **MUST** support neither an "xxx-default" attribute nor an "xxx-supported" attribute,
2674 and it **MUST** treat an attribute "xxx" supplied by a client as unsupported. An attribute "xxx" may be
2675 supported for some document formats and not supported for other document formats. For example,
2676 it is expected that a Printer object would only support "orientation-requested" for some document
2677 formats (such as 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but not others (such as 'application/postscript').
2678

- 2679 2. "xxx" is OPTIONALLY supplied by the client in a create request. If "xxx" is supplied, the client is
2680 indicating a desired job processing behavior for this Job. When "xxx" is not supplied, the client is
2681 indicating that the Printer object apply its default job processing behavior at job processing time if
2682 the document content does not contain an embedded instruction indicating an xxx-related behavior.
2683

2684 Since an administrator MAY change the default value attribute after a Job object has been submitted
2685 but before it has been processed, the default value used by the Printer object at job processing time
2686 may be different that the default value in effect at job submission time.
2687

- 2688 3. The "xxx-supported" attribute is a Printer object attribute that describes which job processing
2689 behaviors are supported by that Printer object. A client can query the Printer object to find out what
2690 xxx-related behaviors are supported by inspecting the returned values of the "xxx-supported"
2691 attribute.
2692

2693 Note: The "xxx" in each "xxx-supported" attribute name is singular, even though an "xxx-
2694 supported" attribute usually has more than one value, such as "job-sheet-supported", unless the
2695 "xxx" Job Template attribute is plural, such as "finishings" or "sides". In such cases the "xxx-
2696 supported" attribute names are: "finishings-supported" and "sides-supported".
2697

- 2698 4. The "xxx-default" default value attribute describes what will be done at job processing time when no
2699 other job processing information is supplied by the client (either explicitly as an IPP attribute in the
2700 create request or implicitly as an embedded instruction within the document data).
2701

2702 If an application wishes to present an end user with a list of supported values from which to choose, the
2703 application SHOULD query the Printer object for its supported value attributes. The application SHOULD
2704 also query the default value attributes. If the application then limits selectable values to only those value
2705 that are supported, the application can guarantee that the values supplied by the client in the create request
2706 all fall within the set of supported values at the Printer. When querying the Printer, the client MAY
2707 enumerate each attribute by name in the Get-Printer-Attributes Request, or the client MAY just name the
2708 "job-template" group in order to get the complete set of supported attributes (both supported and default
2709 attributes).

2710 The "finishings" attribute is an example of a Job Template attribute. It can take on a set of values such as
2711 'staple', 'punch', and/or 'cover'. A client can query the Printer object for the "finishings-supported" attribute
2712 and the "finishings-default" attribute. The supported attribute contains a set of supported values. The
2713 default value attribute contains the finishing value(s) that will be used for a new Job if the client does not
2714 supply a "finishings" attribute in the create request and the document data does not contain any
2715 corresponding finishing instructions. If the client does supply the "finishings" attribute in the create
2716 request, the IPP object validates the value or values to make sure that they are a subset of the supported
2717 values identified in the Printer object's "finishings-supported" attribute. See section 3.1.7.

2718 The table below summarizes the names and relationships for all Job Template attributes. The first column
2719 of the table (labeled "Job Attribute") shows the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Job
2720 object. These are the attributes that can optionally be supplied by the client in a create request. The last
2721 two columns (labeled "Printer: Default Value Attribute" and "Printer: Supported Values Attribute") shows

2722 the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Printer object (the default value attribute and the
2723 supported values attribute). A "No" in the table means the Printer MUST NOT support the attribute (that is,
2724 the attribute is simply not applicable). For brevity in the table, the 'text' and 'name' entries do not show the
2725 maximum length for each attribute.

2726	+=====+		
2727	Job Attribute	Printer: Default Value	Printer: Supported
2728		Attribute	Values Attribute
2729	+=====+		
2730	job-priority	job-priority-default	job-priority-supported
2731	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)
2732	+-----+		
2733	job-hold-until	job-hold-until-	job-hold-until-
2734	(type3 keyword	default	supported
2735	name)	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2736		name)	type3 keyword name))
2737	+-----+		
2738	job-sheets	job-sheets-default	job-sheets-supported
2739	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2740	name)	name)	type3 keyword name))
2741	+-----+		
2742	multiple-document-	multiple-document-	multiple-document-
2743	handling	handling-default	handling-supported
2744	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2745	+-----+		
2746	copies	copies-default	copies-supported
2747	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(rangeOfInteger
2748			(1:MAX))
2749	+-----+		
2750	finishings	finishings-default	finishings-supported
2751	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2752	+-----+		
2753	page-ranges	No	page-ranges-
2754	(1setOf		supported (boolean)
2755	rangeOfInteger		
2756	(1:MAX))		
2757	+-----+		
2758	sides	sides-default	sides-supported
2759	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2760	+-----+		
2761	number-up	number-up-default	number-up-supported
2762	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(1setOf (integer
2763			(1:MAX)
2764			rangeOfInteger
2765			(1:MAX))
2766	+-----+		
2767	orientation-	orientation-requested-	orientation-requested-
2768	requested	default	supported
2769	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2770	+-----+		
2771	media	media-default	media-supported
2772	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2773	name)	name)	type3 keyword name))
2774			

2775			media-ready
2776			(1setOf (
2777			type3 keyword name))
2778	+-----+-----+-----+		
2779	printer-resolution	printer-resolution-	printer-resolution-
2780	(resolution)	default	supported
2781		(resolution)	(1setOf resolution)
2782	+-----+-----+-----+		
2783	print-quality	print-quality-default	print-quality-
2784	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	supported
2785			(1setOf type2 enum)
2786	+-----+-----+-----+		
2787			
2788			

2789 4.2.1 job-priority (integer(1:100))

2790 This attribute specifies a priority for scheduling the Job. A higher value specifies a higher priority. The
 2791 value 1 indicates the lowest possible priority. The value 100 indicates the highest possible priority. Among
 2792 those jobs that are ready to print, a Printer MUST print all jobs with a priority value of n before printing
 2793 those with a priority value of n-1 for all n.

2794 If the Printer object supports this attribute, it MUST always support the full range from 1 to 100. No
 2795 administrative restrictions are permitted. This way an end-user can always make full use of the entire range
 2796 with any Printer object. If privileged jobs are implemented outside IPP/1.1, they MUST have priorities
 2797 higher than 100, rather than restricting the range available to end-users.

2798 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer
 2799 object MUST use the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-default" at job submission time (unlike most
 2800 Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2801 The syntax for the "job-priority-supported" is also integer(1:100). This single integer value indicates the
 2802 number of priority levels supported. The Printer object MUST take the value supplied by the client and
 2803 map it to the closest integer in a sequence of n integers values that are evenly distributed over the range
 2804 from 1 to 100 using the formula:

2805
$$\text{roundToNearestInt}((100x+50)/n)$$

2806 where n is the value of "job-priority-supported" and x ranges from 0 through n-1.

2807 For example, if n=1 the sequence of values is 50; if n=2, the sequence of values is: 25 and 75; if n = 3, the
 2808 sequence of values is: 17, 50 and 83; if n = 10, the sequence of values is: 5, 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65, 75, 85,
 2809 and 95; if n = 100, the sequence of values is: 1, 2, 3, ... 100.

2810 If the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-supported" is 10 and the client supplies values in the range 1
 2811 to 10, the Printer object maps them to 5, in the range 11 to 20, the Printer object maps them to 15, etc.

2812 4.2.2 job-hold-until (type3 keyword | name (MAX))

2813 This attribute specifies the named time period during which the Job **MUST** become a candidate for printing.

2814 Standard keyword values for named time periods are:

2815 'no-hold': immediately, if there are not other reasons to hold the job

2816 'indefinite': - the job is held indefinitely, until a client performs a Release-Job (section 3.3.6)

2817 'day-time': during the day

2818 'evening': evening

2819 'night': night

2820 'weekend': weekend

2821 'second-shift': second-shift (after close of business)

2822 'third-shift': third-shift (after midnight)

2823

2824 An administrator **MUST** associate allowable print times with a named time period (by means outside the
2825 scope of this IPP/1.1 document). An administrator is encouraged to pick names that suggest the type of
2826 time period. An administrator **MAY** define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax,
2827 depending on implementation.

2828 If the value of this attribute specifies a time period that is in the future, the Printer **SHOULD** add the 'job-
2829 hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, **MUST** move the job to the 'pending-
2830 held' state, and **MUST NOT** schedule the job for printing until the specified time-period arrives.

2831 When the specified time period arrives, the Printer **MUST** remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from
2832 the job's "job-state-reason" attribute, if present. If there are no other job state reasons that keep the job in
2833 the 'pending-held' state, the Printer **MUST** consider the job as a candidate for processing by moving the job
2834 to the 'pending' state.

2835 If this job attribute value is the named value 'no-hold', or the specified time period has already started, the
2836 job **MUST** be a candidate for processing immediately.

2837 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer
2838 object **MUST** use the value of the Printer object's "job-hold-until-default" at job submission time (unlike
2839 most Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2840 4.2.3 job-sheets (type3 keyword | name(MAX))

2841 This attribute determines which job start/end sheet(s), if any, **MUST** be printed with a job.

2842 Standard keyword values are:

2843 'none': no job sheet is printed

2844 'standard': one or more site specific standard job sheets are printed, e.g. a single start sheet or both start
2845 and end sheet is printed

2846

2847 An administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending
2848 on implementation.

2849 The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents MAY be affected by the "multiple-document-
2850 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4), depending on the job sheet semantics.

2851 **4.2.4 multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)**

2852 This attribute is relevant only if a job consists of two or more documents. This attribute MUST be
2853 supported if the Printer supports multiple documents per job (see sections 3.2.4 and 3.3.1). The attribute
2854 controls finishing operations and the placement of one or more print-stream pages into impressions and
2855 onto media sheets. When the value of the "copies" attribute exceeds 1, it also controls the order in which
2856 the copies that result from processing the documents are produced. For the purposes of this explanations, if
2857 "a" represents an instance of document data, then the result of processing the data in document "a" is a
2858 sequence of media sheets represented by "a(*)".

2859 Standard keyword values are:

2860 'single-document': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is called a and b, then
2861 the result of processing all the document data (a and then b) MUST be treated as a single sequence
2862 of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, finishing would be performed on the concatenation
2863 of the sequences a(*),b(*). The Printer object MUST NOT force the data in each document instance
2864 to be formatted onto a new print-stream page, nor to start a new impression on a new media sheet. If
2865 more than one copy is made, the ordering of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the
2866 document data MUST be a(*), b(*), a(*), b(*), ..., and the Printer object MUST force each copy
2867 (a(*),b(*)) to start on a new media sheet.

2868 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data
2869 is called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated
2870 as a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(*) and b(*) would
2871 each be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the
2872 data in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering
2873 of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*), a(*), ...,
2874 b(*), b(*)

2875 'separate-documents-collated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is
2876 called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated as
2877 a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(*) and b(*) would each
2878 be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the data
2879 in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering of
2880 the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(*), b(*), a(*), b(*),
2881

2882 'single-document-new-sheet': Same as 'single-document', except that the Printer object MUST ensure
2883 that the first impression of each document instance in the job is placed on a new media sheet. This
2884 value allows multiple documents to be stapled together with a single staple where each document
2885 starts on a new sheet.

2886

2887 The 'single-document' value is the same as 'separate-documents-collated-copies' with respect to ordering of
 2888 print-stream pages, but not media sheet generation, since 'single-document' will put the first page of the
 2889 next document on the back side of a sheet if an odd number of pages have been produced so far for the job,
 2890 while 'separate-documents-collated-copies' always forces the next document or document copy on to a new
 2891 sheet. In addition, if the "finishings" attribute specifies 'staple', then with 'single-document', documents a
 2892 and b are stapled together as a single document with no regard to new sheets, with 'single-document-new-
 2893 sheet', documents a and b are stapled together as a single document, but document b starts on a new sheet,
 2894 but with 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' and 'separate-documents-collated-copies', documents a and
 2895 b are stapled separately.

2896 Note: None of these values provide means to produce uncollated sheets within a document, i.e., where
 2897 multiple copies of sheet n are produced before sheet n+1 of the same document.

2898 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in
 2899 section 15.3.

2900 **4.2.5 copies (integer(1:MAX))**

2901 This attribute specifies the number of copies to be printed.

2902 On many devices the supported number of collated copies will be limited by the number of physical output
 2903 bins on the device, and may be different from the number of uncollated copies which can be supported.

2904 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 2905 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 2906 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

2907 **4.2.6 finishings (1setOf type2 enum)**

2908 This attribute identifies the finishing operations that the Printer uses for each copy of each printed
 2909 document in the Job. For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute
 2910 determines what constitutes a "copy" for purposes of finishing.

2911 Standard enum values are:

2912 Value	Symbolic Name and Description
2913 '3'	'none': Perform no finishing
2914 '4'	'staple': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples. The exact number and placement of 2915 the staples is site-defined.
2916 '5'	'punch': This value indicates that holes are required in the finished document. The exact 2917 number and placement of the holes is site-defined. The punch specification MAY be 2918 satisfied (in a site- and implementation-specific manner) either by drilling/punching, 2919 or by substituting pre-drilled media. 2920

- 2921 '6' 'cover': This value is specified when it is desired to select a non-printed (or pre-printed)
2922 cover for the document. This does not supplant the specification of a printed cover
2923 (on cover stock medium) by the document itself.
- 2924 '7' 'bind': This value indicates that a binding is to be applied to the document; the type and
2925 placement of the binding is site-defined.
- 2926
- 2927 '8' 'saddle-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2928 middle fold. The exact number and placement of the staples and the middle fold is
2929 implementation and/or site-defined.
- 2930 '9' 'edge-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along one edge.
2931 The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or site-
2932 defined.
- 2933 '10'-'19' reserved for future generic finishing enum values.

2934 The following values are more specific; they indicate a corner or an edge as if the document were a portrait
2935 document (see below):

- 2936 '20' 'staple-top-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top left corner.
- 2937 '21' 'staple-bottom-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom left
2938 corner.
- 2939 '22' 'staple-top-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top right corner.
- 2940 '23' 'staple-bottom-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom right
2941 corner.
- 2942 '24' 'edge-stitch-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2943 left edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2944 site-defined.
- 2945 '25' 'edge-stitch-top': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2946 top edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2947 site-defined.
- 2948 '26' 'edge-stitch-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the
2949 right edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or
2950 site-defined.
- 2951 '27' 'edge-stitch-bottom': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along
2952 the bottom edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation
2953 and/or site-defined.
- 2954 '28' 'staple-dual-left': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the left edge
2955 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2956 '29' 'staple-dual-top': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the top edge
2957 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2958 '30' 'staple-dual-right': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the right
2959 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2960 '31' 'staple-dual-bottom': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the bottom
2961 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).

2962 The 'staple-xxx' values are specified with respect to the document as if the document were a portrait
2963 document. If the document is actually a landscape or a reverse-landscape document, the client supplies the
2964 appropriate transformed value. For example, to position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a

2965 landscape document when held for reading, the client supplies the 'staple-bottom-left' value (since
2966 landscape is defined as a +90 degree rotation from portrait, i.e., anti-clockwise). On the other hand, to
2967 position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a reverse-landscape document when held for reading, the
2968 client supplies the 'staple-top-right' value (since reverse-landscape is defined as a -90 degree rotation from
2969 portrait, i.e., clockwise).

2970 The angle (vertical, horizontal, angled) of each staple with respect to the document depends on the
2971 implementation which may in turn depend on the value of the attribute.

2972 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
2973 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
2974 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

2975 If the client supplies a value of 'none' along with any other combination of values, it is the same as if only
2976 that other combination of values had been supplied (that is the 'none' value has no effect).

2977 **4.2.7 page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger (1:MAX))**

2978 This attribute identifies the range(s) of print-stream pages that the Printer object uses for each copy of each
2979 document which are to be printed. Nothing is printed for any pages identified that do not exist in the
2980 document(s). Ranges MUST be in ascending order, for example: 1-3, 5-7, 15-19 and MUST NOT overlap,
2981 so that a non-spooling Printer object can process the job in a single pass. If the ranges are not ascending or
2982 are overlapping, the IPP object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code.
2983 The attribute is associated with print-stream pages not application-numbered pages (for example, the page
2984 numbers found in the headers and or footers for certain word processing applications).

2985 For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute determines what constitutes
2986 a "copy" for purposes of the specified page range(s). When "multiple-document-handling" is 'single-
2987 document', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range once to the concatenation of the print-
2988 stream pages. For example, if there are 8 documents of 10 pages each, the page-range '41:60' prints the
2989 pages in the 5th and 6th documents as a single document and none of the pages of the other documents are
2990 printed. When "multiple-document-handling" is 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' or 'separate-
2991 documents-collated-copies', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range repeatedly to each
2992 document copy. For the same job, the page-range '1:3, 10:10' would print the first 3 pages and the 10th
2993 page of each of the 8 documents in the Job, as 8 separate documents.

2994 In most cases, the exact pages to be printed will be generated by a device driver and this attribute would not
2995 be required. However, when printing an archived document which has already been formatted, the end user
2996 may elect to print just a subset of the pages contained in the document. In this case, if page-range = n.m is
2997 specified, the first page to be printed will be page n. All subsequent pages of the document will be printed
2998 through and including page m.

2999 "page-ranges-supported" is a boolean value indicating whether or not the printer is capable of supporting
3000 the printing of page ranges. This capability may differ from one PDL to another. There is no "page-ranges-
3001 default" attribute. If the "page-ranges" attribute is not supplied by the client, all pages of the document will
3002 be printed.

3003 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 3004 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 3005 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3006 **4.2.8 sides (type2 keyword)**

3007 This attribute specifies how print-stream pages are to be imposed upon the sides of an instance of a selected
 3008 medium, i.e., an impression.

3009 The standard keyword values are:

3010 'one-sided': imposes each consecutive print-stream page upon the same side of consecutive media
 3011 sheets.

3012 'two-sided-long-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides of
 3013 consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the medium
 3014 would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the long edge. This imposition is sometimes
 3015 called 'duplex' or 'head-to-head'.

3016 'two-sided-short-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides
 3017 of consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the
 3018 medium would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the short edge. This imposition is
 3019 sometimes called 'tumble' or 'head-to-toe'.

3020

3021 'two-sided-long-edge', 'two-sided-short-edge', 'tumble', and 'duplex' all work the same for portrait or
 3022 landscape. However 'head-to-toe' is 'tumble' in portrait but 'duplex' in landscape. 'head-to-head' also
 3023 switches between 'duplex' and 'tumble' when using portrait and landscape modes.

3024 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 3025 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 3026 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3027 **4.2.9 number-up (integer(1:MAX))**

3028 This attribute specifies the number of print-stream pages to impose upon a single side of an instance of a
 3029 selected medium. For example, if the value is:

3030 Value	Description
3031 '1'	the Printer MUST place one print-stream page on a single side of an instance of the selected 3032 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3033 '2'	the Printer MUST place two print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the selected 3034 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3035 '4'	the Printer MUST place four print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the 3036 selected medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation). 3037 3038

3039 This attribute primarily controls the translation, scaling and rotation of print-stream pages.

3040 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
 3041 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
 3042 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3043 **4.2.10 orientation-requested (type2 enum)**

3044 This attribute indicates the desired orientation for printed print-stream pages; it does not describe the
 3045 orientation of the client-supplied print-stream pages.

3046 For some document formats (such as 'application/postscript'), the desired orientation of the print-stream
 3047 pages is specified within the document data. This information is generated by a device driver prior to the
 3048 submission of the print job. Other document formats (such as 'text/plain') do not include the notion of
 3049 desired orientation within the document data. In the latter case it is possible for the Printer object to bind
 3050 the desired orientation to the document data after it has been submitted. It is expected that a Printer object
 3051 would only support "orientations-requested" for some document formats (e.g., 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but
 3052 not others (e.g., 'application/postscript'). This is no different than any other Job Template attribute since
 3053 section 4.2, item 1, points out that a Printer object may support or not support any Job Template attribute
 3054 based on the document format supplied by the client. However, a special mention is made here since it is
 3055 very likely that a Printer object will support "orientation-requested" for only a subset of the supported
 3056 document formats.

3057 Standard enum values are:

3058	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
3059		
3060	'3'	'portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium.
3061	'4'	'landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium. Landscape is
3062		defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by +90 degrees with
3063		respect to the medium (i.e. anti-clockwise) from the portrait orientation. Note: The
3064		+90 direction was chosen because simple finishing on the long edge is the same edge
3065		whether portrait or landscape
3066	'5'	'reverse-landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium.
3067		Reverse-landscape is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged
3068		by -90 degrees with respect to the medium (i.e. clockwise) from the portrait
3069		orientation. Note: The 'reverse-landscape' value was added because some
3070		applications rotate landscape -90 degrees from portrait, rather than +90 degrees.
3071	'6'	'reverse-portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium. Reverse-
3072		portrait is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by 180
3073		degrees with respect to the medium from the portrait orientation. Note: The 'reverse-
3074		portrait' value was added for use with the "finishings" attribute in cases where the
3075		opposite edge is desired for finishing a portrait document on simple finishing devices
3076		that have only one finishing position. Thus a 'text/plain' portrait document can be
3077		stapled "on the right" by a simple finishing device as is common use with some
3078		middle eastern languages such as Hebrew.
3079		

3080 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-
3081 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that
3082 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

3083 **4.2.11 media (type3 keyword | name(MAX))**

3084 This attribute identifies the medium that the Printer uses for all impressions of the Job.

3085 The values for "media" include medium-names, medium-sizes, input-trays and electronic forms so that one
3086 attribute specifies the media. If a Printer object supports a medium name as a value of this attribute, such a
3087 medium name implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the specified medium. If a Printer object
3088 supports a medium size as a value of this attribute, such a medium size implicitly selects a medium name
3089 that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium with the specified size. If a Printer
3090 object supports an input-tray as the value of this attribute, such an input-tray implicitly selects the medium
3091 that is in that input-tray at the time the job prints. This case includes manual-feed input-trays. If a Printer
3092 object supports an electronic form as the value of this attribute, such an electronic form implicitly selects a
3093 medium-name that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium specified by the
3094 electronic form. The electronic form also implicitly selects an image that the Printer MUST merge with the
3095 document data as its prints each page.

3096 Standard keyword values are taken from ISO DPA [ISO10175], the Printer MIB [RFC1759], and ASME-
3097 Y14.1M [ASME-Y14.1M] and are listed in section 14. An administrator MAY define additional values
3098 using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending on implementation.

3099 There is also an additional Printer attribute named "media-ready" which differs from "media-supported" in
3100 that legal values only include the subset of "media-supported" values that are physically loaded and ready
3101 for printing with no operator intervention required. If an IPP object supports "media-supported", it NEED
3102 NOT support "media-ready".

3103 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in
3104 section 15.3.

3105 **4.2.12 printer-resolution (resolution)**

3106 This attribute identifies the resolution that Printer uses for the Job.

3107 **4.2.13 print-quality (type2 enum)**

3108 This attribute specifies the print quality that the Printer uses for the Job.

3109 The standard enum values are:

3110	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
3111		
3112	'3'	'draft': lowest quality available on the printer
3113	'4'	'normal': normal or intermediate quality on the printer

3114 '5' 'high': highest quality available on the printer
3115

3116 **4.3 Job Description Attributes**

3117 The attributes in this section form the attribute group called "job-description". The following table
3118 summarizes these attributes. The third column indicates whether the attribute is a REQUIRED attribute
3119 that MUST be supported by Printer objects. If it is not indicated as REQUIRED, then it is OPTIONAL.
3120 The maximum size in octets for 'text' and 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

	Attribute	Syntax	REQUIRED?
3121			
3122			
3123			
3124	job-uri	uri	REQUIRED
3125			
3126	job-id	integer(1:MAX)	REQUIRED
3127			
3128	job-printer-uri	uri	REQUIRED
3129			
3130	job-more-info	uri	
3131			
3132	job-name	name (MAX)	REQUIRED
3133			
3134	job-originating-user-name	name (MAX)	REQUIRED
3135			
3136	job-state	type1 enum	REQUIRED
3137			
3138	job-state-reasons	1setOf type2 keyword	REQUIRED
3139			
3140	job-state-message	text (MAX)	
3141			
3142	job-detailed-status- messages	1setOf text (MAX)	
3143			
3144			
3145	job-document-access-errors	1setOf text (MAX)	
3146			
3147	number-of-documents	integer (0:MAX)	
3148			
3149	output-device-assigned	name (127)	
3150			
3151	time-at-creation	integer (MIN:MAX)	REQUIRED
3152			
3153	time-at-processing	integer (MIN:MAX)	REQUIRED
3154			
3155	time-at-completed	integer (MIN:MAX)	REQUIRED
3156			
3157	job-printer-up-time	integer (1:MAX)	REQUIRED
3158			
3159	date-time-at-creation	dateTime	
3160			
3161	date-time-at-processing	dateTime	
3162			
3163	date-time-at-completed	dateTime	
3164			
3165	number-of-intervening-jobs	integer (0:MAX)	
3166			
3167	job-message-from-operator	text (127)	
3168			
3169	job-k-octets	integer (0:MAX)	

3170	+-----+-----+-----+
3171	job-impressions integer (0:MAX)
3172	+-----+-----+-----+
3173	job-media-sheets integer (0:MAX)
3174	+-----+-----+-----+
3175	job-k-octets-processed integer (0:MAX)
3176	+-----+-----+-----+
3177	job-impressions-completed integer (0:MAX)
3178	+-----+-----+-----+
3179	job-media-sheets-completed integer (0:MAX)
3180	+-----+-----+-----+
3181	attributes-charset charset REQUIRED
3182	+-----+-----+-----+
3183	attributes-natural-language naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3184	+-----+-----+-----+
3185	
3186	

3187 4.3.1 job-uri (uri)

3188 This REQUIRED attribute contains the URI for the job. The Printer object, on receipt of a new job,
 3189 generates a URI which identifies the new Job. The Printer object returns the value of the "job-uri" attribute
 3190 as part of the response to a create request. The precise format of a Job URI is implementation dependent.
 3191 If the Printer object supports more than one URI and there is some relationship between the newly formed
 3192 Job URI and the Printer object's URI, the Printer object uses the Printer URI supplied by the client in the
 3193 create request. For example, if the create request comes in over a secure channel, the new Job URI MUST
 3194 use the same secure channel. This can be guaranteed because the Printer object is responsible for
 3195 generating the Job URI and the Printer object is aware of its security configuration and policy as well as the
 3196 Printer URI used in the create request.

3197 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-id" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the
 3198 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3199 4.3.2 job-id (integer(1:MAX))

3200 This REQUIRED attribute contains the ID of the job. The Printer, on receipt of a new job, generates an ID
 3201 which identifies the new Job on that Printer. The Printer returns the value of the "job-id" attribute as part of
 3202 the response to a create request. The 0 value is not included to allow for compatibility with SNMP index
 3203 values which also cannot be 0.

3204 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the
 3205 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3206 4.3.3 job-printer-uri (uri)

3207 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the Printer object that created this Job object. When a Printer object
 3208 creates a Job object, it populates this attribute with the Printer object URI that was used in the create

3209 request. This attribute permits a client to identify the Printer object that created this Job object when only
3210 the Job object's URI is available to the client. The client queries the creating Printer object to determine
3211 which languages, charsets, operations, are supported for this Job.

3212 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute, see the discussion in
3213 section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

3214 **4.3.4 job-more-info (uri)**

3215 Similar to "printer-more-info", this attribute contains the URI referencing some resource with more
3216 information about this Job object, perhaps an HTML page containing information about the Job.

3217 **4.3.5 job-name (name(MAX))**

3218 This REQUIRED attribute is the name of the job. It is a name that is more user friendly than the "job-uri"
3219 attribute value. It does not need to be unique between Jobs. The Job's "job-name" attribute is set to the
3220 value supplied by the client in the "job-name" operation attribute in the create request (see Section 3.2.1.1).
3221 If, however, the "job-name" operation attribute is not supplied by the client in the create request, the Printer
3222 object, on creation of the Job, MUST generate a name. The printer SHOULD generate the value of the
3223 Job's "job-name" attribute from the first of the following sources that produces a value: 1) the "document-
3224 name" operation attribute of the first (or only) document, 2) the "document-URI" attribute of the first (or
3225 only) document, or 3) any other piece of Job specific and/or Document Content information.

3226 **4.3.6 job-originating-user-name (name(MAX))**

3227 This REQUIRED attribute contains the name of the end user that submitted the print job. The Printer
3228 object sets this attribute to the most authenticated printable name that it can obtain from the authentication
3229 service over which the IPP operation was received. Only if such is not available, does the Printer object use
3230 the value supplied by the client in the "requesting-user-name" operation attribute of the create operation
3231 (see Sections 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8).

3232 Note: The Printer object needs to keep an internal originating user id of some form, typically as a credential
3233 of a principal, with the Job object. Since such an internal attribute is implementation-dependent and not of
3234 interest to clients, it is not specified as a Job Description attribute. This originating user id is used for
3235 authorization checks (if any) on all subsequent operations.

3236 **4.3.7 job-state (type1 enum)**

3237 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the current state of the job. Even though the IPP protocol defines
3238 seven values for job states (plus the out-of-band 'unknown' value - see Section 4.1), implementations only
3239 need to support those states which are appropriate for the particular implementation. In other words, a
3240 Printer supports only those job states implemented by the output device and available to the Printer object
3241 implementation.

3242 Standard enum values are:

3243	Values	Symbolic Name and Description
3244		
3245	'3'	'pending': The job is a candidate to start processing, but is not yet processing.
3246		
3247	'4'	'pending-held': The job is not a candidate for processing for any number of reasons but will return to the 'pending' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present. The job's "job-state-reason" attribute MUST indicate why the job is no longer a candidate for processing.
3248		
3249		
3250		
3251		
3252	'5'	'processing': One or more of:
3253		
3254		1. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more purely software processes that are analyzing, creating, or interpreting a PDL, etc.,
3255		2. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more hardware devices that are interpreting a PDL, making marks on a medium, and/or performing finishing, such as stapling, etc.,
3256		3. the Printer object has made the job ready for printing, but the output device is not yet printing it, either because the job hasn't reached the output device or because the job is queued in the output device or some other spooler, awaiting the output device to print it.
3257		
3258		
3259		
3260		
3261		
3262		
3263		
3264		When the job is in the 'processing' state, the entire job state includes the detailed status represented in the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons", and "printer-state-message" attributes.
3265		
3266		
3267		Implementations MAY, though they NEED NOT, include additional values in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate the progress of the job, such as adding the 'job-printing' value to indicate when the output device is actually making marks on paper and/or the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to indicate that the IPP object is in the process of canceling or aborting the job. Most implementations won't bother with this nuance.
3268		
3269		
3270		
3271		
3272		
3273		
3274	'6'	'processing-stopped': The job has stopped while processing for any number of reasons and will return to the 'processing' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present.
3275		
3276		
3277		The job's "job-state-reason" attribute MAY indicate why the job has stopped processing. For example, if the output device is stopped, the 'printer-stopped' value MAY be included in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.
3278		
3279		
3280		
3281		Note: When an output device is stopped, the device usually indicates its condition in human readable form locally at the device. A client can obtain more complete device status remotely by querying the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons" and "printer-state-message" attributes.
3282		
3283		
3284		

3285

3286 '7' 'canceled': The job has been canceled by a Cancel-Job operation and the Printer object has
 3287 completed canceling the job and all job status attributes have reached their final
 3288 values for the job. While the Printer object is canceling the job, the job remains in its
 3289 current state, but the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the
 3290 'processing-to-stop-point' value and one of the 'canceled-by-user', 'canceled-by-
 3291 operator', or 'canceled-at-device' value. When the job moves to the 'canceled' state,
 3292 the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the 'canceled-
 3293 by-xxx', if present, MUST remain.

3294

3295 '8' 'aborted': The job has been aborted by the system, usually while the job was in the
 3296 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state and the Printer has completed aborting the
 3297 job and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job. While the
 3298 Printer object is aborting the job, the job remains in its current state, but the job's
 3299 "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-point' and
 3300 'aborted-by-system' values. When the job moves to the 'aborted' state, the
 3301 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the 'aborted-by-
 3302 system' value, if present, MUST remain.

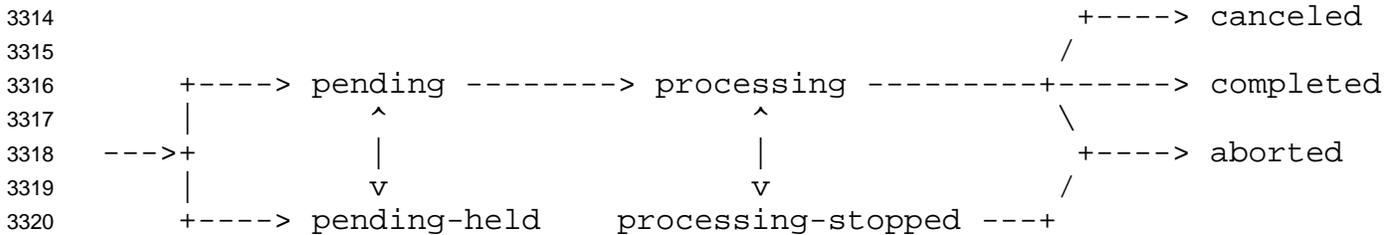
3303

3304 '9' 'completed': The job has completed successfully or with warnings or errors after processing
 3305 and all of the job media sheets have been successfully stacked in the appropriate
 3306 output bin(s) and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.
 3307 The job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain one of: 'completed-
 3308 successfully', 'completed-with-warnings', or 'completed-with-errors' values.

3309

3310 The final value for this attribute MUST be one of: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' before the Printer
 3311 removes the job altogether. The length of time that jobs remain in the 'canceled', 'aborted', and 'completed'
 3312 states depends on implementation. See section 4.3.7.2.

3313 The following figure shows the normal job state transitions.



3322 Normally a job progresses from left to right. Other state transitions are unlikely, but are not forbidden. Not
 3323 shown are the transitions to the 'canceled' state from the 'pending', 'pending-held', and 'processing-stopped'
 3324 states.

3325 Jobs reach one of the three terminal states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted', after the jobs have
3326 completed all activity, including stacking output media, after the jobs have completed all activity, and all
3327 job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.

3328 **4.3.7.1 Forwarding Servers**

3329 As with all other IPP attributes, if the implementation cannot determine the correct value for this attribute,
3330 it SHOULD respond with the out-of-band value 'unknown' (see section 4.1) rather than try to guess at some
3331 possibly incorrect value and give the end user the wrong impression about the state of the Job object. For
3332 example, if the implementation is just a gateway into some printing system from which it can normally get
3333 status, but temporarily is unable, then the implementation should return the 'unknown' value. However, if
3334 the implementation is a gateway to a printing system that never provides detailed status about the print job,
3335 the implementation MAY set the IPP Job object's state to 'completed', provided that it also sets the 'queued-
3336 in-device' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8).

3337 **4.3.7.2 Partitioning of Job States**

3338 This section partitions the 7 job states into phases: Job Not Completed, Job Retention, Job History, and Job
3339 Removal. This section also explains the 'job-restartable' value of the "job-state-reasons" Job Description
3340 attribute for use with the Restart-Job operation.

3341 Job Not Completed: When a job is in the 'pending', 'pending-held', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped'
3342 states, the job is not completed.

3343 Job Retention: When a job enters one of the three terminal job states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted',
3344 the IPP Printer object MAY "retain" the job in a restartable condition for an implementation-defined time
3345 period. This time period MAY be zero seconds and MAY depend on the terminal job state. This phase is
3346 called Job Retention. While in the Job Retention phase, the job's document data is retained and a client
3347 may restart the job using the Restart-Job operation. If the IPP object supports the Restart-Job operation,
3348 then it SHOULD indicate that the job is restartable by adding the 'job-restartable' value to the job's "job-
3349 state-reasons" attribute (see Section 4.3.8) during the Job Retention phase.

3350 Job History: After the Job Retention phase expires for a job, the Printer object deletes the document data
3351 for the job and the job becomes part of the Job History. The Printer object MAY also delete any number of
3352 the job attributes. Since the job is no longer restartable, the Printer object MUST remove the 'job-
3353 restartable' value from the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, if present.

3354 Job Removal: After the job has remained in the Job History for an implementation-defined time, such as
3355 when the number of jobs exceeds a fixed number or after a fixed time period (which MAY be zero
3356 seconds), the IPP Printer removes the job from the system.

3357 Using the Get-Jobs operation and supplying the 'not-completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation
3358 attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the Job Not Completed phase. Using the Get-Jobs operation and
3359 supplying the 'completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the
3360 Job Retention and Job History phases. Using the Get-Job-Attributes operation, a client is requesting a job

3361 in any phase except Job Removal. After Job Removal, the Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations no
3362 longer are capable of returning any information about a job.

3363 **4.3.8 job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)**

3364 This REQUIRED attribute provides additional information about the job's current state, i.e., information
3365 that augments the value of the job's "job-state" attribute.

3366 These values MAY be used with any job state or states for which the reason makes sense. Some of these
3367 value definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL. Furthermore, when
3368 implemented, the Printer MUST return these values when the reason applies and MUST NOT return them
3369 when the reason no longer applies whether the value of the Job's "job-state" attribute changed or not. When
3370 the Job does not have any reasons for being in its current state, the value of the Job's "job-state-reasons"
3371 attribute MUST be 'none'.

3372 Note: While values cannot be added to the 'job-state' attribute without impacting deployed clients that take
3373 actions upon receiving "job-state" values, it is the intent that additional "job-state-reasons" values can be
3374 defined and registered without impacting such deployed clients. In other words, the "job-state-reasons"
3375 attribute is intended to be extensible.

3376 The following standard keyword values are defined. For ease of understanding, the values are presented in
3377 the order in which the reasons are likely to occur (if implemented), starting with the 'job-incoming' value:

3378 'none': There are no reasons for the job's current state. This state reason is semantically equivalent to
3379 "job-state-reasons" without any value and MUST be used when there is no other value, since the
3380 1setOf attribute syntax requires at least one value.

3381 'job-incoming': Either (1) the Printer has accepted the Create-Job operation and is expecting additional
3382 Send-Document and/or Send-URI operations, or (2) the Printer is retrieving/accepting document
3383 data as a result of a Print-Job, Print-URI, Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

3384 'job-data-insufficient': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is
3385 expecting additional document data before it can move the job into the 'processing' state. If a Printer
3386 starts processing before it has received all data, the Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient'
3387 reason, but the 'job-incoming' remains. If a Printer starts processing after it has received all data, the
3388 Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient' reason and the 'job-incoming' at the same time.

3389 'document-access-error': After accepting a Print-URI or Send-URI request, the Printer could not access
3390 one or more documents passed by reference. This reason is intended to cover any file access
3391 problem, including file does not exist and access denied because of an access control problem. The
3392 Printer MAY also indicate the document access error using the "job-document-access-errors" Job
3393 Description attribute (see section 4.3.11). Whether the Printer aborts the job and moves the job to
3394 the 'aborted' job state or prints all documents that are accessible and moves the job to the 'completed'
3395 job state and adds the 'completed-with-errors' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute depends
3396 on implementation and/or site policy. This value SHOULD be supported if the Print-URI or Send-
3397 URI operations are supported.

3398 'submission-interrupted': The job was not completely submitted for some unforeseen reason, such as:
3399 (1) the Printer has crashed before the job was closed by the client, (2) the Printer or the document
3400 transfer method has crashed in some non-recoverable way before the document data was entirely

3401 transferred to the Printer, (3) the client crashed or failed to close the job before the time-out period.

3402 See section 4.4.31.

3403 'job-outgoing': The Printer is transmitting the job to the output device.

3404 'job-hold-until-specified': The value of the job's "job-hold-until" attribute was specified with a time
3405 period that is still in the future. The job MUST NOT be a candidate for processing until this reason
3406 is removed and there are no other reasons to hold the job. This value SHOULD be supported if the
3407 "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute is supported.

3408 'resources-are-not-ready': At least one of the resources needed by the job, such as media, fonts, resource
3409 objects, etc., is not ready on any of the physical printer's for which the job is a candidate. This
3410 condition MAY be detected when the job is accepted, or subsequently while the job is pending or
3411 processing, depending on implementation. The job may remain in its current state or be moved to
3412 the 'pending-held' state, depending on implementation and/or job scheduling policy.

3413 'printer-stopped-partly': The value of the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains the value
3414 'stopped-partly'.

3415 'printer-stopped': The value of the Printer's "printer-state" attribute is 'stopped'.

3416 'job-interpreting': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting the
3417 document data.

3418 'job-queued': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer has queued the document
3419 data.

3420 'job-transforming': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting
3421 document data and producing another electronic representation.

3422 'job-queued-for-marker': Job is in any of the 'pending-held', 'pending', or 'processing' states, but more
3423 specifically, the Printer has completed enough processing of the document to be able to start
3424 marking and the job is waiting for the marker. Systems that require human intervention to release
3425 jobs using the Release-Job operation, put the job into the 'pending-held' job state. Systems that
3426 automatically select a job to use the marker put the job into the 'pending' job state or keep the job in
3427 the 'processing' job state while waiting for the marker, depending on implementation. All
3428 implementations put the job into (or back into) the 'processing' state when marking does begin.

3429 'job-printing': The output device is marking media. This value is useful for Printers which spend a great
3430 deal of time processing (1) when no marking is happening and then want to show that marking is
3431 now happening or (2) when the job is in the process of being canceled or aborted while the job
3432 remains in the 'processing' state, but the marking has not yet stopped so that impression or sheet
3433 counts are still increasing for the job.

3434 'job-canceled-by-user': The job was canceled by the owner of the job using the Cancel-Job request, i.e.,
3435 by a user whose authenticated identity is the same as the value of the originating user that created
3436 the Job object, or by some other authorized end-user, such as a member of the job owner's security
3437 group. This value SHOULD be supported.

3438 'job-canceled-by-operator': The job was canceled by the operator using the Cancel-Job request, i.e., by a
3439 user who has been authenticated as having operator privileges (whether local or remote). If the
3440 security policy is to allow anyone to cancel anyone's job, then this value may be used when the job
3441 is canceled by other than the owner of the job. For such a security policy, in effect, everyone is an
3442 operator as far as canceling jobs with IPP is concerned. This value SHOULD be supported if the
3443 implementation permits canceling by other than the owner of the job.

3444 'job-canceled-at-device': The job was canceled by an unidentified local user, i.e., a user at a console at
3445 the device. This value SHOULD be supported if the implementation supports canceling jobs at the
3446 console.

3447 'aborted-by-system': The job (1) is in the process of being aborted, (2) has been aborted by the system
3448 and placed in the 'aborted' state, or (3) has been aborted by the system and placed in the 'pending-
3449 held' state, so that a user or operator can manually try the job again. This value SHOULD be
3450 supported.

3451 'unsupported-compression': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer determined while
3452 attempting to decompress the document-data's that the compression is actually not among those
3453 supported by the Printer. This value MUST be supported, since "compressions is a REQUIRED
3454 operation attribute.

3455 'compression-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in the
3456 document-data while decompressing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has
3457 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-compression' job-state-reason.

3458 'unsupported-document-format': The job was aborted by the system because the document-data's
3459 document-format is not among those supported by the Printer. If the client specifies the document-
3460 format as 'application/octet-stream', the printer MAY abort the job and post this reason even though
3461 the format is a member of the "document-format-supported" printer attribute, but not among the
3462 auto-sensed document-formats. This value MUST be supported, since "document-format" is a
3463 REQUIRED operation attribute.

3464 'document-format-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in
3465 the document-data while processing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has
3466 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-document-format' job-state-reason.

3467 'processing-to-stop-point': The requester has issued a Cancel-Job operation or the Printer object has
3468 aborted the job, but is still performing some actions on the job until a specified stop point occurs or
3469 job termination/cleanup is completed.

3470 If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or
3471 'processing-stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST use this value to indicate that the Printer object
3472 is still performing some actions on the job while the job remains in the 'processing' or 'processing-
3473 stopped' state. After all the job's job description attributes have stopped incrementing, the Printer
3474 object moves the job from the 'processing' state to the 'canceled' or 'aborted' job states.

3475 'service-off-line': The Printer is off-line and accepting no jobs. All 'pending' jobs are put into the
3476 'pending-held' state. This situation could be true if the service's or document transform's input is
3477 impaired or broken.

3478 'job-completed-successfully': The job completed successfully. This value SHOULD be supported.

3479 'job-completed-with-warnings': The job completed with warnings. This value SHOULD be supported
3480 if the implementation detects warnings.

3481 'job-completed-with-errors': The job completed with errors (and possibly warnings too). This value
3482 SHOULD be supported if the implementation detects errors.

3483 'job-restartable' - This job is retained (see section 4.3.7.2) and is currently able to be restarted using the
3484 Restart-Job operation (see section 3.3.7). If 'job-restartable' is a value of the job's 'job-state-reasons'
3485 attribute, then the IPP object MUST accept a Restart-Job operation for that job. This value
3486 SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is supported.

3487 'queued-in-device': The job has been forwarded to a device or print system that is unable to send back
3488 status. The Printer sets the job's "job-state " attribute to 'completed' and adds the 'queued-in-device'
3489 value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate that the Printer has no additional
3490 information about the job and never will have any better information. See section 4.3.7.1.

3491 **4.3.9 job-state-message (text(MAX))**

3492 This attribute specifies information about the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes in human
3493 readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to generate this
3494 message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-language-supported"
3495 attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section 3.1.4.1).

3496 The value SHOULD NOT contain additional information not contained in the values of the "job-state" and
3497 "job-states-reasons" attributes, such as interpreter error information. Otherwise, application programs
3498 might attempt to parse the (localized text). For such additional information such as interpreter errors for
3499 application program consumption or specific document access errors, new attributes with keyword values,
3500 needs to be developed and registered.

3501 **4.3.10 job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX))**

3502 This attribute specifies additional detailed and technical information about the job. Neither the Printer nor
3503 the client localizes the message(s), since they are intended for use by the system administrator or other
3504 experienced technical persons. Clients MUST NOT attempt to parse the value of this attribute. See "job-
3505 document-access-errors" (section 4.3.11) for additional errors that a program can process.

3506 **4.3.11 job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX))**

3507 This attribute provides additional information about each document access error for this job encountered by
3508 the Printer after it returned a response to the Print-URI or Send-URI operation and subsequently attempted
3509 to access document(s) supplied in the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. For errors in the protocol that is
3510 identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri" operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code
3511 is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI. For example:

3512 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf

3514 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in
3515 decimal.

3516 **4.3.12 number-of-documents (integer(0:MAX))**

3517 This attribute indicates the number of documents in the job, i.e., the number of Send-Document, Send-URI,
3518 Print-Job, or Print-URI operations that the Printer has accepted for this job, regardless of whether the
3519 document data has reached the Printer object or not.

3520 Implementations supporting the OPTIONAL Create-Job/Send-Document/Send-URI operations SHOULD
3521 support this attribute so that clients can query the number of documents in each job.

3522 4.3.13 output-device-assigned (name(127))

3523 This attribute identifies the output device to which the Printer object has assigned this job. If an output
3524 device implements an embedded Printer object, the Printer object NEED NOT set this attribute. If a print
3525 server implements a Printer object, the value MAY be empty (zero-length string) or not returned until the
3526 Printer object assigns an output device to the job. This attribute is particularly useful when a single Printer
3527 object supports multiple devices (so called "fan-out" - see section 2.1).

3528 4.3.14 Event Time Job Description Attributes

3529 This section defines the Job Description attributes that indicate the time at which certain events occur for a
3530 job. If the job event has not yet occurred, then the IPP object MUST return the 'no-value' out-of-band value
3531 (see the beginning of Section 4.1). The "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes represent time as an 'integer'
3532 representing the number of seconds since the device was powered up (informally called "time ticks"). The
3533 "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" attributes represent time as 'dateTime' representing date and time (including
3534 an offset from UTC).

3535 In order to populate these attributes, the Printer object copies the value(s) of the following Printer
3536 Description attributes at the time the event occurs:

- 3537 1. the value in the Printer's "printer-up-time" attribute for the "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes
- 3538 2. the value in the Printer's "printer-current-time" attribute for the "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)"
3539 attributes.

3540 If the Printer resets its "printer-up-time" attribute to 1 on power-up (see section 4.4.29) and has persistent
3541 jobs, then it MUST change all of jobs' "time-at-xxx(integer)" (time tick) job attributes whose events have
3542 occurred either to:

- 3543 1. 0 to indicate that the event happened before the most recent power up OR
- 3544 2. the negative of the number of seconds before the most recent power-up that the event took place,
3545 though the negative number NEED NOT reflect the exact number of seconds.

3546 If a client queries a "time-at-xxx(integer)" time tick Job attribute and finds the value to be 0 or negative, the
3547 client MUST assume that the event occurred in some life other than the Printer's current life.

3548 Note: A Printer does not change the values of any "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" job attributes on power-up.

3549 4.3.14.1 time-at-creation (integer(MIN:MAX))

3550 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object was created.

3551 **4.3.14.2 time-at-processing (integer(MIN:MAX))**

3552 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object first began processing after the create
3553 operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation. The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job
3554 has not yet been in the 'processing' state (see the beginning of Section 4.1).

3555 **4.3.14.3 time-at-completed (integer(MIN:MAX))**

3556 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object completed (or was canceled or
3557 aborted). The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job has not yet completed, been canceled, or
3558 aborted (see the beginning of Section 4.1).

3559 **4.3.14.4 job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))**

3560 This REQUIRED Job Description attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that the Printer
3561 implementation has been up and running. This attribute is an alias for the "printer-up-time" Printer
3562 Description attribute (see Section 4.4.29).

3563 A client MAY request this attribute in a Get-Job-Attributes or Get-Jobs request and use the value returned
3564 in combination with other requested Event Time Job Description Attributes in order to display time
3565 attributes to a user. The difference between this attribute and the 'integer' value of a "time-at-xxx" attribute
3566 is the number of seconds ago that the "time-at-xxx" event occurred. A client can compute the wall-clock
3567 time at which the "time-at-xxx" event occurred by subtracting this difference from the client's wall-clock
3568 time.

3569 **4.3.14.5 date-time-at-creation (dateTime)**

3570 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object was created.

3571 **4.3.14.6 date-time-at-processing (dateTime)**

3572 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object first began processing after the create
3573 operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation.

3574 **4.3.14.7 date-time-at-completed (dateTime)**

3575 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object completed (or was canceled or aborted).

3576

3577 **4.3.15 number-of-intervening-jobs (integer(0:MAX))**

3578 This attribute indicates the number of jobs that are "ahead" of this job in the relative chronological order of
3579 expected time to complete (i.e., the current scheduled order). For efficiency, it is only necessary to calculate
3580 this value when an operation is performed that requests this attribute.

3581 **4.3.16 job-message-from-operator (text(127))**

3582 This attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to indicate
3583 to the end user the reasons for modification or other management action taken on a job.

3584 **4.3.17 Job Size Attributes**

3585 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the size of the job. These attributes are not intended to
3586 be counters; they are intended to be useful routing and scheduling information if known. For these
3587 attributes, the Printer object may try to compute the value if it is not supplied in the create request. Even if
3588 the client does supply a value for these three attributes in the create request, the Printer object MAY choose
3589 to change the value if the Printer object is able to compute a value which is more accurate than the client
3590 supplied value. The Printer object may be able to determine the correct value for these attributes either
3591 right at job submission time or at any later point in time.

3592 **4.3.17.1 job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))**

3593 This attribute specifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets requested to
3594 be processed in the job. The value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets MUST
3595 be indicated as being 1, 1025 to 2048 MUST be 2, etc.

3596 This value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number of copies specified by
3597 the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies without making
3598 multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is collated or not.
3599 Thus the value is independent of the implementation and indicates the size of the document(s) measured in
3600 K octets independent of the number of copies.

3601 This value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies instruction embedded in the
3602 document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the document data, this value will
3603 include such replication. In other words, this value is always the size of the source document data, rather
3604 than a measure of the hardcopy output to be produced.

3605 **4.3.17.2 job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))**

3606 This attribute specifies the total size in number of impressions of the document(s) being submitted (see the
3607 definition of impression in section 12.2.5).

3608 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number
3609 of copies specified by the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies
3610 without making multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is
3611 collated or not. Thus the value is independent of the implementation and reflects the size of the
3612 document(s) measured in impressions independent of the number of copies.

3613 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies
3614 instruction embedded in the document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the

3615 document data, this value will include such replication. In other words, this value is always the number of
3616 impressions in the source document data, rather than a measure of the number of impressions to be
3617 produced by the job.

3618 **4.3.17.3 job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))**

3619 This attribute specifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for this job.

3620 Unlike the "job-k-octets" and the "job-impressions" attributes, this value **MUST** include the multiplicative
3621 factors contributed by the number of copies specified by the "copies" attribute and a 'number of copies'
3622 instruction embedded in the document data, if any. This difference allows the system administrator to
3623 control the lower and upper bounds of both (1) the size of the document(s) with "job-k-octets-supported"
3624 and "job-impressions-supported" and (2) the size of the job with "job-media-sheets-supported".

3625 **4.3.18 Job Progress Attributes**

3626 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the progress of the job. These attributes are intended to
3627 be counters. That is, the value for a job that has not started processing **MUST** be 0. When the job's "job-
3628 state" is 'processing' or 'processing-stopped', this value is intended to contain the amount of the job that has
3629 been processed to the time at which the attributes are requested. When the job enters the 'completed',
3630 'canceled', or 'aborted' states, these values are the final values for the job.

3631 **4.3.18.1 job-k-octets-processed (integer(0:MAX))**

3632 This attribute specifies the total number of octets processed in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets so far.
3633 The value **MUST** be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets inclusive **MUST** be indicated as
3634 being 1, 1025 to 2048 inclusive **MUST** be 2, etc.

3635 For implementations where multiple copies are produced by the interpreter with only a single pass over the
3636 data, the final value **MUST** be equal to the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute. For implementations where
3637 multiple copies are produced by the interpreter by processing the data for each copy, the final value **MUST**
3638 be a multiple of the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute.

3639 **4.3.18.2 job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX))**

3640 This job attribute specifies the number of impressions completed for the job so far. For printing devices,
3641 the impressions completed includes interpreting, marking, and stacking the output.

3642 **4.3.18.3 job-media-sheets-completed (integer(0:MAX))**

3643 This job attribute specifies the media-sheets completed marking and stacking for the entire job so far
3644 whether those sheets have been processed on one side or on both.

3645 4.3.19 attributes-charset (charset)

3646 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-charset" attribute in
3647 the create request. It identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by any Job
3648 attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See
3649 Section 3.1.4 for a complete description of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute.

3650 This attribute does not indicate the charset in which the 'text' and 'name' values are stored internally in the
3651 Job object. The internal charset is implementation-defined. The IPP object MUST convert from whatever
3652 the internal charset is to that being requested in an operation as specified in Section 3.1.4.

3653 4.3.20 attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)

3654 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-natural-language"
3655 attribute in the create request. It identifies the natural language used for any Job attributes with attribute
3656 syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See Section 3.1.4 for a
3657 complete description of the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Sections 4.1.1.2 and
3658 4.1.2.2 for how a Natural Language Override may be supplied explicitly for each 'text' and 'name' attribute
3659 value that differs from the value identified by the "attributes-natural-language" attribute.

3660 4.4 Printer Description Attributes

3661 These attributes form the attribute group called "printer-description". The following table summarizes
3662 these attributes, their syntax, and whether or not they are REQUIRED for a Printer object to support. If
3663 they are not indicated as REQUIRED, they are OPTIONAL. The maximum size in octets for 'text' and
3664 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

3665 Note: How these attributes are set by an Administrator is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

3666	+-----+-----+-----+
3667	Attribute Syntax REQUIRED?
3668	+-----+-----+-----+
3669	printer-uri-supported 1setOf uri REQUIRED
3670	+-----+-----+-----+
3671	uri-security-supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3672	+-----+-----+-----+
3673	uri-authentication- supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3674	+-----+-----+-----+
3675	+-----+-----+-----+
3676	printer-name name (127) REQUIRED
3677	+-----+-----+-----+
3678	printer-location text (127)
3679	+-----+-----+-----+
3680	printer-info text (127)
3681	+-----+-----+-----+
3682	printer-more-info uri
3683	+-----+-----+-----+
3684	printer-driver-installer uri
3685	+-----+-----+-----+
3686	printer-make-and-model text (127)
3687	+-----+-----+-----+
3688	printer-more-info- manufacturer uri
3689	+-----+-----+-----+
3690	+-----+-----+-----+
3691	printer-state type1 enum REQUIRED
3692	+-----+-----+-----+
3693	printer-state-reasons 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3694	+-----+-----+-----+
3695	printer-state-message text (MAX)
3696	+-----+-----+-----+
3697	ipp-versions-supported 1setOf type2 keyword REQUIRED
3698	+-----+-----+-----+
3699	operations-supported 1setOf type2 enum REQUIRED
3700	+-----+-----+-----+
3701	multiple-document-jobs- supported boolean
3702	+-----+-----+-----+
3703	+-----+-----+-----+
3704	charset-configured charset REQUIRED
3705	+-----+-----+-----+
3706	charset-supported 1setOf charset REQUIRED
3707	+-----+-----+-----+
3708	natural-language-configured naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3709	+-----+-----+-----+
3710	generated-natural-language- supported 1setOf naturalLanguage REQUIRED
3711	+-----+-----+-----+
3712	+-----+-----+-----+
3713	document-format-default mimeType REQUIRED
3714	+-----+-----+-----+

3715	document-format-supported	1setOf mimeType	REQUIRED	
3716	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3717	printer-is-accepting-jobs	boolean	REQUIRED	
3718	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3719	queued-job-count	integer (0:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3720	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3721	printer-message-from-	text (127)		
3722	operator			
3723	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3724	color-supported	boolean		
3725	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3726	reference-uri-schemes-	1setOf uriScheme		
3727	supported			
3728	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3729	pdl-override-supported	type2 keyword	REQUIRED	
3730	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3731	printer-up-time	integer (1:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3732	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3733	printer-current-time	dateTime		
3734	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3735	multiple-operation-time-out	integer (1:MAX)		
3736	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3737	compression-supported	1setOf type3 keyword	REQUIRED	
3738	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3739	job-k-octets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3740	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3741	job-impressions-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3742	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3743	job-media-sheets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3744	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3745	pages-per-minute	integer(0:MAX)		
3746	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3747	pages-per-minute-color	integer(0:MAX)		
3748	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
3749				

3750 4.4.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

3751 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains at least one URI for the Printer object. It OPTIONALLY
3752 contains more than one URI for the Printer object. An administrator determines a Printer object's URI(s)
3753 and configures this attribute to contain those URIs by some means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1
3754 document. The precise format of this URI is implementation dependent and depends on the protocol. See
3755 the next two sections for a description of the "uri-security-supported" and "uri-authentication-supported"
3756 attributes, both of which are the REQUIRED companion attributes to this "printer-uri-supported" attribute.
3757 See section 2.4 on Printer object identity and section 8.2 on security and URIs for more information.

3758 4.4.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3759 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as
3760 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the Client Authentication mechanism
3761 associated with each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The Printer object uses the specified
3762 mechanism to identify the authenticated user (see section 8.3) . The "i th" value in "uri-authentication-
3763 supported" corresponds to the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the authentication
3764 mechanisms used by the Printer when accessed via that URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on Client
3765 Authentication.

3766 The following standard keyword values are defined:

- 3767 'none': There is no authentication mechanism associated with the URI. The Printer object assumes that
3768 the authenticated user is "anonymous".
- 3769 'requesting-user-name': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the
3770 Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is specified by the "requesting-user-name"
3771 Operation attribute (see section 8.3). If the "requesting-user-name" attribute is absent in a request,
3772 the Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is "anonymous".
- 3773 'basic': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3774 challenges the client with HTTP basic authentication [RFC2617]. The Printer object assumes that
3775 the authenticated user is the name received via the basic authentication mechanism.
- 3776 'digest': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3777 challenges the client with HTTP digest authentication [RFC2617]. The Printer object assumes that
3778 the authenticated user is the name received via the digest authentication mechanism.
- 3779 'certificate': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object
3780 expects the client to provide a certificate. The Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is
3781 the textual name contained within the certificate.

3782 4.4.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3783 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as
3784 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the security mechanisms used for each URI
3785 listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The "i th" value in "uri-security-supported" corresponds to
3786 the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the security mechanisms used for accessing the
3787 Printer object via that URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on security mechanisms.

3788 The following standard keyword values are defined:

- 3789 'none': There are no secure communication channel protocols in use for the given URI.
- 3790 'ssl3': SSL3 [SSL] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.
- 3791 'tls': TLS [RFC2246] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.
- 3792

3793 This attribute is orthogonal to the definition of a Client Authentication mechanism. Specifically, 'none'
3794 does not exclude Client Authentication. See section 4.4.2.

3795 Consider the following example. For a single Printer object, an administrator configures the "printer-uri-
3796 supported", "uri-authentication-supported" and "uri-security-supported" attributes as follows:

3797 "printer-uri-supported": 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer',
3798 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer'

3799 "uri-authentication-supported": 'none', 'digest', 'basic'

3800 "uri-security-supported": 'none', 'none', 'tls'

3801

3802 Note: 'xxx' is not a valid scheme. See the IPP/1.1 "Transport and Encoding" document [IPP-PRO] for the
3803 actual URI schemes to be used in object target attributes.

3804 In this case, one Printer object has three URIs.

- 3805 - For the first URI, 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-supported"
3806 indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The value of 'none'
3807 in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that all users are 'anonymous'. There will be no
3808 challenge and the Printer will ignore "requesting-user-name".
- 3809 - For the second URI, 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-
3810 supported" indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The
3811 value of 'digest' in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and
3812 that the Printer will use the name supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated
3813 user (see section 8.3).
- 3814 - For the third URI, 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer', the value 'tls' in "uri-security-supported" indicates
3815 that TLS is being used to secure the channel. The client SHOULD be prepared to use TLS framing
3816 to negotiate an acceptable ciphersuite to use while communicating with the Printer object. In this
3817 case, the name implies the use of a secure communications channel, but the fact is made explicit by
3818 the presence of the 'tls' value in "uri-security-supported". The client does not need to resort to
3819 understanding which security it must use by following naming conventions or by parsing the URI to
3820 determine which security mechanisms are implied. The value of 'basic' in "uri-authentication-
3821 supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and that the Printer will use the name
3822 supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated user (see section 8.3) . Because
3823 this challenge occurs in a tls session, the channel is secure.

3824

3825 It is expected that many IPP Printer objects will be configured to support only one channel (either
3826 configured to use TLS access or not) and only one authentication mechanism. Such Printer objects only
3827 have one URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. No matter the configuration of the Printer
3828 object (whether it has only one URI or more than one URI), a client MUST supply only one URI in the
3829 target "printer-uri" operation attribute.

3830 4.4.4 printer-name (name(127))

3831 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains the name of the Printer object. It is a name that is more end-
3832 user friendly than a URI. An administrator determines a printer's name and sets this attribute to that name.
3833 This name may be the last part of the printer's URI or it may be unrelated. In non-US-English locales, a
3834 name may contain characters that are not allowed in a URI.

3835 4.4.5 printer-location (text(127))

3836 This Printer attribute identifies the location of the device. This could include things like: "in Room 123A,
3837 second floor of building XYZ".

3838 4.4.6 printer-info (text(127))

3839 This Printer attribute identifies the descriptive information about this Printer object. This could include
3840 things like: "This printer can be used for printing color transparencies for HR presentations", or "Out of
3841 courtesy for others, please print only small (1-5 page) jobs at this printer", or even "This printer is going
3842 away on July 1, 1997, please find a new printer".

3843 4.4.7 printer-more-info (uri)

3844 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this specific Printer object. For
3845 example, this could be an HTTP type URI referencing an HTML page accessible to a Web Browser. The
3846 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of IPP
3847 can be accessed from this URI. The information is intended to be specific to this printer instance and site
3848 specific services (e.g. job pricing, services offered, end user assistance). The device manufacturer may
3849 initially populate this attribute.

3850 4.4.8 printer-driver-installer (uri)

3851 This Printer attribute contains a URI to use to locate the driver installer for this Printer object. This
3852 attribute is intended for consumption by automata. The mechanics of print driver installation is outside the
3853 scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

3854 4.4.9 printer-make-and-model (text(127))

3855 This Printer attribute identifies the make and model of the device. The device manufacturer may initially
3856 populate this attribute.

3857 4.4.10 printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)

3858 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this type of device. The
3859 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of
3860 IPP can be accessed from this URI (e.g., latest firmware, upgrades, print drivers, optional features available,
3861 details on color support). The information is intended to be germane to this printer without regard to site
3862 specific modifications or services. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

3863 **4.4.11 printer-state (type1 enum)**

3864 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the current state of the device. The "printer-state reasons"
3865 attribute augments the "printer-state" attribute to give more detailed information about the Printer in the
3866 given printer state.

3867 A Printer object need only update this attribute before responding to an operation which requests the
3868 attribute; the Printer object NEED NOT update this attribute continually, since asynchronous event
3869 notification is not part of IPP/1.1. A Printer NEED NOT implement all values if they are not applicable to
3870 a given implementation.

3871 The following standard enum values are defined:

3872 Value	Symbolic Name and Description
------------	-------------------------------

3873

3874 '3'	'idle': Indicates that new jobs can start processing without waiting.
----------	---

3875 '4'	'processing': Indicates that jobs are processing; new jobs will wait before processing.
----------	---

3876 '5'	'stopped': Indicates that no jobs can be processed and intervention is required.
----------	--

3877 Values of "printer-state-reasons", such as 'spool-area-full' and 'stopped-partly', MAY be used to provide
3878 further information.

3879 **4.4.12 printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)**

3880 This REQUIRED Printer attribute supplies additional detail about the device's state. Some of the these
3881 value definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL.

3882 Each keyword value MAY have a suffix to indicate its level of severity. The three levels are: report (least
3883 severe), warning, and error (most severe).

3884 - '-report': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "report". An implementation may choose to omit
3885 some or all reports. Some reports specify finer granularity about the printer state; others serve as a
3886 precursor to a warning. A report MUST contain nothing that could affect the printed output.

3887 - '-warning': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "warning". An implementation may choose to omit
3888 some or all warnings. Warnings serve as a precursor to an error. A warning MUST contain nothing
3889 that prevents a job from completing, though in some cases the output may be of lower quality.

3890 - '-error': This suffix indicates that the reason is an "error". An implementation MUST include all
3891 errors. If this attribute contains one or more errors, printer MUST be in the stopped state.

3892

3893 If the implementation does not add any one of the three suffixes, all parties MUST assume that the reason is
3894 an "error".

3895 If a Printer object controls more than one output device, each value of this attribute MAY apply to one or
3896 more of the output devices. An error on one output device that does not stop the Printer object as a whole
3897 MAY appear as a warning in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons attribute". If the "printer-state" for such a
3898 Printer has a value of 'stopped', then there MUST be an error reason among the values in the "printer-state-
3899 reasons" attribute.

3900 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3901 'other': The device has detected an error other than one listed in this document.

3902 'none': There are not reasons. This state reason is semantically equivalent to "printer-state-reasons"
3903 without any value and MUST be used, since the 1setOf attribute syntax requires at least one value.

3904 'media-needed': A tray has run out of media.

3905 'media-jam': The device has a media jam.

3906 'moving-to-paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see
3907 section 3.2.7) or other means, but the device(s) are taking an appreciable time to stop. Later, when
3908 all output has stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the
3909 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. This value MUST be supported, if
3910 the Pause-Printer operation is supported and the implementation takes significant time to pause a
3911 device in certain circumstances.

3912 'paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see section 3.2.7) or
3913 other means and the Printer object's "printer-state" is 'stopped'. In this state, a Printer MUST NOT
3914 produce printed output, but it MUST perform other operations requested by a client. If a Printer had
3915 been printing a job when the Printer was paused, the Printer MUST resume printing that job when
3916 the Printer is no longer paused and leave no evidence in the printed output of such a pause. This
3917 value MUST be supported, if the Pause-Printer operation is supported.

3918 'shutdown': Someone has removed a Printer object from service, and the device may be powered down
3919 or physically removed. In this state, a Printer object MUST NOT produce printed output, and unless
3920 the Printer object is realized by a print server that is still active, the Printer object MUST perform no
3921 other operations requested by a client, including returning this value. If a Printer object had been
3922 printing a job when it was shutdown, the Printer NEED NOT resume printing that job when the
3923 Printer is no longer shutdown. If the Printer resumes printing such a job, it may leave evidence in
3924 the printed output of such a shutdown, e.g. the part printed before the shutdown may be printed a
3925 second time after the shutdown.

3926 'connecting-to-device': The Printer object has scheduled a job on the output device and is in the process
3927 of connecting to a shared network output device (and might not be able to actually start printing the
3928 job for an arbitrarily long time depending on the usage of the output device by other servers on the
3929 network).

3930 'timed-out': The server was able to connect to the output device (or is always connected), but was unable
3931 to get a response from the output device.

3932 'stopping': The Printer object is in the process of stopping the device and will be stopped in a while.
3933 When the device is stopped, the Printer object will change the Printer object's state to 'stopped'. The
3934 'stopping-warning' reason is never an error, even for a Printer with a single output device. When an
3935 output-device ceases accepting jobs, the Printer will have this reason while the output device
3936 completes printing.

3937 'stopped-partly': When a Printer object controls more than one output device, this reason indicates that
3938 one or more output devices are stopped. If the reason is a report, fewer than half of the output
3939 devices are stopped. If the reason is a warning, fewer than all of the output devices are stopped.

3940 'toner-low': The device is low on toner.

3941 'toner-empty': The device is out of toner.

3942 'spool-area-full': The limit of persistent storage allocated for spooling has been reached. The Printer is
3943 temporarily unable to accept more jobs. The Printer will remove this value when it is able to accept

3944 more jobs. This value SHOULD be used by a non-spooling Printer that only accepts one or a small
3945 number jobs at a time or a spooling Printer that has filled the spool space.

3946 'cover-open': One or more covers on the device are open.

3947 'interlock-open': One or more interlock devices on the printer are unlocked.

3948 'door-open': One or more doors on the device are open.

3949 'input-tray-missing': One or more input trays are not in the device.

3950 'media-low': At least one input tray is low on media.

3951 'media-empty': At least one input tray is empty.

3952 'output-tray-missing': One or more output trays are not in the device

3953 'output-area-almost-full': One or more output area is almost full (e.g. tray, stacker, collator).

3954 'output-area-full': One or more output area is full. (e.g. tray, stacker, collator)

3955 'marker-supply-low': The device is low on at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)

3956 'marker-supply-empty': The device is out of at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)

3957 'marker-waste-almost-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is almost full.

3958 'marker-waste-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is full.

3959 'fuser-over-temp': The fuser temperature is above normal.

3960 'fuser-under-temp': The fuser temperature is below normal.

3961 'opc-near-eol': The optical photo conductor is near end of life.

3962 'opc-life-over': The optical photo conductor is no longer functioning.

3963 'developer-low': The device is low on developer.

3964 'developer-empty': The device is out of developer.

3965 'interpreter-resource-unavailable': An interpreter resource is unavailable (i.e. font, form)

3966

3967 **4.4.13 printer-state-message (text(MAX))**

3968 This Printer attribute specifies information about the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes in
3969 human readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to
3970 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-
3971 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section
3972 3.1.4.1).

3973 **4.4.14 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

3974 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the IPP protocol version(s) that this Printer supports, including major
3975 and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Printer implementation meets the conformance
3976 requirements. For version number validation, the Printer matches the (two-octet binary) "version-number"
3977 parameter supplied by the client in each request (see sections 3.1.1 and 3.1.8) with the (US-ASCII) keyword
3978 values of this attribute.

3979 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3980 '1.0': Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.0 as specified in RFC 2566 [RFC2566] and
3981 RFC 2565 [RFC2565] including any extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension
3982 defined in this version or any future version of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP

3983 "Encoding and Transport" document following the rules, if any, when the "version-number"
 3984 parameter is '1.0'.
 3985 '1.1': Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.1 as specified in this document and [IPP-
 3986 PRO] including any extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension defined in any
 3987 future versions of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP Encoding and Transport
 3988 document following the rules, if any, when the "version-number" parameter is '1.1'.

3989 **4.4.15 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)**

3990 This REQUIRED Printer attribute specifies the set of supported operations for this Printer object and
 3991 contained Job objects.

3992 This attribute is encoded as any other enum attribute syntax according to [IPP-PRO] as 32-bits. However,
 3993 all 32-bit enum values for this attribute MUST NOT exceed 0x00008FFF, since these same values are also
 3994 passed in two octets in the "operation-id" parameter (see section 3.1.1) in each Protocol request with the
 3995 two high order octets omitted in order to indicate the operation being performed [IPP-PRO].

3996 The following standard enum and "operation-id" (see section 3.1.2) values are defined:

3997	Value	Operation Name
3998	-----	-----
3999		
4000	0x0000	reserved, not used
4001	0x0001	reserved, not used
4002	0x0002	Print-Job
4003	0x0003	Print-URI
4004	0x0004	Validate-Job
4005	0x0005	Create-Job
4006	0x0006	Send-Document
4007	0x0007	Send-URI
4008	0x0008	Cancel-Job
4009	0x0009	Get-Job-Attributes
4010	0x000A	Get-Jobs
4011	0x000B	Get-Printer-Attributes
4012	0x000C	Hold-Job
4013	0x000D	Release-Job
4014	0x000E	Restart-Job
4015	0x000F	reserved for a future operation
4016	0x0010	Pause-Printer
4017	0x0011	Resume-Printer
4018	0x0012	Purge-Jobs
4019	0x0013-0x3FFF	reserved for future IETF standards track operations (see section 6.4)
4020	0x4000-0x8FFF	reserved for vendor extensions (see section 6.4)
4021		

4022 4.4.16 multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)

4023 This Printer attribute indicates whether or not the Printer supports more than one document per job, i.e.,
4024 more than one Send-Document or Send-Data operation with document data. If the Printer supports the
4025 Create-Job and Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

4026 4.4.17 charset-configured (charset)

4027 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the charset that the Printer object has been configured to
4028 represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or
4029 manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-
4030 make-and-model" (text). Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "charset-configured" attribute MUST
4031 also be among the values of the Printer object's "charset-supported" attribute.

4032 4.4.18 charset-supported (1setOf charset)

4033 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of charsets that the Printer and contained Job objects
4034 support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. At least the value 'utf-8' MUST be present, since
4035 IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset. If a Printer object supports a charset, it means
4036 that for all attributes of syntax 'text' and 'name' the IPP object MUST (1) accept the charset in requests and
4037 return the charset in responses as needed.

4038 If more charsets than UTF-8 are supported, the IPP object MUST perform charset conversion between the
4039 charsets as described in Section 3.1.4.2.

4040 4.4.19 natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)

4041 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language that the Printer object has been configured
4042 to represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or
4043 manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-
4044 make-and-model" (text). When returning these Printer attributes, the Printer object MAY return them in the
4045 configured natural language specified by this attribute, instead of the natural language requested by the
4046 client in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Section 3.1.4.1 for the specification of
4047 the OPTIONAL multiple natural language support. Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "natural-
4048 language-configured" attribute MUST also be among the values of the Printer object's "generated-natural-
4049 language-supported" attribute.

4050 4.4.20 generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)

4051 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language(s) that the Printer object and contained
4052 Job objects support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. The natural language(s) supported
4053 depends on implementation and/or configuration. Unlike charsets, IPP objects MUST accept requests with
4054 any natural language or any Natural Language Override whether the natural language is supported or not.

4055 If a Printer object supports a natural language, it means that for any of the attributes for which the Printer or
4056 Job object generates messages, i.e., for the "job-state-message" and "printer-state-message" attributes and
4057 Operation Messages (see Section 3.1.5) in operation responses, the Printer and Job objects MUST be able
4058 to generate messages in any of the Printer's supported natural languages. See section 3.1.4 for the definition
4059 of 'text' and 'name' attributes in operation requests and responses.

4060 Note: A Printer object that supports multiple natural languages, often has separate catalogs of messages,
4061 one for each natural language supported.

4062 **4.4.21 document-format-default (mimeMediaType)**

4063 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the document format that the Printer object has been
4064 configured to assume if the client does not supply a "document-format" operation attribute in any of the
4065 operation requests that supply document data. The standard values for this attribute are Internet Media
4066 types (sometimes called MIME types). For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType'
4067 attribute syntax in Section 4.1.9.

4068 **4.4.22 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType)**

4069 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of document formats that the Printer object and
4070 contained Job objects can support. For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType' attribute
4071 syntax in Section 4.1.9.

4072 **4.4.23 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)**

4073 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates whether the printer is currently able to accept jobs, i.e., is
4074 accepting Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job requests. If the value is 'true', the printer is accepting jobs.
4075 If the value is 'false', the Printer object is currently rejecting any jobs submitted to it. In this case, the
4076 Printer object returns the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code.

4077 This value is independent of the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes because its value does
4078 not affect the current job; rather it affects future jobs. This attribute, when 'false', causes the Printer to
4079 reject jobs even when the "printer-state" is 'idle' or, when 'true', causes the Printer object to accept jobs
4080 even when the "printer-state" is 'stopped'.

4081 **4.4.24 queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))**

4082 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains a count of the number of jobs that are either 'pending',
4083 'processing', 'pending-held', or 'processing-stopped' and is set by the Printer object.

4084 **4.4.25 printer-message-from-operator (text(127))**

4085 This Printer attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to
4086 indicate to the end user information or status of the printer, such as why it is unavailable or when it is
4087 expected to be available.

4.4.26 color-supported (boolean)

This Printer attribute identifies whether the device is capable of any type of color printing at all, including highlight color. All document instructions having to do with color are embedded within the document PDL (none are external IPP attributes in IPP/1.1).

Note: end-users are able to determine the nature and details of the color support by querying the "printer-more-info-manufacturer" Printer attribute.

4.4.27 reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)

This Printer attribute specifies which URI schemes are supported for use in the "document-uri" operation attribute of the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. If a Printer object supports these optional operations, it **MUST** support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer attribute with at least the following schemed URI value:

'ftp': The Printer object will use an FTP 'get' operation as defined in RFC 2228 [RFC2228] using FTP URLs as defined by [RFC2396] and[RFC2316].

The Printer object **MAY** **OPTIONALLY** support other URI schemes (see section 4.1.6).

4.4.28 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)

This **REQUIRED** Printer attribute expresses the ability for a particular Printer implementation to either attempt to override document data instructions with IPP attributes or not.

This attribute takes on the following values:

- 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
- 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.

Section 15 contains a full description of how this attribute interacts with and affects other IPP attributes, especially the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

4.4.29 printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

This **REQUIRED** Printer attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that this Printer instance has been up and running. The value is a monotonically increasing value starting from 1 when the Printer object is started-up (initialized, booted, etc.). This value is used to populate the Event Time Job Description Job attributes "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed" (see section 4.3.14).

If the Printer object goes down at some value 'n', and comes back up, the implementation **MAY**:

1. Know how long it has been down, and resume at some value greater than 'n', or

4121 2. Restart from 1.

4122 In other words, if the device or devices that the Printer object is representing are restarted or power cycled,
4123 the Printer object MAY continue counting this value or MAY reset this value to 1 depending on
4124 implementation. However, if the Printer object software ceases running, and restarts without knowing the
4125 last value for "printer-up-time", the implementation MUST reset this value to 1. If this value is reset and
4126 the Printer has persistent jobs, the Printer MUST reset the "time-at-xxx(integer) Event Time Job
4127 Description attributes according to Section 4.3.14. An implementation MAY use both implementation
4128 alternatives, depending on warm versus cold start, respectively.

4129 **4.4.30 printer-current-time (dateTime)**

4130 This Printer attribute indicates the current date and time. This value is used to populate the Event Time Job
4131 Description attributes: "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed" (see Section
4132 4.3.14).

4133 The date and time is obtained on a "best efforts basis" and does not have to be that precise in order to work
4134 in practice. A Printer implementation sets the value of this attribute by obtaining the date and time via
4135 some implementation-dependent means, such as getting the value from a network time server, initialization
4136 at time of manufacture, or setting by an administrator. See [IPP-IIG] for examples. If an implementation
4137 supports this attribute and the implementation knows that it has not yet been set, then the implementation
4138 MUST return the value of this attribute using the out-of-band 'no-value' meaning not configured. See the
4139 beginning of section 4.1.

4140 The time zone of this attribute NEED NOT be the time zone used by people located near the Printer object
4141 or device. The client MUST NOT expect that the time zone of any received 'dateTime' value to be in the
4142 time zone of the client or in the time zone of the people located near the printer.

4143 The client SHOULD display any dateTime attributes to the user in client local time by converting the
4144 'dateTime' value returned by the server to the time zone of the client, rather than using the time zone
4145 returned by the Printer in attributes that use the 'dateTime' attribute syntax.

4146 **4.4.31 multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))**

4147 This Printer attributes identifies the minimum time (in seconds) that the Printer object waits for additional
4148 Send-Document or Send-URI operations to follow a still-open multi-document Job object before taking
4149 any recovery actions, such as the ones indicated in section 3.3.1. If the Printer object supports the Create-
4150 Job and Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

4151 It is RECOMMENDED that vendors supply a value for this attribute that is between 60 and 240 seconds.
4152 An implementation MAY allow a system administrator to set this attribute (by means outside this IPP/1.1
4153 document). If so, the system administrator MAY be able to set values outside this range.

4154 4.4.32 compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)

4155 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of supported compression algorithms for document
4156 data. Compression only applies to the document data; compression does not apply to the encoding of the
4157 IPP operation itself. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "compression" operation
4158 attributes in Print-Job, Send-Document, and Send-URI requests.

4159 Standard values are :

4160 'none': no compression is used.
4161 'deflate': ZIP public domain inflate/deflate) compression technology
4162 'gzip' GNU zip compression technology described in RFC 1952 [RFC1952].
4163 'compress': UNIX compression technology
4164

4165 4.4.33 job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4166 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds of total sizes of jobs in K octets, i.e., in units of
4167 1024 octets. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-k-octets" operation attributes
4168 in create requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-k-octets" is defined in section 4.3.17.1.

4169 4.4.34 job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4170 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of impressions per job. The
4171 supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-impressions" operation attributes in create
4172 requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-impressions" is defined in section 4.3.17.2.

4173 4.4.35 job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4174 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of media sheets per job. The
4175 supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-media-sheets" operation attributes in create
4176 requests. The corresponding Job attribute "job-media-sheets" is defined in section 4.3.17.3.

4177 4.4.36 pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))

4178 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which
4179 may be generated by this printer (e.g., simplex, black-and-white). This attribute is informative, not a
4180 service guarantee. Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the device.

4181 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4182 4.4.37 pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))

4183 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which
4184 may be generated by this printer when printing color (e.g., simplex, color). For purposes of this attribute,
4185 "color" means the same as for the "color-supported" attribute, namely, the device is capable of any type of

4186 color printing at all, including highlight color. This attribute is informative, not a service guarantee.
4187 Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the color capabilities of this device.

4188 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4189 If a color device has several color modes, it MAY use the pages-per-minute value for this attribute that
4190 corresponds to the mode that produces the highest number.

4191 Black and white only printers MUST NOT support this attribute. If this attribute is present, then the "color-
4192 supported" Printer description attribute MUST be present and have a 'true' value.

4193 The values of these two attributes returned by the Get-Printer-Attributes operation MAY be affected by the
4194 "document-format" attribute supplied by the client in the Get-Printer-Attributes request. In other words, the
4195 implementation MAY have different speeds depending on the document format being processed. See
4196 section 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes.

4197 **5. Conformance**

4198 This section describes conformance issues and requirements. This document introduces model entities such
4199 as objects, operations, attributes, attribute syntaxes, and attribute values. These conformance sections
4200 describe the conformance requirements which apply to these model entities.

4201 **5.1 Client Conformance Requirements**

4202 This section describes the conformance requirements for a client (see section 2.1), whether it be:

- 4203 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an
4204 application that sends IPP requests or
- 4205 2. the print server component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another
4206 "downstream" print server.

4207 A conforming client MUST support all REQUIRED operations as defined in this document. For each
4208 attribute included in an operation request, a conforming client MUST supply a value whose type and value
4209 syntax conforms to the requirements of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4. A
4210 conforming client MAY supply any IETF standards track extensions and/or vendor extensions in an
4211 operation request, as long as the extensions meet the requirements in Section 6.

4212 Otherwise, there are no conformance requirements placed on the user interfaces provided by IPP clients or
4213 their applications. For example, one application might not allow an end user to submit multiple documents
4214 per job, while another does. One application might first query a Printer object in order to supply a graphical
4215 user interface (GUI) dialogue box with supported and default values whereas a different implementation
4216 might not.

4217 When sending a request, an IPP client NEED NOT supply any attributes that are indicated as
4218 OPTIONALLY supplied by the client.

4219 A client MUST be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their full
4220 range, that may be returned to it in a response from a Printer object. In particular for each attribute that the
4221 client supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the client MUST accept and process both the
4222 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the client supports
4223 whose attribute syntax is 'name', the client MUST accept and process both the 'nameWithoutLanguage' and
4224 'nameWithLanguage' forms. For presentation purposes, truncation of long attribute values is not
4225 recommended. A recommended approach would be for the client implementation to allow the user to scroll
4226 through long attribute values.

4227 A response MAY contain attribute groups, attributes, attribute syntaxes, values, and status codes that the
4228 client does not expect. Therefore, a client implementation MUST gracefully handle such responses and not
4229 refuse to inter-operate with a conforming Printer that is returning IETF standards track extension or vendor
4230 extensions, including attribute groups, attributes, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, status codes, and out-
4231 of-band attribute values that conform to Section 6. Clients may choose to ignore any parameters, attributes,
4232 attribute syntaxes, or values that they do not understand.

4233 While a client is sending data to a printer, it SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by
4234 a lower layer when the channel is blocked (i.e. flow-controlled off) for whatever reason, e.g. 'out of paper'
4235 or 'job ahead hasn't freed up enough memory'. However, the layer that launched the print submission (e.g.
4236 an end user) MAY close the channel in order to cancel the job. When a client closes a channel, a Printer
4237 MAY print all or part of the received portion of the document. See the "Encoding and Transport" document
4238 [IPP-PRO] for more details.

4239 A client MUST support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document
4240 [IPP-PRO]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as defined in the
4241 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. See also section 8 of this document.

4242 **5.2 IPP Object Conformance Requirements**

4243 This section specifies the conformance requirements for conforming implementations of IPP objects (see
4244 section 2). These requirements apply to an IPP object whether it is:

- 4245 (1) an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or
- 4246 (2) a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests (where the print server control one or
4247 more networked devices using IPP or other protocols).

4248 **5.2.1 Objects**

4249 Conforming implementations MUST implement all of the model objects as defined in this document in the
4250 indicated sections:

4251 Section 2.1 - Printer Object

4252 Section 2.2 - Job Object

4253 5.2.2 Operations

4254 Conforming IPP object implementations **MUST** implement all of the **REQUIRED** model operations,
4255 including **REQUIRED** responses, as defined in this document in the indicated sections:

4256 For a Printer object:

4257	Print-Job (section 3.2.1)	REQUIRED
4258	Print-URI (section 3.2.2)	OPTIONAL
4259	Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)	REQUIRED
4260	Create-Job (section 3.2.4)	OPTIONAL
4261	Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)	REQUIRED
4262	Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)	REQUIRED
4263	Pause-Printer (section 3.2.7)	OPTIONAL
4264	Resume-Printer (section 3.2.8)	OPTIONAL
4265	Purge-Jobs (section 3.2.9)	OPTIONAL

4266
4267 For a Job object:

4268	Send-Document (section 3.3.1)	OPTIONAL
4269	Send-URI (section 3.3.2)	OPTIONAL
4270	Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)	REQUIRED
4271	Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)	REQUIRED
4272	Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)	OPTIONAL
4273	Release-Job (section 3.3.6)	OPTIONAL
4274	Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)	OPTIONAL

4276 Conforming IPP objects **MUST** support all **REQUIRED** operation attributes and all values of such
4277 attributes if so indicated in the description. Conforming IPP objects **MUST** ignore all unsupported or
4278 unknown operation attributes or operation attribute groups received in a request, but **MUST** reject a request
4279 that contains a supported operation attribute that contains an unsupported value.

4280 Conforming IPP objects **MAY** return operation responses that contain attributes groups, attributes names,
4281 attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are extensions to this standard. The additional
4282 attribute groups **MAY** occur in any order.

4283 The following section on object attributes specifies the support required for object attributes.

4284 5.2.3 IPP Object Attributes

4285 Conforming IPP objects **MUST** support all of the **REQUIRED** object attributes, as defined in this document
4286 in the indicated sections.

4287 If an object supports an attribute, it **MUST** support only those values specified in this document or through
4288 the extension mechanism described in section 5.2.4. It **MAY** support any non-empty subset of these values.
4289 That is, it **MUST** support at least one of the specified values and at most all of them.

4290 **5.2.4 Versions**

4291 IPP/1.1 clients **MUST** meet the conformance requirements for clients specified in this document and [IPP-
4292 PRO]. IPP/1.1 clients **MUST** send requests containing a "version-number" parameter with a '1.1' value.

4293 IPP/1.1 Printer and Job objects **MUST** meet the conformance requirements for IPP objects specified in this
4294 document and [IPP-PRO]. IPP/1.1 objects **MUST** accept requests containing a "version-number"
4295 parameter with a '1.1' value (or reject the request if the operation is not supported).

4296 It is beyond the scope of this specification to mandate conformance with previous versions. IPP/1.1 was
4297 deliberately designed, however, to make supporting previous versions easy. It is worth noting that, at the
4298 time of composing this specification (1999), we would expect IPP/1.1 Printer implementations to:

4299 understand any valid request in the format of IPP/1.0, or 1.1;

4300 respond appropriately with a response containing the same "version-number" parameter value used
4301 by the client in the request.

4302 And we would expect IPP/1.1 clients to:

4303 understand any valid response in the format of IPP/1.0, or 1.1.

4304 It is recommended that IPP/1.1 clients try supplying alternate version numbers if they receive a 'server-
4305 error-version-not-supported' error return in a response.

4306 **5.2.5 Extensions**

4307 A conforming IPP object **MAY** support IETF standards track extensions and vendor extensions, as long as
4308 the extensions meet the requirements specified in Section 6.

4309 For each attribute included in an operation response, a conforming IPP object **MUST** return a value whose
4310 type and value syntax conforms to the requirement of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4.

4311 **5.2.6 Attribute Syntaxes**

4312 An IPP object **MUST** be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their
4313 full range, in any operation in which a client may supply attributes or the system administrator may
4314 configure attributes (by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In particular for each attribute
4315 that the IPP object supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the IPP object **MUST** accept and process both
4316 the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the IPP object
4317 supports whose attribute syntax is 'name', the IPP object **MUST** accept and process both the
4318 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' forms. Furthermore, an IPP object **MUST** return

4319 attributes to the client in operation responses that conform to the syntax specified in Section 4.1, including
4320 their full range if supplied previously by a client.

4321 **5.2.7 Security**

4322 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the
4323 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an
4324 administrator to configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. See also
4325 section 8 of this document.

4326 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication
4327 as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY
4328 allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication.
4329 See also section 8 of this document.

4330 Security MUST NOT be compromised when a client supplies a lower "version-number" parameter in a
4331 request. For example, if an IPP/1.1 conforming Printer object accepts version '1.0' requests and is
4332 configured to enforce Digest Authentication, it MUST do the same for a version '1.0' request.

4333 **5.3 Charset and Natural Language Requirements**

4334 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset as defined in section 4.1.7.

4335 IPP objects MUST be able to accept any client request which correctly uses the "attributes-natural-
4336 language" operation attribute or the Natural Language Override mechanism on any individual attribute
4337 whether or not the natural language is supported by the IPP object. If an IPP object supports a natural
4338 language, then it MUST be able to translate (perhaps by table lookup) all generated 'text' or 'name' attribute
4339 values into one of the supported languages (see section 3.1.4). That is, the IPP object that supports a
4340 natural language NEED NOT be a general purpose translator of any arbitrary 'text' or 'name' value supplied
4341 by the client into that natural language. However, the object MUST be able to translate (automatically
4342 generate) any of its own attribute values and messages into that natural language.

4343 **6. IANA Considerations**

4344 This section describes the procedures for defining semantics for the following IETF standards track
4345 extensions and vendor extensions to the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document:

- 4346 1. keyword attribute values
- 4347 2. enum attribute values
- 4348 3. attributes
- 4349 4. attribute syntaxes
- 4350 5. operations
- 4351 6. attribute groups

4352 7. status codes

4353 8. out-of-band attribute values

4354

4355 Extensions registered for use with IPP/1.1 are OPTIONAL for client and IPP object conformance to the
4356 IPP/1.1 "Model and Semantics" document (this document).

4357 These extension procedures are aligned with the guidelines as set forth by the IESG [IANA-CON]. Section
4358 11 describes how to propose new registrations for consideration. IANA will reject registration proposals
4359 that leave out required information or do not follow the appropriate format described in Section 11. The
4360 IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document may also be extended by an appropriate RFC that specifies any of
4361 the above extensions.

4362 6.1 Typed 'keyword' and 'enum' Extensions

4363 IPP allows for 'keyword' and 'enum' extensions (see sections 4.1.2.3 and 4.1.4). This document uses
4364 prefixes to the 'keyword' and 'enum' basic attribute syntax type in order to communicate extra information
4365 to the reader through its name. This extra information is not represented in the protocol because it is
4366 unimportant to a client or Printer object. The list below describes the prefixes and their meaning.

4367 "type1": This IPP specification document must be revised (or another IETF standards track document
4368 which augments this document) to add a new keyword or a new enum. No vendor defined
4369 keywords or enums are allowed.

4370
4371 "type2": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword or enum values by proposing the complete
4372 specification to IANA:

4373
4374 iana@iana.org

4375
4376 IANA will forward the registration proposal to the IPP Designated Expert who will review the
4377 proposal with a mailing list that the Designated Expert keeps for this purpose. Initially, that list will
4378 be the mailing list used by the IPP WG:

4379
4380 ipp@pwg.org

4381
4382 even after the IPP WG is disbanded as permitted by [IANA-CON]. The IPP Designated Expert is
4383 appointed by the IESG Area Director responsible for IPP, according to [IANA-CON].

4384
4385 When a type2 keyword or enum is approved, the IPP Designated Expert becomes the point of
4386 contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4387
4388 "type3": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword and enum values by submitting the complete
4389 specification to IANA as for type2 who will forward the proposal to the IPP Designated Expert.
4390 While no additional technical review is required, the IPP Designated Expert may, at his/her

4391 discretion, forward the proposal to the same mailing list as for type2 registrations for advice and
4392 comment.

4393
4394 When a type3 keyword or enum is approved by the IPP Designated Expert, the original proposer
4395 becomes the point of contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.
4396

4397 For type2 and type3 keywords, the proposer includes the name of the keyword in the registration proposal
4398 and the name is part of the technical review.

4399 After type2 and type3 enums specifications are approved, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4400 IANA assigns the next available enum number for each enum value.

4401 IANA will publish approved type2 and type3 keyword and enum attributes value registration specifications
4402 in:

4403 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/xxx/yyy.txt`

4404 where xxx is the attribute name that specifies the initial values and yyy.txt is a descriptive file name that
4405 contains one or more enums or keywords approved at the same time. For example, if several additional
4406 enums for stapling are approved for use with the "finishings" attribute (and "finishings-default" and
4407 "finishings-supported" attributes), IANA will publish the additional values in the file:

4408 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/finishings/stapling.txt`

4409 Note: Some attributes are defined to be: 'type3 keywords' | 'name' which allows for attribute values to be
4410 extended by a site administrator with administrator defined names. Such names are not registered with
4411 IANA.

4412 By definition, each of the three types above assert some sort of registry or review process in order for
4413 extensions to be considered valid. Each higher numbered level (1, 2, 3) tends to be decreasingly less
4414 stringent than the previous level. Therefore, any typeN value MAY be registered using a process for some
4415 typeM where M is less than N, however such registration is NOT REQUIRED. For example, a type3 value
4416 MAY be registered in a type 1 manner (by being included in a future version of an IPP specification),
4417 however, it is NOT REQUIRED.

4418 This document defines keyword and enum values for all of the above types, including type3 keywords.

4419 For vendor keyword extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable distinguishing
4420 prefix, such as "xxx-" where xxx follows the syntax rules for keywords (see section 4.1.3) and is the
4421 (lowercase) fully qualified company name registered with IANA for use in domain names [RFC1035]. For
4422 example, if the company XYZ Corp. had obtained the domain name "XYZ.com", then a vendor keyword
4423 'abc' would be: 'xyz.com-abc'.

4424 Note: RFC 1035 [RFC1035] indicates that while upper and lower case letters are allowed in domain names,
4425 no significance is attached to the case. That is, two names with the same spelling but different case are to
4426 be treated as if identical. Also, the labels in a domain name must follow the rules for ARPANET host

4427 names: They must start with a letter, end with a letter or digit, and have as interior characters only letters,
4428 digits, and hyphen. Labels must be 63 characters or less. Labels are separated by the "." character.

4429 For vendor enum extensions, implementers **MUST** use values in the reserved integer range which is 2**30
4430 to 2**31-1.

4431 **6.2 Attribute Extensibility**

4432 Attribute names (see section 4.1.3) are type2 keywords. Therefore, new attributes may be registered and
4433 have the same status as attributes in this document by following the type2 extension rules. For vendor
4434 attribute extensions, implementers **SHOULD** use keywords with a suitable distinguishing prefix as
4435 described in Section 6.1.

4436 IANA will publish approved attribute registration specifications as separate files:

4437 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4438 where "xxx-yyy" is the new attribute name.

4439 If a new Printer object attribute is defined and its values can be affected by a specific document format, its
4440 specification needs to contain the following sentence:

4441 "The value of this attribute returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response **MAY** depend on the
4442 "document-format" attribute supplied (see Section 3.2.5.1)."

4443 If the specification does not, then its value in the Get-Printer-Attributes response **MUST NOT** depend on
4444 the "document-format" supplied in the request. When a new Job Template attribute is registered, the value
4445 of the Printer attributes **MAY** vary with "document-format" supplied in the request without the
4446 specification having to indicate so.

4447 **6.3 Attribute Syntax Extensibility**

4448 Attribute syntaxes (see section 4.1) are like type2 enums. Therefore, new attribute syntaxes may be
4449 registered and have the same status as attribute syntaxes in this document by following the type2 extension
4450 rules described in Section 6.1. The initial set of value codes that identify each of the attribute syntaxes have
4451 been assigned in the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO], including a designated range for
4452 vendor extension.

4453 For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute
4454 syntax code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute
4455 syntax registration specifications as separate files:

4456 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-syntaxes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4457 where 'xxx-yyy' is the new attribute syntax name.

4458 **6.4 Operation Extensibility**

4459 Operations (see section 3) may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1,
4460 though major new operations will usually be done by a new standards track RFC that augments this
4461 document. For vendor operation extensions, implementers **MUST** use the range for the "operation-id" in
4462 requests specified in Section 4.4.15 "operations-supported" Printer attribute.

4463 For operations, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next operation-id code as
4464 specified in Section 4.4.15. IANA will publish approved operation registration specifications as separate
4465 files:

4466 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/Xxx-Yyy.txt`

4467 where "Xxx-Yyy" is the new operation name.

4468 **6.5 Attribute Group Extensibility**

4469 Attribute groups (see section 3.1.3) passed in requests and responses may be registered following the type2
4470 procedures described in Section 6.1. The initial set of attribute group tags have been assigned in the
4471 "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO], including a designated range for vendor extension.

4472 For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute group
4473 tag code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute group
4474 registration specifications as separate files:

4475 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt`

4476 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new attribute group tag name.

4477 **6.6 Status Code Extensibility**

4478 Operation status codes (see section 3.1.6.1) may also be registered following the type2 procedures described
4479 in Section 6.1. The values for status codes are allocated in ranges as specified in Section 14 for each status
4480 code class:

4481 "informational" - Request received, continuing process

4482 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted

4483 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request

4484 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled

4485 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request

4486

4487 For vendor operation status code extensions, implementers **MUST** use the top of each range as specified in
4488 Section 13.

4489 For operation status codes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next status
4490 code in the appropriate class range as specified in Section 13. IANA will publish approved status code
4491 registration specifications as separate files:

4492 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4493 where "xxx-yyy" is the new operation status code keyword.

4494 **6.7 Out-of-band Attribute Value Extensibility**

4495 Out-of-band attribute values (see the beginning of section 4.1) passed in requests and responses may be
4496 registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1. The initial set of out-of-band attribute
4497 value tags have been assigned in the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO].

4498 For out-of-band attribute value tags, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next
4499 out-of-band attribute value tag code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish
4500 approved out-of-band attribute value tags registration specifications as separate files:

4501 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/out-of-band-attribute-value-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt`

4502 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new out-of-band attribute value tag name.

4503 **6.8 Registration of MIME types/sub-types for document-formats**

4504 The "document-format" attribute's syntax is 'mimeType'. This means that valid values are Internet
4505 Media Types (see Section 4.1.9). RFC 2045 [RFC2045] defines the syntax for valid Internet media types.
4506 IANA is the registry for all Internet media types.

4507 **6.9 Registration of charsets for use in 'charset' attribute values**

4508 The "attributes-charset" attribute's syntax is 'charset'. This means that valid values are charsets names.
4509 When a charset in the IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred
4510 MIME name)", if present, MUST be used (see Section 4.1.7). IANA is the registry for charsets following
4511 the procedures of [RFC2278].

4512 **7. Internationalization Considerations**

4513 Some of the attributes have values that are text strings and names which are intended for human
4514 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes in Sections
4515 4.1.1 and 4.1.2).

4516 In each operation request, the client

- 4517 - identifies the charset and natural language of the request which affects each supplied 'text' and 'name'
4518 attribute value, and
4519 - requests the charset and natural language for attributes returned by the IPP object in operation
4520 responses (as described in Section 3.1.4.1).
4521

4522 In addition, the client MAY separately and individually identify the Natural Language Override of a
4523 supplied 'text' or 'name' attribute using the 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' technique
4524 described section 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2 respectively.

4525 All IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset in all 'text' and 'name' attributes supported. If
4526 an IPP object supports more than the UTF-8 charset, the object MUST convert between them in order to
4527 return the requested charset to the client according to Section 3.1.4.2. If an IPP object supports more than
4528 one natural language, the object SHOULD return 'text' and 'name' values in the natural language requested
4529 where those values are generated by the Printer (see Section 3.1.4.1).

4530 For Printers that support multiple charsets and/or multiple natural languages in 'text' and 'name' attributes,
4531 different jobs may have been submitted in differing charsets and/or natural languages. All responses MUST
4532 be returned in the charset requested by the client. However, the Get-Jobs operation uses the
4533 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' mechanism to identify the differing natural languages with
4534 each job attribute returned.

4535 The Printer object also has configured charset and natural language attributes. The client can query the
4536 Printer object to determine the list of charsets and natural languages supported by the Printer object and
4537 what the Printer object's configured values are. See the "charset-configured", "charset-supported", "natural-
4538 language-configured", and "generated-natural-language-supported" Printer description attributes for more
4539 details.

4540 The "charset-supported" attributed identifies the supported charsets. If a charset is supported, the IPP
4541 object MUST be capable of converting to and from that charset into any other supported charset. In many
4542 cases, an IPP object will support only one charset and it MUST be the UTF-8 charset.

4543 The "charset-configured" attribute identifies the one supported charset which is the native charset given the
4544 current configuration of the IPP object (administrator defined).

4545 The "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the set of supported natural languages for
4546 generated messages; it is not related to the set of natural languages that must be accepted for client supplied
4547 'text' and 'name' attributes. For client supplied 'text' and 'name' attributes, an IPP object MUST accept ALL
4548 supplied natural languages. Just because a Printer object is currently configured to support 'en-us' natural
4549 language does not mean that the Printer object should reject a job if the client supplies a job name that is in
4550 'fr-ca'.

4551 The "natural-language-configured" attribute identifies the one supported natural language for generated
4552 messages which is the native natural language given the current configuration of the IPP object
4553 (administrator defined).

4554 Attributes of type 'text' and 'name' are populated from different sources. These attributes can be categorized
4555 into following groups (depending on the source of the attribute):

- 4556 1. Some attributes are supplied by the client (e.g., the client supplied "job-name", "document-name",
4557 and "requesting-user-name" operation attributes along with the corresponding Job object's "job-
4558 name" and "job-originating-user-name" attributes). The IPP object MUST accept these attributes in
4559 any natural language no matter what the set of supported languages for generated messages
- 4560 2. Some attributes are supplied by the system administrator (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-name" and
4561 "printer-location" attributes). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for
4562 these attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural
4563 Language Override mechanism.
- 4564 3. Some attributes are supplied by the device manufacturer (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-make-and-
4565 model" attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these
4566 attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural
4567 Language Override mechanism.
- 4568 4. Some attributes are supplied by the operator (e.g., the Job object's "job-message-from-operator"
4569 attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these attributes is
4570 different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural Language
4571 Override mechanism.
- 4572 5. Some attributes are generated by the IPP object (e.g., the Job object's "job-state-message" attribute,
4573 the Printer object's "printer-state-message" attribute, and the "status-message" operation attribute).
4574 These attributes can only be in one of the "generated-natural-language-supported" natural
4575 languages. If a client requests some natural language for these attributes other than one of the
4576 supported values, the IPP object SHOULD respond using the value of the "natural-language-
4577 configured" attribute (using the Natural Language Override mechanism if needed).

4578
4579 The 'text' and 'name' attributes specified in this version of this document (additional ones will be registered
4580 according to the procedures in Section 6) are:

Attributes	Source
Operation Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client
document-name (name)	client
requesting-user-name (name)	client
status-message (text)	Job or Printer object
detailed-status-message (text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
document-access-error (text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
Job Template Attributes:	
job-hold-until (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-default (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-supported (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-ready (keyword name)	client matches administrator-configured
Job Description Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client or Printer object
job-originating-user-name (name)	Printer object
job-state-message (text)	Job or Printer object
output-device-assigned (name(127))	administrator
job-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator
job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
job-document-access-errors (1setOf text)	Job or Printer object - see rule 1
Printer Description Attributes:	
printer-name (name(127))	administrator
printer-location (text(127))	administrator
printer-info (text(127))	administrator
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	administrator or manufacturer
printer-state-message (text)	Printer object
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator

4581 Rule 1 - Neither the Printer nor the client localizes these message attributes, since they are intended for use
4582 by the system administrator or other experienced technical persons.

4583

4584

8. Security Considerations

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It is difficult to anticipate the security risks that might exist in any given IPP environment. For example, if IPP is used within a given corporation over a private network, the risks of exposing document data may be low enough that the corporation will choose not to use encryption on that data. However, if the connection between the client and the IPP object is over a public network, the client may wish to protect the content of the information during transmission through the network with encryption.

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Furthermore, the value of the information being printed may vary from one IPP environment to the next. Printing payroll checks, for example, would have a different value than printing public information from a file. There is also the possibility of denial-of-service attacks, but denial-of-service attacks against printing resources are not well understood and there is no published precedents regarding this scenario.

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Once the authenticated identity of the requester has been supplied to the IPP object, the object uses that identity to enforce any authorization policy that might be in place. For example, one site's policy might be that only the job owner is allowed to cancel a job. The details and mechanisms to set up a particular access control policy are not part of IPP/1.1, and must be established via some other type of administrative or access control framework. However, there are operation status codes that allow an IPP server to return information back to a client about any potential access control violations for an IPP object.

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During a create operation, the client's identity is recorded in the Job object in an implementation-defined attribute. This information can be used to verify a client's identity for subsequent operations on that Job object in order to enforce any access control policy that might be in effect. See section 8.3 below for more details.

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Since the security levels or the specific threats that any given IPP system administrator may be concerned with cannot be anticipated, IPP **MUST** be capable of operating with different security mechanisms and security policies as required by the individual installation. Security policies might vary from very strong, to very weak, to none at all, and corresponding security mechanisms will be required.

4608

8.1 Security Scenarios

4609

4610

4611

The following sections describe specific security attacks for IPP environments. Where examples are provided they should be considered illustrative of the environment and not an exhaustive set. Not all of these environments will necessarily be addressed in initial implementations of IPP.

4612

8.1.1 Client and Server in the Same Security Domain

4613

4614

4615

This environment is typical of internal networks where traditional office workers print the output of personal productivity applications on shared work-group printers, or where batch applications print their output on large production printers. Although the identity of the user may be trusted in this environment, a

4616 user might want to protect the content of a document against such attacks as eavesdropping, replaying or
4617 tampering.

4618 **8.1.2 Client and Server in Different Security Domains**

4619 Examples of this environment include printing a document created by the client on a publicly available
4620 printer, such as at a commercial print shop; or printing a document remotely on a business associate's
4621 printer. This latter operation is functionally equivalent to sending the document to the business associate as
4622 a facsimile. Printing sensitive information on a Printer in a different security domain requires strong
4623 security measures. In this environment authentication of the printer is required as well as protection against
4624 unauthorized use of print resources. Since the document crosses security domains, protection against
4625 eavesdropping and document tampering are also required. It will also be important in this environment to
4626 protect Printers against "spamming" and malicious document content.

4627 **8.1.3 Print by Reference**

4628 When the document is not stored on the client, printing can be done by reference. That is, the print request
4629 can contain a reference, or pointer, to the document instead of the actual document itself (see sections 3.2.2
4630 and 3.3.2). Standard methods currently do not exist for remote entities to "assume" the credentials of a
4631 client for forwarding requests to a 3rd party. It is anticipated that Print-By-Reference will be used to access
4632 "public" documents and that sophisticated methods for authenticating "proxies" is not specified in this
4633 document.

4634 **8.2 URIs in Operation, Job, and Printer attributes**

4635 The "printer-uri-supported" attribute contains the Printer object's URI(s). Its companion attribute, "uri-
4636 security-supported", identifies the security mechanism used for each URI listed in the "printer-uri-
4637 supported" attribute. For each Printer operation request, a client MUST supply only one URI in the
4638 "printer-uri" operation attribute. In other words, even though the Printer supports more than one URI, the
4639 client only interacts with the Printer object using one of its URIs. This duality is not needed for Job objects,
4640 since the Printer object is the factory for Job objects, and the Printer object will generate the correct URI
4641 for new Job objects depending on the Printer object's security configuration.

4642 **8.3 URIs for each authentication mechanisms**

4643 Each URI has an authentication mechanism associated with it. If the URI is the i'th element of "printer-uri-
4644 supported", then authentication mechanism is the "i th" element of "uri-authentication-supported". For a list
4645 of possible authentication mechanisms, see section 4.4.2.

4646 The Printer object uses an authentication mechanism to determine the name of the user performing an
4647 operation. This user is called the "authenticated user". The credibility of authentication depends on the
4648 mechanism that the Printer uses to obtain the user's name. When the authentication mechanism is 'none', all
4649 authenticated users are "anonymous".

4650 During job creation operations, the Printer initializes the value of the "job-originating-user-name" attribute
4651 (see section 4.3.6) to be the authenticated user. The authenticated user in this case is called the "job owner".

4652 If an implementation can be configured to support more than one authentication mechanism (see section
4653 4.4.2), then it **MUST** implement rules for determining equality of authenticated user names which have
4654 been authenticated via different authentication mechanisms. One possible policy is that identical names
4655 that are authenticated via different mechanisms are different. For example, a user can cancel his job only if
4656 he uses the same authentication mechanism for both Cancel-Job and Print-Job. Another policy is that
4657 identical names that are authenticated via different mechanism are the same if the authentication
4658 mechanism for the later operation is not less strong than the authentication mechanism for the earlier job
4659 creation operation. For example, a user can cancel his job only if he uses the same or stronger
4660 authentication mechanism for Cancel-Job and Print-Job. With this second policy a job submitted via
4661 'requesting-user-name' authentication could be canceled via 'digest' authentication. With the first policy, the
4662 job could not be canceled in this way.

4663 A client is able to determine the authentication mechanism used to create a job. It is the i'th value of the
4664 Printer's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.2), where i is the index of the element of
4665 the Printer's "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.1) equal to the job's "job-printer-uri" attribute
4666 (see section 4.3.3).

4667 **8.4 Restricted Queries**

4668 In many IPP operations, a client supplies a list of attributes to be returned in the response. For security
4669 reasons, an IPP object may be configured not to return all attributes (or all values) that a client requests.
4670 The job attributes returned **MAY** depend on whether the requesting user is the same as the user that
4671 submitted the job. The IPP object **MAY** even return none of the requested attributes. In such cases, the
4672 status returned is the same as if the object had returned all requested attributes. The client cannot tell by
4673 such a response whether the requested attribute was present or absent on the object.

4674 **8.5 Operations performed by operators and system administrators**

4675 For the three printer operations Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs (see sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8 and
4676 3.2.9), the requesting user is intended to be an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see section 1).
4677 Otherwise, the IPP Printer **MUST** reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-
4678 authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate. For operations on jobs, the requesting user is
4679 intended to be the job owner or may be an operator or administrator of the Printer object. The means for
4680 authorizing an operator or administrator of the Printer object are not specified in this document.

4681 **8.6 Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols**

4682 If the device that an IPP Printer is representing is able to accept jobs using other job submission protocols
4683 in addition to IPP, it is **RECOMMENDED** that such an implementation at least allow such "foreign" jobs to
4684 be queried using Get-Jobs returning "job-id" and "job-uri" as 'unknown'. Such an implementation **NEED**
4685 **NOT** support all of the same IPP job attributes as for IPP jobs. The IPP object returns the 'unknown' out-of-

4686 band value for any requested attribute of a foreign job that is supported for IPP jobs, but not for foreign
4687 jobs.

4688 It is further RECOMMENDED, that the IPP Printer generate "job-id" and "job-uri" values for such "foreign
4689 jobs", if possible, so that they may be targets of other IPP operations, such as Get-Job-Attributes and
4690 Cancel-Job. Such an implementation also needs to deal with the problem of authentication of such foreign
4691 jobs. One approach would be to treat all such foreign jobs as belonging to users other than the user of the
4692 IPP client. Another approach would be for the foreign job to belong to 'anonymous'. Only if the IPP client
4693 has been authenticated as an operator or administrator of the IPP Printer object, could the foreign jobs be
4694 queried by an IPP request. Alternatively, if the security policy is to allow users to query other users' jobs,
4695 then the foreign jobs would also be visible to an end-user IPP client using Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes.

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4855

4856 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join IPP Mailing List in order to participate
4857 in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and
4858 values.
4859

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4862 **11. Formats for IPP Registration Proposals**

4863 In order to propose an IPP extension for registration, the proposer must submit an application to IANA by
4864 email to "iana@iana.org" or by filling out the appropriate form on the IANA web pages
4865 (<http://www.iana.org>). This section specifies the required information and the formats for proposing
4866 registrations of extensions to IPP as provided in Section 6 for:

- 4867
- 4868 1. type2 'keyword' attribute values
- 4869 2. type3 'keyword' attribute values
- 4870 3. type2 'enum' attribute values
- 4871 4. type3 'enum' attribute values
- 4872 5. attributes
- 4873 6. attribute syntaxes
- 4874 7. operations
- 4875 8. status codes
- 4876 9. out-of-band attribute values

4877 **11.1 Type2 keyword attribute values registration**

4878 Type of registration: type2 keyword attribute value

4879 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

4880 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

4881 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

4882 Name of proposer:

4883 Address of proposer:

4884 Email address of proposer:

4885

4886 Note: For type2 keywords, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4887 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4888 **11.2 Type3 keyword attribute values registration**

4889 Type of registration: type3 keyword attribute value

4890 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

4891 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

4892 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

4893 Name of proposer:

4894 Address of proposer:

4895 Email address of proposer:

4896

4897 Note: For type3 keywords, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4898 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4899 **11.3 Type2 enum attribute values registration**

4900 Type of registration: type2 enum attribute value

4901 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

4902 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:

4903 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4904 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):

4905 Name of proposer:

4906 Address of proposer:

4907 Email address of proposer:

4908

4909 Note: For type2 enums, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4910 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4911 **11.4 Type3 enum attribute values registration**

4912 Type of registration: type3 enum attribute value

4913 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

4914 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:

4915 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4916 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):

4917 Name of proposer:

4918 Address of proposer:

4919 Email address of proposer:

4920

4921 Note: For type3 enums, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration specification,
4922 if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4923 **11.5 Attribute registration**

4924 Type of registration: attribute

4925 Proposed keyword name of this attribute:

4926 Types of attribute (Operation, Job Template, Job Description, Printer Description):

4927 Operations to be used with if the attribute is an operation attribute:

4928 Object (Job, Printer, etc. if bound to an object):

4929 Attribute syntax(es) (include 1setOf and range as in Section 4.2):

4930 If attribute syntax is 'keyword' or 'enum', is it type2 or type3:

4931 If this is a Printer attribute, MAY the value returned depend on "document-format" (See Section 6.2):

4932 If this is a Job Template attribute, how does its specification depend on the value of the "multiple-
4933 document-handling" attribute:

4934 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.2):

4935 Name of proposer:

4936 Address of proposer:

4937 Email address of proposer:

4938

4939 Note: For attributes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4940 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4941 **11.6 Attribute Syntax registration**

4942 Type of registration: attribute syntax

4943 Proposed name of this attribute syntax:

4944 Type of attribute syntax (integer, octetString, character-string, see [IPP-PRO]):

4945 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4946 IANA):

4947 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1):

4948 Name of proposer:

4949 Address of proposer:

4950 Email address of proposer:

4951

4952 Note: For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved
4953 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4954 **11.7 Operation registration**

4955 Type of registration: operation

4956 Proposed name of this operation:

4957 Numeric operation-id value according to section 4.4.15 (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in
4958 consultation with IANA):

4959 Object Target (Job, Printer, etc. that operation is upon):

4960 Specification of this operation (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

4961 Name of proposer:

4962 Address of proposer:

4963 Email address of proposer:

4964

4965 Note: For operations, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4966 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4967 **11.8 Attribute Group registration**

4968 Type of registration: attribute group

4969 Proposed name of this attribute group:

4970 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4971 IANA):

4972 Operation requests and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

4973 Operation responses and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

4974 Specification of this attribute group (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

4975 Name of proposer:

4976 Address of proposer:

4977 Email address of proposer:

4978

4979 Note: For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved
4980 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4981 **11.9 Status code registration**

4982 Type of registration: status code

4983 Keyword symbolic name of this status code value:

4984 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4985 Operations that this status code may be used with:

4986 Specification of this status code (follow the style of IPP Model Section 13 APPENDIX B: Status Codes
4987 and Suggested Status Code Messages):

4988 Name of proposer:

4989 Address of proposer:

4990 Email address of proposer:

4991

4992 Note: For status codes, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration
4993 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

4994 **11.10 Out-of-band Attribute Value registration**

4995 Type of registration: out-of-band attribute value

4996 Proposed name of this out-of-band attribute value:

4997 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with
4998 IANA):

4999 Operations that this out-of-band attribute value may be used with:

5000 Attributes that this out-of-band attribute value may be used with:

5001 Specification of this out-of-band attribute value (follow the style of the beginning of IPP Model Section
5002 4.1):

5003 Name of proposer:

5004 Address of proposer:

5005 Email address of proposer:

5006

5007 Note: For out-of-band attribute values, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the
5008 approved registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

5009 **12. APPENDIX A: Terminology**

5010 This specification document uses the terminology defined in this section.

5011 **12.1 Conformance Terminology**

5012 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT",
5013 "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in
5014 RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

5015 **12.1.1 NEED NOT**

5016 This term is not included in RFC 2119. The verb "NEED NOT" indicates an action that the subject of the
5017 sentence does not have to implement in order to claim conformance to the standard. The verb "NEED
5018 NOT" is used instead of "MAY NOT" since "MAY NOT" sounds like a prohibition.

5019 **12.2 Model Terminology**

5020 **12.2.1 Keyword**

5021 Keywords are used within this document as identifiers of semantic entities within the abstract model (see
5022 section 4.1.2.3). Attribute names, some attribute values, attribute syntaxes, and attribute group names are
5023 represented as keywords.

5024 **12.2.2 Attributes**

5025 An attribute is an item of information that is associated with an instance of an IPP object. An attribute
5026 consists of an attribute name and one or more attribute values. Each attribute has a specific attribute syntax.
5027 All object attributes are defined in section 4 and all operation attributes are defined in section 3.

5028 Job Template Attributes are described in section 4.2. The client optionally supplies Job Template attributes
5029 in a create request (operation requests that create Job objects). The Printer object has associated attributes
5030 which define supported and default values for the Printer.

5031 **12.2.2.1 Attribute Name**

5032 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document by its attribute name. An attribute name is a keyword.
5033 The keyword attribute name is given in the section header describing that attribute. In running text in this
5034 document, attribute names are indicated inside double quotation marks (") where the quotation marks are
5035 not part of the keyword itself.

5036 **12.2.2.2 Attribute Group Name**

5037 Related attributes are grouped into named groups. The name of the group is a keyword. The group name
5038 may be used in place of naming all the attributes in the group explicitly. Attribute groups are defined in
5039 section 3.

5040 12.2.2.3 Attribute Value

5041 Each attribute has one or more values. Attribute values are represented in the syntax type specified for that
5042 attribute. In running text in this document, attribute values are indicated inside single quotation marks ('),
5043 whether their attribute syntax is keyword, integer, text, etc. where the quotation marks are not part of the
5044 value itself.

5045 12.2.2.4 Attribute Syntax

5046 Each attribute is defined using an explicit syntax type. In this document, each syntax type is defined as a
5047 keyword with specific meaning. The "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] indicates the actual
5048 "on-the-wire" encoding rules for each syntax type. Attribute syntax types are defined in section 4.1.

5049 12.2.3 Supports

5050 By definition, a Printer object supports an attribute only if that Printer object responds with the
5051 corresponding attribute populated with some value(s) in a response to a query for that attribute. A Printer
5052 object supports an attribute value if the value is one of the Printer object's "supported values" attributes.
5053 The device behind a Printer object may exhibit a behavior that corresponds to some IPP attribute, but if the
5054 Printer object, when queried for that attribute, doesn't respond with the attribute, then as far as IPP is
5055 concerned, that implementation does not support that feature. If the Printer object's "xxx-supported"
5056 attribute is not populated with a particular value (even if that value is a legal value for that attribute), then
5057 that Printer object does not support that particular value.

5058 A conforming implementation **MUST** support all **REQUIRED** attributes. However, even for **REQUIRED**
5059 attributes, conformance to IPP does not mandate that all implementations support all possible values
5060 representing all possible job processing behaviors and features. For example, if a given instance of a
5061 Printer supports only certain document formats, then that Printer responds with the "document-format-
5062 supported" attribute populated with a set of values, possibly only one, taken from the entire set of possible
5063 values defined for that attribute. This limited set of values represents the Printer's set of supported
5064 document formats. Supporting an attribute and some set of values for that attribute enables IPP end users to
5065 be aware of and make use of those features associated with that attribute and those values. If an
5066 implementation chooses to not support an attribute or some specific value, then IPP end users would have
5067 no ability to make use of that feature within the context of IPP itself. However, due to existing practice and
5068 legacy systems which are not IPP aware, there might be some other mechanism outside the scope of IPP to
5069 control or request the "unsupported" feature (such as embedded instructions within the document data
5070 itself).

5071 For example, consider the "finishings-supported" attribute.

- 5072 1) If a Printer object is not physically capable of stapling, the "finishings-supported" attribute **MUST**
5073 NOT be populated with the value of 'staple'.
- 5074 2) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, however an implementation chooses not to support
5075 stapling in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' **MUST NOT** be a value in the
5076 "finishings-supported" Printer object attribute. Without support for the value 'staple', an IPP end
5077 user would have no means within the protocol itself to request that a Job be stapled. However, an

5078 existing document data formatter might be able to request that the document be stapled directly with
5079 an embedded instruction within the document data. In this case, the IPP implementation does not
5080 "support" stapling, however the end user is still able to have some control over the stapling of the
5081 completed job.

- 5082 3) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, and an implementation chooses to support stapling
5083 in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' MUST be a value in the "finishings-supported"
5084 Printer object attribute. Doing so, would enable end users to be aware of and make use of the
5085 stapling feature using IPP attributes.
5086

5087 Even though support for Job Template attributes by a Printer object is OPTIONAL, it is RECOMMENDED
5088 that if the device behind a Printer object is capable of realizing any feature or function that corresponds to
5089 an IPP attribute and some associated value, then that implementation SHOULD support that IPP attribute
5090 and value.

5091 The set of values in any of the supported value attributes is set (populated) by some administrative process
5092 or automatic sensing mechanism that is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. For administrative
5093 policy and control reasons, an administrator may choose to make only a subset of possible values visible to
5094 the end user. In this case, the real output device behind the IPP Printer abstraction may be capable of a
5095 certain feature, however an administrator is specifying that access to that feature not be exposed to the end
5096 user through the IPP protocol. Also, since a Printer object may represent a logical print device (not just a
5097 physical device) the actual process for supporting a value is undefined and left up to the implementation.
5098 However, if a Printer object supports a value, some manual human action may be needed to realize the
5099 semantic action associated with the value, but no end user action is required.

5100 For example, if one of the values in the "finishings-supported" attribute is 'staple', the actual process might
5101 be an automatic staple action by a physical device controlled by some command sent to the device. Or, the
5102 actual process of stapling might be a manual action by an operator at an operator attended Printer object.

5103 For another example of how supported attributes function, consider a system administrator who desires to
5104 control all print jobs so that no job sheets are printed in order to conserve paper. To force no job sheets, the
5105 system administrator sets the only supported value for the "job-sheets-supported" attribute to 'none'. In this
5106 case, if a client requests anything except 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is
5107 ignored (depending on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"). To force the use of job start/end sheets on all
5108 jobs, the administrator does not include the value 'none' in the "job-sheets-supported" attribute. In this case,
5109 if a client requests 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is ignored (again depending
5110 on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity").

5111 **12.2.4 print-stream page**

5112 A "print-stream page" is a page according to the definition of pages in the language used to express the
5113 document data.

5114 **12.2.5 impression**

5115 An "impression" is the image (possibly many print-stream pages in different configurations) imposed onto a
5116 single media page.

5117 **13. APPENDIX B: Status Codes and Suggested Status Code Messages**

5118 This section defines status code enum keywords and values that are used to provide semantic information
5119 on the results of an operation request. Each operation response **MUST** include a status code. The response
5120 **MAY** also contain a status message that provides a short textual description of the status. The status code
5121 is intended for use by automata, and the status message is intended for the human end user. Since the status
5122 message is an **OPTIONAL** component of the operation response, an IPP application (i.e., a browser, GUI,
5123 print driver or gateway) is **NOT REQUIRED** to examine or display the status message, since it **MAY** not be
5124 returned to the application.

5125 The prefix of the status keyword defines the class of response as follows:

5126 "informational" - Request received, continuing process
5127 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted
5128 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request
5129 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled
5130 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request
5131

5132 As with type2 enums, IPP status codes are extensible. IPP clients are **NOT REQUIRED** to understand the
5133 meaning of all registered status codes, though such understanding is obviously desirable. However, IPP
5134 clients **MUST** understand the class of any status code, as indicated by the prefix, and treat any unrecognized
5135 response as being equivalent to the first status code of that class, with the exception that an unrecognized
5136 response **MUST NOT** be cached. For example, if an unrecognized status code of "client-error-xxx-yyy" is
5137 received by the client, it can safely assume that there was something wrong with its request and treat the
5138 response as if it had received a "client-error-bad-request" status code. In such cases, IPP applications
5139 **SHOULD** present the **OPTIONAL** message (if present) to the end user since the message is likely to
5140 contain human readable information which will help to explain the unusual status. The name of the enum
5141 is the suggested status message for US English.

5142 The status code values range from 0x0000 to 0x7FFF. The value ranges for each status code class are as
5143 follows:

5144 "successful" - 0x0000 to 0x00FF
5145 "informational" - 0x0100 to 0x01FF
5146 "redirection" - 0x0200 to 0x02FF
5147 "client-error" - 0x0400 to 0x04FF
5148 "server-error" - 0x0500 to 0x05FF
5149

5150 The top half (128 values) of each range (0x0n40 to 0x0nFF, for n = 0 to 5) is reserved for vendor use within
5151 each status code class. Values 0x0600 to 0x7FFF are reserved for future assignment by IETF standards
5152 track documents and MUST NOT be used.

5153 **13.1 Status Codes**

5154 Each status code is described below. Section 13.1.5.9 contains a table that indicates which status codes
5155 apply to which operations. The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] describe the suggested steps for processing
5156 IPP attributes for all operations, including returning status codes.

5157 **13.1.1 Informational**

5158 This class of status code indicates a provisional response and is to be used for informational purposes only.

5159 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

5160 **13.1.2 Successful Status Codes**

5161 This class of status code indicates that the client's request was successfully received, understood, and
5162 accepted.

5163 **13.1.2.1 successful-ok (0x0000)**

5164 The request has succeeded and no request attributes were substituted or ignored. In the case of a response
5165 to a create request, the 'successful-ok' status code indicates that the request was successfully received and
5166 validated, and that the Job object has been created; it does not indicate that the job has been processed. The
5167 transition of the Job object into the 'completed' state is the only indicator that the job has been printed.

5168 **13.1.2.2 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001)**

5169 The request has succeeded, but some supplied (1) attributes were ignored or (2) unsupported values were
5170 substituted with supported values or were ignored in order to perform the operation without rejecting it.
5171 Unsupported attributes, attribute syntaxes, or values MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes
5172 group of the response for all operations. There is an exception to this rule for the query operations: Get-
5173 Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes for the "requested-attributes" operation attribute only.
5174 When the supplied values of the "requested-attributes" operation attribute are requesting attributes that are
5175 not supported, the IPP object MAY, but is NOT REQUIRED to, return the "requested-attributes" attribute
5176 in the Unsupported Attribute response group (with the unsupported values only). See sections 3.1.7 and
5177 3.2.1.2.

5178 **13.1.2.3 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes (0x0002)**

5179 The request has succeeded, but some supplied attribute values conflicted with the values of other supplied
5180 attributes. These conflicting values were either (1) substituted with (supported) values or (2) the attributes

5181 were removed in order to process the job without rejecting it. Attributes or values which conflict with other
5182 attributes and have been substituted or ignored MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group of
5183 the response for all operations as supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2.

5184 **13.1.3 Redirection Status Codes**

5185 This class of status code indicates that further action needs to be taken to fulfill the request.

5186 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

5187 **13.1.4 Client Error Status Codes**

5188 This class of status code is intended for cases in which the client seems to have erred. The IPP object
5189 SHOULD return a message containing an explanation of the error situation and whether it is a temporary or
5190 permanent condition.

5191 **13.1.4.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400)**

5192 The request could not be understood by the IPP object due to malformed syntax (such as the value of a
5193 fixed length attribute whose length does not match the prescribed length for that attribute - see the
5194 Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]). The IPP application SHOULD NOT repeat the request without
5195 modifications.

5196 **13.1.4.2 client-error-forbidden (0x0401)**

5197 The IPP object understood the request, but is refusing to fulfill it. Additional authentication information or
5198 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is
5199 commonly used when the IPP object does not wish to reveal exactly why the request has been refused or
5200 when no other response is applicable.

5201 **13.1.4.3 client-error-not-authenticated (0x0402)**

5202 The request requires user authentication. The IPP client may repeat the request with suitable authentication
5203 information. If the request already included authentication information, then this status code indicates that
5204 authorization has been refused for those credentials. If this response contains the same challenge as the
5205 prior response, and the user agent has already attempted authentication at least once, then the response
5206 message may contain relevant diagnostic information. This status codes reveals more information than
5207 "client-error-forbidden".

5208 **13.1.4.4 client-error-not-authorized (0x0403)**

5209 The requester is not authorized to perform the request. Additional authentication information or
5210 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is used
5211 when the IPP object wishes to reveal that the authentication information is understandable, however, the

5212 requester is explicitly not authorized to perform the request. This status codes reveals more information
5213 than "client-error-forbidden" and "client-error-not-authenticated".

5214 **13.1.4.5 client-error-not-possible (0x0404)**

5215 This status code is used when the request is for something that can not happen. For example, there might
5216 be a request to cancel a job that has already been canceled or aborted by the system. The IPP client
5217 SHOULD NOT repeat the request.

5218 **13.1.4.6 client-error-timeout (0x0405)**

5219 The client did not produce a request within the time that the IPP object was prepared to wait. For example,
5220 a client issued a Create-Job operation and then, after a long period of time, issued a Send-Document
5221 operation and this error status code was returned in response to the Send-Document request (see section
5222 3.3.1). The IPP object might have been forced to clean up resources that had been held for the waiting
5223 additional Documents. The IPP object was forced to close the Job since the client took too long. The client
5224 SHOULD NOT repeat the request without modifications.

5225 **13.1.4.7 client-error-not-found (0x0406)**

5226 The IPP object has not found anything matching the request URI. No indication is given of whether the
5227 condition is temporary or permanent. For example, a client with an old reference to a Job (a URI) tries to
5228 cancel the Job, however in the mean time the Job might have been completed and all record of it at the
5229 Printer has been deleted. This status code, 'client-error-not-found' is returned indicating that the referenced
5230 Job can not be found. This error status code is also used when a client supplies a URI as a reference to the
5231 document data in either a Print-URI or Send-URI operation, but the document can not be found.

5232 In practice, an IPP application should avoid a not found situation by first querying and presenting a list of
5233 valid Printer URIs and Job URIs to the end-user.

5234 **13.1.4.8 client-error-gone (0x0407)**

5235 The requested object is no longer available and no forwarding address is known. This condition should be
5236 considered permanent. Clients with link editing capabilities should delete references to the request URI
5237 after user approval. If the IPP object does not know or has no facility to determine, whether or not the
5238 condition is permanent, the status code "client-error-not-found" should be used instead.

5239 This response is primarily intended to assist the task of maintenance by notifying the recipient that the
5240 resource is intentionally unavailable and that the IPP object administrator desires that remote links to that
5241 resource be removed. It is not necessary to mark all permanently unavailable resources as "gone" or to keep
5242 the mark for any length of time -- that is left to the discretion of the IPP object administrator.

5243 13.1.4.9 client-error-request-entity-too-large (0x0408)

5244 The IPP object is refusing to process a request because the request entity is larger than the IPP object is
5245 willing or able to process. An IPP Printer returns this status code when it limits the size of print jobs and it
5246 receives a print job that exceeds that limit or when the attributes are so many that their encoding causes the
5247 request entity to exceed IPP object capacity.

5248 13.1.4.10 client-error-request-value-too-long (0x0409)

5249 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because one or more of the client-supplied attributes has a
5250 variable length value that is longer than the maximum length specified for that attribute. The IPP object
5251 might not have sufficient resources (memory, buffers, etc.) to process (even temporarily), interpret, and/or
5252 ignore a value larger than the maximum length. Another use of this error code is when the IPP object
5253 supports the processing of a large value that is less than the maximum length, but during the processing of
5254 the request as a whole, the object may pass the value onto some other system component which is not able
5255 to accept the large value. For more details, see the Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] .

5256 Note: For attribute values that are URIs, this rare condition is only likely to occur when a client has
5257 improperly submitted a request with long query information (e.g. an IPP application allows an end-user to
5258 enter an invalid URI), when the client has descended into a URI "black hole" of redirection (e.g., a
5259 redirected URI prefix that points to a suffix of itself), or when the IPP object is under attack by a client
5260 attempting to exploit security holes present in some IPP objects using fixed-length buffers for reading or
5261 manipulating the Request-URI.

5262 13.1.4.11 client-error-document-format-not-supported (0x040A)

5263 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data is in a format, as specified in
5264 the "document-format" operation attribute, that is not supported by the Printer object. This error is returned
5265 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code,
5266 even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger
5267 problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.2.1.1.

5268 13.1.4.12 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported (0x040B)

5269 In a create request, if the Printer object does not support one or more attributes, attribute syntaxes, or
5270 attribute values supplied in the request and the client supplied the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute
5271 with the 'true' value, the Printer object MUST return this status code. The Printer object MUST also return
5272 in the Unsupported Attributes Group all the attributes and/or values supplied by the client that are not
5273 supported. See section 3.1.7. For example, if the request indicates 'iso-a4' media, but that media type is not
5274 supported by the Printer object. Or, if the client supplies a Job Template attribute and the attribute itself is
5275 not even supported by the Printer. If the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute is 'false', the Printer MUST ignore
5276 or substitute values for unsupported Job Template attributes and values rather than reject the request and
5277 return this status code.

5278 For any operation where a client requests attributes (such as a Get-Jobs, Get-Printer-Attributes, or Get-Job-
5279 Attributes operation), if the IPP object does not support one or more of the requested attributes, the IPP
5280 object simply ignores the unsupported requested attributes and processes the request as if they had not been
5281 supplied, rather than returning this status code. In this case, the IPP object **MUST** return the 'successful-ok-
5282 ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code and **MAY** return the unsupported attributes as values of the
5283 "requested-attributes" in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 13.1.2.2).

5284 **13.1.4.13 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C)**

5285 The scheme of the client-supplied URI in a Print-URI or a Send-URI operation is not supported. See
5286 sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5287 **13.1.4.14 client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D)**

5288 For any operation, if the IPP Printer does not support the charset supplied by the client in the "attributes-
5289 charset" operation attribute, the Printer **MUST** reject the operation and return this status and any 'text' or
5290 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset (see Section 3.1.4.1). See sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5291 **13.1.4.15 client-error-conflicting-attributes (0x040E)**

5292 The request is rejected because some attribute values conflicted with the values of other attributes which
5293 this document does not permit to be substituted or ignored. The Printer object **MUST** also return in the
5294 Unsupported Attributes Group the conflicting attributes supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and
5295 3.2.1.2.

5296 **13.1.4.16 client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)**

5297 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data, as specified in the
5298 "compression" operation attribute, is compressed in a way that is not supported by the Printer object. This
5299 error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object **MUST** return
5300 this status code, even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this
5301 error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.2.1.1.

5302 **13.1.4.17 client-error-compression-error (0x0410)**

5303 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data cannot be decompressed when
5304 using the algorithm specified by the "compression" operation attribute. This error is returned independent
5305 of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object **MUST** return this status code, even if there
5306 are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job
5307 Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1.

5308 13.1.4.18 client-error-document-format-error (0x0411)

5309 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because Printer encountered an error in the document data
5310 while interpreting it. This error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The
5311 Printer object **MUST** return this status code, even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported
5312 as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and
5313 3.2.1.1.

5314 13.1.4.19 client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)

5315 The IPP object is refusing to service the Print-URI or Send-URI request because Printer encountered an
5316 access error while attempting to validate the accessibility or access the document data specified in the
5317 "document-uri" operation attribute. The Printer **MAY** also return a specific document access error code
5318 using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4). This error is returned
5319 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object **MUST** return this status code,
5320 even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem
5321 than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5322 13.1.5 Server Error Status Codes

5323 This class of status codes indicates cases in which the IPP object is aware that it has erred or is incapable of
5324 performing the request. The IPP object **SHOULD** include a message containing an explanation of the error
5325 situation, and whether it is a temporary or permanent condition.

5326 13.1.5.1 server-error-internal-error (0x0500)

5327 The IPP object encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the request. This error
5328 status code differs from "server-error-temporary-error" in that it implies a more permanent type of internal
5329 error. It also differs from "server-error-device-error" in that it implies an unexpected condition (unlike a
5330 paper-jam or out-of-toner problem which is undesirable but expected). This error status code indicates that
5331 probably some knowledgeable human intervention is required.

5332 13.1.5.2 server-error-operation-not-supported (0x0501)

5333 The IPP object does not support the functionality required to fulfill the request. This is the appropriate
5334 response when the IPP object does not recognize an operation or is not capable of supporting it. See
5335 sections 3.1.6.1 and 3.1.7.

5336 13.1.5.3 server-error-service-unavailable (0x0502)

5337 The IPP object is currently unable to handle the request due to a temporary overloading or maintenance of
5338 the IPP object. The implication is that this is a temporary condition which will be alleviated after some
5339 delay. If known, the length of the delay may be indicated in the message. If no delay is given, the IPP
5340 application should handle the response as it would for a "server-error-temporary-error" response. If the

5341 condition is more permanent, the error status codes "client-error-gone" or "client-error-not-found" could be
5342 used.

5343 **13.1.5.4 server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503)**

5344 The IPP object does not support, or refuses to support, the IPP protocol version that was supplied as the
5345 value of the "version-number" operation parameter in the request. The IPP object is indicating that it is
5346 unable or unwilling to complete the request using the same major and minor version number as supplied in
5347 the request other than with this error message. The error response SHOULD contain a "status-message"
5348 attribute (see section 3.1.6.2) describing why that version is not supported and what other versions are
5349 supported by that IPP object. See sections 3.1.6.1, 3.1.7, and 3.1.8.

5350 The error response MUST identify in the "version-number" operation parameter the closest version number
5351 that the IPP object does support. For example, if a client supplies version '1.0' and an IPP/1.1 object
5352 supports version '1.0', then it responds with version '1.0' in all responses to such a request. If the IPP/1.1
5353 object does not support version '1.0', then it should accept the request and respond with version '1.1' or may
5354 reject the request and respond with this error code and version '1.1'. If a client supplies a version '1.2', the
5355 IPP/1.1 object should accept the request and return version '1.1' or may reject the request and respond with
5356 this error code and version '1.1'. See sections 3.1.8 and 4.4.14.

5357 **13.1.5.5 server-error-device-error (0x0504)**

5358 A printer error, such as a paper jam, occurs while the IPP object processes a Print or Send operation. The
5359 response contains the true Job Status (the values of the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes).
5360 Additional information can be returned in the OPTIONAL "job-state-message" attribute value or in the
5361 OPTIONAL status message that describes the error in more detail. This error status code is only returned in
5362 situations where the Printer is unable to accept the create request because of such a device error. For
5363 example, if the Printer is unable to spool, and can only accept one job at a time, the reason it might reject a
5364 create request is that the printer currently has a paper jam. In many cases however, where the Printer object
5365 can accept the request even though the Printer has some error condition, the 'successful-ok' status code will
5366 be returned. In such a case, the client would look at the returned Job Object Attributes or later query the
5367 Printer to determine its state and state reasons.

5368 **13.1.5.6 server-error-temporary-error (0x0505)**

5369 A temporary error such as a buffer full write error, a memory overflow (i.e. the document data exceeds the
5370 memory of the Printer), or a disk full condition, occurs while the IPP Printer processes an operation. The
5371 client MAY try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the
5372 temporary internal error condition may have been cleared. Alternatively, as an implementation option, a
5373 Printer object MAY delay the response until the temporary condition is cleared so that no error is returned.

5374 **13.1.5.7 server-error-not-accepting-jobs (0x0506)**

5375 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is not currently accepting jobs, because the administrator has
5376 set the value of the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute to 'false' (by means outside the scope of
5377 this IPP/1.1 document).

5378 **13.1.5.8 server-error-busy (0x0507)**

5379 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is too busy processing jobs and/or other requests. The client
5380 SHOULD try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the
5381 temporary busy condition will have been cleared.

5382 **13.1.5.9 server-error-job-canceled (0x0508)**

5383 An error indicating that the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was
5384 transmitting the data to the IPP Printer. If a job-id and job-uri had been created, then they are returned in
5385 the Print-Job, Send-Document, or Send-URI response as usual; otherwise, no job-id and job-uri are returned
5386 in the response.

5387 **13.1.5.10 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)**

5388 The IPP object does not support multiple documents per job and a client attempted to supply document data
5389 with a second Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

5390 **13.2 Status Codes for IPP Operations**

5391 PJ = Print-Job, PU = Print-URI, CJ = Create-Job, SD = Send-Document
 5392 SU = Send-URI, V = Validate-Job, GA = Get-Job-Attributes and
 5393 Get-Printer-Attributes, GJ = Get-Jobs, C = Cancel-Job

5394

5395

5396 IPP Status Keyword

IPP Operations

	PJ	PU	CJ	SD	SU	V	GA	GJ	C
--	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---

5397 -----

	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

5398 successful-ok

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5399 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-
5400 attributes

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5401 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5402 client-error-bad-request

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5403 client-error-forbidden

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5404 client-error-not-authenticated

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5405 client-error-not-authorized

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5406 client-error-not-possible

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5407 client-error-timeout

				x	x				
--	--	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5408 client-error-not-found

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5409 client-error-gone

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5410 client-error-request-entity-too-large

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5411 client-error-request-value-too-long

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5412 client-error-document-format-not-

	x	x		x	x	x	x		
--	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	--	--

5413 supported

5414 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5415 supported

5416 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported

		x			x				
--	--	---	--	--	---	--	--	--	--

5417 client-error-charset-not-supported

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5418 client-error-conflicting-attributes

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5419 client-error-compression-not-supported

	x	x		x	x	x			
--	---	---	--	---	---	---	--	--	--

5420 client-error-compression-error

	x	x		x	x				
--	---	---	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5421 client-error-document-format-error

	x	x		x	x				
--	---	---	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5422 client-error-document-access-error

		x			x				
--	--	---	--	--	---	--	--	--	--

5423 server-error-internal-error

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5424 server-error-operation-not-supported

		x	x	x	x				
--	--	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--

5425 server-error-service-unavailable

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5426 server-error-version-not-supported

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5427 server-error-device-error

	x	x	x	x	x				
--	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--

5428 server-error-temporary-error

	x	x	x	x	x				
--	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--

5429 server-error-not-accepting-jobs

	x	x	x			x			
--	---	---	---	--	--	---	--	--	--

5430 server-error-busy

	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

5431 server-error-job-canceled

	x			x	x				
--	---	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5432 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-

				x	x				
--	--	--	--	---	---	--	--	--	--

5433 not-supported

5434 HJ = Hold-Job, RJ = Release-Job, RS = Restart-Job
 5435 PP = Pause-Printer, RP = Resume-Printer, PJ = Purge-Jobs

5436

5437

IPP Operations (cont.)

5438 IPP Status Keyword

HJ RJ RS PP RP PJ

5439 -----

-- -- -- -- -- --

5440 successful-ok

x x x x x x

5441 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-
5442 attributes

x x x x x x

5443 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes

x x x x x x

5444 client-error-bad-request

x x x x x x

5445 client-error-forbidden

x x x x x x

5446 client-error-not-authenticated

x x x x x x

5447 client-error-not-authorized

x x x x x x

5448 client-error-not-possible

x x x x x x

5449 client-error-timeout

5450 client-error-not-found

x x x x x x

5451 client-error-gone

x x x x x x

5452 client-error-request-entity-too-large

x x x x x x

5453 client-error-request-value-too-long

x x x x x x

5454 client-error-document-format-not-
5455 supported5456 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-
5457 supported

x x x x x x

5458 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported

5459 client-error-charset-not-supported

x x x x x x

5460 client-error-conflicting-attributes

x x x x x x

5461 client-error-compression-not-supported

5462 client-error-compression-error

5463 client-error-document-format-error

5464 client-error-document-access-error

5465 server-error-internal-error

x x x x x x

5466 server-error-operation-not-supported

x x x x x x

5467 server-error-service-unavailable

x x x x x x

5468 server-error-version-not-supported

x x x x x x

5469 server-error-device-error

5470 server-error-temporary-error

x x x x x x

5471 server-error-not-accepting-jobs

5472 server-error-busy

x x x x x x

5473 server-error-job-canceled

5474 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-

5475 not-supported

5476

5477

5478 **14. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values**5479 **14. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values**

5480 Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.

5481 Standard values are defined (taken from DPA[ISO10175] and the Printer MIB[RFC1759]):

5482 'default': The default medium for the output device

5483 'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium: 210 mm x 297 mm

5484 'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium: 210 mm x 297 mm

5485 'iso-a4-transparent' Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium: 210 mm x 297 mm

5486 'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium: 297 mm x 420 mm

5487 'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium: 297 mm x 420 mm

5488 'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium: 148 mm x 210 mm

5489 'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium: 148 mm x 210 mm

5490 'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium: 250 mm x 353 mm

5491 'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium: 250 mm x 353 mm

5492 'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium: 176 mm x 250 mm

5493 'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium: 176 mm x 250 mm

5494 'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium: 257 mm x 364 mm

5495 'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium: 257 mm x 364 mm

5496 'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium: 182 mm x 257 mm

5497 'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium: 182 mm x 257 mm

5498

5499 The following standard values are defined for North American media:

5500 'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium

5501 'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium

5502 'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium

5503 'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium

5504 'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium

5505

5506 The following standard values are defined for envelopes:

5507 'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium

5508 'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium

5509 'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium

5510 'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium

5511 'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium

5512 'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium

5513 'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium

5514 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium

5515 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium
5516 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope
5517 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium
5518 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope
5519 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope
5520 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope
5521 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope
5522 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope
5523 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope
5524

5525 The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media-:

5526 'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium
5527 'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium
5528 'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium
5529 'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium
5530 'quarto-white': Specifies the white quarto medium
5531 'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5532 'iso-a0-transparent': Specifies the ISO A0 transparent medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5533 'iso-a0-translucent': Specifies the ISO A0 translucent medium: 841 mm x 1189 mm
5534 'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5535 'iso-a1-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1 transparent medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5536 'iso-a1-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1 translucent medium: 594 mm x 841 mm
5537 'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5538 'iso-a2-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2 transparent medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5539 'iso-a2-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2 translucent medium: 420 mm x 594 mm
5540 'iso-a3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3 transparent medium: 297 mm x 420 mm
5541 'iso-a3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3 translucent medium: 297 mm x 420 mm
5542 'iso-a4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4 translucent medium: 210 mm x 297 mm
5543 'iso-a5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A5 transparent medium: 148 mm x 210 mm
5544 'iso-a5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A5 translucent medium: 148 mm x 210 mm
5545 'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium: 105 mm x 148 mm
5546 'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium: 74 mm x 105 mm
5547 'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium: 52 mm x 74 mm
5548 'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium: 37 mm x 52 mm
5549 'iso-10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium: 26 mm x 37 mm
5550 'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium: 1000 mm x 1414 mm
5551 'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium: 707 mm x 1000 mm
5552 'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium: 500 mm x 707 mm
5553 'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium: 353 mm x 500 mm
5554 'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium: 125 mm x 176 mm
5555 'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium: 88 mm x 125 mm
5556 'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium: 62 mm x 88 mm
5557 'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium: 44 mm x 62 mm
5558 'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium: 31 mm x 44 mm

5559 'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5560 'jis-b0-transparent': Specifies the JIS B0 transparent medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5561 'jis-b0-translucent': Specifies the JIS B0 translucent medium: 1030 mm x 1456 mm
5562 'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5563 'jis-b1-transparent': Specifies the JIS B1 transparent medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5564 'jis-b1-translucent': Specifies the JIS B1 translucent medium: 728 mm x 1030 mm
5565 'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5566 'jis-b2-transparent': Specifies the JIS B2 transparent medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5567 'jis-b2-translucent': Specifies the JIS B2 translucent medium: 515 mm x 728 mm
5568 'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5569 'jis-b3-transparent': Specifies the JIS B3 transparent medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5570 'jis-b3-translucent': Specifies the JIS B3 translucent medium: 364 mm x 515 mm
5571 'jis-b4-transparent': Specifies the JIS B4 transparent medium: 257 mm x 364 mm
5572 'jis-b4-translucent': Specifies the JIS B4 translucent medium: 257 mm x 364 mm
5573 'jis-b5-transparent': Specifies the JIS B5 transparent medium: 182 mm x 257 mm
5574 'jis-b5-translucent': Specifies the JIS B5 translucent medium: 182 mm x 257 mm
5575 'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium: 128 mm x 182 mm
5576 'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium: 91 mm x 128 mm
5577 'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium: 64 mm x 91 mm
5578 'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium: 45 mm x 64 mm
5579 'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium: 32 mm x 45 mm
5580

5581 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media:

5582 'a-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size white medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5583 'a-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size transparent medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5584 'a-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size translucent medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
5585 'b-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size white medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5586 'b-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size transparent medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5587 'b-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size translucent medium: 11 inches x 17 inches
5588 'c-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size white medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5589 'c-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size transparent medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5590 'c-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size translucent medium: 17 inches x 22 inches
5591 'd-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size white medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5592 'd-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size transparent medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5593 'd-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size translucent medium: 22 inches x 34 inches
5594 'e-white': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size white medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5595 'e-transparent': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size transparent medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5596 'e-translucent': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size translucent medium: 34 inches x 44 inches
5597

5598 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media for devices
5599 that provide the "synchro-cut" feature (see section 14.1):

5600 'axsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the
5601 engineering ANSI A size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5602 'axsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the
5603 engineering ANSI A size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5604 'axsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (11 inches) of the
5605 engineering ANSI A size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5606 'bxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the
5607 engineering ANSI B size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5608 'bxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the
5609 engineering ANSI B size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5610 'bxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (17 inches) of the
5611 engineering ANSI B size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5612 'cxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the
5613 engineering ANSI C size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5614 'cxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the
5615 engineering ANSI C size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5616 'cxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (22 inches) of the
5617 engineering ANSI C size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5618 'dxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the
5619 engineering ANSI D size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5620 'dxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the
5621 engineering ANSI D size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5622 'dxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (34 inches) of the
5623 engineering ANSI D size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5624 'exsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the
5625 engineering ANSI E size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5626 'exsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the
5627 engineering ANSI E size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5628 'exsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (44 inches) of the
5629 engineering ANSI E size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5630

5631 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media:

5632 'arch-a-white': Specifies the Architectural A size white medium: 9 inches x 12 inches
5633 'arch-a-transparent': Specifies the Architectural A size transparent medium: 9 inches x 12 inches
5634 'arch-a-translucent': Specifies the Architectural A size translucent medium: 9 inches x 12 inches
5635 'arch-b-white': Specifies the Architectural B size white medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5636 'arch-b-transparent': Specifies the Architectural B size transparent medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5637 'arch-b-translucent': Specifies the Architectural B size translucent medium: 12 inches x 18 inches
5638 'arch-c-white': Specifies the Architectural C size white medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5639 'arch-c-transparent': Specifies the Architectural C size transparent medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5640 'arch-c-translucent': Specifies the Architectural C size translucent medium: 18 inches x 24 inches
5641 'arch-d-white': Specifies the Architectural D size white medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5642 'arch-d-transparent': Specifies the Architectural D size transparent medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5643 'arch-d-translucent': Specifies the Architectural D size translucent medium: 24 inches x 36 inches
5644 'arch-e-white': Specifies the Architectural E size white medium: 36 inches x 48 inches
5645 'arch-e-transparent': Specifies the Architectural E size transparent medium: 36 inches x 48 inches

5646 'arch-e-translucent': Specifies the Architectural E size translucent medium: 36 inches x 48 inches
5647

5648 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media for devices that
5649 provide the "synchro-cut" feature (see section 14.1):

5650 'arch-axsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of the
5651 Architectural A size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5652 'arch-axsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of
5653 the Architectural A size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5654 'arch-axsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (12 inches) of
5655 the Architectural A size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5656 'arch-bxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of the
5657 Architectural B size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5658 'arch-bxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of
5659 the Architectural B size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5660 'arch-bxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (18 inches) of
5661 the Architectural B size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5662 'arch-cxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of the
5663 Architectural C size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5664 'arch-cxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of
5665 the Architectural C size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5666 'arch-cxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (24 inches) of
5667 the Architectural C size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5668 'arch-dxsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of the
5669 Architectural D size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5670 'arch-dxsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of
5671 the Architectural D size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5672 'arch-dxsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (36 inches) of
5673 the Architectural D size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5674 'arch-exsynchro-white': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of the
5675 Architectural E size white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5676 'arch-exsynchro-transparent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of
5677 the Architectural E size transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.

5678 'arch-exsynchro-translucent': Specifies the roll paper having the width of the longer edge (48 inches) of
5679 the Architectural E size translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
5680

5681 The following standard values are defined for Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering
5682 media, which are of a long fixed size [ASME-Y14.1M]:

5683 'iso-a1x3-white': Specifies the ISO A1X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (841 mm)
5684 of the ISO A1 medium

5685 'iso-a1x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5686 (841 mm) of the ISO A1 medium

5687 'iso-a1x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5688 (841 mm) of the ISO A1 medium

5689 'iso-a1x4-white': Specifies the ISO A1X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (841 mm)
5690 of the ISO A1 medium

5691 'iso-a1x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A1X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5692 (841 mm) of the ISO A1 medium

5693 'iso-a1x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A1X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer
5694 edge (841 mm) of the ISO A1 medium

5695 'iso-a2x3-white': Specifies the ISO A2X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm)
5696 of the ISO A2 medium

5697 'iso-a2x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5698 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5699 'iso-a2x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5700 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5701 'iso-a2x4-white': Specifies the ISO A2X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm)
5702 of the ISO A2 medium

5703 'iso-a2x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5704 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5705 'iso-a2x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5706 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5707 'iso-a2x5-white': Specifies the ISO A2X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (594 mm)
5708 of the ISO A2 medium

5709 'iso-a2x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A2X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5710 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5711 'iso-a2x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A2X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5712 (594 mm) of the ISO A2 medium

5713 'iso-a3x3-white': Specifies the ISO A3X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5714 of the ISO A3 medium

5715 'iso-a3x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5716 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5717 'iso-a3x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X3 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5718 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5719 'iso-a3x4-white': Specifies the ISO A3X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5720 of the ISO A3 medium

5721 'iso-a3x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5722 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5723 'iso-a3x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5724 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5725 'iso-a3x5-white': Specifies the ISO A3X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5726 of the ISO A3 medium

5727 'iso-a3x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5728 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5729 'iso-a3x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5730 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5731 'iso-a3x6-white': Specifies the ISO A3X6 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5732 of the ISO A3 medium

5733 'iso-a3x6-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X6 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5734 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5735 'iso-a3x6-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X6 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5736 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5737 'iso-a3x7-white': Specifies the ISO A3X7 white medium having the width of the longer edge (420 mm)
5738 of the ISO A3 medium

5739 'iso-a3x7-transparent': Specifies the ISO A3X7 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5740 (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5741 'iso-a3x7-translucent': Specifies the ISO A3X7 translucent' medium having the width of the longer
5742 edge (420 mm) of the ISO A3 medium

5743 'iso-a4x3-white': Specifies the ISO A4X3 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5744 of the ISO A4 medium

5745 'iso-a4x3-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X3 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5746 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5747 'iso-a4x3-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X3 translucent' medium having the width of the longer
5748 edge (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5749 'iso-a4x4-white': Specifies the ISO A4X4 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5750 of the ISO A4 medium

5751 'iso-a4x4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X4 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5752 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5753 'iso-a4x4-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X4 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5754 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5755 'iso-a4x5-white': Specifies the ISO A4X5 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5756 of the ISO A4 medium

5757 'iso-a4x5-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X5 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5758 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5759 'iso-a4x5-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X5 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5760 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5761 'iso-a4x6-white': Specifies the ISO A4X6 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5762 of the ISO A4 medium

5763 'iso-a4x6-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X6 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5764 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5765 'iso-a4x6-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X6 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5766 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5767 'iso-a4x7-white': Specifies the ISO A4X7 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5768 of the ISO A4 medium

5769 'iso-a4x7-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X7 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5770 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5771 'iso-a4x7-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X7 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5772 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

5773 'iso-a4x8-white': Specifies the ISO A4X8 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5774 of the ISO A4 medium

5775 'iso-a4x8-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X8 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5776 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium

- 5777 'iso-a4x8-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X8 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5778 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
- 5779 'iso-a4x9-white': Specifies the ISO A4X9 white medium having the width of the longer edge (297 mm)
5780 of the ISO A4 medium
- 5781 'iso-a4x9-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4X9 transparent medium having the width of the longer edge
5782 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
- 5783 'iso-a4x9-translucent': Specifies the ISO A4X9 translucent medium having the width of the longer edge
5784 (297 mm) of the ISO A4 medium
- 5785

5786 The following standard values are defined for Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering
5787 media, which are either a long fixed size [ASME-Y14.1M] or roll feed, for devices that provide the
5788 "synchro-cut" feature (see section 14.1):

- 5789 'iso-a0xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the ISO
5790 A0 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5791 'iso-a0xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the
5792 ISO A0 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5793 'iso-a0xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (1189 mm) of the
5794 ISO A0 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5795 'iso-a1xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the ISO
5796 A1 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5797 'iso-a1xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the
5798 ISO A1 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5799 'iso-a1xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (841 mm) of the
5800 ISO A1 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5801 'iso-a2xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the ISO
5802 A2 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5803 'iso-a2xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the
5804 ISO A2 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5805 'iso-a2xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (594 mm) of the
5806 ISO A2 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5807 'iso-a3xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the ISO
5808 A3 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5809 'iso-a3xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5810 ISO A3 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5811 'iso-a3xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (420 mm) of the
5812 ISO A3 translucent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5813 'iso-a4xsynchro-white': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the ISO
5814 A4 white medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5815 'iso-a4xsynchro-transparent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5816 ISO A4 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5817 'iso-a4xsynchro-translucent': Specifies the paper having the width of the longer edge (297 mm) of the
5818 ISO A4 transparent medium and cuts synchronizing with data.
- 5819

5820 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media, American
5821 Architectural engineering media, and Japanese and European Standard (i.e. ISO) engineering media, which
5822 are either a long fixed size [ASME-Y14.1M] or roll feed, for devices that provide the "synchro-cut" feature
5823 and/or the "auto-select" feature (see section 14.1):

5824 'auto-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white medium with the appropriate fixed size (e.g. a1,
5825 a2, etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.

5826 'auto-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent medium with the appropriate fixed
5827 size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.

5828 'auto-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent medium with the appropriate fixed
5829 size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or data-synchro size, and the selection is implementation-defined.

5830 'auto-fixed-size-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white medium with the appropriate fixed
5831 size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.

5832 'auto-fixed-size-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent medium with the
5833 appropriate fixed size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.

5834 'auto-fixed-size-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent medium with the
5835 appropriate fixed size (e.g. a1, a2, etc.) or the appropriate long fixed size listed above.

5836 'auto-synchro-white': Specifies that the printer selects the white paper with the appropriate width and
5837 cuts it synchronizing with data.

5838 'auto-synchro-transparent': Specifies that the printer selects the transparent paper with the appropriate
5839 width and cuts it synchronizing with data.

5840 'auto-synchro-translucent': Specifies that the printer selects the translucent paper with the appropriate
5841 width and cuts it synchronizing with data.
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5843 The following standard values are defined for input-trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):

5844 'top': The top input tray in the printer.

5845 'middle': The middle input tray in the printer.

5846 'bottom': The bottom input tray in the printer.

5847 'envelope': The envelope input tray in the printer.

5848 'manual': The manual feed input tray in the printer.

5849 'large-capacity': The large capacity input tray in the printer.

5850 'main': The main input tray

5851 'side': The side input tray
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5853 The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):

5854 'iso-a0': Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216

5855 'iso-a1': Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216

5856 'iso-a2': Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216

5857 'iso-a3': Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216

5858 'iso-a4': Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216

5859 'iso-a5': Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216

5860 'iso-a6': Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216

5861 'iso-a7': Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216

5862 'iso-a8': Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216
5863 'iso-a9': Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216
5864 'iso-a10': Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216
5865 'iso-b0': Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216
5866 'iso-b1': Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216
5867 'iso-b2': Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216
5868 'iso-b3': Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216
5869 'iso-b4': Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216
5870 'iso-b5': Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216
5871 'iso-b6': Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216
5872 'iso-b7': Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216
5873 'iso-b8': Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216
5874 'iso-b9': Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216
5875 'iso-b10': Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216
5876 'na-letter': Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches
5877 'na-legal': Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches
5878 'na-8x10': Specifies the North American 8 inches by 10 inches
5879 'na-5x7': Specifies the North American 5 inches by 7 inches
5880 'executive': Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)
5881 'folio': Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)
5882 'invoice': Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)
5883 'ledger': Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)
5884 'quarto': Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)
5885 'iso-c3': Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269
5886 'iso-c4': Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269
5887 'iso-c5': Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269
5888 'iso-c6': Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269
5889 'iso-designated-long': Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO
5890 269
5891 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches
5892 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches
5893 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125
5894 inches by 9.5 inches
5895 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size
5896 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size
5897 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size
5898 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size
5899 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size
5900 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size
5901 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)
5902 'jis-b0': Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm
5903 'jis-b1': Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm
5904 'jis-b2': Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm
5905 'jis-b3': Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm
5906 'jis-b4': Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm

5907 'jis-b5': Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm

5908 'jis-b6': Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm

5909 'jis-b7': Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm

5910 'jis-b8': Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm

5911 'jis-b9': Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm

5912 'jis-b10': Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm

5913 The following standard values are defined for American Standard (i.e. ANSI) engineering media sizes:

5914 'a': Specifies the engineering ANSI A size medium: 8.5 inches x 11 inches

5915 'b': Specifies the engineering ANSI B size medium: 11 inches x 17 inches

5916 'c': Specifies the engineering ANSI C size medium: 17 inches x 22 inches

5917 'd': Specifies the engineering ANSI D size medium: 22 inches x 34 inches

5918 'e': Specifies the engineering ANSI E size medium: 34 inches x 44 inches

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5920 The following standard values are defined for American Architectural engineering media sizes:

5921 'arch-a': Specifies the Architectural A size medium: 9 inches x 12 inches

5922 'arch-b': Specifies the Architectural B size medium: 12 inches x 18 inches

5923 'arch-c': Specifies the Architectural C size medium: 18 inches x 24 inches

5924 'arch-d': Specifies the Architectural D size medium: 24 inches x 36 inches

5925 'arch-e': Specifies the Architectural E size medium: 36 inches x 48 inches

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5928 **14.1. Examples**

5929 Below are examples to supplement the engineering media value definitions.

5930 Example 1: "Synchro-Cut", a device cutting the roll paper in synchronization with the data

5931 data height: A1 height
 5932 data width (shaded): A1 width < data width < (A1 width) x 2
 5933 specified value: 'iso-alxsynchro-white'

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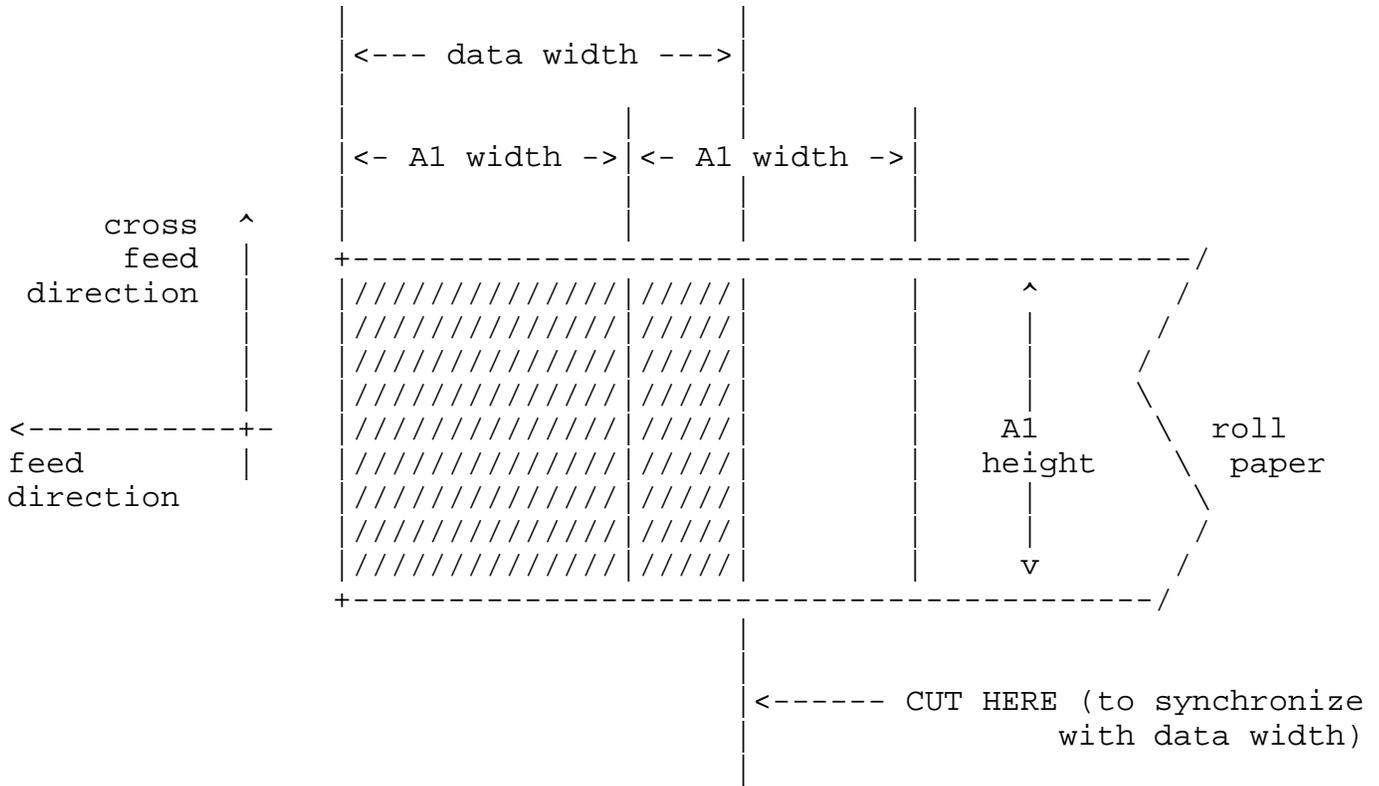
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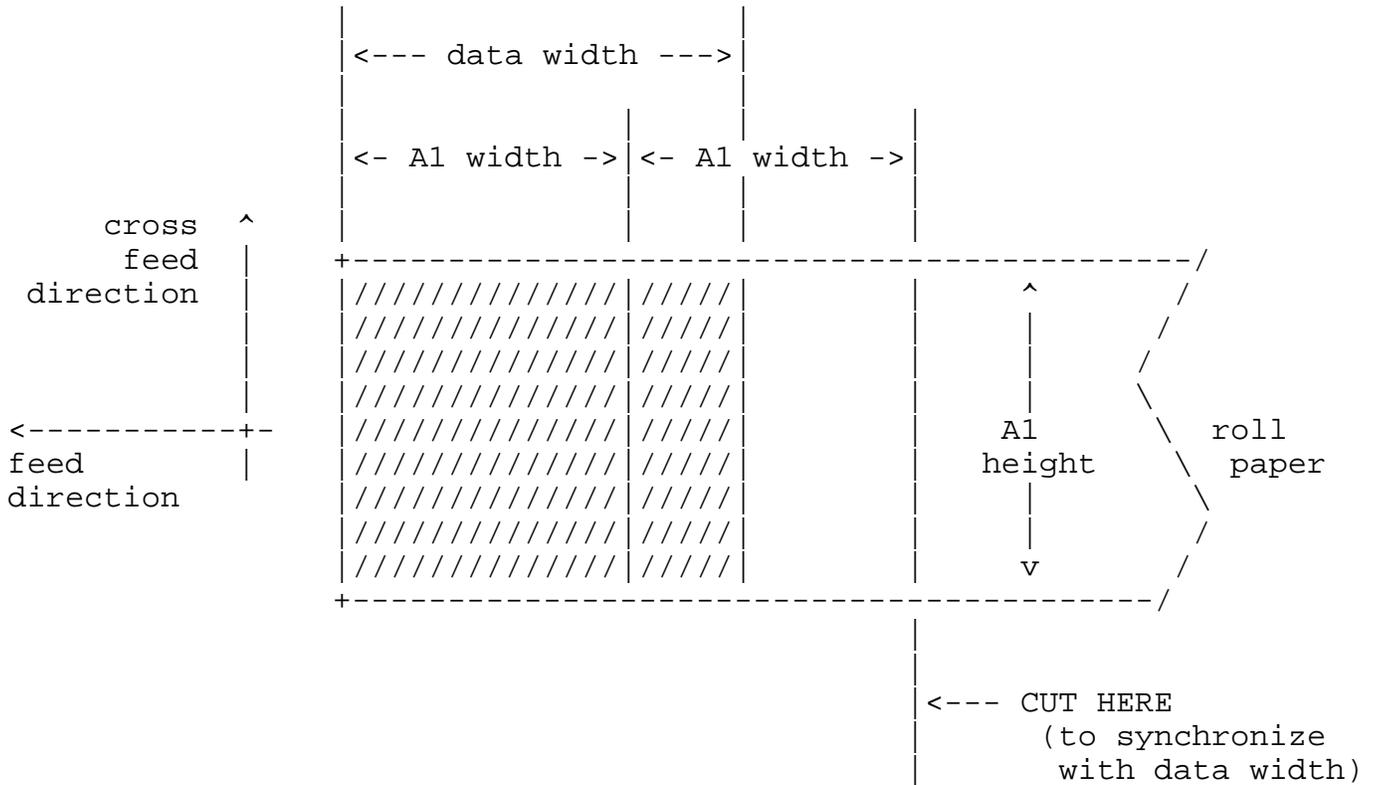
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Example 2: "Auto-Cut", a device cutting the roll paper at multiples of fixed-size media width

data height: A1 height
data width (shaded): $A1\ width < data\ width < (A1\ width) \times 2$
specified value: 'auto-fixed-size-white'

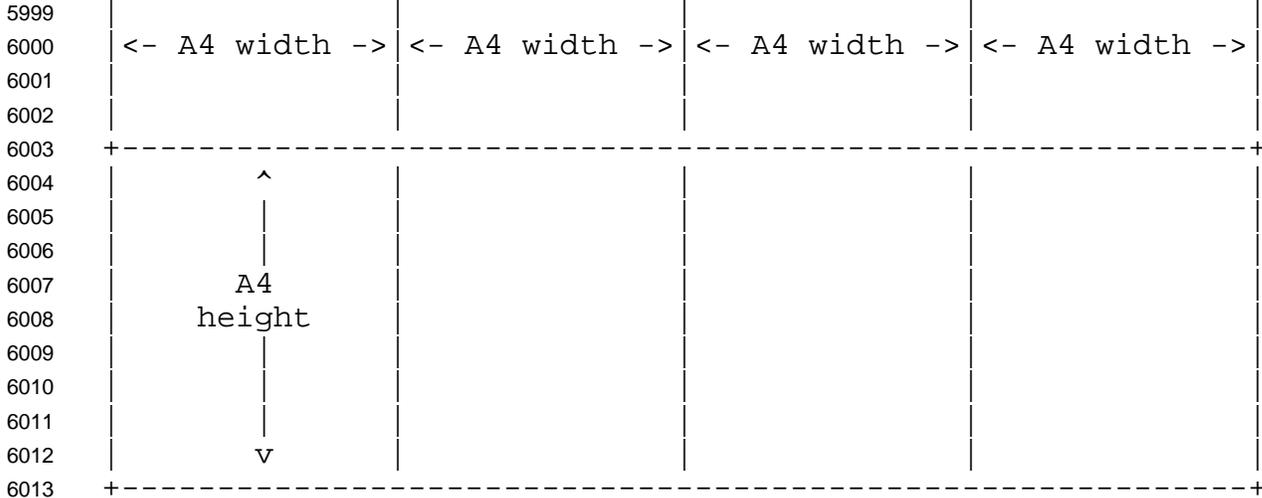


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5994 Example 3: the 'iso-a4x4-white' fixed size paper

5995 paper height: A4 height
5996 paper width: (A4 width) x 4
5997 specified value: 'iso-a4x4-white'

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6018 Example 4: "Synchro-Cut", a device cutting the fixed size paper in synchronization with the data

6019 data height: A4 height

6020 data width (shaded): (A4 width) x 2 < data width < (A4 width) x 3

6021 specified value: 'iso-a4xsynchro-white'

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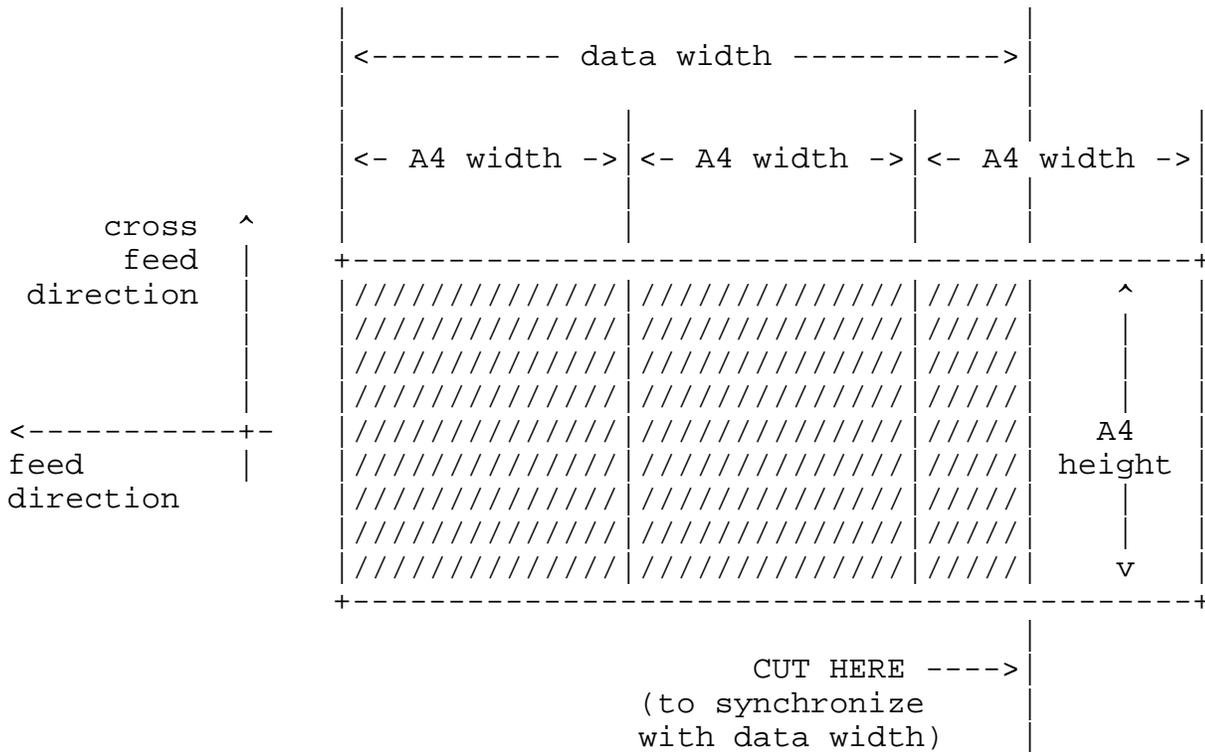
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6047 Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.

6048 Standard values are defined (taken from DPA[ISO10175] and the Printer MIB[RFC1759]):

6049 'default': The default medium for the output device

6050 'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium

6051 'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium

6052 'iso-a4-transparent' Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium

6053 'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium

6054 'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium

6055 'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium

6056 'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium

6057 'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium

6058 'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium

6059 'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium

6060 'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium

6061 'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium

6062 'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium

6063 'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium

6064 'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium

6065

6066 The following standard values are defined for North American media:

6067 'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium

6068 'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium

6069 'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium

6070 'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium

6071 'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium

6072

6073 The following standard values are defined for envelopes:

6074 'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium

6075 'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium

6076 'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium

6077 'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium

6078 'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium

6079 'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium

6080 'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium

6081 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium

6082 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium

6083 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope

6084 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium

6085 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope

6086 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope

6087 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope
6088 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope
6089 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope
6090 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope
6091

6092 The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media (white-only):

6093 'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium
6094 'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium
6095 'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium
6096 'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium
6097 'quarto-white': Specifies the white quarto medium
6098 'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium
6099 'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium
6100 'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium
6101 'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium
6102 'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium
6103 'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium
6104 'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium
6105 'iso-10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium
6106 'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium
6107 'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium
6108 'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium
6109 'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium
6110 'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium
6111 'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium
6112 'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium
6113 'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium
6114 'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium
6115 'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium
6116 'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium
6117 'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium
6118 'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium
6119 'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium
6120 'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium
6121 'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium
6122 'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium
6123 'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium
6124

6125 The following standard values are defined for engineering media (white only):

6126 'a-white': Specifies the engineering A size medium
6127 'b-white': Specifies the engineering B size medium
6128 'c-white': Specifies the engineering C size medium

6129 'd-white': Specifies the engineering D size medium

6130 'e-white': Specifies the engineering E size medium

6131

6132 The following standard values are defined for input-trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):

6133 'top': The top input tray in the printer.

6134 'middle': The middle input tray in the printer.

6135 'bottom': The bottom input tray in the printer.

6136 'envelope': The envelope input tray in the printer.

6137 'manual': The manual feed input tray in the printer.

6138 'large-capacity': The large capacity input tray in the printer.

6139 'main': The main input tray

6140 'side': The side input tray

6141

6142 The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):

6143 'iso-a0': Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216

6144 'iso-a1': Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216

6145 'iso-a2': Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216

6146 'iso-a3': Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216

6147 'iso-a4': Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216

6148 'iso-a5': Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216

6149 'iso-a6': Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216

6150 'iso-a7': Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216

6151 'iso-a8': Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216

6152 'iso-a9': Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216

6153 'iso-a10': Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216

6154 'iso-b0': Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216

6155 'iso-b1': Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216

6156 'iso-b2': Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216

6157 'iso-b3': Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216

6158 'iso-b4': Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216

6159 'iso-b5': Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216

6160 'iso-b6': Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216

6161 'iso-b7': Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216

6162 'iso-b8': Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216

6163 'iso-b9': Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216

6164 'iso-b10': Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216

6165 'na-letter': Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches

6166 'na-legal': Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches

6167 'executive': Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)

6168 'folio': Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)

6169 'invoice': Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)

6170 'ledger': Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)

6171 'quarto': Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)
6172 'iso-c3': Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269
6173 'iso-c4': Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269
6174 'iso-c5': Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269
6175 'iso-c6': Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269
6176 'iso-designated-long': Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO
6177 269
6178 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches
6179 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches
6180 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125
6181 inches by 9.5 inches
6182 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size
6183 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size
6184 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size
6185 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size
6186 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size
6187 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size
6188 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)
6189 'jis-b0': Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm
6190 'jis-b1': Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm
6191 'jis-b2': Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm
6192 'jis-b3': Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm
6193 'jis-b4': Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm
6194 'jis-b5': Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm
6195 'jis-b6': Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm
6196 'jis-b7': Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm
6197 'jis-b8': Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm
6198 'jis-b9': Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm
6199 'jis-b10': Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm

6200 The following standard values are defined for engineering media sizes:

6201 'a': Specifies the engineering A size: 8.5 inches x 11 inches
6202 'b': Specifies the engineering B size: 11 inches x 17 inches
6203 'c': Specifies the engineering C size: 17 inches x 22 inches
6204 'd': Specifies the engineering D size: 22 inches x 34 inches
6205 'e': Specifies the engineering E size: 34 inches x 44 inches
6206

6207 **15. APPENDIX D: Processing IPP Attributes**

6208 When submitting a print job to a Printer object, the IPP model allows a client to supply operation and Job
6209 Template attributes along with the document data. These Job Template attributes in the create request
6210 affect the rendering, production and finishing of the documents in the job. Similar types of instructions
6211 may also be contained in the document to be printed, that is, embedded within the print data itself. In

6212 addition, the Printer has a set of attributes that describe what rendering and finishing options which are
6213 supported by that Printer. This model, which allows for flexibility and power, also introduces the potential
6214 that at job submission time, these client-supplied attributes may conflict with either:

- 6215 - what the implementation is capable of realizing (i.e., what the Printer supports), as well as
- 6216 - the instructions embedded within the print data itself.

6217

6218 The following sections describe how these two types of conflicts are handled in the IPP model.

6219 **15.1 Fidelity**

6220 If there is a conflict between what the client requests and what a Printer object supports, the client may
6221 request one of two possible conflict handling mechanisms:

- 6222 1) either reject the job since the job can not be processed exactly as specified, or
- 6223 2) allow the Printer to make any changes necessary to proceed with processing the Job the best it can.

6224

6225 In the first case the client is indicating to the Printer object: "Print the job exactly as specified with no
6226 exceptions, and if that can't be done, don't even bother printing the job at all." In the second case, the client
6227 is indicating to the Printer object: "It is more important to make sure the job is printed rather than be
6228 processed exactly as specified; just make sure the job is printed even if client supplied attributes need to be
6229 changed or ignored."

6230 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing an "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

6231 In a create request, "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is a boolean operation attribute that is **OPTIONALLY** supplied
6232 by the client. The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and
6233 values is required. The client is requesting that the Job be printed exactly as specified, and if that is not
6234 possible then the job **MUST** be rejected rather than processed incorrectly. The value 'false' indicates that a
6235 reasonable attempt to print the Job is acceptable. If a Printer does not support some of the client supplied
6236 Job Template attributes or values, the Printer **MUST** ignore them or substitute any supported value for
6237 unsupported values, respectively. The Printer may choose to substitute the default value associated with
6238 that attribute, or use some other supported value that is similar to the unsupported requested value. For
6239 example, if a client supplies a "media" value of 'na-letter', the Printer may choose to substitute 'iso-a4' rather
6240 than a default value of 'envelope'. If the client does not supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute, the
6241 Printer assumes a value of 'false'.

6242 Each Printer implementation **MUST** support both types of "fidelity" printing (that is whether the client
6243 supplies a value of 'true' or 'false'):

- 6244 - If the client supplies 'false' or does not supply the attribute, the Printer object **MUST** always accept the
6245 request by ignoring unsupported Job Template attributes and by substituting unsupported values of
6246 supported Job Template attributes with supported values.
- 6247 - If the client supplies 'true', the Printer object **MUST** reject the request if the client supplies
6248 unsupported Job Template attributes.

6249

6250 Since a client can always query a Printer to find out exactly what is and is not supported, "ipp-attribute-
6251 fidelity" set to 'false' is useful when:

- 6252 1) The End-User uses a command line interface to request attributes that might not be supported.
 - 6253 2) In a GUI context, if the End User expects the job might be moved to another printer and prefers a
6254 sub-optimal result to nothing at all.
 - 6255 3) The End User just wants something reasonable in lieu of nothing at all.
- 6256

6257 **15.2 Page Description Language (PDL) Override**

6258 If there is a conflict between the value of an IPP Job Template attribute and a corresponding instruction in
6259 the document data, the value of the IPP attribute SHOULD take precedence over the document instruction.
6260 Consider the case where a previously formatted file of document data is sent to an IPP Printer. In this case,
6261 if the client supplies any attributes at job submission time, the client desires that those attributes override
6262 the embedded instructions. Consider the case were a previously formatted document has embedded in it
6263 commands to load 'iso-a4' media. However, the document is passed to an end user that only has access to a
6264 printer with 'na-letter' media loaded. That end user most likely wants to submit that document to an IPP
6265 Printer with the "media" Job Template attribute set to 'na-letter'. The job submission attribute should take
6266 precedence over the embedded PDL instruction. However, until companies that supply document data
6267 interpreters allow a way for external IPP attributes to take precedence over embedded job production
6268 instructions, a Printer might not be able to support the semantics that IPP attributes override the embedded
6269 instructions.

6270 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing a "pdl-override-supported" attribute that describes
6271 the Printer objects capabilities to override instructions embedded in the PDL data stream. The value of the
6272 "pdl-override-supported" attribute is configured by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

6273 This REQUIRED Printer attribute takes on the following values:

- 6274 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take
6275 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
 - 6276 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute
6277 values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.
- 6278

6279 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'attempted' might do one of several
6280 different actions:

- 6281 1) Generate an output device specific command sequence to realize the feature represented by the IPP
6282 attribute value.
- 6283 2) Parse the document data itself and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new
6284 embedded instruction that matches the intent of the IPP attribute value.
- 6285 3) Indicate to the Printer that external supplied attributes take precedence over embedded instructions
6286 and then pass the external IPP attribute values to the document data interpreter.

- 6287 4) Anything else that allows for the semantics that IPP attributes override embedded document data
6288 instructions.
6289

6290 Since 'attempted' does not offer any type of guarantee, even though a given Printer object might not do a
6291 very "good" job of attempting to ensure that IPP attributes take a higher precedence over instructions
6292 embedded in the document data, it would still be a conforming implementation.

6293 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'not-attempted' might do one of the
6294 following actions:

- 6295 1) Simply pre-pend the document data with the PDL instruction that corresponds to the client-supplied
6296 PDL attribute, such that if the document data also has the same PDL instruction, it will override
6297 what the Printer object pre-pended. In other words, this implementation is using the same
6298 implementation semantics for the client-supplied IPP attributes as for the Printer object defaults.
6299 2) Parse the document data and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new embedded
6300 instruction that approximates, but does not match, the semantic intent of the IPP attribute value.
6301

6302 Note: The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute applies to the Printer's ability to either accept or reject other
6303 unsupported Job Template attributes. In other words, if "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is set to 'true', a Job is
6304 accepted if and only if the client supplied Job Template attributes and values are supported by the Printer.
6305 Whether these attributes actually affect the processing of the Job when the document data contains
6306 embedded instructions depends on the ability of the Printer to override the instructions embedded in the
6307 document data with the semantics of the IPP attributes. If the document data attributes can be overridden
6308 ("pdl-override-supported" set to 'attempted'), the Printer makes an attempt to use the IPP attributes when
6309 processing the Job. If the document data attributes can not be overridden ("pdl-override-supported" set to
6310 'not-attempted'), the Printer makes no attempt to override the embedded document data instructions with the
6311 IPP attributes when processing the Job, and hence, the IPP attributes may fail to affect the Job processing
6312 and output when the corresponding instruction is embedded in the document data.

6313 **15.3 Using Job Template Attributes During Document Processing.**

6314 The Printer object uses some of the Job object's Job Template attributes during the processing of the
6315 document data associated with that job. These include, but are not limited to, "orientation-requested",
6316 "number-up", "sides", "media", and "copies". The processing of each document in a Job Object MUST
6317 follow the steps below. These steps are intended only to identify when and how attributes are to be used in
6318 processing document data and any alternative steps that accomplishes the same effect can be used to
6319 implement this specification document.

- 6320 1. Using the client supplied "document-format" attribute or some form of document format detection
6321 algorithm (if the value of "document-format" is not specific enough), determine whether or not the
6322 document data has already been formatted for printing. If the document data has been formatted,
6323 then go to step 2. Otherwise, the document data MUST be formatted. The formatting detection
6324 algorithm is implementation defined and is not specified by this document. The formatting of the
6325 document data uses the "orientation-requested" attribute to determine how the formatted print data
6326 should be placed on a print-stream page, see section 4.2.10 for the details.

- 6327
- 6328 2. The document data is in the form of a print-stream in a known media type. The "page-ranges"
- 6329 attribute is used to select, as specified in section 4.2.7, a sub-sequence of the pages in the print-
- 6330 stream that are to be processed and images.
- 6331
- 6332 3. The input to this step is a sequence of print-stream pages. This step is controlled by the "number-up"
- 6333 attribute. If the value of "number-up" is N, then during the processing of the print-stream pages,
- 6334 each N print-stream pages are positioned, as specified in section 4.2.9, to create a single impression.
- 6335 If a given document does not have N more print-stream pages, then the completion of the
- 6336 impression is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4;
- 6337 when the value of this attribute is 'single-document' or 'single-document-new-sheet', the print-stream
- 6338 pages of document data from subsequent documents is used to complete the impression.

6339

6340 The size(scaling), position(translation) and rotation of the print-stream pages on the impression is

6341 implementation defined. Note that during this process the print-stream pages may be rendered to a

6342 form suitable for placing on the impression; this rendering is controlled by the values of the "printer-

6343 resolution" and "print-quality" attributes as described in sections 4.2.12 and 4.2.13. In the case N=1,

6344 the impression is nearly the same as the print-stream page; the differences would only be in the size,

6345 position and rotation of the print-stream page and/or any decoration, such as a frame to the page,

6346 that is added by the implementation.

- 6347
- 6348 4. The collection of impressions is placed, in sequence, onto sides of the media sheets. This placement
- 6349 is controlled by the "sides" attribute and the orientation of the print-stream page, as described in
- 6350 section 4.2.8. The orientation of the print-stream pages affects the orientation of the impression; for
- 6351 example, if "number-up" equals 2, then, typically, two portrait print-stream pages become one
- 6352 landscape impression. Note that the placement of impressions onto media sheets is also controlled
- 6353 by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4.
- 6354
- 6355 5. The "copies" and "multiple-document-handling" attributes are used to determine how many copies of
- 6356 each media instance are created and in what order. See sections 4.2.5 and 4.2.4 for the details.
- 6357
- 6358 6. When the correct number of copies are created, the media instances are finished according to the
- 6359 values of the "finishings" attribute as described in 4.2.6. Note that sometimes finishing operations
- 6360 may require manual intervention to perform the finishing operations on the copies, especially
- 6361 uncollated copies. This document allows any or all of the processing steps to be performed
- 6362 automatically or manually at the discretion of the Printer object.

6363 16. APPENDIX E: Generic Directory Schema

6364 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by

6365 which service users can locate service providers. In IPP environments, this means that IPP Printers can be

6366 registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of type printer in the

6367 directory using an implementation specific mechanism such as entry attributes, entry type fields, specific

6368 branches, etc. IPP clients can search or browse for entries of type printer. Clients use the directory service

6369 to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or filtered searches on attribute values of entries.
 6370 For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local Department" context. Authentication and
 6371 authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an administrator can place limits on end users
 6372 so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have certain access rights. IPP itself does not
 6373 require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

6374 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry object
 6375 can appear as multiple directory entry object with different names for each object. In each case, each alias
 6376 refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPP Printer object.

6377 The generic schema is a subset of IPP Printer Job Template and Printer Description attributes (sections 4.2
 6378 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry
 6379 itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPP
 6380 Printers objects. The conformance labeling in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and
 6381 to IPP Printer implementations that subscribe by adding one or more entries to a directory.
 6382 RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory entry. OPTIONAL attributes
 6383 MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In addition, all directory entry
 6384 attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding Printer object.

6385 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPP Printer attribute
 6386 names as shown.

6387 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPP Printer object, one of the RECOMMENDED
 6388 directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The IPP client queries the
 6389 "printer-uri-supported" attribute in the directory entry and then addresses the IPP Printer object using one of
 6390 its URIs. The "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel.

6391 The following attributes define the generic schema for directory entries of type PRINTER:

6392	printer-uri-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.1
6393	uri-authentication-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.2
6394	uri-security-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.3
6395	printer-name	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.4
6396	printer-location	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.5
6397	printer-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.6
6398	printer-more-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.7
6399	printer-make-and-model	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.9
6400	ipp-versions-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.14
6401	multiple-document-jobs-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.16
6402	charset-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.18
6403	generated-natural-language-		
6404	supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.20
6405	document-format-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.22
6406	color-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.26
6407	compression-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.32
6408	pages-per-minute	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.36

6409	pages-per-minute-color	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.37
6410			
6411	finishings-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.6
6412	number-up-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.7
6413	sides-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.2.8
6414	media-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.2.11
6415	printer-resolution-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.12
6416	print-quality-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.2.13

6417

6418 **17. APPENDIX F: Differences between the IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 "Model** 6419 **and Semantics" Documents**

6420 This Appendix is divided into two lists that summarize the differences between IPP/1.1 (this document) and
6421 IPP/1.0 [RFC2566]. The section numbers refer to the numbers in this document which in some cases have
6422 changed from RFC 2566. When a change affects multiple sections, the item is listed once in the order of
6423 the first section affected and the remaining affected section numbers are indicated.

6424 The first list contains extensions and clarifications and the second list contains changes in semantics or
6425 conformance. However, client and IPP object implementations of IPP/1.0 may implement any of the
6426 extensions and clarifications in this document.

6427 The following extensions and clarifications have been incorporated into this document:

- 6428 1. Section 2.1 - clarified that the term "client" can be either contained in software controlled by an end
6429 user or a part of a print server that controls devices.
- 6430 2. Section 2 - clarified that the term "IPP object" and "Printer object" can either be embedded in a
6431 device object or part of a print server that accepts IPP requests.
- 6432 3. Section 2.4 - added the description of the new "uri-authentication-supported" Printer Description
6433 attribute.
- 6434 4. Section 3.1.3, 3.1.6, 3.2.5.2, and 3.2.6.2 - clarified the error handling for operation attributes that
6435 have their own status code.
- 6436 5. Section 3.1.3 - clarified that multiple occurrences of the same attribute in an attribute group is mal-
6437 formed. An IPP Printer MAY reject the request or choose one of the attributes.
- 6438 6. Section 3.1.6 - reorganized this section into sub-sections to separately describe "status-code",
6439 "status-message", "detailed-status-message", and "document-access-error" attributes.
- 6440 7. Section 3.1.6.1 - clarified the error status codes and their relationship to operation attributes.
- 6441 8. Section 3.1.6.3 - Added the OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message (text(MAX))" operation attribute
6442 to provide additional more detailed information about a response.
- 6443 9. Section 3.1.6.4 and 3.2.2 - Added the OPTIONAL "document-access-error (text(MAX))" operation
6444 attribute for use with Print-URI and Send-URI responses.
- 6445 10. Sections 3.1.7 - Added this new section to clarify returning Unsupported Attributes for all
6446 operations, including only returning attributes that were in the request. Moved the text from section
6447 3.2.1.2 Unsupported Attributes to this section.
- 6448 11. Sections 3.1.7 and 4.1 - clarified the encoding of the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' and 'unknown'
6449 values.
- 6450 12. Section 3.1.8 - clarified that only the version number parameter will be carried forward into future
6451 major or minor versions of the protocol.
- 6452 13. Section 3.1.8 - relaxed the requirements to increment the major version number in future versions of
6453 the Model and Semantics document.
- 6454 14. Section 3.1.9, and 3.2.5 - added the 'processing' state to the list of job states that a job can be in after
6455 a Create-Job operation.

- 6456 15. Section 3.1.9 - clarified that a non-spooling Printer MAY accept zero or more subsequent jobs while
6457 processing a job and flow control them down. Subsequent create requests are rejected with the
6458 'server-error-busy' error status.
- 6459 16. Section 3.2.1.1 - clarified the validation of the "compression" operation attribute and its relationship
6460 to the validation of the "document-format" attribute and returning Unsupported Attributes.
- 6461 17. Sections 3.2.1.1, 4.3.8, 13.1.4.16, and 13.1.4.17 - added the 'client-error-compression-not-
6462 supported', 'client-error-compression-error' status codes and the 'unsupported-compression' and
6463 'compression-error' job-state-reasons.
- 6464 18. Sections 3.2.1.1 and 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job-
6465 state-reasons.
- 6466 19. Sections 3.2.2, 4.3.8 and 13.1.4.19 - added 'client-error-document-access-error' status code and
6467 'document-access-error' job state reason.
- 6468 20. Section 3.2.5.2 and 3.2.6.2 - clarified that the Unsupported Attributes group MUST NOT include
6469 attributes not requested in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.
- 6470 21. Section 3.2.6 - clarified that "limit" takes precedence over "which-jobs" and "my-jobs".
- 6471 22. Section 3.2.6.2 - clarified that Get-Jobs returns 'successful-ok' when no jobs to return.
- 6472 23. Sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8, and 3.2.9 - added the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-
6473 Jobs operations
- 6474 24. Section 3.3.1 - clarified that the authorization required for a Send-Document request MUST be the
6475 same user as the Create-Job or an operator.
- 6476 25. Section 3.3.1.1 - clarified that a Create-Job Send-Document with "last-document" = 'true' and no
6477 data is not an error; its a job with no documents.
- 6478 26. Sections 3.3.5, 3.3.6, and 3.3.7 - added the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job
6479 operations. Clarified the Restart-Job operation so that the Printer MUST re-fetch any documents
6480 passed by-reference (Print-URI or Send-URI).
- 6481 27. Section 4.1 - clarified that the encoding of the out-of-band values are specified in the Encoding and
6482 Transport" document.
- 6483 28. Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 - clarified that the maximum 'text' and 'name' values of 1023 and 255 are
6484 for the 'textWithoutLanguage' portion of the 'textWithLanguage' form, so that the maximum number
6485 of octets for the actual text and name data is the same for the without and with language forms; the
6486 'naturalLanguage' part is in addition.
- 6487 29. Section 4.1.9.1 - clarified that 'application/octet-stream' auto-sensing can happen at create request
6488 time and/or job/document processing time.
- 6489 30. Section 4.1.14 - clarified that the localization of dateTime by the client includes the time zone.
- 6490 31. Section 4.2 - clarified that xxx-supported have multiple keywords and/or names by adding
6491 parentheses to the table to give: (1setOf (type3 keyword | name))
- 6492 32. Section 4.2.2 - added the 'indefinite' keyword value to the "job-hold-until" attribute for use with the
6493 create operations and Hold-Job and Restart-Job operations.
- 6494 33. Section 4.2.6 - added more enum values to the "finishings" Job Template attribute.
- 6495 34. Section 4.3.7 - added that a forwarding server that cannot get any job state MAY return the job's
6496 state as 'completed', provided that it also return the new 'queued-in-device' job state reason.
- 6497 35. Section 4.3.7.2 - added the Partitioning of Job States section to clarify the concepts of Job
6498 Retention, Job History, and Job Removal.
- 6499 36. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-data-insufficient' job state reason to indicate whether sufficient data has
6500 arrived for the document to start to be processed.

- 6501 37. Section 4.3.8 - added 'document-access-error' job state reason to indicate an access error of any kind.
6502 38. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-queued-for-marker' job state reason to indicate whether the job has
6503 completed some processing and is waiting for the marker.
6504 39. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-compression' and 'compression-error' job state reasons to
6505 indicate compression not supported or compression processing error after the create has been
6506 accepted.
6507 40. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job state reasons
6508 to indicate document not supported or document format processing error after the create has been
6509 accepted.
6510 41. Section 4.3.8 - added 'queued-in-device' job state reason to indicate that a job as been forwarded to a
6511 print system or device that does not provide any job status.
6512 42. Section 4.3.10 - added "job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX)) for returning detailed
6513 error messages.
6514 43. Section 4.3.11 - added the "job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX))
6515 44. Section 4.3.14.2 - clarified that the time recorded is the first time processing since the create
6516 operation or the Restart-Job operation.
6517 45. Section 4.3.14.2 and 4.3.14.3 - clarified that the out-of-band value 'no-value' is returned if the job
6518 has not started processing or has not completed, respectively.
6519 46. Section 4.3.14 - Added the OPTIONAL "date-time-at-creation", "date-time-at-processing", and
6520 "date-time-at-completed" Event Time Job Description attributes
6521 47. Section 4.4.3 - added the 'tls' value to "uri-security-supported" attribute.
6522 48. Section 4.4.3 - clarified "uri-security-supported" is orthogonal to Client Authentication so that 'none'
6523 does not exclude Client Authentication.
6524 49. Section 4.4.11 - simplified the "printer-state" descriptions while generalizing to allow high end
6525 devices that interpret one or more jobs while marking another. Indicated that 'spool-area-full' and
6526 'stopped-partly' "printer-state-reasons" may be used to provide further state information.
6527 50. Section 4.4.12 - added the 'moving-to-paused' keyword value to the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
6528 for use with the Pause-Printer operation.
6529 51. Section 4.4.12 - replaced the duplicate 'marker-supply-low' keyword with the missing 'toner-empty'
6530 keyword for the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. (This correction was also made before RFC 2566
6531 was published).
6532 52. Section 4.4.12 - clarified 'spool-area-full' "printer-state-reasons" to include non-spooling printers to
6533 indicate when it can and cannot accept another job.
6534 53. Section 4.4.15 - added the enum values to the "operations-supported" attribute for the new
6535 operations. Clarified that the values of this attribute are encoded as any enum, namely 32-bit values.
6536 54. Section 4.4.30 - clarified that the dateTime value of "printer-current-time" is on a "best efforts
6537 basis". If a proper date-time cannot be obtained, the implementation returns the 'no-value' out-of-
6538 band value. Also clarified that the time zone NEED NOT be the time zone that the people near the
6539 device use and that the client SHOULD display the dateTime attributes in the user's local time.
6540 55. Sections 4.4.36 and 4.4.37 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-
6541 color" Printer Description attributes.
6542 56. Section 5.1 - clarified that the client conformance requirements apply to clients controlled by an end
6543 user and clients in servers.
6544 57. Section 5.1 - clarified that any response MAY contain additional attribute groups, attributes,
6545 attribute syntaxes, or attribute values.

- 6546 58. Section 5.1 - clarified that a client SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by a
6547 lower layer when the channel is flow controlled off by the IPP Printer.
- 6548 59. Section 5.2 - clarified that the IPP object requirements apply to objects embedded in devices or that
6549 are parts of servers.
- 6550 60. Section 5.2.2 - clarified that IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain attribute
6551 groups, attribute names, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are extensions to
6552 this standard.
- 6553 61. Section 6 - changed the terminology of "private extensions" to "vendor extensions" and indicated
6554 that they are registered with IANA along with IETF standards track extensions.
- 6555 62. Section 6.7 - inserted this section on registering out-of-band attribute values with IANA as
6556 extensions.
- 6557 63. Section 8.3 - clarified the use of URIs for each Client Authentication mechanism.
- 6558 64. Section 8.5 - added the security discussion around the new operator/administrator operations.
- 6559 65. Section 13.1.4.16 - added client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)
- 6560 66. Section 13.1.4.17 - added client-error-compression-error (0x0410)
- 6561 67. Section 13.1.4.18 - added client-error-document-format-error (0x0411)
- 6562 68. Section 13.1.4.19 - added client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)
- 6563 69. Section 13.1.5.10 - added server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)
- 6564 70. Section 14 - added 'a-white', 'b-white', 'c-white', 'd-white', and 'e-white' and clarified that the existing
6565 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', and 'e' values are size values. Added American, Japanese, and European Engineering
6566 sizes, filled out -transparent and -translucent media names and drawings for the synchro cut sizes.
- 6567 71. Section 16 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-color" Printer
6568 attributes to the Directory schema.
- 6569 72. Section 16 - added OPTIONAL "multiple-document-jobs-supported" to the Directory schema.
- 6570 73. Section 16 - added RECOMMENDED "uri-authentication-supported", "ipp-versions-supported",
6571 and "compression-supported" to the Directory schema.

6572 The following changes in semantics and/or conformance have been incorporated into this document:

- 6573 1. Section 3.1.8, 5.2.4, and 13.1.5.4 - Clients and IPP objects MUST support version 1.1
6574 conformance requirements. It is recommended that they interoperate with 1.0. Also clarified
6575 that IPP Printers MUST accept '1.1' requests. It is recommended that they also accept '1.x'
6576 requests.
- 6577 2. Section 3.2.1.1 and section 4.4.32 - changed the "compression" operation and the "compression-
6578 supported" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6579 3. Sections 3.2.1.2 and 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED,
6580 so that "job-state-reasons" MUST be returned in create operation responses.
- 6581 4. Sections 3.2.4, 3.3.1, 4.4.16, and 16 - changed Create-Job/Send-Document so that they MAY be
6582 implemented while only supporting one document jobs. Added the "multiple-document-jobs-
6583 supported" boolean Printer Description attribute to indicate whether Create-Job/Send-
6584 Document support multiple document jobs or not. Added to the Directory schema.
- 6585 5. Section 4.1.9 - deleted 'text/plain; charset=iso-10646-ucs-2', since binary is not legal with the 'text'
6586 type.
- 6587 6. Section 4.2.4 - indicated that the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template attribute MUST be
6588 supported with at least one value if the Printer supports multiple documents per job

- 6589 7. Section 4.3.7.2 - indicated that the 'job-restartable' job state reason SHOULD be supported if the
6590 Restart-Job operation is supported.
- 6591 8. Section 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED.
- 6592 9. Section 4.3.8 - clarified the conformance of the values of the "job-state-reasons" attribute by
6593 copying conformance requirements from other sections of the document so that it is clear from
6594 reading the definition of "job-state-reasons" which values MUST or SHOULD be supported.
6595 The 'none', 'unsupported-compression', and 'unsupported-document-format' values MUST be
6596 supported. The 'job-hold-until-specified' SHOULD be specified if the "job-hold-until" Job
6597 Template is supported. The following values SHOULD be supported: 'job-canceled-by-user',
6598 'aborted-by-system', and 'job-completed-successfully'. The 'job-canceled-by-operator' SHOULD
6599 be supported if the implementation permits canceling by other than the job owner. The 'job-
6600 canceled-at-device' SHOULD be supported if the device supports canceling jobs at the console.
6601 The 'job-completed-with-warnings' SHOULD be supported, if the implementation detects
6602 warnings. The 'job-completed-with-errors' SHOULD be supported if the implementation
6603 detects errors. The 'job-restartable' SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is
6604 supported.
- 6605 10. Section 4.3.14 - changed the "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed"
6606 Event Time Job Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6607 11. Section 4.3.14.4 - added the REQUIRED "job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))" Job Description
6608 attribute as an alias for "printer-up-time" to reduce number of operations to get job times.
- 6609 12. Section 4.4.2 - added the REQUIRED "uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)"
6610 Printer Description attribute to describe the Client Authentication used by each Printer URI.
- 6611 13. Section 4.4.12 - changed "printer-state-reasons" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to
6612 REQUIRED.
- 6613 14. Section 4.4.12 - changed 'paused' value of "printer-state-reasons" to MUST if Pause-Printer
6614 operation is supported.
- 6615 15. Section 4.4.14 - added the REQUIRED "ipp-versions-supported (1setOf keyword)" Printer
6616 Description attribute, since IPP/1.1 Printers do not have to support version '1.0' conformance
6617 requirements. Section 4.4.16 - added the "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)" Printer
6618 Description attribute so that a client can tell whether a Printer that supports Create-Job/Send-
6619 Document supports multiple document jobs or not. This attribute is REQUIRED if the Create-
6620 Job operation is supported.
- 6621 16. Section 4.4.24 - changed the "queued-job-count" Printer Description attribute from
6622 RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED.
- 6623 17. Section 4.4.32 - changed "compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)" Printer Description
6624 attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.
- 6625 18. Section 5.1 - changed the client security requirements from RECOMMENDED non-standards
6626 track SSL3 to MUST support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and
6627 Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server
6628 Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO].
- 6629 19. Section 5.2.7 - changed the IPP object security requirements from OPTIONAL non-standards track
6630 SSL3 to SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding
6631 and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to
6632 configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. An IPP Printer
6633 implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as

6634 defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation
6635 MAY allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and
6636 Server Authentication. Security MUST NOT be compromised when the client supplies a lower
6637 version-number in a request.

6638 See also the "IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport" [IPP-PRO] document for differences between IPP/1.0
6639 [RFC2565] and IPP/1.1 [IPP-PRO].

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